

## SCI Laurel Highlands Landfill Gas Cogeneration Plant Somerset, PA



Combined Heat and Power Technology

October 7, 2014



## **Project Overview**

- SCILH treats landfill leachate @ WWTP
- Landfill provides methane gas (LFG) to SCILH
- SCILH burns LFG in gas turbine w/heat recovery
- Steam & electricity meets SCILH needs + grid sales
- Backup natural gas and grid electricity
- Specialized supporting & backup equipment is required
- Implemented as a GESA project

## Original Conditions – circa 2005

647,000 SF facility with 888 residents

3- 550 HP Riley
Bituminous coal
stoker steam boilers

Peak steam load 20,000 lb./hr. @ 120 psig

1,188 kW peak electric demand with a 0.75 load factor

On-site laundry facility provided a summer thermal load

Coal-fired plant becoming a concern with future pending legislation

## Opportunity

Nearby
landfill
needed
leachate
treatment
capability

Landfill gas provided a renewable energy source. GESA program
enabled
project
without
capital
funding.

19 ECMs \$33 million LFG CHP \$25.5 million

## Delays & Expansion

Purported LFG levels higher than expected increased electric generation

equipment.

Land

issues

delayed

ownership

installation

Inmate population increased by over 50% to 1385 in 2010. Currently at 1,500.

Facility Peak steam demand @ 36,000 lb./hr.

Projected LFG generation capacity increased to 5.8 MW in 2019. Institution peak load is 1.5 MW.

## Implementation



Cogeneration plant installed during 2011 with initial startup in August 2012.



Landfill installed 4+ mile pipeline and DOC expanded sewage treatment plant to handle leachate.



Natural gas line was installed as a back-up fuel source for steam boilers

## Equipment

## Primary - 7.46 MW and 53,700 lb./hr. capacity (Facility load: 1.5 MW and 36,000 lb/hr)

- 1 3.76 MW Solar LFG turbine with
- 1 Indeck 19,200 lb./hr. heat recovery boiler
- 1 500 kW Elliott condensing steam turbine
- 2 1.6 MW LFG Cat generators
- 1 Johnston 500 HP (17,250 lb./hr.) LFG/NG boiler
- 2 Muira 8,625 lb./hr. NG steam boilers

#### Supporting Equipment

- 3 low-pressure compressors
- 2 duplex scrubbers
- 1 high pressure compressor (for Solar Turbine)

#### Issues



Project completion & commissioning issues resulted in withholding final payment

#### Items Requiring Resolution

Defined
maintenance
and service
responsibilities
related to annual
service contract

Failed equipment repair responsibilities

Landfill gas generation potential discrepancies

More equipment installed than needed

Significant negative cash flow

## Lessons Learned

# Complex and "hidden" costs associated with selling and buying back-up electricity and natural gas

- Effort, complexity, & cost of buying utilities during planned plant maintenance and unplanned downtime
- Complexity and effort of selling generation (skillset required, risk, timeliness)
- Organizational distraction from core business

#### Real Lifecycle Cost

- Limited technical support for turbine
- Cannot self-perform most maintenance
- What happens at the end of 10 to 15 years???

#### Risk

- Business case impact of fluctuations in utility pricing over duration of project
- Unplanned equipment downtime

#### Contract Issues

- Landfill gas agreement
- Inability to control landfill waste volume and LFG availability and reliability
- Maintenance contracts and cost

### Contact information:



John Hajduk, Associate Director (814) 867-4897 jhaduk@engr.psu.edu

Kurt Homan, Facilities Engineering Consultant (814) 867-0774 <a href="mailto:kurt.homan@engr.psu.edu">kurt.homan@engr.psu.edu</a>