### BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

:

v. : Docket No. R-2018-3006818

PEOPLES NATURAL GAS COMPANY LLC

PREPARED REJOINDER TESTIMONY
RITA BLACK
DIRECTOR, CUSTOMER RELATIONS
PEOPLES NATURAL GAS COMPANY LLC

\_\_\_\_\_

DATE SUBMITTED: June 17, 2019

DATE ADMITTED:

Peoples Statement No. 13-RJ

### PREPARED REJOINDER TESTIMONY OF RITA BLACK

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
2	A.	My name is Rita Black and my business address is 375 North Shore Drive, Suite 600, Pittsburgh,
3		PA 15212.
4		
5	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
6	A.	I am employed by Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC ("Peoples" or "Company") as Director,
7		Customer Relations.
8		
9	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED TESTIMONY IN THIS
10		PROCEEDING?
11	A.	Yes, I submitted Peoples Statement No. 13-R, which is my rebuttal testimony. I did not
12		submit direct testimony in this case.
13		
14	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THIS REJOINDER TESTIMONY?
15	A.	I will respond to OCA Statement No. 4-SR, the surrebuttal testimony of Roger Colton
16		submitted on behalf of the Office of Consumer Advocate ("OCA"), and CAUSE-PA
17		Statement No. 1-SR, the surrebuttal testimony of Harry Geller submitted on behalf of the
18		Coalition for Affordable Utility Services and Energy Efficiency in Pennsylvania
19		("CAUSE-PA").
20		

1	Q.	ARE YOU SPONSORING ANY EXHIBITS AS PART OF YOUR REJOINDER
2		TESTIMONY?
3	A.	Yes, attached to my testimony are Peoples Exhibit Nos. RB-RJ-1 through RB-RJ-3.
4		
5	Q.	HOW HAVE YOU ARRANGED YOUR REJOINDER TESTIMONY?
6	A.	I have grouped my testimony by the witness to which I am responding.
7		
8		Responses to Mr. Roger Colton, OCA Statement No. 4-SR
9	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE AREAS OF MR. COLTON'S TESTIMONY TO
10		WHICH YOU WOULD LIKE TO PROVIDE A RESPONSE.
11	A.	I will respond to Mr. Colton's assertions and recommendations in the following areas: 1)
12		energy usage by low-income customers; 2) confirmed low-income classification; 3) CAP
13		outreach; 4) plain language notice prior to termination; and 5) third party notifications.
14		
15	Q	MR. COLTON REITERATES HIS POSITION THAT LOW INCOME
16		CUSTOMERS ARE ALSO LOW USAGE CONSUMERS. DOES THIS
17		ASSERTION ALIGN WITH YOUR EXPERIENCE AT PEOPLES?
18	A.	It does not. A review of usage patterns for customers participating in the Customer
19		Assistance Program ("CAP") provides a very different picture. The table below
20		references the average consumption for a CAP participant of each Division along with
21		the historical test year usage for residential customers in total.
22		
23		

	<b>Peoples Division</b>	<b>Equitable Division</b>
Average Residential Usage <sup>1</sup>	95.9 MCF	92.8 MCF
Average CAP Usage <sup>2</sup>	110.0 MCF	122.4 MCF
Variance by percentage	14.7%	32%

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

The percentage increase in usage for an average CAP customer over an average residential customer is significant and should be considered in this discussion of how rate design in this case potentially impacts the low-income population. In this comparison, distributing a base rate increase more heavily to the usage based delivery charge rather than the monthly customer charge would disproportionately affect low-income customers whose usage exceeds average residential usage levels. Anecdotally, low-income customers who reside in a public housing building, for example, typically have lower usage than an average residential customer who may reside in a single family home or duplex. In those cases, the structure of the building and close proximity of apartments typically lend to less heating usage required for each individual apartment. However, as evidenced by participation in the Company's CAP program, Peoples' low-income customers reside in all types of housing and, due to the condition of the housing or appliances, typically use more than a high-income homeowner who has the benefits of new housing and/or appliances.

16

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Peoples Filing Exhibit 10, Schedule 2. Pertinent pages attached as Peoples Exhibit No. RB-RJ-1. <sup>2</sup> Rider D and Rider F filings provided in Peoples Exhibit No. RB-RJ-2.

#### 1 Q. PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. COLTON'S RECOMMENDATION REGARDING

#### ADDITING A DEFINITION OF "CONFIRMED LOW INCOME" TO THE

#### 3 **COMPANY'S TARIFF.**

2

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

A.

I first would like to reiterate that the Company's practice with regards to low-income eligibility is to accept self-certification for low-income classification as it pertains to cold weather procedures and waiving of connection fees when starting service, for example. Certification of low income is only required when customers are applying for assistance to the Company's universal service programs. The Company follows regulations established with regards to confirmed low income classifications and actively participates in all stakeholder working groups offered by the PA PUC's Bureau of Consumer Services ("BCS"). As noted in the Secretarial Letter on May 3, 2019 and provided as Peoples Exhibit No. RB-RJ-3, the BCS and Law Bureau are to convene a USR working group to standardize universal service reporting protocols for data definitions, tracking and reporting. A pre-emptive tariff change to include a definition for a particular item that may be revised by the collaboration of this working group is not prudent. Furthermore, Mr. Colton alleges that Section 62.2 of the Commission's regulations defines "confirmed low-income residential account" as a customer who has provided "self-certification." (OCA St. No. 4-SR, p. 13.) However, Mr. Colton overlooks that the regulation states how the "information that would reasonably place the customer in a low-income designation . . . may include . . . self-certification by the customer." 52 Pa. Code § 6.2.2 (emphasis added). Although I am not a lawyer, I do not believe that that the Company is "not in compliance with this regulation," as Mr. Colton claims.

Q. 1 MR. COLTON RESPONDED TO YOUR REBUTTAL **TESTIMONY** REGARDING CAP OUTREACH AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A PLAIN 2 LANGUAGE NOTICE PRIOR TO TERMINATION. HE ACCEPTED YOUR 3 REFERRAL TO THE COMPANY'S UNIVERSAL SERVICE ADVISORY 4 GROUP ("USAG") WITH TWO CAVEATS AND AN EXCEPTION. PLEASE 5 6 RESPOND.

A.

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

His first caveat regards Peoples' level of commitment to moving this forward with its USAG. He wants to ensure that it will not only be a topic of discussion at a future meeting, but will ultimately result in the development of an outreach plan. I would like to reassure Mr. Colton that the input of Peoples' USAG is highly valued by the Company. Peoples uses that input to develop improvements to its programs, and the Company reports back to the USAG on a regular basis regarding the status of these items. The Company is currently awaiting BCS action on its Universal Service and Energy Conservation Plan ("USECP"), which was filed on July 2, 2018. I believe that proceeding is the appropriate venue for addressing CAP outreach. CAP outreach will be a focus topic of the Company's next USAG meeting, which is scheduled for July 24, 2019. The information gained from that discussion will be used to develop a CAP outreach plan that will be shared with BCS and interested parties when BCS initiates its collaborative process that typically takes place when the filed USECP is reviewed.

Mr. Colton also notes that the USAG could provide input into the questions of why customers do not respond to termination notices and/or successfully maintain payment arrangements. Peoples will include this topic in the July USAG meeting as well because it so closely aligns with the discussion on CAP outreach. As a result, Peoples

will gain information from the Company's social service agency partners on their experience, anecdotally and generally, regarding these issues.

Further, Mr. Colton did not believe the concept of a plain language notice regarding the availability of CAP should be a topic for the USAG and instead recommends that it be implemented immediately. I disagree. One of the important benefits of Peoples' USAG is the group's insight into messaging and communications for low-income customers. Peoples' agency partners work with the Company's customers on a daily basis, and they have a firm understanding of the words and phrases that encourage action and those that do not. While I believe Mr. Colton's suggestion to implement a plain language notice is a very good one, I do not want to rush implementation without the USAG's input and risk determining later that revisions are needed to make the notice more effective.

A.

MR. COLTON ADDRESSES THE TOPIC OF THIRD PARTY NOTIFICATION
AND PROVIDES FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING
EXPANSION OF THE PROGRAM. PLEASE RESPOND TO HIS TESTIMONY
ON THIS ISSUE.

Mr. Colton generally agreed with my recommendation that the topic of Third Party Notification be part of a future discussion at our USAG meeting. He makes two recommendations regarding Third Party Notification that I would like to address. First, he recommends the Company include Third Party Notification in Peoples' tariff. I disagree with this recommendation. The tariff does not need to contain all regulations pertaining to service for customers. I believe it is more effective to encourage use of the

Third Party Notification program through inclusion of this information in communications to customers, such as the Company's bill insert and website.

Mr. Colton made a further recommendation regarding the scope of Third Party Notification. He asserts that a customer should be allowed to authorize a Third Party Notification for any collection-related or program participation-related notice. understanding is that the Third Party Notification regulation requires collection-related notices, such as termination notices, past due notices, and reminder notices, to be mailed to the designated Third Party of record. It does not include program participation-related notices. Although I am not a lawyer, I believe that the regulation was designed as a safety measure, to ensure that another person or organization is made aware that a customer is facing a potential loss of service. Expanding the use of Third Party Notification to program-participation related notices could 'water down' the impact of such notices. Further, a Third Party Notification regarding continued participation in an income-eligible based program implies information regarding the customer's income status that the customer may not choose to share. I believe the effectiveness of the Third Party Notification program relies on its limited use to notify others of a possible loss of utility service and to engage those receiving the notice in assisting the customer to resolve the issue that could lead to disconnection of service.

19

20

21

22

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

#### Responses to Mr. Harry Geller, CAUSE-PA Statement No. 4-SR

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE AREAS OF MR. GELLER'S TESTIMONY TO WHICH YOU WOULD LIKE TO PROVIDE A RESPONSE.

1 A. I will respond to Mr. Geller's recommendations in the following areas: 1) Low Income
2 Usage Reduction Program ("LIURP") funding levels; and 2) modifications to CAP
3 design within the Company's billing system.

4

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

## Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE MR. GELLER'S RECOMMENDATION REGARDING AN INCREASE TO LIURP FUNDING.

A. Mr. Geller generally agreed with my position in rebuttal that low-income customers are more likely to have inefficient housing and/or appliances. I noted this issue in my rebuttal testimony regarding the concerns raised by Mr. Geller and Mr. Colton that an increase in the monthly customer charge would be more detrimental to low-income customers than a change to the usage based delivery rate. However, Mr. Geller argues in his surrebuttal testimony that the best solution to this issue is an increase to LIURP funding. He states, "When a general rate increase exacerbates unaffordability through rate increases and rate design changes, an increase in assistance for low income households to blunt the impact of these changes is warranted." (CAUSE-PA St. No. 1-SR, p. 11, lines 15-17.) He asserts that while the Company's independent evaluation, performed in 2017, using 2015 data, did not propose an increase to the LIURP budget, it did not anticipate the 2019 base rate proceeding and the potential impact of this proceeding on affordability. I would like to note that eligibility for LIURP services for Peoples is annual usage exceeding 140 MCF. This is significantly higher than average CAP usage as reflected earlier in my testimony. An increase to LIURP funding would not improve affordability for most low-income customers and, therefore, would not 'blunt the impact' of a rate increase in this proceeding.

Mr. Geller next noted that other NGDC utilities have higher annual LIURP budgets and spending levels than Peoples. He further points to Peoples strictly adhering to its budget on an annual basis in comparison to the pattern of Philadelphia Gas Work ("PGW") which has "consistently outpaced its projected spending." (CAUSE-PA St. No. 1-SR, p. 14, lines 16-18.) Funding for Peoples' LIURP is recovered through its universal service rider mechanism. This mechanism functions on a budget versus actual annual true-up basis. For this reason, and to avoid unexpected increases in the universal service riders as a result of over-spending, Peoples prioritizes management of its LIURP actual expenses to budget amounts.

I understand Mr. Geller's concerns regarding the level of LIURP funding in comparison to the Company's eligible customer base. However, I do not believe annual budgets for universal service programs are best reviewed and established in base rate proceedings. Rather, I believe the Commission's USECP proceeding is the appropriate venue to fully evaluate program eligibility, assess need, and establish funding levels. In fact, I have been advised by counsel that the Commission has rejected addressing the annual budgets for universal service programs as part of base rate proceedings. Indeed, the Commission has declared that its "practice is to address all aspects of [Universal Service Programs] through the triennial filing process" and that the Commission "believe[s] this process has provided, and will continue to provide, the customers who rely upon USPs with appropriate funding levels on a timely basis." *Pa. PUC v. PPL Electric Utilities Corp.*, Docket Nos. R-2012-2290597, *et al.*, p. 51 (Order entered Dec. 28, 2012).

1	Q.	MR. GELLER ALSO PROVIDED TESTIMONY REGARDING THE DESIGN OF
2		THE COMPANY'S CAP PROGRAM. PLEASE IDENTIFY AND RESPOND TO
3		THE SPECIFIC ASPECTS HE HAS RECOMMENDED BE CHANGED.

Α.

Mr. Geller has two substantive CAP design changes he would like to recommend. First, he believes the CAP Plus payment should be eliminated for customers with incomes below 50% of Federal Poverty Level ("FPL"). He also recommends eliminating the pre-CAP copay of \$5 for CAP participants with incomes below 150% FPL. Both of these recommendations were made in his direct testimony, and I responded in my rebuttal testimony that changes such as these, which are no global changes to all CAP customers, but specific to groups of customers within the CAP program require significant IT resources of time and funding. Further, I noted the Commission's ongoing efforts in the affordability proceeding which may further modify CAP designs. I suggested that the Company should not make significant changes to its CAP program until the Commission provides guidance on CAP design.

Mr. Geller believes the two items he has suggested for change are "design flaws" that impact affordability and CAP participation levels. (CAUSE-PA St. No. 1-SR, p. 17, lines 13-14.) He also disagrees with my assertion that changes such as these are significant from an IT resource point of view.

The Company's billing system was designed to help ensure that changes to CAP, such as an increase or decrease in the pre-CAP payment amount or the CAP Plus amount, can be maintained easily and updated immediately. This is particularly important for CAP Plus, which is reviewed and changed on an annual basis. These changes are global in nature and impact all CAP accounts in the same manner. For example, the system is

not designed to treat CAP customers with incomes below 50% FPL differently than those with incomes below 150% FPL. To implement the changes Mr. Geller suggests, a wholesale change to the design of these items in the Company's billing system would be required. The low- end estimate for this change is approximately \$100,000. Additional costs would likely be incurred as individual accounts may require maintenance following such a change to ensure customers are billed properly. In addition to the costs of the changes, these system enhancements would have to be considered along with other IT projects that are already pending in order to identify an implementation date in the future. In the interim, the Company's USECP is pending before BCS and the larger Commission proceeding related to affordability, and CAP designs in particular, remains pending as well, either or both of which could require further changes to the Company's current CAP design. Implementing such design changes while these key proceedings remain active is premature. In addition to implementation concerns, I also believe that it is more appropriate to review Mr. Geller's proposal with all interested parties, which should include not only the parties to this case, but members of the USAG and BCS, before determining what CAP design changes, if any, should be considered.

17

18

16

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

#### O. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR REJOINDER TESTIMONY?

19 A. Yes. Thank you.

Exhibit No. 10, Schedule No. 2 Page 5 of 12 Witness: Carol Scanlon

## Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC Peoples Division Analysis of Average Monthly Consumption Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2018

				Residential					Commercial					Industria	1	
Line		Total	Sales	Trans	Through-		Total	Sales	Trans	Through-		Total	Sales	Trans	Through-	
No.	Period	Customers	Volume	Volume	put	Average	Customers	Volume	Volume	put	Average	Customers	Volume	Volume	put	Average
			MMcf	MMcf	MMcf	Mcf/Cust		MMcf	MMcf	MMcf	Mcf/Cust		MMcf	MMcf	MMcf	Mcf/Cust
1	October 2017	332,089	571	179	750	2.26	27,935	166	432	598	21.39	248	3	1,220	1,223	4,932.11
2	November	331,136	1,879	620	2,499	7.55	27,891	458	885	1,344	48.17	246	8	1,426	1,433	5,827.15
3	December	332,028	3,110	1,013	4,122	12.42	27,918	727	1,421	2,148	76.94	246	14	1,674	1,688	6,860.92
4	January 2018	332,303	5,453	1,768	7,221	21.73	27,965	1,279	2,409	3,688	131.87	245	21	1,864	1,885	7,694.77
5	February	331,945	3,739	1,214	4,954	14.92	27,985	888	1,868	2,756	98.47	245	22	2,038	2,060	8,406.46
6	March	331,455	3,178	1,025	4,204	12.68	27,940	763	1,548	2,311	82.72	246	22	1,660	1,682	6,835.41
7	April	333,263	3,047	974	4,022	12.07	28,023	667	1,648	2,315	82.62	247	23	1,884	1,907	7,720.48
8	May	332,959	1,413	455	1,869	5.61	28,003	319	903	1,221	43.61	247	46	1,573	1,618	6,552.48
9	June	332,536	557	175	731	2.20	27,919	144	471	615	22.03	248	(16)	1,455	1,440	5,805.54
10	July	331,210	399	120	518	1.57	27,859	94	380	475	17.04	245	6	1,325	1,331	5,431.59
11	August	332,553	409	121	530	1.59	27,862	124	449	573	20.58	245	7	1,330	1,337	5,455.68
12	September 2018	331,949	336	101	438	1.32	27,801	84	296	380	13.67	245	6	1,133	1,139	4,649.93
13																
14	Total or Average	332,119	24,091	7,766	31,858	95.92	27,925	5,714	12,710	18,424	659.75	246	161	18,581	18,743	76,163.45
15	_															
16	Heating Season		17,360	5,640	23,000	69		4,116	8,131	12,246	439		87	8,661	8,748	35,547
17	(November - March)															
18	Non-Heating Season		6,731	2,126	8,857	27		1,598	4,580	6,177	221		75	9,920	9,995	40,616
19	(April - October)		.,	, -	-,			,	,	-,					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
20	Daily Average = Total	al/365	66	21	87			16	35	50			0	51	51	

<sup>(1)</sup> Average sales, not weather normalized

Exhibit No. 10, Schedule No. 2 Page 10 of 12

Witness: Carol Scanlon

#### Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC Equitable Division Analysis of Average Monthly Consumption Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2018

				Residential					Commercial					Industrial		
Line		Total	Sales	Trans	Through-		Total	Sales	Trans	Through-		Total	Sales	Trans	Through-	
No.	Period	Customers	Volume	Volume	put	Average	Customers	Volume	Volume	put	Average	Customers	Volume	Volume	put	Average
·			MMcf	MMcf	MMcf	Mcf/Cust		MMcf	MMcf	MMcf	Mcf/Cust		MMcf	MMcf	MMcf	Mcf/Cust
1	October 2017	245,640	429	37	466	1.90	17,936	101	330	432	24.08	151	7	827	833	5,518.84
2	November	243,901	1,459	124	1,583	6.49	17,891	294	603	897	50.15	152	9	870	879	5,780.99
3	December	247,769	2,798	243	3,041	12.27	18,114	569	1,087	1,657	91.47	151	12	1,181	1,193	7,901.94
4	January 2018	247,882	4,969	454	5,422	21.87	18,134	969	1,563	2,532	139.63	150	19	1,340	1,358	9,056.52
5	February	248,061	3,427	313	3,740	15.08	18,119	691	1,507	2,198	121.31	150	13	1,876	1,889	12,594.16
6	March	248,283	2,776	250	3,026	12.19	18,105	570	1,097	1,667	92.09	148	12	1,394	1,407	9,503.81
7	April	247,721	2,714	249	2,964	11.96	18,059	549	1,144	1,693	93.75	148	14	1,509	1,522	10,286.29
8	May	246,572	1,113	109	1,222	4.96	18,005	216	686	902	50.12	148	7	1,328	1,335	9,020.72
9	June	245,907	370	35	406	1.65	17,941	91	337	428	23.87	147	6	1,258	1,263	8,593.72
10	July	245,437	318	31	349	1.42	17,873	77	306	383	21.45	147	4	1,164	1,167	7,940.62
11	August	245,539	316	31	347	1.41	17,865	76	320	396	22.19	149	6	1,264	1,270	8,525.64
12	September 2018	245,030	286	29	314	1.28	17,835	70	276	346	19.42	148	3	1,097	1,100	7,433.02
13	•															
14	Total or Average	246,478	20,976	1,904	22,880	92.83	17,990	4,275	9,258	13,533	752.26	149	111	15,107	15,218	102,075.82
15	_															
16	Heating Season		15,429	1,383	16,813	68		3,093	5,858	8,951	498		65	6,661	6,726	45,116
17	(November - March)															
18	Non-Heating Season		5,547	521	6,068	25		1,181	3,400	4,582	255		46	8,446	8,492	56,960
19	(April - October)		- /		-,			,	-,	,- ·-				-, -	-, - =	/ *
20	Daily Average = Tota	1/365	57	5	63			12	25	37			0	41	42	

<sup>(1)</sup> Average sales, not weather normalized

#### Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC Universal Service Rider Costs - Rider F Effective April 1, 2019

		<u>Ann</u>	ual Expenses
CAP			
CAP Credit (Shortfall or deficiency)	Page 2	\$	926,114
Arrearage Forgiveness	Page 2	\$	2,171,168
CAP Administration - Third Party Administrator	Page 3	\$ \$	730,000
E-CAP Expenses	Page 4	\$	249,621
Total CAP Expenses		\$	4,076,903
Other Universal Services			
LIURP	Page 3	\$	1,150,000
Emergency Line Repair	Page 3	\$	400,000
Billing System Modifications to Support LIHEAP State Plan	Page 3	\$	<u>-</u>
Total Other Universal Services		\$	1,550,000
Total Projected Universal Service Program Costs		\$	5,626,903
Residential Non-CAP Throughput			26,699,028
Proposed Rider F Surcharge per Mcf			\$0.2108
Plus: Reconciliation Adjustment	Page 5		\$0.0121
Total Proposed Rider F Surcharge per Mcf			\$0.2229

Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC
Universal Service Rider Costs - Rider F
Calculation of CAP Plus, CAP Credits and Arrearage Forgiveness

#### Page 2 of 5

#### **CAP Plus Calculation**

LilieAP funds received for CAP Accounts   20,842   20,8	
3 LIHEAP funds per CAP participant (Line 1/Line 2) \$ 96 4 Calculated Monthly CAP Plus Amount \$ 8 8 5 CAP Plus Amount (Line 3/12) \$ 5 2/ 6 Current Average CAP Payment \$ 80 7 Monthly CAP Amount including CAP Plus (Line 4 + Line 5) \$ 85  CAP Credit Calculation  8 CAP enrollment to 16,725 level as established @ Docket R-2010-2201702 \$ 16,725 9 Average CAP Usage 110 10 Average Bill Calculation  11 Monthly Service Charge \$ 13.9181 12 Usage charge per MCF \$ 13.9181 12 Usage charge per MCF \$ 8.1017 13 Average Annual Bill (Line 10 * 12) + (Line 11 * Line 8) \$ 1,061 14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer (Line 6 * 12) \$ 1,017 15 Annual average CAP Credit per customer (Line 12 - Line 13) \$ 45 16 Projected CAP credit (shortfall) (Line 14 * Line 7) \$ 748,007  Incremental Enrollments 17 Incremental enrollment above 16,725 (excluding E-CAP customers) 18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments (Line 14 * Line 16) \$ 184,128 19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (Line 17 - Line 18) \$ 178,107  Total CAP Credits 11 Total CAP Credits	
4 Calculated Monthly CAP Plus Amount 5 CAP Plus Amount 6 Current Average CAP Payment 7 Monthly CAP Amount including CAP Plus  EAP Cap Credit Calculation  8 CAP enrollment to 16,725 level as established @ Docket R-2010-2201702 9 Average CAP Usage 110 10 Average Bill Calculation 11 Monthly Service Charge 12 Usage charge per MCF 13 Average Annual Bill 14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 15 Annual average CAP Credit per customer 16 Annual average CAP Credit fehortfall) 17 Incremental Enrollments 18 Incremental enrollments 19 Bad Debt Offset for incremental enrollments (3.27%) 10 Net Projected CAP Credits 11 Projected CAP Credits 11 Projected CAP Credits 12 Usage Charge per MCF 13 Average Annual Bill 14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 15 Incremental enrollments 16 Projected CAP Credit fehortfall) 17 Incremental Enrollments 18 Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) 19 Bad Debt Offset for incremental enrollments (3.27%) 20 Net Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) for incremental Enrollments 21 Total CAP Credits 21 Total Projected CAP Credits	
CLINE 3/12    \$ 5 2/   CURRENT Average CAP Payment   \$ 80   T Monthly CAP Amount including CAP Plus   \$ 80   T Monthly CAP Amount including CAP Plus   \$ 85   CAP Credit Calculation   \$ 8 CAP enrollment to 16,725 level as established @ Docket R-2010-2201702   \$ 16,725     9 Average CAP Usage   \$ 110   10 Average Bill Calculation   \$ 120   11 Monthly Service Charge   \$ 13,9181     12 Usage charge per MCF   \$ 8,1017     13 Average Annual Bill   \$ (Line 10 * 12) + (Line 11 * Line 8)   \$ 1,061     14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer   \$ 1,017     15 Annual average CAP Credit per customer   \$ 1,017     16 Projected CAP credit (shortfall)   \$ 748,007     Incremental Enrollments   \$ 4,117     18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments   \$ 184,128     19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments   \$ 178,107     10 Cap Credits   \$ 178,107     11 Cap Credits   \$ 178,107     12 Cap Credits   \$ 178,107     13 Cap Credits   \$ 178,107     14 Cap Credits   \$ 178,107     15 Cap Cap Credit   \$ 178,107     16 Cap Credits   \$ 178,107     17 Cap Cap Credits   \$ 178,107     17 Cap Cap Credits   \$ 178,107     18 Cap Credits   \$ 178,107     19 Cap	
6 Current Average CAP Payment 7 Monthly CAP Amount including CAP Plus  CAP Credit Calculation  8 CAP enrollment to 16,725 level as established @ Docket R-2010-2201702 9 Average CAP Usage 110 10 Average Bill Calculation  11 Monthly Service Charge 12 Usage charge per MCF 13 Average Annual Bill 14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 15 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 16 Projected CAP Credit per customer 17 Incremental Enrollments 18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments 19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (Line 14 * Line 17) 10 Net Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments 10 Nontrip Service CAP Credit (shortfall) (Line 14 * Line 16) 10 Average Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) (Line 14 * Line 17) 10 Average Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) (Line 14 * Line 16) 10 Average Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) (Line 17 - Line 18) 11 Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) (Line 17 - Line 18) 12 Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments 13 Average Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments 14 Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments 15 Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments 16 Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments 17 Incremental Enrollments 18 Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments 19 Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments 10 Average Annual Bill 11 (Line 14 * Line 5) 11 Average Annual Bill 12 (Line 14 * Line 16) 13 Average Annual Bill 14 Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments 16 Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments 17 Annual average CAP Credit Enrollments 18 Annual average CAP Credit Enrollments 19 Annual average CAP Credit Enrollments 10 Annual average CAP Credit Enrollments 11 Annual average CAP Credit Enrollments 12 Annual average CAP Credit Enrollments 13 Average Annual Bill 14 Annual average CAP Credit Enrollments 18 A	
7 Monthly CAP Amount including CAP Plus  CAP Credit Calculation  8 CAP enrollment to 16,725 level as established @ Docket R-2010-2201702 9 Average CAP Usage 110  10 Average Bill Calculation 11 Monthly Service Charge 12 Usage charge per MCF 13 Average Annual Bill 14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 15 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 16 Projected CAP Credit per customer 17 Incremental Enrollments 18 Projected CAP Credit for incremental enrollments 19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments 10 Northly Service CAP Credit per Captive 11 Monthly Service Charge 12 Usage charge per MCF 13 Average Annual Bill 14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 15 (Line 10 * 12) + (Line 11 * Line 8) 16 Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) 17 Incremental Enrollments 18 Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) 19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments 10 (Line 14 * Line 16) 10 (Line 17 - Line 18) 11 Total CAP Credits 11 Total CAP Credits 12 Total Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments 12 Total Projected CAP Credits	
CAP Credit Calculation  8 CAP enrollment to 16,725 level as established @ Docket R-2010-2201702 9 Average CAP Usage 10 Average Bill Calculation 11 Monthly Service Charge 12 Usage charge per MCF 13 Average Annual Bill 14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 15 Annual average CAP Credit per customer 16 Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) 17 Incremental Enrollments 18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments 19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%) 10 Incremental Enrollments 10 Incremental Enrollments 11 Incremental Enrollments 12 Incremental Enrollments (1.10 ± 12) ± (Line 11 ± Line 8) ± 1.005	
8 CAP enrollment to 16,725 level as established @ Docket R-2010-2201702 9 Average CAP Usage 110 10 Average Bill Calculation 11 Monthly Service Charge 12 Usage charge per MCF 13 Average Annual Bill 14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 15 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 16 Projected CAP credit (shortfall) 17 Incremental Enrollments 18 Projected CAP Credit for incremental enrollments 19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%) 10 Total CAP Credits 10 Average Annual Bill 11 (Line 10 * 12) + (Line 11 * Line 8) 12 (Line 11 * Line 8) 13 1.061 14 (Line 12 - Line 13) 15 45 16 Projected CAP credit (shortfall) 16 Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) 17 Incremental enrollments 18 Projected CAP Credit for incremental enrollments 19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments 10 (Line 14 * Line 16) 10 (Line 14 * Line 17) 11 (Line 17 - Line 18) 12 (Line 17 - Line 18)	
9 Average CAP Usage 10 Average Bill Calculation 11 Monthly Service Charge 12 Usage charge per MCF 13 Average Annual Bill 14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 15 Annual average CAP Credit per customer 16 Projected CAP credit (shortfall) 17 Incremental Enrollments 18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments 19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%) 20 Net Projected CAP Credits 21 Total Projected CAP Credits 21 Total Projected CAP Credits 22 Total Projected CAP Credits 23 Total Projected CAP Credits 24 Total Projected CAP Credits 25 Total Projected CAP Credits 26 Total Projected CAP Credits 27 Total Projected CAP Credits 28 Total Projected CAP Credits 29 Total Projected CAP Credits 20 Total Projected CAP Credits 20 Total Projected CAP Credits 21 Total Projected CAP Credits	
10 Average Bill Calculation  11 Monthly Service Charge  12 Usage charge per MCF  13 Average Annual Bill  14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer  15 Annual average CAP Payments per customer  16 Projected CAP credit (shortfall)  17 Incremental Enrollments  18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments  19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%)  10 Net Projected CAP Credits  10 Average Bill Calculation  11 Monthly Service Charge  12 Usage charge  13 13.9181  14 (Line 10 * 12) + (Line 11 * Line 8)  1 (Line 6 * 12)  1 (Line 6 * 12)  1 (Line 12 - Line 13)  1 (Line 14 * Line 7)  1 (Line 14 * Line 7)  1 (Line 14 * Line 16)  1 (Line 14 * Line 16)  2 (Line 14 * Line 17)  3 (A.27% * Line 17)  4 (Line 17 - Line 18)  1 (Line 17 - Line 18)  1 (Line 17 - Line 18)  1 (Line 17 - Line 18)	
Monthly Service Charge Usage charge per MCF  Average Annual Bill (Line 10 * 12) + (Line 11 * Line 8) \$ 1,061  Annual average CAP Payments per customer (Line 6 * 12) \$ 1,017  Annual average CAP Credit per customer (Line 12 - Line 13) \$ 45  Frojected CAP credit (shortfall)  Incremental Enrollments Incremental Enrollments Incremental enrollment above 16,725 (excluding E-CAP customers)  Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments Incremental enrollments Incremental enrollment above 16,725 (excluding E-CAP customers)  Annual average CAP Credit for incremental enrollments (Line 14 * Line 7) \$ 184,128  Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall)  Annual average CAP Credits  Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall)  Annual average CAP Credits  Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall)  Annual average CAP Credits  Annual average CAP Credit (shortfall)	
12 Usage charge per MCF 13 Average Annual Bill 14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 15 Annual average CAP Credit per customer 16 Projected CAP credit (shortfall) 17 Incremental Enrollments 18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments 19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%) 20 Net Projected CAP Credits 21 Total CAP Credits 22 Total Projected CAP Credits 23 Total Projected CAP Credits 24 Incremental Enrollments 25 Incremental enrollments (Line 14 * Line 16) 26 Incremental enrollments (3.27%) 27 Total CAP Credits 28 Incremental Enrollments (Line 17 - Line 18) 3 Incremental Enrollments (Line 17 - Line 18) 3 Incremental Enrollments (Line 17 - Line 18) 4 Incremental Enrollments (Line 17 - Line 18) 4 Incremental Enrollments (Line 17 - Line 18)	
13 Average Annual Bill 14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer 15 Annual average CAP Credit per customer 16 Projected CAP credit (shortfall) 17 Incremental Enrollments 18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments 19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%) 10 Net Projected CAP Credits 11 Incremental Enrollments 12 Incremental enrollments 13 Incremental enrollments 14 Line 16) 15 Incremental enrollments 16 Line 14 * Line 16) 17 Incremental enrollments 18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments 19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%) 10 Net Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments 17 Incremental Enrollments 18 Incremental enrollments 19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%) 10 Net Projected CAP Credits 11 Incremental Enrollments 12 Increal Projected CAP Credits	
14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer  15 Annual average CAP Credit per customer  16 Projected CAP credit (shortfall)  17 Incremental Enrollments  18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments  19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%)  20 Net Projected CAP Credits  21 Total CAP Credits  22 Total Projected CAP Credits	
14 Annual average CAP Payments per customer  15 Annual average CAP Credit per customer  16 Projected CAP credit (shortfall)  17 Incremental Enrollments  18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments  19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (Line 14 * Line 16)  19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%)  20 Net Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments  10 Incremental enrollments  11 Incremental enrollments  12 Incremental enrollments  13 Incremental enrollments  14 Incremental enrollments  15 Incremental enrollments  16 Incremental enrollments  17 Incremental enrollments  18 Incremental enrollments  18 Incremental enrollments  19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments  10 Incremental enrollments  10 Incremental enrollments  10 Incremental enrollments  11 Incremental enrollments  12 Increal Enrollments  13 Increal Enrollments  14 Incremental enrollments  15 Increal Enrollments  16 Incremental enrollments  17 Increal Enrollments  18 Increal Enrollments  19 Incremental enrollments  10 Incremental enrollments  11 Incremental enrollments  12 Increal Enrollments	
15 Annual average CAP Credit per customer  (Line 12 - Line 13) \$ 45  16 Projected CAP credit (shortfall) \$ 748,007  Incremental Enrollments  17 Incremental enrollment above 16,725 (excluding E-CAP customers) \$ 4,117  18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments \$ (Line 14 * Line 16) \$ 184,128  19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%) \$ 6,021  20 Net Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments (Line 17 - Line 18) \$ 178,107	
Incremental Enrollments  Incremental enrollment above 16,725 (excluding E-CAP customers)  Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments  Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%)  Net Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments  Total CAP Credits  Cline 14 * Line 16)  \$ 184,128  (Line 17 - Line 18)  \$ 178,107	
17 Incremental enrollment above 16,725 (excluding E-CAP customers)  18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments  19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%)  20 Net Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments  Total CAP Credits  21 Total Projected CAP Credits	
18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments  (Line 14 * Line 16) \$ 184,128  19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%) (3.27% * Line 17) \$ 6,021  20 Net Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments  (Line 17 - Line 18) \$ 178,107	
18 Projected Cap Credit for incremental enrollments  (Line 14 * Line 16) \$ 184,128  19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%) (3.27% * Line 17) \$ 6,021  20 Net Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments  (Line 17 - Line 18) \$ 178,107	
19 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental enrollments (3.27%) 20 Net Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments  (Line 17 - Line 18)  Total CAP Credits  21 Total Projected CAP Credits	
20 Net Projected CAP Credit (shortfall) for Incremental Enrollments (Line 17 - Line 18) \$ 178,107  Total CAP Credits	
71 Total Projected CAP Credite	
21 Total Projected CAP Credits (Line 15 + Line 19) \$ 926,114	
	3/
Arrearage Forgiveness	
Enrollments to 16, 725 level	
22 Enrollments up to 16 735 level	
22 Average Average Section 2	
OA TIMED IN TALL AND A STATE OF THE STATE OF	
25 Projected Assessment Facility of April 19	
25 Projected Arrearage Forgiveness at 45% Payment Compliance (45% * Line 23) \$ 1,753,616 4	/
Incremental Enrollments	
26 Projected Incremental Enrollment above 16,725 (excluding E-CAP customers) 4,117	
27 Average Arrearage Forgiveness per cust. \$ 233	
28 Total Projected Annual Arrearage Forgiveness (Line 25 * Line 26) \$ 959,261	
29 Bad Debt Offset for Incremental Enrollments (3.27% * Line 27) \$ 31,368	
30 Net Annual Arrearage Forgiveness for Incremental Enrollments (Line 27 - Line 28) \$ 927,893	
31 Projected Arrayage Forgivenors at AFW Reymont Compliance	/
32 Total Projected Annual Arrearage Forgiveness (Line 24 + Line 30) \$ 2,171,168	

<sup>1/</sup> Per Settlement at Docket No. R-2012-2285985, LIHEAP cash grants received will be updated as of May each year. The new CAP Plus amount is effective from July 1 through June 30.

<sup>2/</sup> Per approval at Docket No. R-2018-3003855, the CAP Plus payment shall be the lesser of the calculated CAP Plus payment or \$5.

<sup>3/</sup> Effective July 1, 2015, CAP credits issued at the time of billing.

Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC
Universal Service Rider Costs - Rider F
Universal Service Programs and Administrative Costs

Page 3 of 5

CAP Administration		Annual Costs
1 Third Party Administrator (Dollar Energy Fund)		\$730,000
Other Universal Services		
<ul> <li>2 Low Income Usage Reduction Program (LIURP)</li> <li>3 Emergency Line Repair</li> <li>4 Billing System Modifications to Support LIHEAP State Plan</li> <li>5 Total Program Costs Other Universal Services</li> </ul>	(Lines 2 through 4)	\$1,150,000 \$400,000 \$0 \$1,550,000
Total Administrative & Program Costs	(Line 1 + Line 5)	\$2,280,000

<sup>1/</sup> Billing System Modifications to Support the LIHEAP State Plan were approved through Peoples' base rate proceeding at Docket No. R-2012-2285985.

Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC Universal Service Rider Costs - Rider F Projected E-CAP Expenses

Page 4 of 5

#### **E-CAP Credit Calculation**

1	Projected E-CAP enrollment	1,388			
2	Projected E-CAP Annual CAP Credit per Customer	\$99			
3	Total Projected E-CAP Credits	(Line 1 x Line 2)	Ś	137,412	
4	Annual CAP Plus payment amount	(Line 1 x \$5 x 12 months)	Ś	83,280	
5	Bad Debt Offset for Enrollments Above 16,725	(3.27% * Line 3)	\$	4,493	
6	Net Projected E-CAP credit	(Line 3 - Line 4 - Line 5)	\$	49,639	
E-CAP	Arrearage Forgiveness Calculation				
7	Projected Annual Arrearage Forgiveness per Customer	\$331			
8	Total Projected E-CAP Arrearage Forgiveness	(Line 1 x Line 7)	\$	459,428	
9	Bad Debt Offset for Enrollments Above 16,725	(3.27% * Line 8)	Ś	15,023	
10	Net Annual Arrearage Forgiveness for Incremental Enrollments	(Line 8 - Line 9)	\$	444,405	
11	Projected Arrearage Forgiveness at 45% Payment Compliance	(45% * Line 10)	\$	199,982	1/
12	Total Projected E-CAP Expenses	(Line 6 + Line 11)	\$	249,621	

<sup>1/ 45%</sup> payment compliance developed using 2015 historical data regarding the number of customers making a full CAP payment.

#### Page 5 of 5

#### **Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC**

#### Rider F - Annual Reconciliation and Rate Adjustment Effective 4/1/19

#### **Annual Reconciliation of CAP Costs to CAP Recoveries**

Prior Period Over/ (Under) Collection	\$ (3,406,558)
Actual Total CAP Costs (January - December 2018)	\$ 10,444,599
Less:	
Cost Offsets for Customers in Excess of 16,725	\$ 20,975
Total CAP Recoveries	\$ 13,506,134
Over / (Under) Recoveries	\$ (324,047)
Residential throughput (Mcf)	 26,699,028
Reconciliation Rate Adjustment	\$ 0.0121

Page 1 of 5

Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC Equitable Division Universal Service Rider Costs - Rider D Effective May 18, 2019

		<u>Anr</u>	nual Expenses
CAP			
CAP Credit (Shortfall or deficiency)	Page 2	\$	3,031,759
Arrearage Forgiveness	Page 2	\$	971,980
CAP Administration - Third Party Administrator	Page 3	\$	267,000
E-CAP Expenses	Page 4	\$	215,125
LIURP		\$	700,000
Emergency Furnace & Service Line Repair Assistance Program	1/	\$	400,000
Total Projected Universal Service Program Costs		\$	5,585,864
Residential Non-CAP Throughput			20,119,405
Proposed Rider D Surcharge per Mcf			\$0.2776
Plus: Reconciliation Adjustment	Page 5		(\$0.0295)
Total Proposed Rider D Surcharge per Mcf			\$0.2481

<sup>1/</sup> Refer to Commission's Order entered May 9, 2019, at Docket Nos. P-2019-3007044 and M-2014-2432515.

Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC Equitable Division Universal Service Rider Costs - Rider D Calculation of CAP Plus, CAP Credits and Arrearage Forgiveness			Page 2	2 of 5
CAP Plus Calculation				
1 LIHEAP funds received for CAP Accounts		Ś	1,328,211	
2 Active CAP Accounts, Projected Enrollments and E-CAP Accounts		*	15,603	
3 LIHEAP funds per CAP participant	(Line 1/Line 2)	\$	85	
4 Calculated Monthly CAP Plus Amount	• • •	\$	7	
5 CAP Plus Amount	(Line 3/12)	\$	5	1/
6 Current Average CAP Payment		\$	74	·
7 Monthly CAP Amount including CAP Plus	(Line 5 + Line 6)	\$	79	
CAP Credit Calculation				
8 Average CAP Usage			122.4	
9 Average Bill Calculation				
10 Monthly Service Charge		\$	12.9197	
11 Usage charge per MCF		\$	8.0424	
12 Average Annual Bill	(Line 10 * 12) + (Line 11 * Line 8)	\$	1,139	
13 Annual average CAP Payments per customer	(Line 7 * 12)	\$	945	
14 Annual average CAP Credit per customer	(Line 12 - Line 13)	\$	194	
15 Projected CAP credit (shortfall)	(Line 14 * Line 2)	\$	3,031,759	
Arrearage Forgiveness				
16 Average Arrearage Forgiveness per cust.		\$	96	
17 Total Projected Annual Arrearage Forgiveness	(Line 16 * Line 2)	\$	1,495,354	
18 Projected Arrearage Forgiveness at 65% Payment Compliance	(65% * Line 17)	\$	971,980	2/

<sup>1/</sup> Per approval at Docket No. R-2018-3003851, the CAP Plus payment shall be the lesser of the calculated CAP Plus payment or \$5.

<sup>2/ 65%</sup> payment compliance based upon the number of current CAP customers as of September 2018.

#### Page 3 of 5

# Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC Equitable Division Estimated Annual Cost of Dollar Energy Fund Contract

		 Current		
Line No	<u>o.</u>			
1	Total Annual Cost	\$ 435,000		
2	Less; Admin costs in base rates	\$ 168,000		
3	Net Cost included in Rider D	\$267,000		

Page 4 of 5

#### Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC Equitable Division Projected E-CAP Expenses

#### **E-CAP Customer Shortfall**

1 2	rojected E-CAP enrollment rojected E-CAP Annual CAP Credit per Customer	876 \$135		
3	Total Projected E-CAP Credits	(Line 1 x Line 2)	\$	118,145
4	Monthly CAP Plus payment amount	(Line 1 x \$5 x 12 months)	\$	52,560
5	Net Projected E-CAP credit (shortfall)	(Line 3 - Line 4)	\$	65,585
<u>E-CA</u> 6	P Arrearage Forgiveness  Projected Annual Arrearage Forgiveness per Customer	\$263		
7	Total Projected E-CAP Arrearage Forgiveness	(Line 1 x Line 6)	Ś	230,060
8	% of Customers who pay regularly	(======================================	*	65%
9	Adjustment to Reflect Expected Non Payment Compliance	(35% x Line 7)	\$	80,521
10	Projected E-CAP Arrearage Forgiveness	(Line 7 - Line 9)	\$	149,539
11	Total Projected E-CAP Expenses	(Line 5 + Line 11)	\$	215,125

#### Peoples Natural Gas Company LLC Equitable Division

#### Rider D - Annual Reconciliation and Rate Adjustment Effective 10/1/18

### **Annual Reconciliation of CAP Costs to CAP Recoveries**

Prior Period Over/ (Under) Collection	\$ (1,677,869)
Actual Total CAP Costs	\$ 7,883,148
Less:	
Cost Offsets	\$ -
Total CAP Recoveries	\$ 10,154,605
Over / (Under) Recoveries	\$ 593,588
Residential throughput (Mcf)	\$ 20,119,405
Reconciliation Rate Adjustment	\$ (0.0295)



## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

400 North Street, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120

IN REPLY PLEASE

May 3, 2019

**Docket No:** M-2017-2587711

To: All Parties to M-2017-2587711

Re: Requesting Utility and Stakeholder Participation in the Universal Service Reporting (USR)

Working Group

On January 17, 2019, the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission (Commission) entered an Order, releasing a staff report titled "*Home Energy Affordability for Low-Income Customers in Pennsylvania*" (Report). The Report found, *inter alia*, that inconsistencies and limitations in reported data impacted the analysis and evaluation of Customer Assistance Programs (CAPs).

In the January 17 Order, the Commission recognized the need for NGDCs and EDCs to (1) standardize data gathering and reporting; (2) establish standard definitions for terms; (3) track and report data consistently (*e.g.*, income verification/confirmed low income); and (4) track and report additional data elements to enhance the evaluation of CAPs. January 17 Order at 18.

Therefore, the January 17 Order directed staff in the Bureau of Consumer Services (BCS) and the Law Bureau to convene, no later than July 31, 2019, a USR working group to standardize universal service reporting protocols for data definitions, tracking, and reporting. Additionally, the Commission directed all NGDCs and EDCs to participate in the USR working group. January 17 Order at 23.

The USR working group shall conclude its work no later than December 31, 2019 and BCS shall provide a consensus/non-consensus report to the Commission prior to January 31, 2020. January 17 Order at 23.

With this Secretarial Letter, the Commission announces establishment of the USR working group. The Commission invites interested stakeholders to participate. The first meeting of the working group will be held in July 2019, in the Keystone Building, Harrisburg. Utilities and interested stakeholders should email <a href="mailto:ra-pc-uswg@pa.gov">ra-pc-uswg@pa.gov</a> by May 31, 2019 to inform the Commission of your intent to participate. All utility participants and interested stakeholders

<sup>1</sup> All utilities should inform the Commission of which staff members will be participating in the working group.

Peoples Exhibit No. RB-RJ-3 M-2017-2587711 Announcing the first Universal Service Reporting (USR) Working Group Page 2

will be provided with information and comment requests, and notified of specific meeting dates, times, and locations, via email.

Please contact Eric Tuttle at <a href="mailto:etuttle@pa.gov">etuttle@pa.gov</a> if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Rosemary Chiavetta

Secretary

Sarah Dewey, BCS, sdewey@pa.gov cc:

Lori Mohr, BCS, laumohr@pa.gov

Joseph Magee, BCS, <u>imagee@pa.gov</u> Eric Tuttle, BCS etuttle@pa.gov

Louise Fink Smith, Law Bureau, finksmith@pa.gov

Laura Griffin, Law Bureau, laurgriffi@pa.gov

Cert. of Service via email