PITTSBURGH WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY (PWSA) STRATEGIC PLAN FOR STORMWATER









Community Meeting March 23, 2022

PITTSBURGH WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY (PWSA) STRATEGIC PLANNING TEAM

PennPraxis + The Water Center at Penn

water systems analysis and planning, policy and partnership design, communication

AKRF Inc.

engineering and technical engagement

Grounded Strategies stakeholder engagement

Heather Sage local policy communication

Moonshot Missions water economics and equity strategies

Andropogon Associates land use planning and design

CMU Center for Engineering & Resilience for Climate Adaptation local climate change modeling and resilience planning

AGENDA

6:00 - 6:15 Strategic Planning Progress People, Performance, and Planet in Places 6:15 - 6:20 Saw Mill Run Visioning Past Plans + Current Visions 6:25 - 7:20 Saw Mill Run Visioning 7:20 - 7:24Next Steps and Ambassador Kick-off 7:24 - 7:30 PWSA on Context for Strategic Planning



STORMWATER PLANNING TIMELINE

AUGUST 2015

ALCOSAN Starting at the Source

(What can green do? Is it more cost effective?)

DECEMBER 2016

Watershed Resilience Accelerator

(Increased focus on flash flooding)

MAY 2017

OnePGH Resilience Strategy

(Increased focus on climate adaptation and equity)

SEPTEMBER 2019

ALCOSAN Modified Consent Decree and Clean Water Plan Submitted to EPA/PaDEP

MAY 2020

ALCOSAN Modified Consent Decree and Clean Water Plan Approved by EPA/PaDEP

JUNE 2021

Begin Strategic Plan for Stormwater

OCTOBER 2021

Updated Stormwater Codes & Ordinances (Increased focus on private stormwater)

2022-2023

PWSA Stormwater Fee (Need for dedicated stormwater funding)

OCTOBER 2008

JANUARY 2008

ALCOSAN enters into consent

decree with USEPA and PaDEP

JULY 2012

Draft ALCOSAN Clean Water

(Predominantly gray plan tunnels

JULY 2013

Plan for public comment

and plant expansion)

PWSA Feasibility Study Report

(PWSA going alone - propose regional tunnels)

NOVEMBER 2016

PWSA Green First Plan

(What would an all green strategy look like?)

PWSA Wet Weather Feasibility Study

(Predominantly gray plan for conveyance and storage)

PWSA Greening the Wet Weather Plan (What is needed for green for PWSA?)

JULY 2020

ALCOSAN Controlling the Source

(Spatial cost effectiveness analysis of GSI)

DECEMBER 2019

PWSA Saw Mill Run Integrated Watershed Management Plan

(Increased focus on IWM planning for permitting)

MARCH 2019

PWSA MS4 Permit & Pollutant Reduction Plan

(PaDEP 10% sediment reduction)

Why This Plan Now?



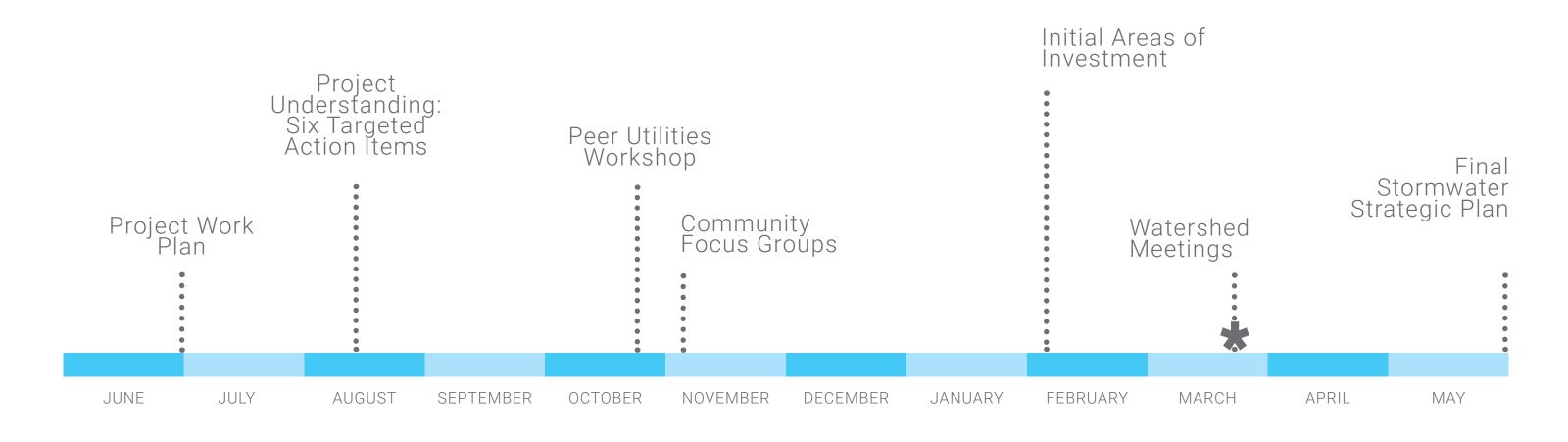






- Green First focused only on green infrastructure planning to improve water quality because the county's stormwater plan (still in development at the time) was going to concentrate on "gray" infrastructure upgrades--on pipes and tunnels.
- The county water authority (called ALCOSAN) has now finalized a plan for the construction of tunnels which will significantly reduce sewage overflow into the rivers when it rains. The plan will be implemented over the next ten years.
- This means the Pittsburgh Water and Sewer Authority (PWSA) can expand its focus to include residents' and businesses' concerns about flooding and basement backups, and consider equity and environmental justice in setting priorities for water investment.

PROJECT TIMELINE



Development of Targeted Action Items

Community Ambassador Program

TOP SIX PRIORITY ACTIONS

Analyze Priority
Areas of
Investment

- Define Initial Investment Strategy & Illustrate It In a Few Places
- Leverage
 Stormwater Fee
 Impact

Establish
Guiding
Principles to
Level of Service
& Flooding

- Develop a
 Communication
 Framework
 to Increase
 Transparency
- Develop a
 Framework for a
 Joint Task Force
 on Stormwater

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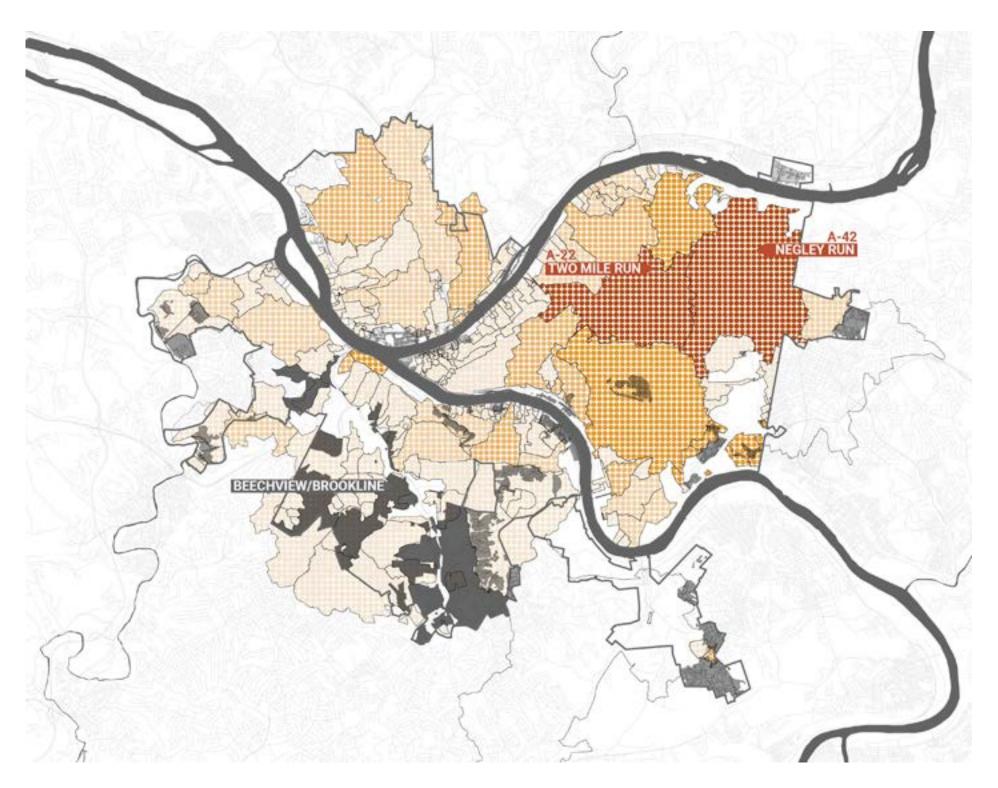
Develop a
Framework for a
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1 Analyze Priority Areas for Investment

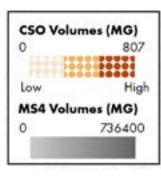
We will map many kinds of data to identify areas in the city where investment could have a major impact on local flooding and create community benefits.

- Prioritize more kinds of water management, not only water quality and sewer overflows
- Map local flooding impacts, basement backups, and environmental justice areas for water investment
- Study geographic priorities with input from PWSA and other stakeholders
- Review good work being done in other cities to prioritize investment to create more kinds of benefit

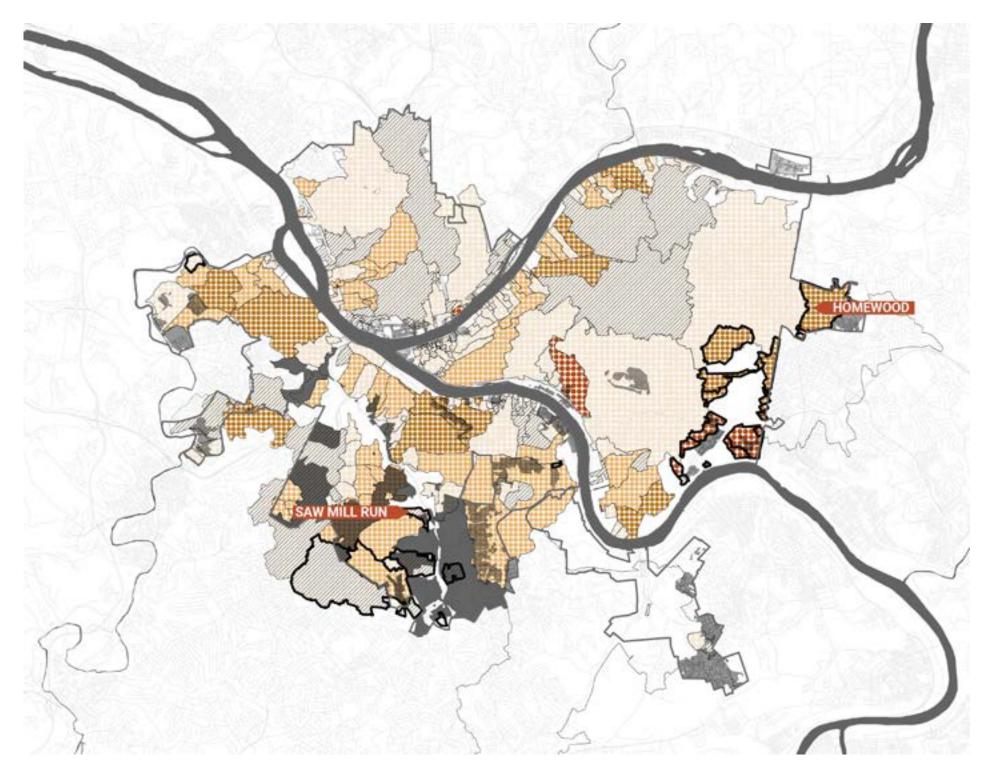
Water Quality: Current CSO Volumes



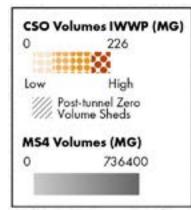
- Ongoing conversations with PWSA have provided updated information on CSO volumes
- Highest volumes are in Negley Run and Two Mile
 Run
- MS4 outfalls are shown to illustrate opportunities for intervention to meet MS4 compliance



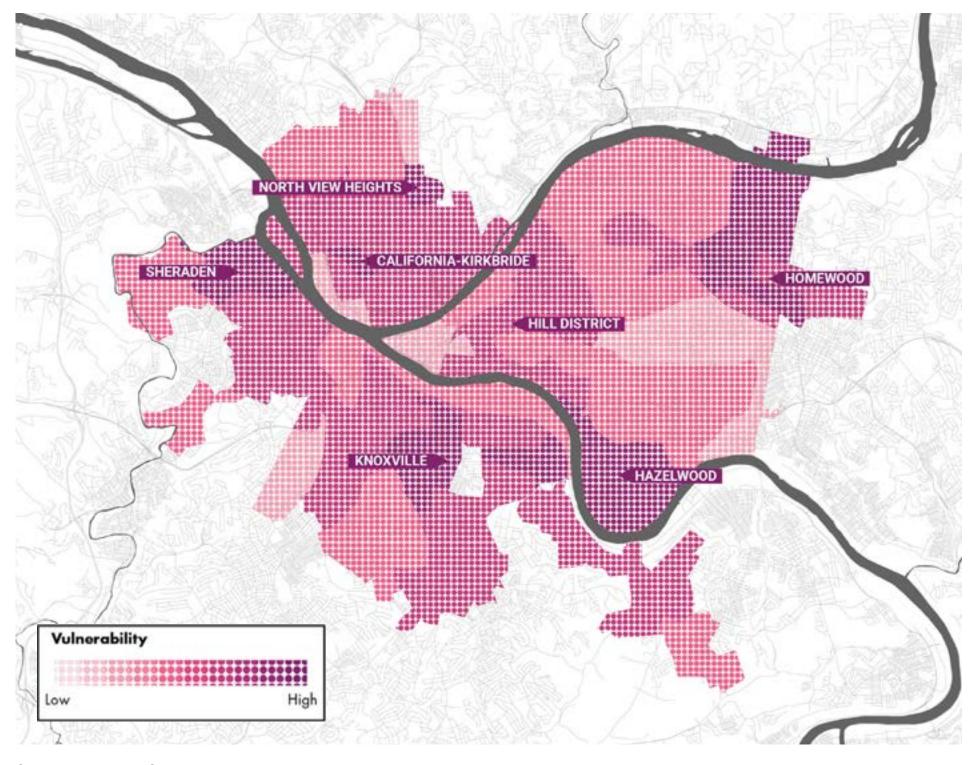
Water Quality: Post ALCOSAN Tunnel CSO Volumes



- Ongoing conversations with PWSA have provided updated information on outfall volume that will remain fully PWSA's responsibility. Those are highlighted here. Others are ongoing negotiation with ALCOSAN.
- The highest volume areas are found in Homewood/East Hills, Point Breeze/Regent Square/Squirrel Hill, and Beechview/Brookline in Saw Mill Run
- While volumes will be significantly reduced posttunnel, there remain many opportunities for reduction in the near term



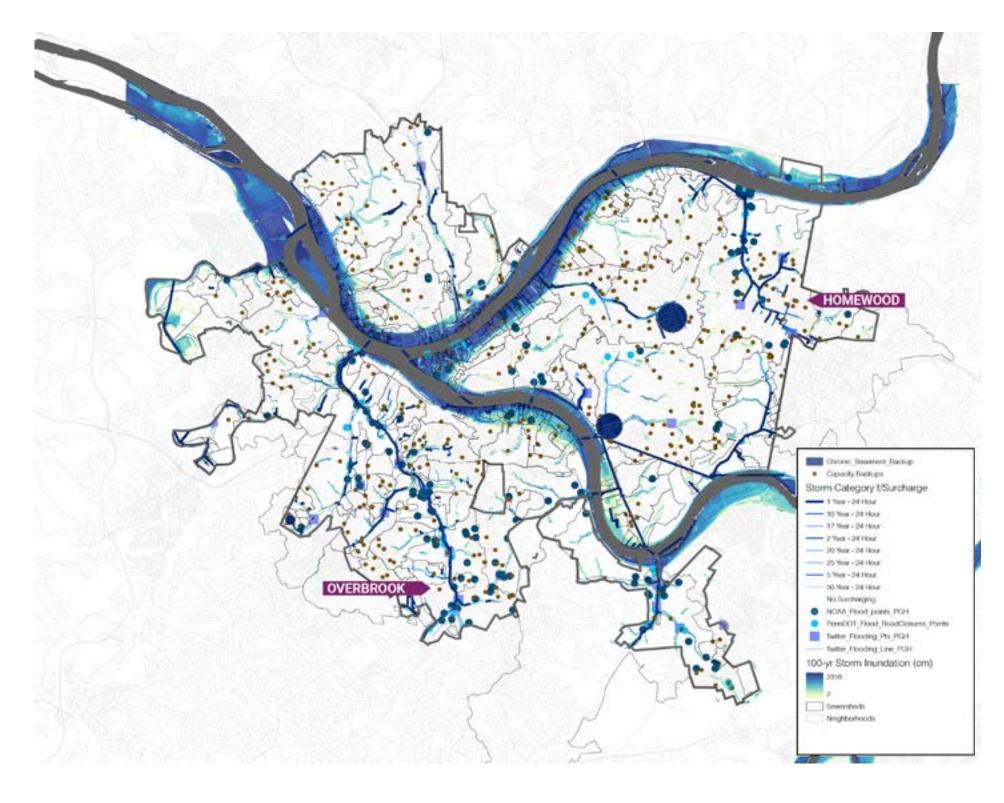
Environmental Justice: Allegheny County



- Updated to include Allegheny County
 Environmental Justice Index which includes:
 - Median Household Income
 - Diesel Particulate Matter
 - Particulate Matter ≤ 2.5 μm
 - Percent Minority
 - Proximity to Green Space
 - Educational Attainment
 - Miles of Railroad Track Coverage
 - Housing Vacancy

Source: Allegheny County Health Department, 2018.

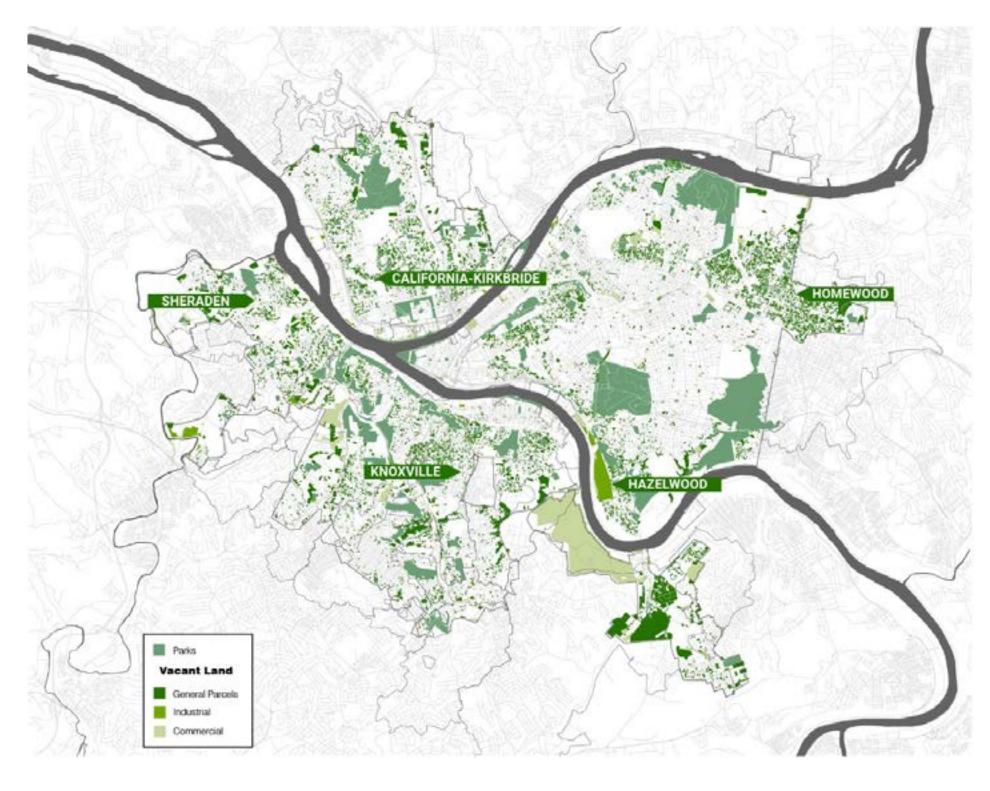
Local Flooding



- Flooding data updated to include First Street
 Foundation Flood Factor inundation forecast
 for 1-in-100 year storm event in 2020 climate
 conditions.
- PWSA investigated and confirmed capacityrelated basement backup locations between 2020 and 2021.
- Other data includes:
 - PennDOT Road Closures
 - NOAA Storm Events Flood and Flash Floods
 - Allegheny County Twitter Feed

Source: First Street Foundation National Flood Risk Assessment, 2020.

Green Infrastructure Opportunity



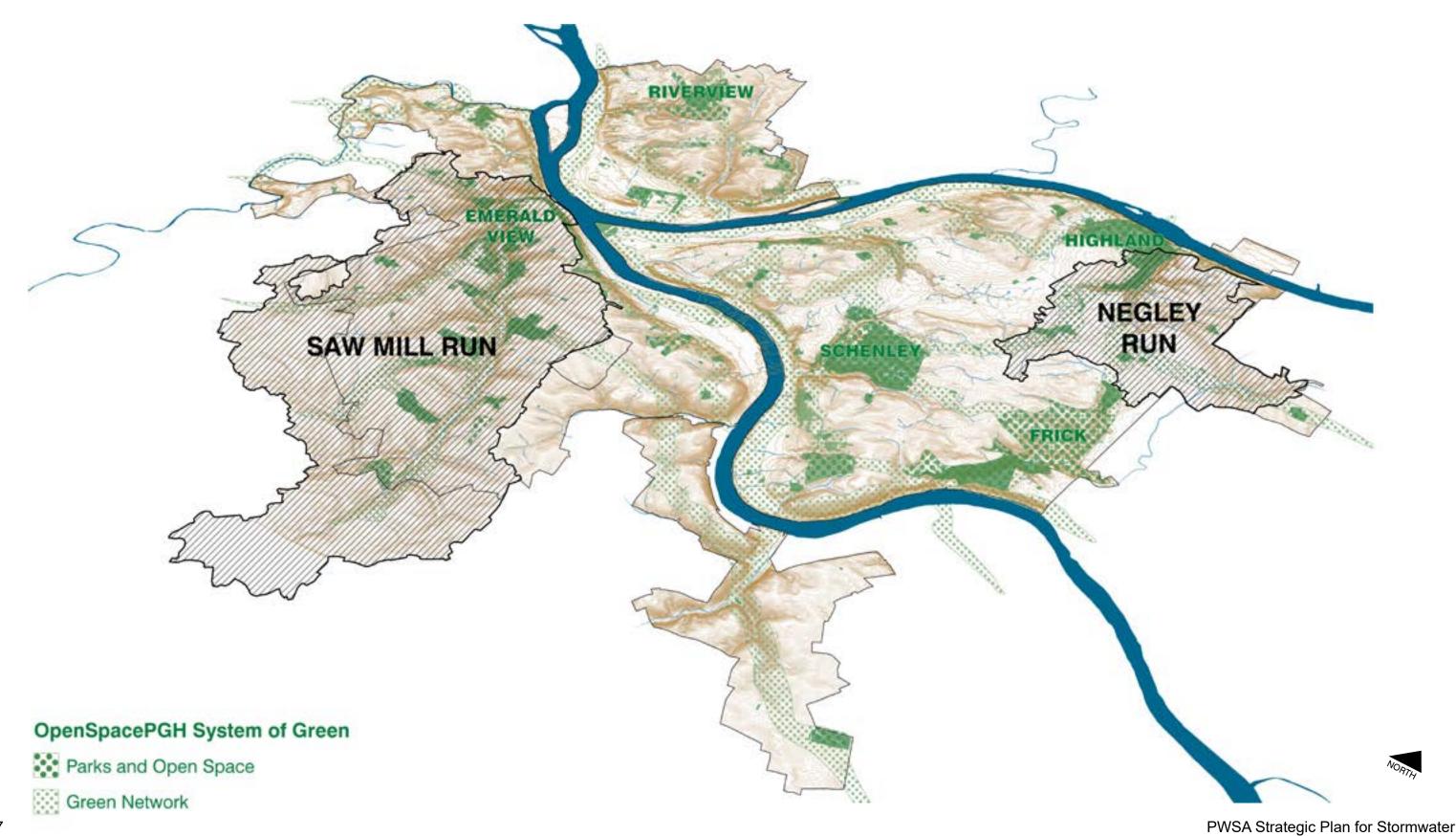
- Opportunities include known Parks + Greenways as of October 2021
- Vacant Parcels (general, industrial, commercial)
 added as opportunity areas since focus groups
- As of December 2021, six new parks to be transfered from Greenways for Pittsburgh
 Program to city ownership including: Bigelow,
 Fairhaven, Hazelwood, Knoxville Incline, Moore and Seldom Seen.

Source: Parcel Scale Cost Effectiveness and Siting Analysis - Micheal Blackhurst, University of Pittsburgh, and ALCOSAN Controlling the Source

Four Lenses

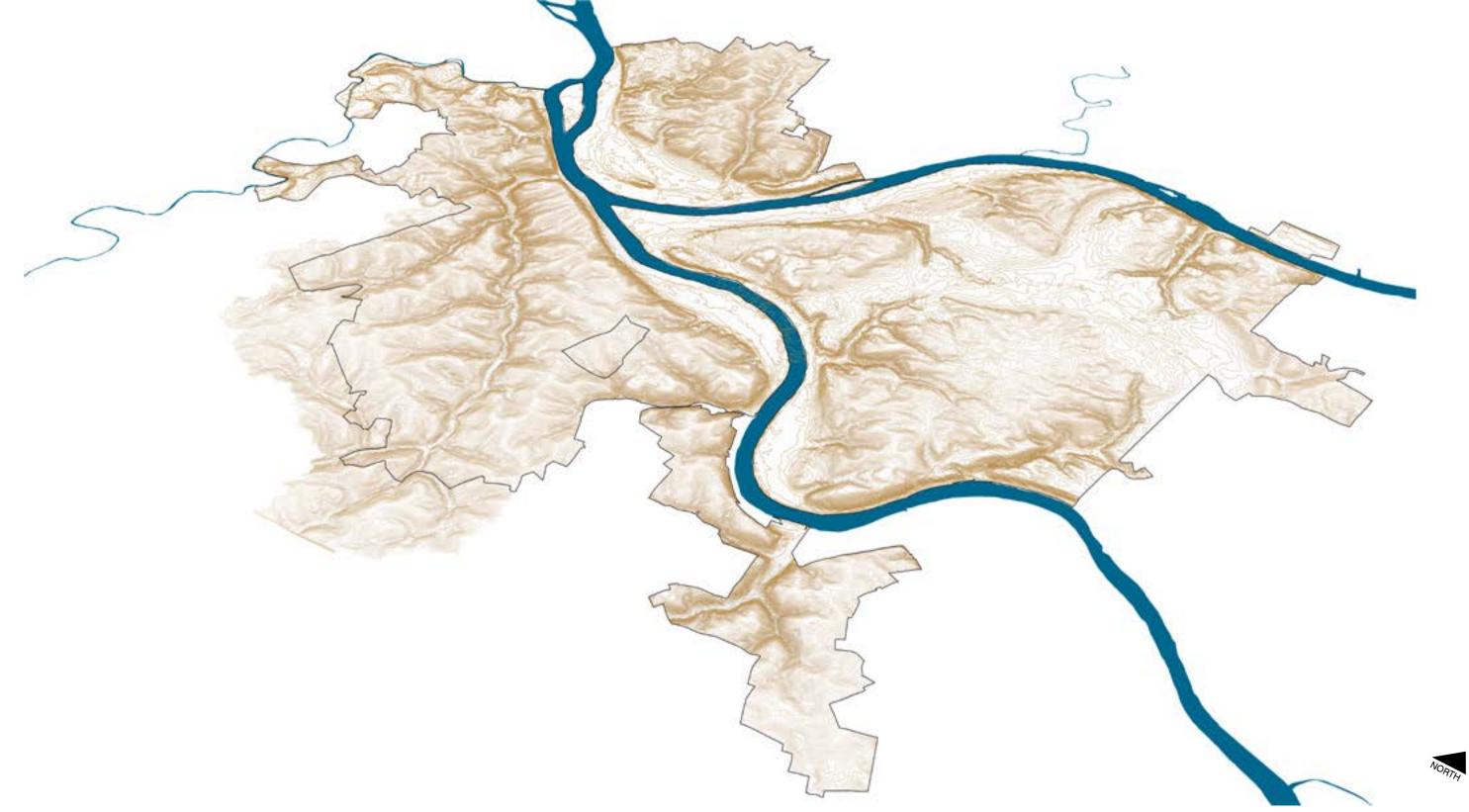
Localized Flooding Water Quality Socio-Economic & Environmental Justice Areas of Opportunity SHERADEN

Priority Areas for Investment



Citywide Terrain

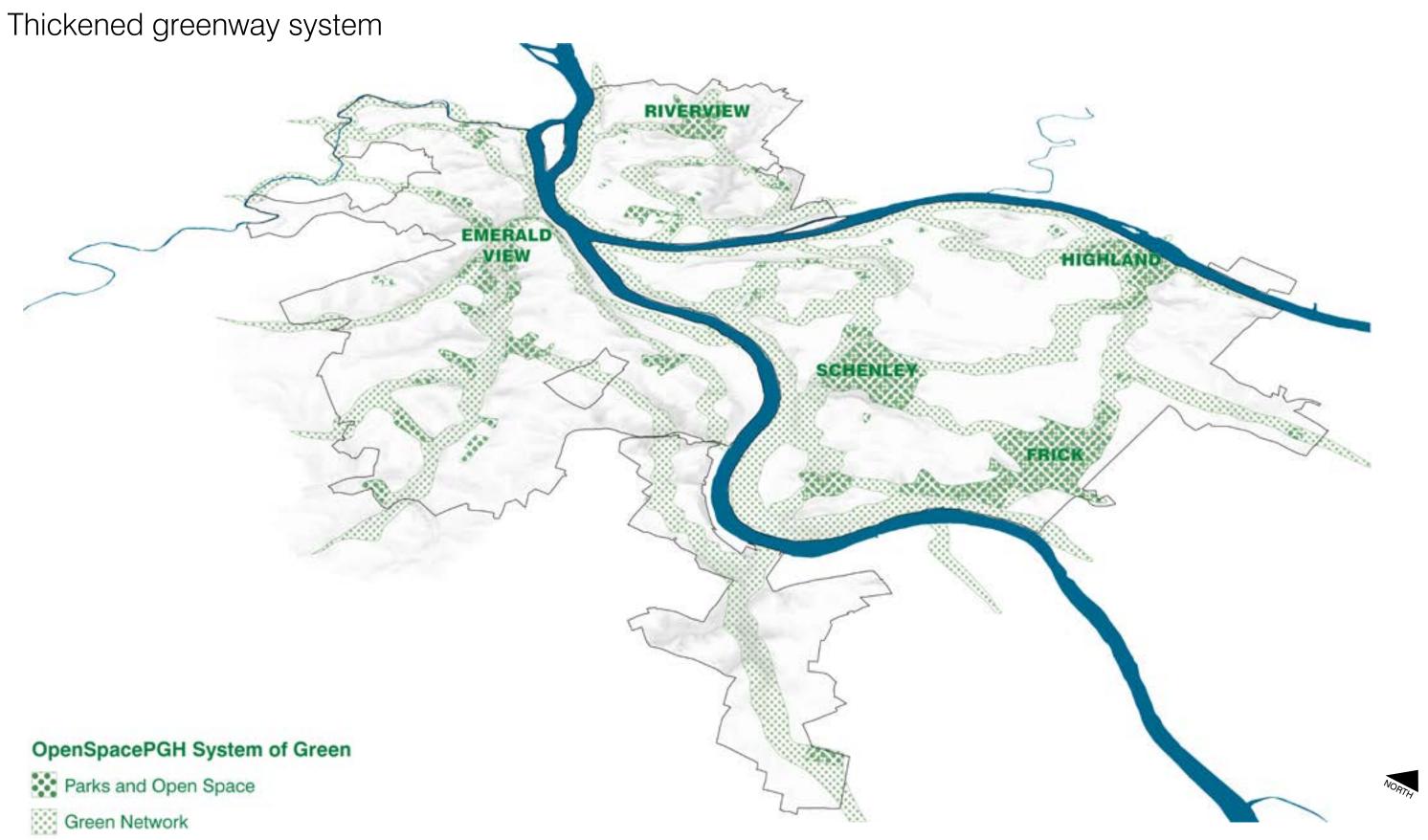
Pittsburgh has hills! (shown in 10 ft contours)



Citywide Networks

Many historical streams were buried

Citywide Networks



2 Define Initial Investment Strategy and Illustrate It

We will define the options and a clear investment strategy, and then illustrate that strategy and communicate how money will be spent in exemplary places.

- Evaluate the current 5-Year Capital Plan
- Explore creative investment strategies that are in line with limited available funds and the city's bonding capacity
- Multiply the kinds of benefit each project generates for People, Place, Planet + Performance



People

- leverage the basic investments PWSA and other agencies are making in water to produce bigger, more comprehensive benefits for more people
- lift up community plans wherever possible
- create a place at the table for community members throughout the process
- increase collaboration of public and private partners to achieve the goals
- strengthen two-way communication and transparency of longterm process of change



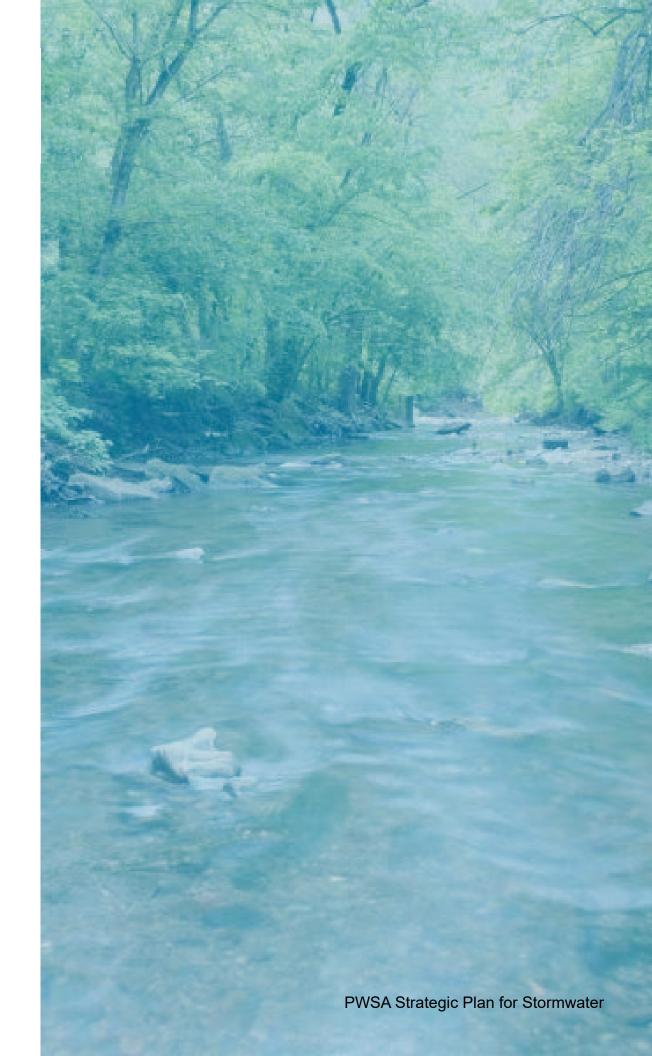
Perfomance

- incorporate more kinds of benefit into definition of performance
- layer or cluster projects to achieve bigger outcomes
- collect and analyze data for sound technical and policy thinking about delivery
- deliver more impact for the money (and more clarity about what impact fees and investments will produce)
- increase coordination and implementation speed and quality



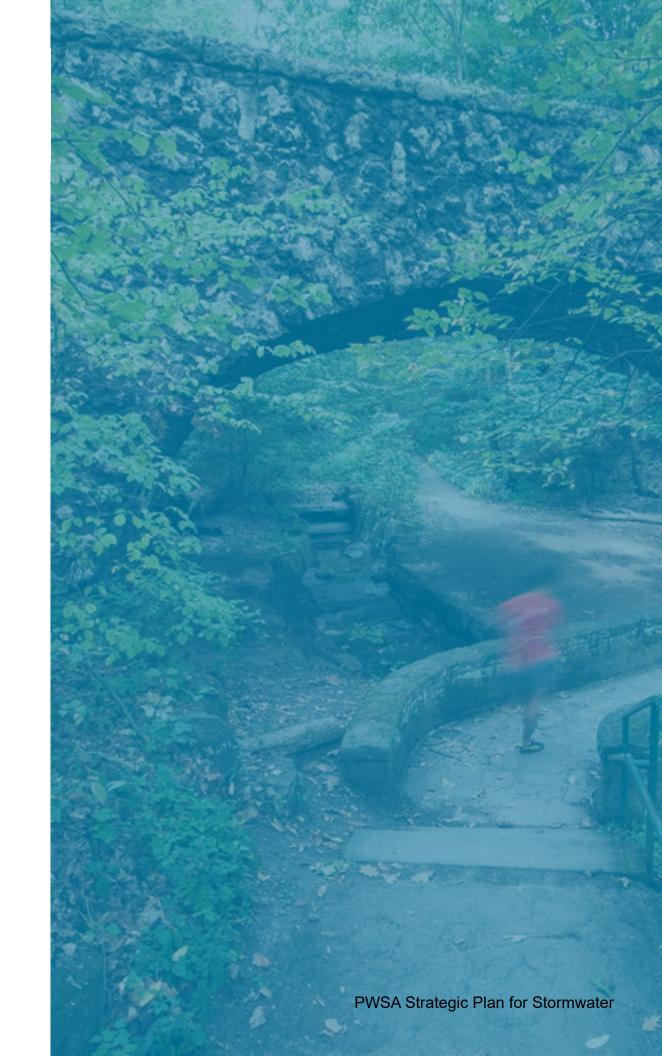
Planet

- manage flooding
- anticipate climate change
- treat water as a resource, not waste
- promote biodiversity and health of natural systems through contributions to water quality
- increase the use of green infrastructure wherever possible



Place

- show what people, performance and planet can add up to in some exemplary places
- develop examples of catalytic projects centered on quality of life and place that resonate with people
- make water planning human and lift up local vision in a citywide plan

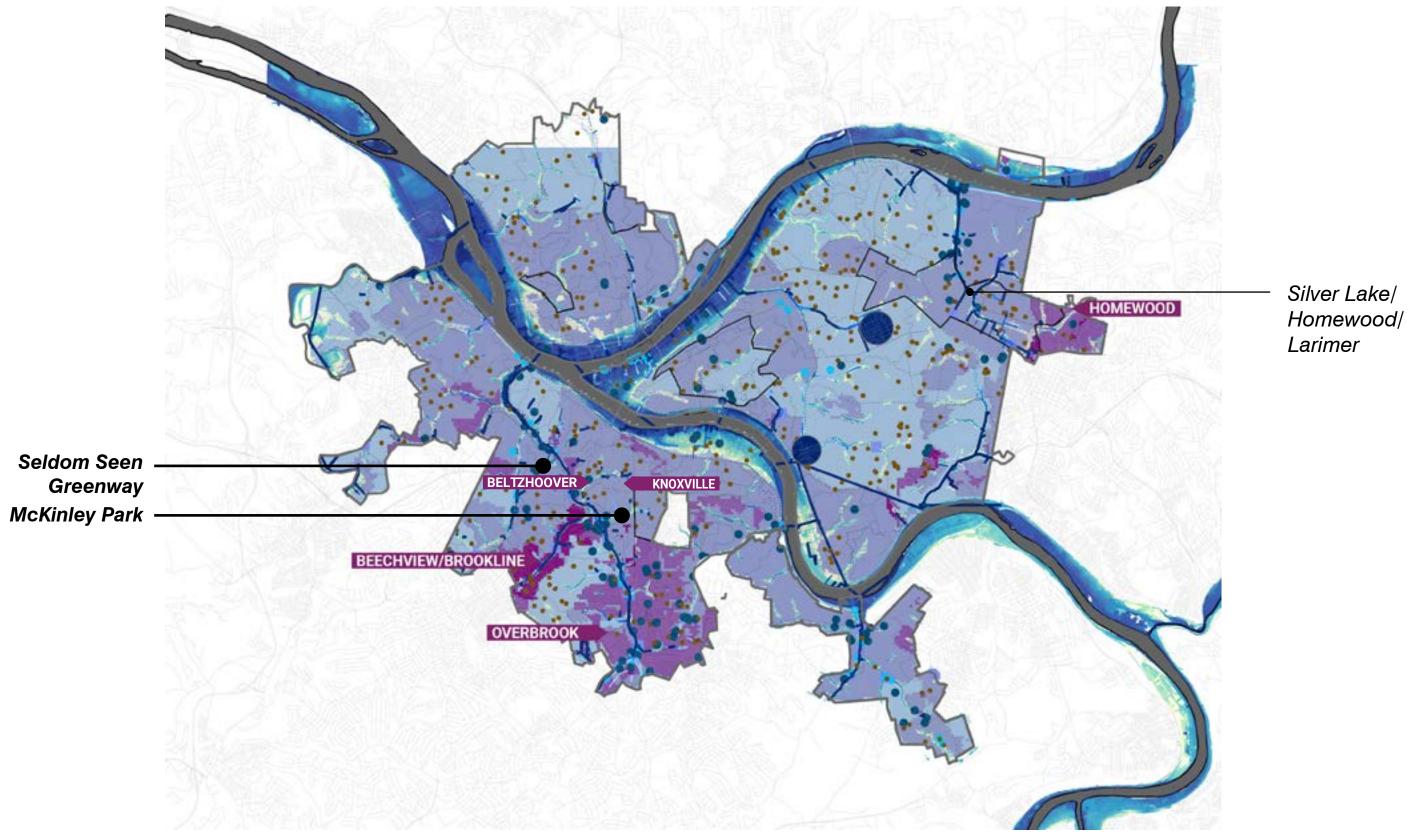




Selection Criteria for Catalytic Sites

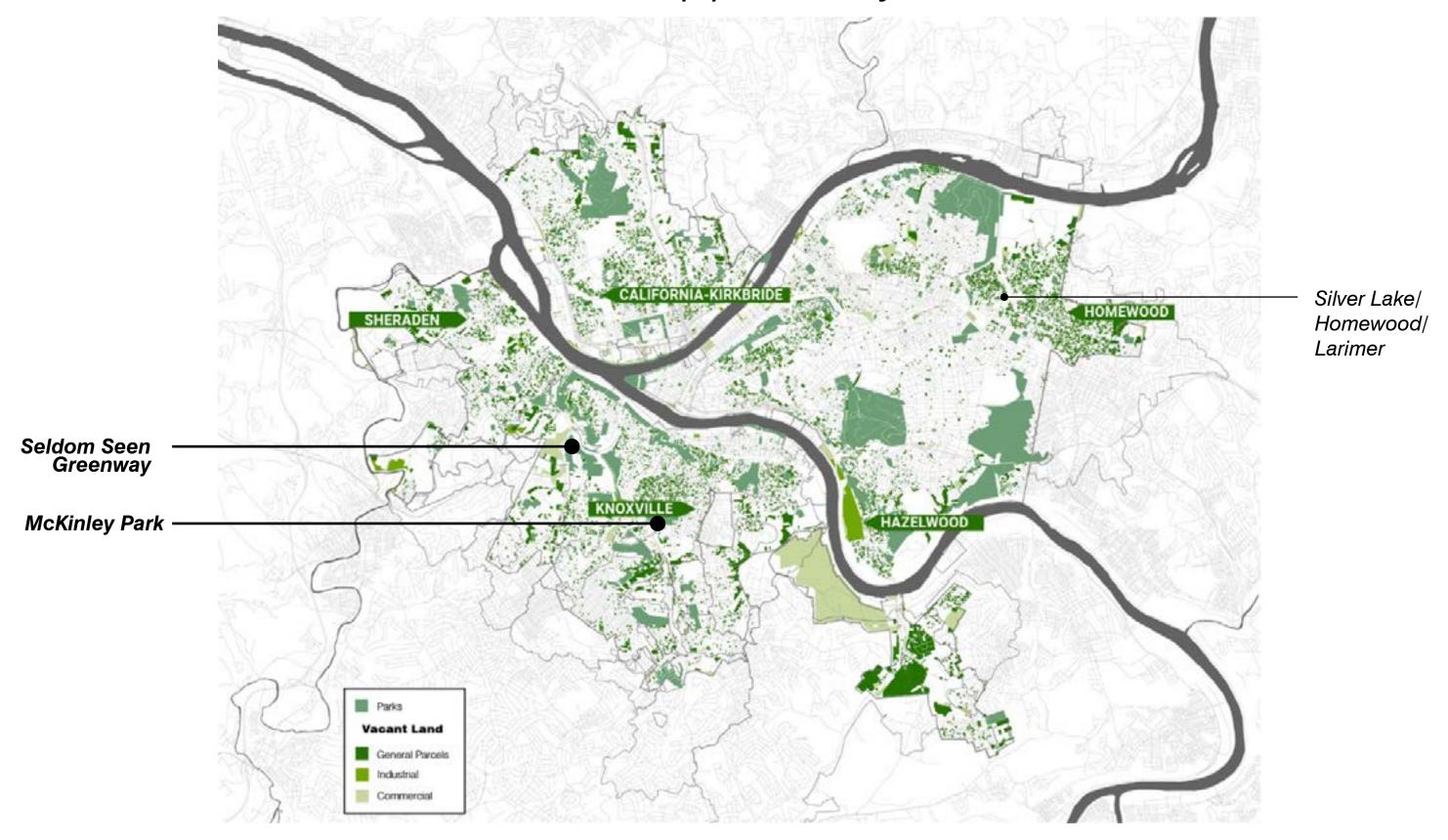
- ✓ Strong intersection of **flooding**, water quality, equity and green space potential (4 lenses)
- ✓ Alignment with plans and advocacy of community organizations, watershed taskforces, the Parks Conservancy, City agencies and other stakeholders and partners—we are building on the work of others and inviting collaboration
- ✓ High probability of achieving measurable gains in performance with modest investment (and no fatal flaw or high level feasibility issues)
- ✓ Site conditions and community goals allow for exciting examples of People, Place, Planet and Performance that communicate vision and value proposition.
- ✓ Visualization of wider potential in the same priority water/sewersheds can catalyze future investment and multiply the performance impact

3 Lenses: Flooding, Water Quality + Environmental Justice



Note: Flooding data will remain as individual vector data to guide priority selection rather than being combined in to a composite.

4th lens: Green Infrastructure Opportunity



McKinley Park + Linkage to Seldom Seen Greenway Criteria

✓ Strong intersection of 4 lenses

Saw Mill Run nexus with highly visible flooding adjacent to Beltzhoover, Knoxville and Beechview; ranked highest among park investments based on environmental justice

✓ Measurable performance with modest investment

Large water volumes managed within public lands

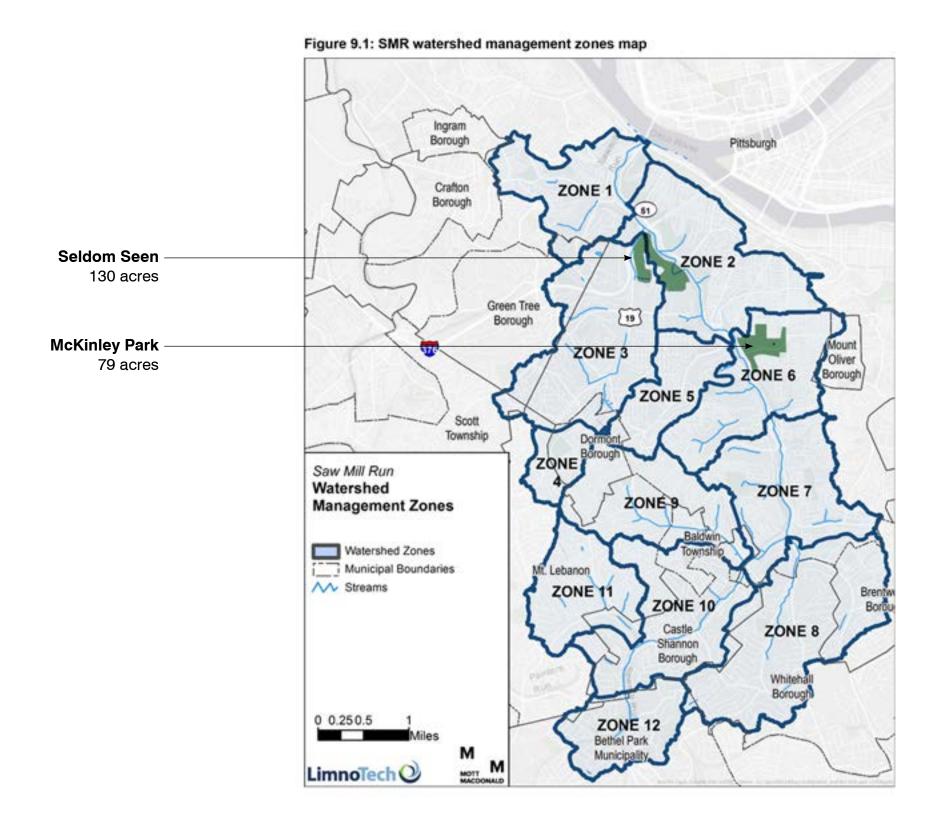
Alignment with plans and advocacy

Alignment with Watersheds of South Pittsburgh / Saw Mill Run plans, Parks Conservancy plans and City Parks acquisition of Seldom Seen

✓ Value proposition of People, Place, Planet and Performance. Example of large-scale ecological corridor restoration with Seldom Seen as a charismatic gem

✓ Future investment catalyst/ multiplying impact Visualization of upstream / downstream cooperation + integration of transit and greenways can stimulate wider action.

Watersheds of South Pittsburgh/ Saw Mill Run IWMP



High priority zones for increased detention storage in implementation plan

Table 9.1: SMR watershed management zones

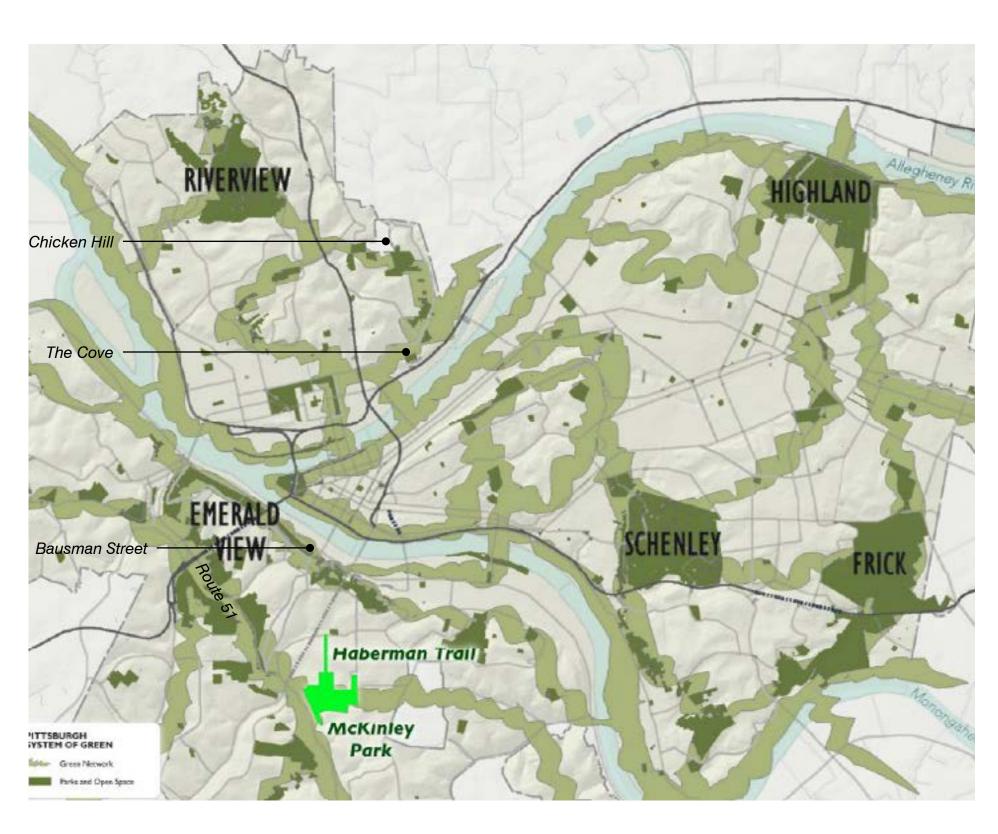
Watershed management zone	Description	Area (ac)	Percent of watershed area	
1	West End/watershed outlet at the Ohio River	909	7%	
2	Mt. Washington/Duquesne Heights	1,408	11%	
3	Little SMR/Banksville Road	1,520	12%	
4	Upper Banksville Road	295	2%	
5	Plumbers Run/Liberty Avenue	609	5%	
6	Brookline/Bon Air	1,109	9%	
7	Overbrook/Carrick	1,190	10%	
8	Weyman's Run	1,718	14%	
9	McNeilly Run	1,066	9%	
10	Castle Shannon SMR main stem	1,226	10%	
11	Mt. Lebanon/Castle Shannon culvert tributary	787	6%	
12	SMR headwaters	647	5%	

Table 9.3: Target detention storage volumes in SMR watershed management zones

	Total storage required upstream of zone outlet– 10-year storm peak flow limited to existing 5-Year peak flow (acre-feet)	Detention required within zone – 10-year storm (acre-feet)	
Zone	[Million Gallons]	[Million Gallons]	
1	131 [42.7]	0 [0]	
2	142 [46.2]	18 [6]	
3	14 [4.7]	10 [3.2]	
4	5 [1.6]	5 [1.6]	
5	11 [3.6]	11 [3.6]	
6	98 [31.9]	14 [4.6]	
7	84 [27.2]	23 [7.5]	
8	23 [7.6]	23 [7.6]	
9	7 [2.1]	7 [2.1]	
10	31 [10]	7 [2.3]	
11	12 [4]	12 [4]	
12	12 [3.8]	12 [3.8]	
Total		142 [46.2]	

Source: Saw Mill Run - Integrated Watershed Management Plan Report. March 31, 2020.

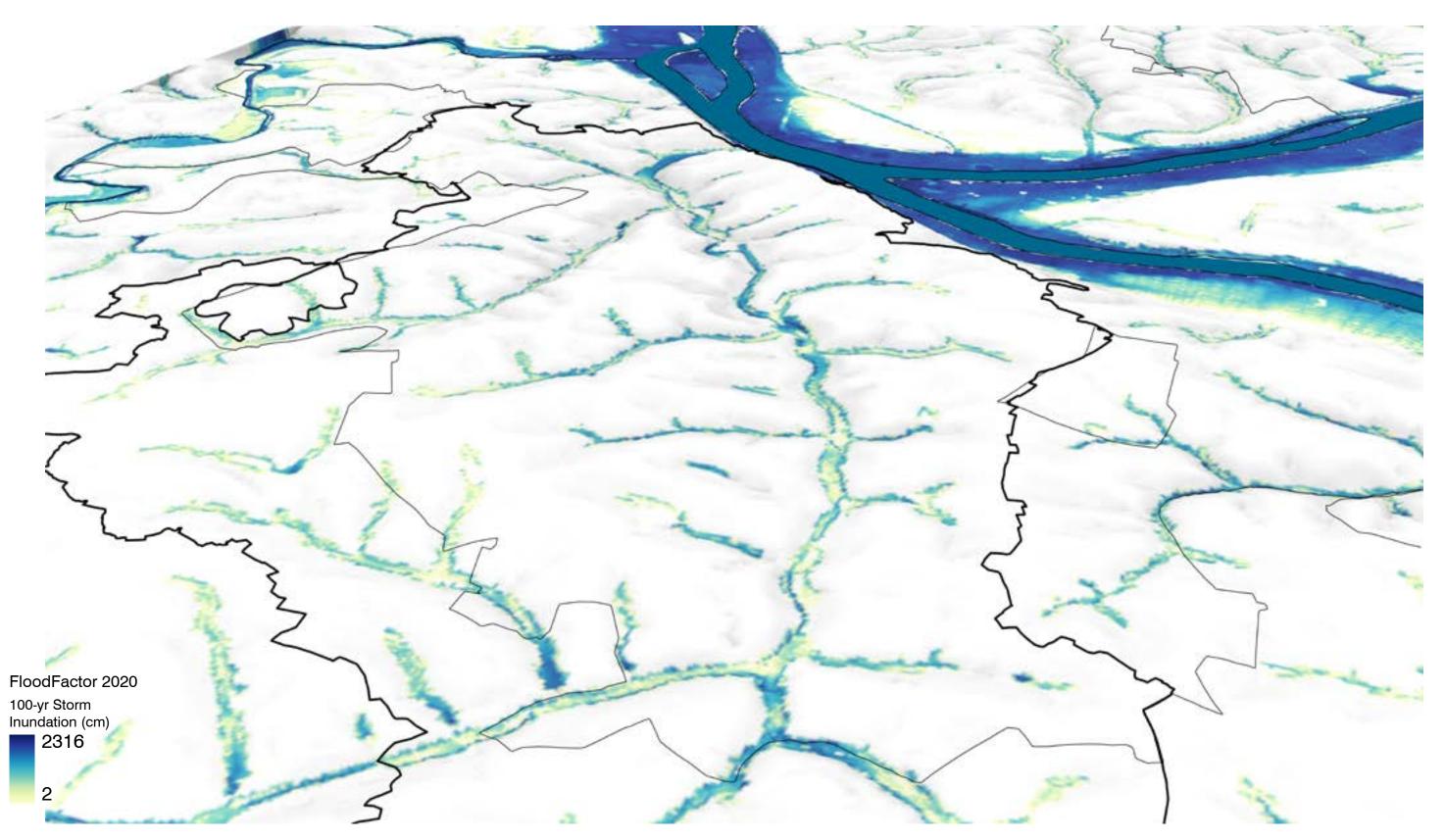
City's Greenways Plan (2017)



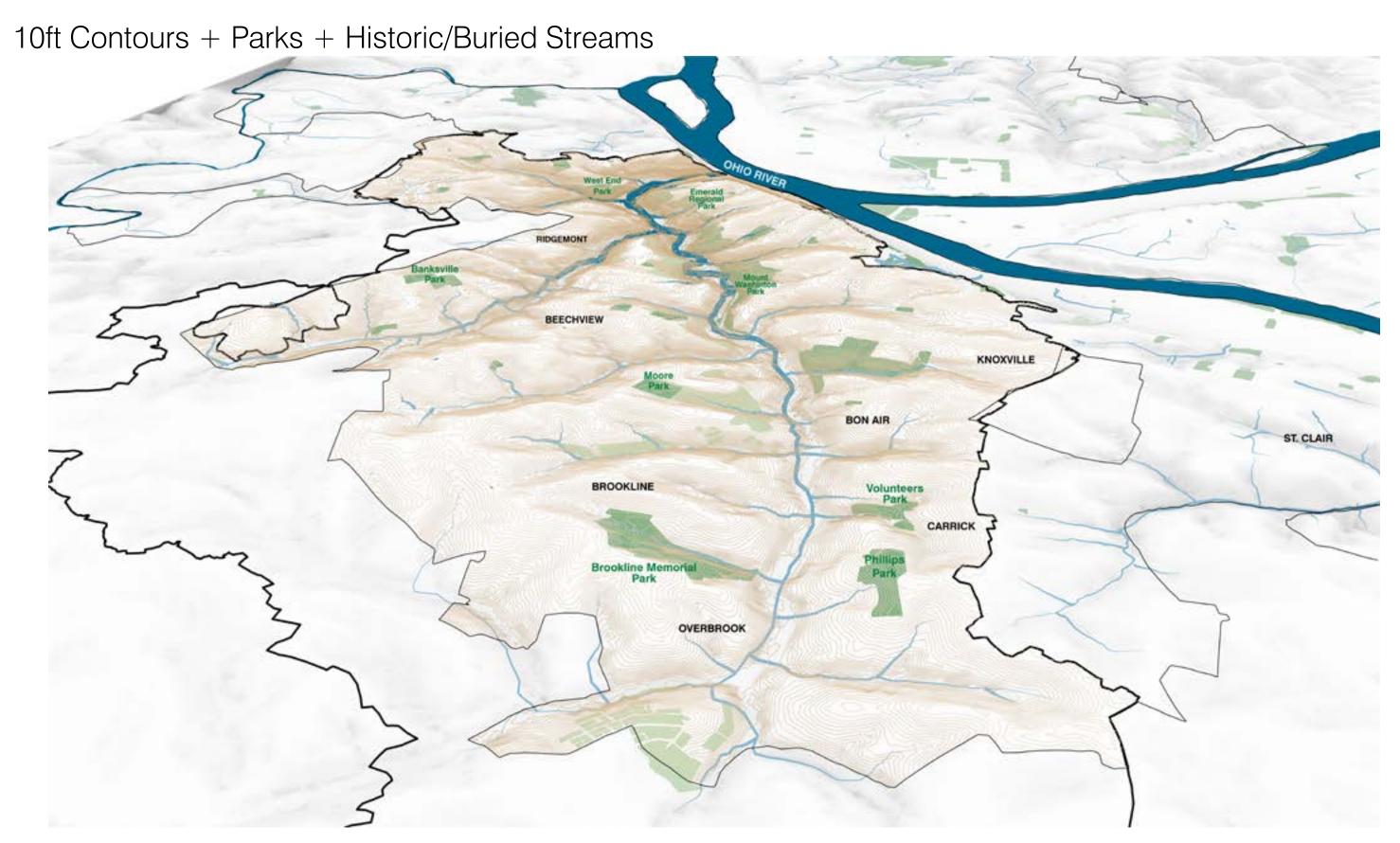
Opportunities from City's Greenways plan (2017):

- Adjacent vacant hillsides, such as in Ridgemont, could be designated as part of Seldom Seen Greenway.
- A multi-modal mobility corridor through Seldom Seen could connect the greenway to regional trails and utilize a former railroad right-of-way to the West End.
- Stormwater management through watershed planning (with PWSA).

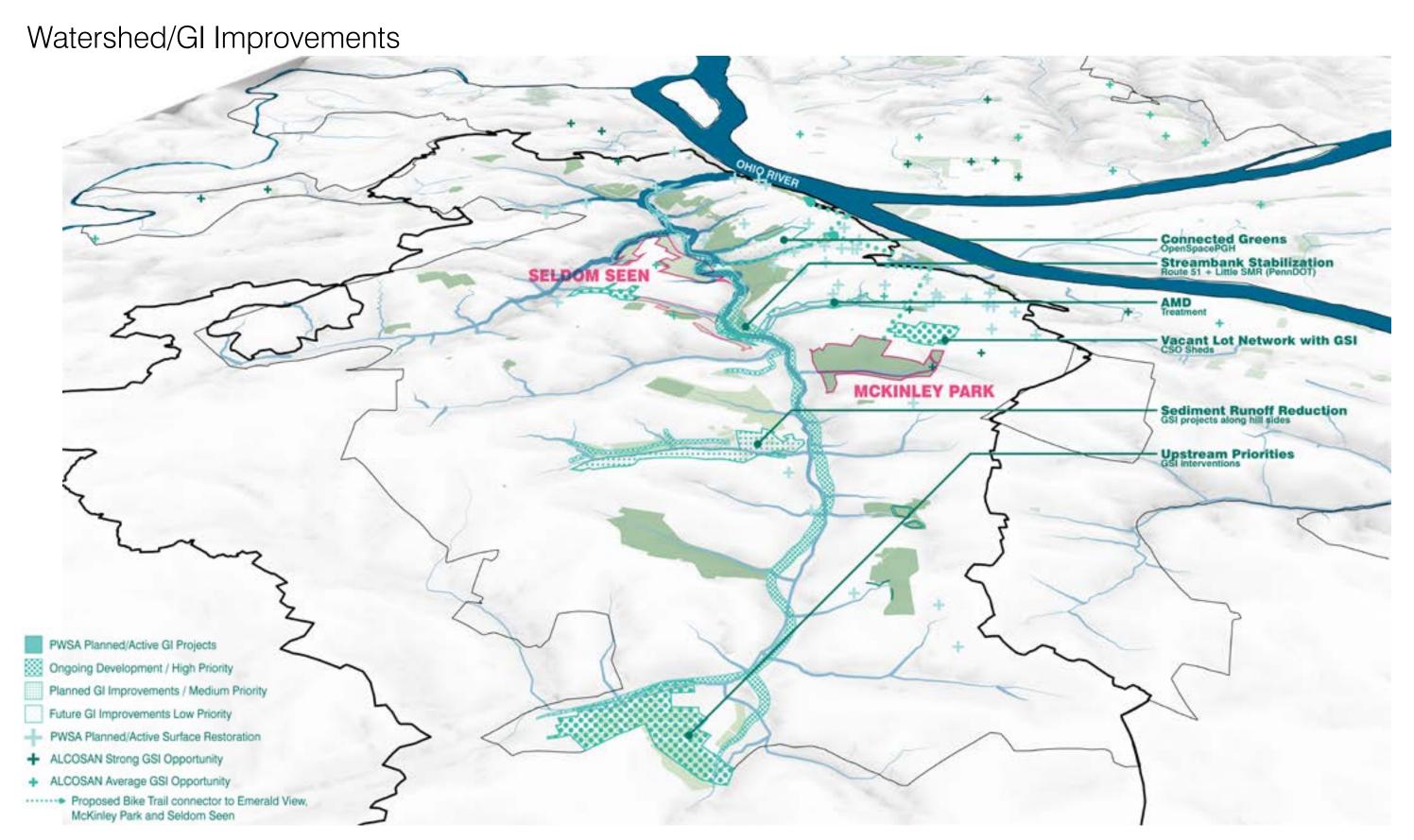
Saw Mill Run Watershed



Saw Mill Run Watershed



Saw Mill Run Watershed



McKinley Park Master Plan



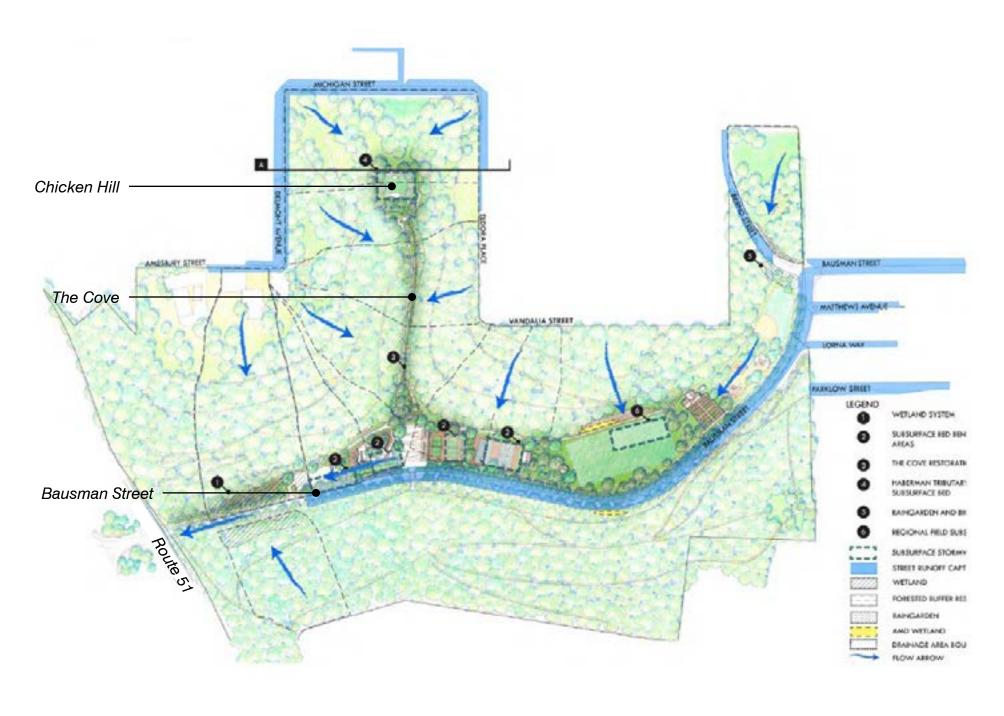
Goals:

- Improving connections to and within McKinley Park
- Using stormwater management as a catalyst to benefit the community and water quality in the Saw Mill Run watershed
- Improving recreation opportunities
- Improving neighborhood safety
- Spurring community and residential revitalization
- Remediating acid mine drainage

Master Plan Stormwater Calculations

Stormwater Management Practice	Drainage Area #	Total Drainage Area (ft ²)	Total Drainage Area (ac)	Percent Impervious %	SMP Footprint (ft ²)	Capture Volume (ft ²)	Capture Volume (gallons)
Sawmill Gateway Wetland System (8)	DA-2	130,796	3.0	0%	15,000	10,500	78,540
Proposed Parking Lot	DA-3	105,344	2.4	9%	9,000	8,640	84,627
Skate Park Expansion	DA-4	60,568	1.4	12%	3,500	4,900	36,652
Cove (3)	DA-5	177,413	4.1	3%-	14,000	14,280	108,814
The Cove (2)	DA-6	154,617	3.8	4%	6,200	6,820	51,014
The Cove (1)	DA-7	142,654	3.3	.0%	4,100	3,690	27.801
Haberman Ampitheater Subsurface Bed	DA-8	324,785	7.5	25%	21,500	25,800	192,984
Proposed Sport Courts	DA-9	107,164	2.5	7%	6,500	8,580	64,178
Proposed Basketball Courts	DA-10	89,549	2.1	14%	12,500	7,500	56,100
Bernd Street Park	DA-11	113,167	2.6	12%	6,000	8,400	62,832
Multipurpose Field Subsurface Bed	DA-12	110,286	2.5	100%	14,000	8,960	67,021
Bausman Green Street	DA-13	76,927	1.8	100%	8,000	6,400	47.872

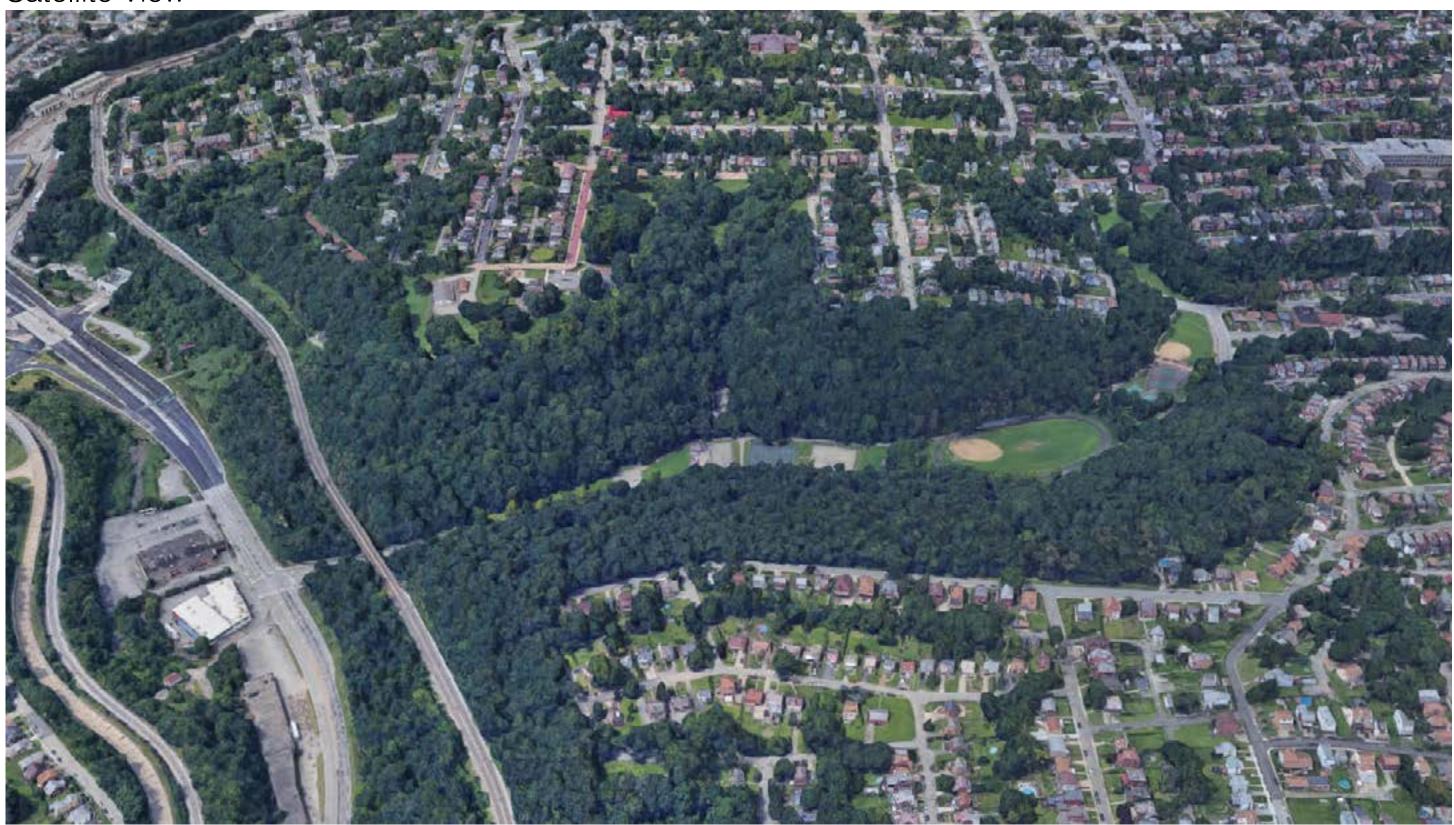
McKinley Park Master Plan Stormwater Recommendations



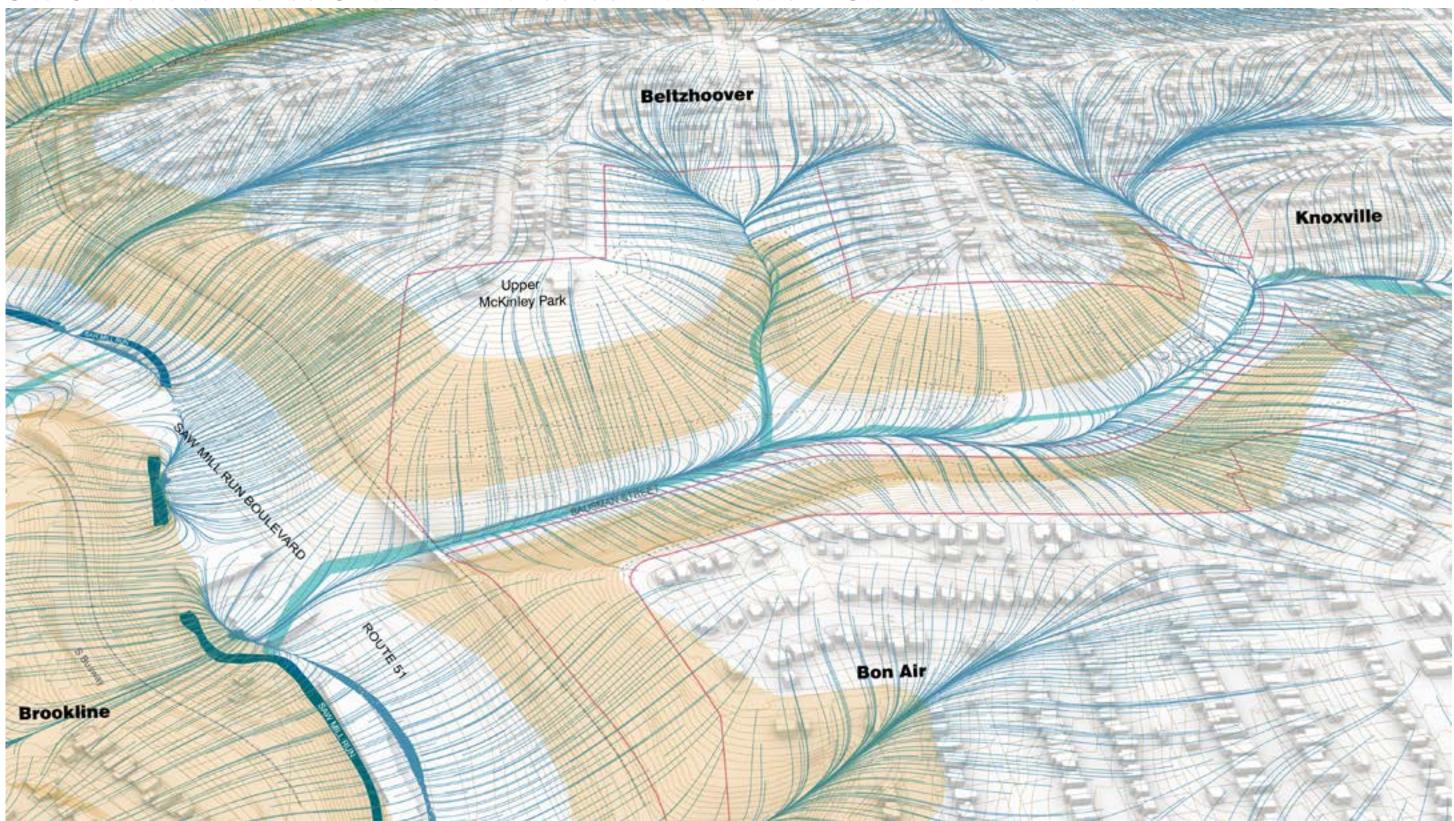
- Park maintenance and community clean-ups
- Erosion and sediment control measures
- Bioswales and raingardens
- Subsurface storage beds under new Chicken Hill Amphitheater and sports fields
- Retaining wall and acid mine drainage
- Greening Bausman Street
- Wetland system at intersection of Bausman Street and Route 51
- Slow-release step-pool system conveying water down the Cove toward Bausman Street

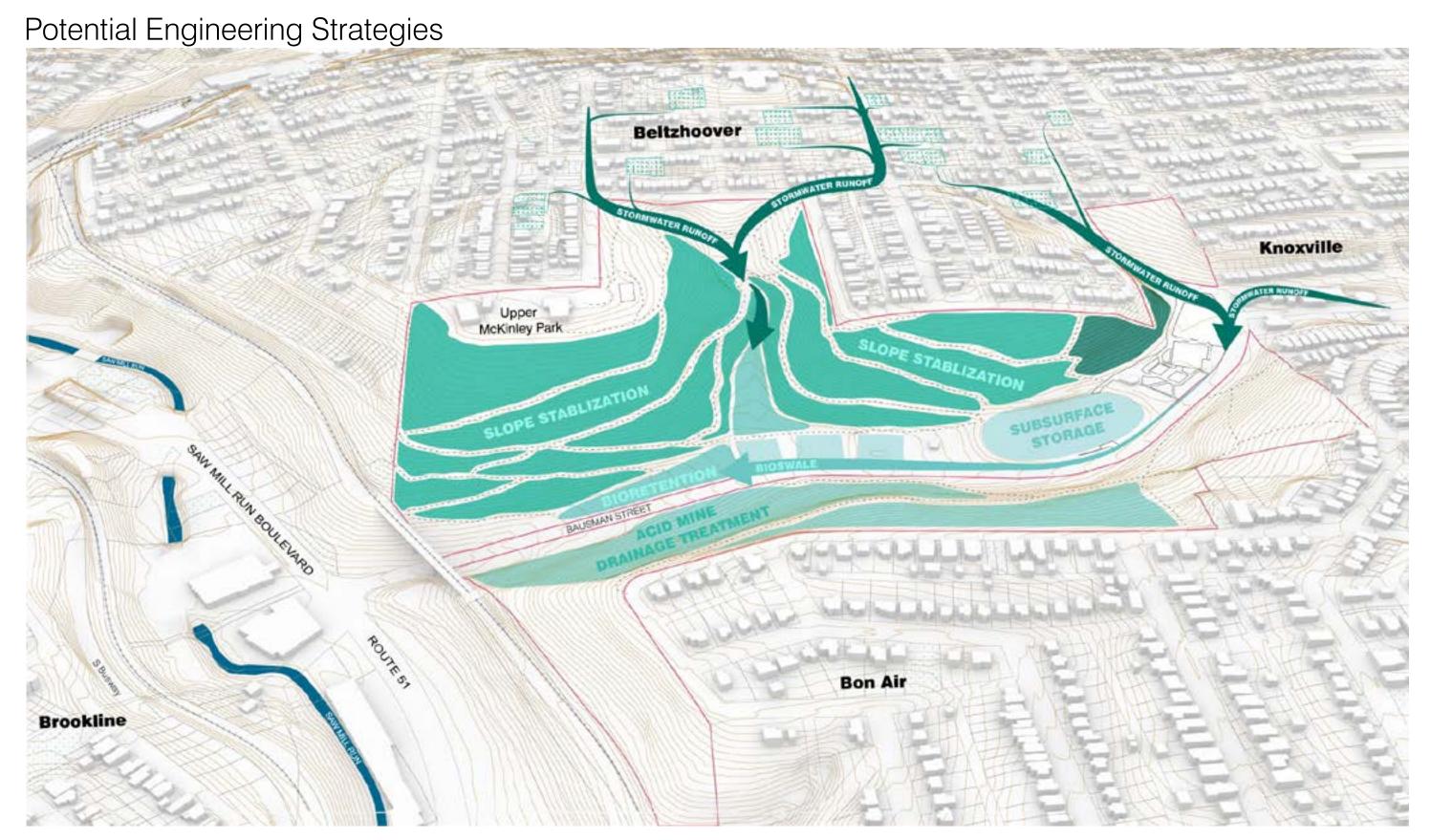


Satellite View



Site Conditions: Buried Streams + Landslide Prone Areas + Stormwater Runoff



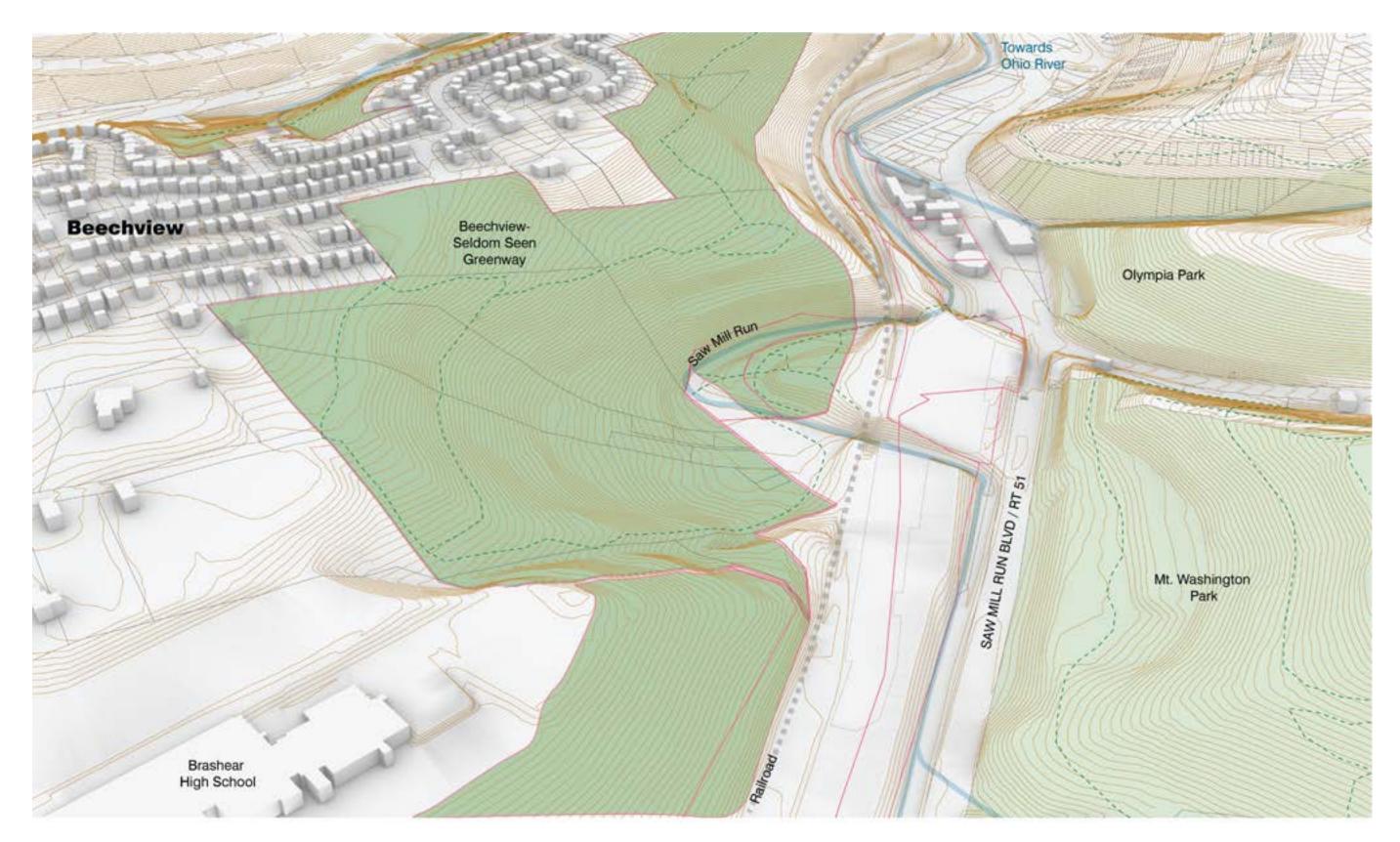


Seldom Seen Park

McKinley Park + Linkage to Seldom Seen Greenway (now Park)



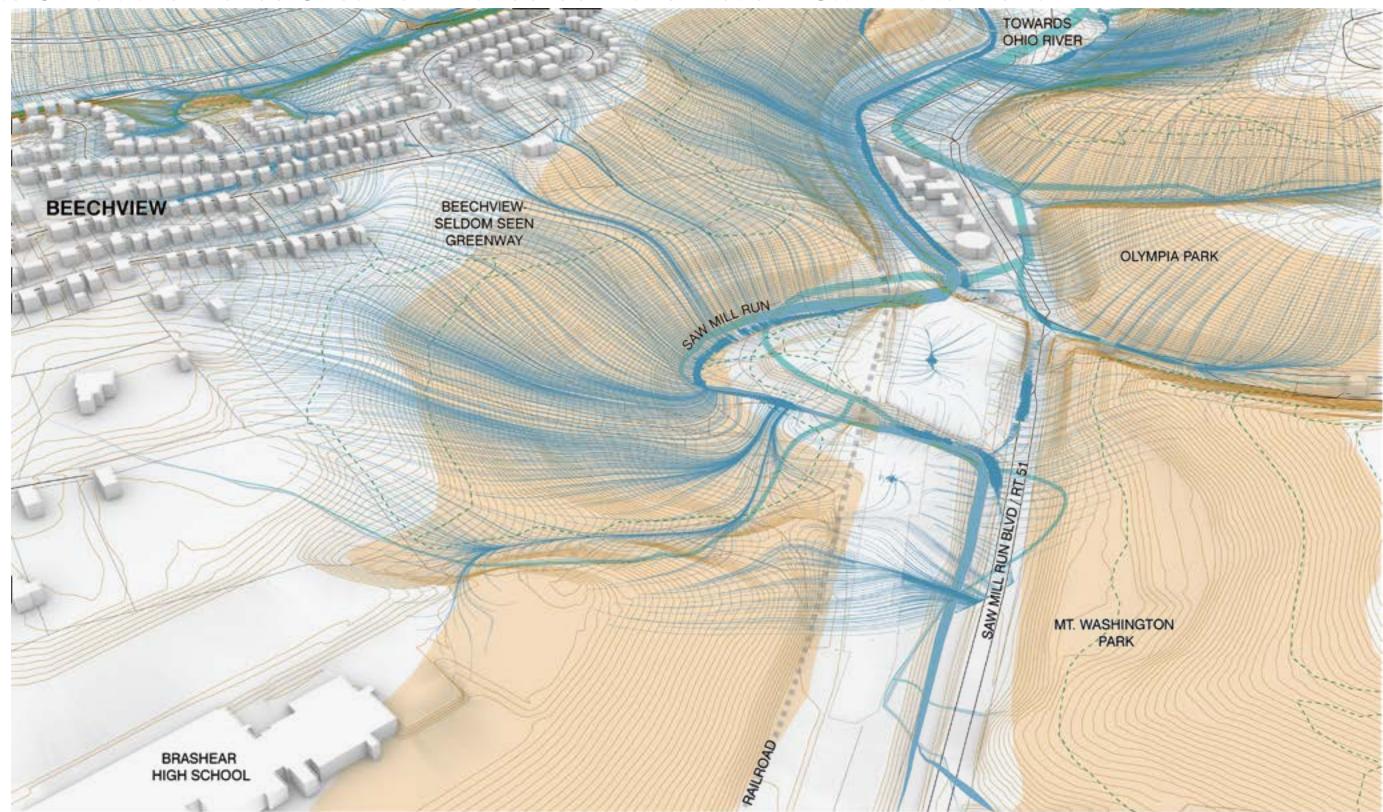
- Increasing floodplain storage, slope stabilization and treatment in these parks to reduce downstream flooding
- Potential for vacant lot assemblage and scaled GSI interventions in Knoxville and Beltzhoover
- Opportunities for coordinated GSI along upgraded transportation corridors



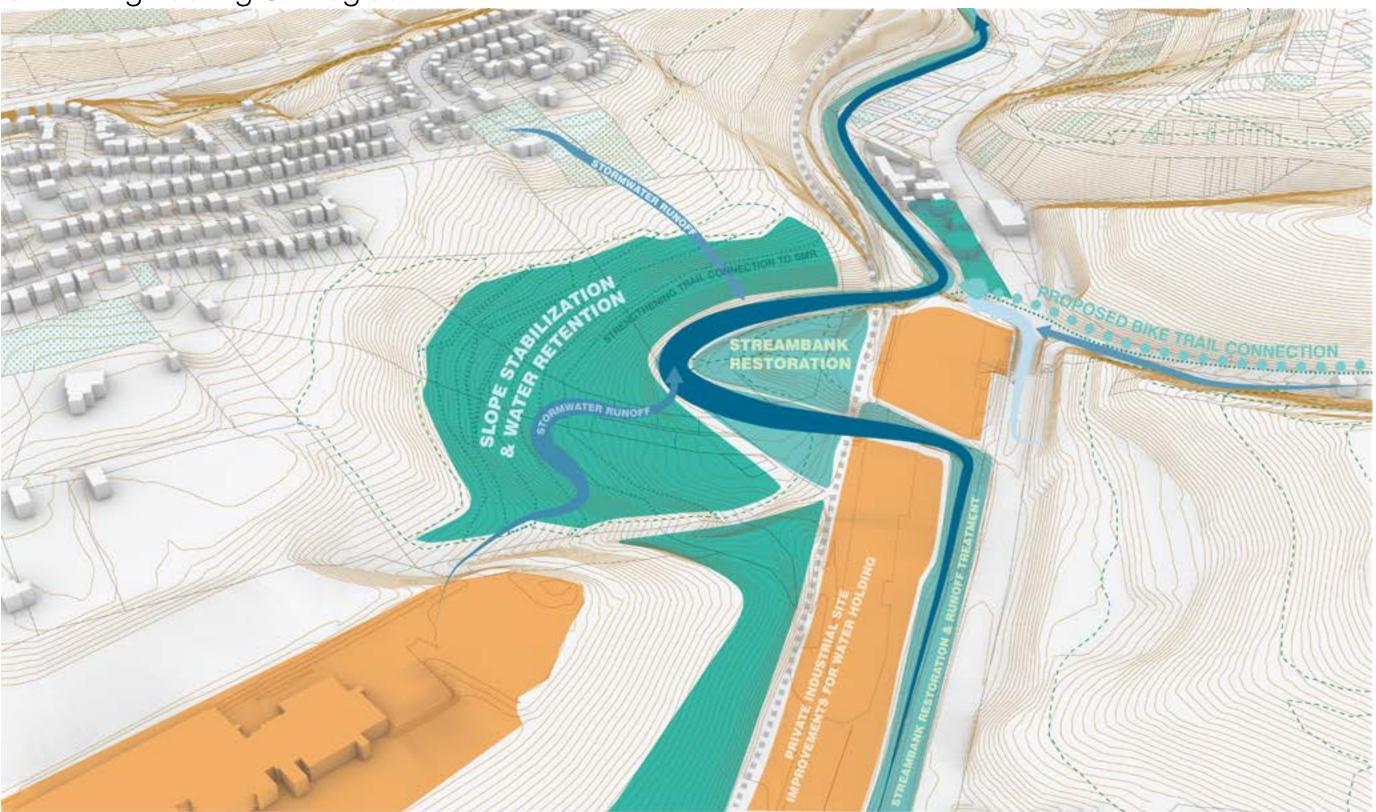
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Potential Engineering Strategies



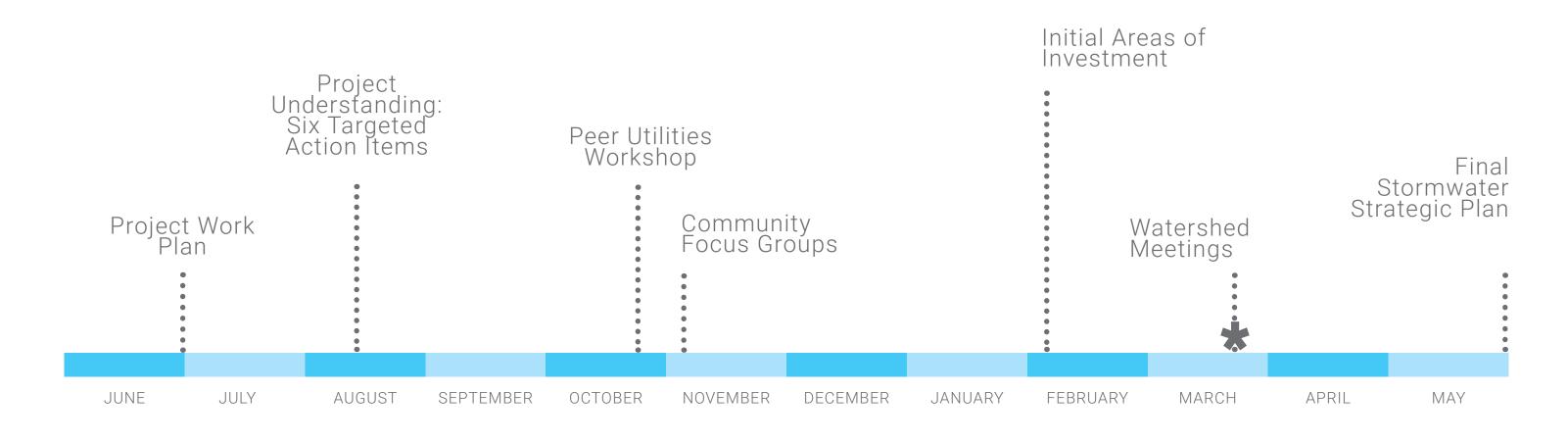
What would you like to see happen at McKinley Park and Seldom Seen?

What should we know about past plans or current community visions for these places?

Do you think these are good places to create catalytic projects that integrate environmental justice, flood management, and green infrastructure to achieve performance and quality of life for people? If not, are there other places and projects in Sawmill you want to tell us about?



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