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December 5, 2018

VIA E-FILING

Rosemary Chiavetta, Secretary
Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission
Commonwealth Keystone Building
400 North Street, 2nd Floor
Harrisburg, PA 17120

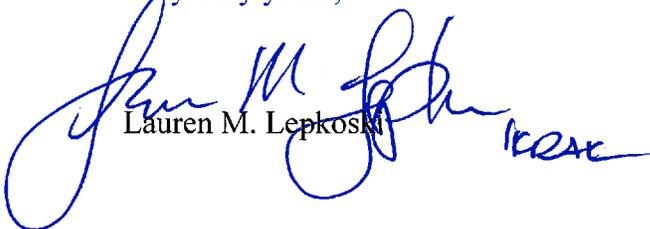
Re: Michael T. Jennings v. West Penn Power Company
Docket No. C-2018-3006031

Dear Secretary Chiavetta:

Attached please find the Preliminary Objections of West Penn Power Company in the above-referenced matter. This document has been served on the Complainant as shown in the Certificate of Service.

Please contact me if you have any questions.

Very truly yours,


Lauren M. Lepkoski

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Enclosures

c: As per Certificate of Service

**BEFORE THE
PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION**

MICHAEL T. JENNINGS

v.

WEST PENN POWER COMPANY

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Docket No. C-2018-3006031

NOTICE TO PLEAD

TO: Michael T. Jennings

Pursuant to 52 Pa. Code § 5.101 you are hereby notified that if you do not file a reply to the enclosed Preliminary Objections of West Penn Power Company within ten (10) days from service of this notice, the facts set forth by West Penn Power Company in the Preliminary Objections may be deemed to be admitted, thereby requiring no other proof. All pleadings, such as a Reply to Objection, must be filed with the Secretary of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, with a copy service to counsel for West Penn Power Company, and where applicable, the Administrative Law Judge presiding over the case.

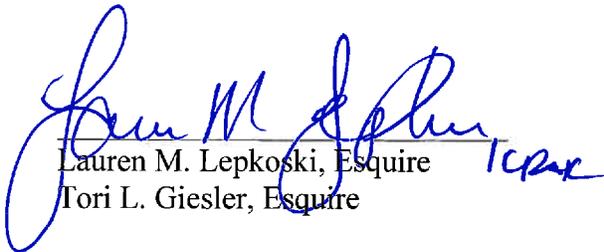
File with:

Rosemary Chiavetta, Secretary
Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission
P.O. Box 3265
Harrisburg, PA 17105-3265

With a copy to:

Lauren M. Lepkoski
Tori L. Giesler
FirstEnergy Service Company
2800 Pottsville Pike
P.O. Box 16001
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Date: December 5, 2018


Lauren M. Lepkoski, Esquire
Tori L. Giesler, Esquire

**BEFORE THE
PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION**

MICHAEL T. JENNINGS	:	
	:	
v.	:	Docket No. C-2018-3006031
	:	
WEST PENN POWER COMPANY	:	

**PRELIMINARY OBJECTION TO THE FORMAL COMPLAINT OF
MICHAEL T. JENNINGS**

TO THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION:

AND NOW, West Penn Power Company ("West Penn" or the "Company"), by and through its counsel, Lauren M. Lepkoski and Tori L. Giesler, files this Preliminary Objection pursuant to Section 5.101(a) of Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission ("Commission") regulations, 52 Pa. Code § 5.101(a)(1), and in support thereof, avers as follows:

I. Introduction

1. In his recently filed Formal Complaint, Michael T. Jennings ("Complainant"), who receives electric service at 200 Brook Hollow Road, Mount Pleasant, Pennsylvania 15666 ("Service Location") alleges that he does not want smart meters installed at the Service Location. (Formal Complaint ¶ 5.) The Complainant states as requested relief:

1. I respectfully request the Commission compel West Penn Power to abide by the requirements of Sections 1501 and 1502 of the Public Utility Code and Section 57.194 of the Commission's regulations to provide safe and reasonable electric service to me and my family.
2. I respectfully request the Commission compel West Penn Power to make an accommodation for my son based on his disabilities and desist from deploying or attempting to deploy any wireless equipment which would exacerbate my family's medical conditions.
3. I respectfully request the Commission:
 - a. Allow our family to have an analog meter, which is safe for our health, or in the alternative:
 - b. Allow West Penn Power to install an alternate wired or fiber optic connected meter which emits no RF-EMF which is safe for me and my family, taking into account our family's unique medical vulnerabilities.

4. The Commission should cease and desist from any attempts to install a wireless smart meter or other harmful equipment at my premises, such as is a violation of Section 1501 and 1502 of the Public Utility Code and Section 57.194 of the Commission's regulations as they pertain to my family's unique medical conditions.

5. I ask the Commission to order a permanent stay of any termination on the part of West Penn Power against me for any alleged denial of access to the meter at my property.

6. In the alternative, and pursuant to 52 PA Code Section 1.91, I respectfully request the Commission order the waiver of any rule, regulation or Commission Order that the Commission believes requires West Penn Power to deploy a wireless RF-EMF emitting meter on my premises.

7. We request the Commission grant an in-person hearing in Pittsburgh, PA.

(Formal Complaint ¶ 5.)

2. The Company is in the process of deploying smart meters in its service territory in accordance with Act 129 of 2008 (“Act 129”).¹

3. On September 18, 2018, the Company sent correspondence to the Complainant regarding the installation of smart meters at the Service Location. On September 27, 2018, the Complainant contacted the Company stating that he was interested in relocating the electric service at the Service Location and that there is a meter located on a barn that he would like to re-wire through one meter. A relocation of service notification was created. On November 6, 2018, the Complainant’s wife, Susan Jennings, contacted the Company to request the address of the Company’s president. The call dropped while Mrs. Jennings was on hold. On November 7, 2018, the Company received an “opt-out” letter dated October 17, 2018 in which the Complainant refused installation of smart meters at the Service Location. On November 9, 2018, a Company representative spoke with Mr. and Mrs. Jennings and attempted to address their concerns regarding installation of smart meters at the Service Location. They refused installation of smart meters at

¹ 66 Pa.C.S. § 2806.1 *et seq.* Among other things, Act 129 specifically directed that electric distribution companies with at least 100,000 customers file a smart meter technology procurement and installation plan with the Commission for approval. 66 Pa.C.S. § 2807(f)(1) and (2).

the Service Location. The Complainant was advised to have his relocation of service completed by April 2019. On November 12, 2018, the Company sent correspondence to the Complainant in an attempt to schedule installation of smart meters at the Service Location. On November 14, 2018, the Complainant filed the Formal Complaint with the Commission and, on November 15, 2018, the Company was electronically served with the Formal Complaint.

4. As explained in greater detail below, even if all of the facts in the Formal Complaint are accepted as true, they do not constitute a violation of any law which the Commission has jurisdiction to administer, or of any regulation or order of the Commission, such that relief can be granted.²

5. As a result, the Company requests that this Preliminary Objection be granted and that the Commission: (1) strike the Complainant's request for an exemption from the installation of smart meters; (2) dismiss the Formal Complaint in its entirety with prejudice; and (3) grant the Company such other relief as may be just and reasonable under the circumstances.

II. Background

6. West Penn is an electric distribution company that is certificated as a public utility in Pennsylvania.

7. On September 18, 2018, the Company sent correspondence to the Complainant regarding the installation of smart meters at the Service Location. On September 27, 2018, the Complainant contacted the Company stating that he was interested in relocating the electric service at the Service Location and that there is a meter located on a barn that he would like to re-wire through one meter. A relocation of service notification was created. On November 6, 2018, the Complainant's wife, Susan Jennings, contacted the Company to request the address of the

² See 66 Pa.C.S. § 701.

Company's president. The call dropped while Mrs. Jennings was on hold. On November 7, 2018, the Company received an "opt-out" letter dated October 17, 2018 in which the Complainant refused installation of smart meters at the Service Location. On November 9, 2018, a Company representative spoke with Mr. and Mrs. Jennings and attempted to address their concerns regarding installation of smart meters at the Service Location. They refused installation of smart meters at the Service Location. The Complainant was advised to have his relocation of service completed by April 2019. On November 12, 2018, the Company sent correspondence to the Complainant in an attempt to schedule installation of smart meters at the Service Location.

8. On November 14, 2018, the Complainant filed the Formal Complaint with the Commission and, on November 15, 2018, the Company was electronically served with the Formal Complaint.

9. West Penn is timely filing its Answer and New Matter contemporaneously with this Preliminary Objection, which Answer and New Matter is incorporated into this Preliminary Objection as if fully set forth herein.

III. Argument

10. The Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure permit parties to file preliminary objections. The grounds for preliminary objections are limited to those set forth in 52 Pa. Code § 5.101(a) as follows:

- (1) Lack of Commission jurisdiction or improper service of the pleading initiating the proceeding.
- (2) Failure of a pleading to conform to this chapter or the inclusion of scandalous or impertinent matter.
- (3) Insufficient specificity of a pleading.
- (4) Legal insufficiency of a pleading.
- (5) Lack of capacity to sue, nonjoinder of a necessary party or misjoinder of a cause of action.
- (6) Pendency of a prior proceeding or agreement for alternative dispute resolution.

(7) Standing of a party to participate in the proceeding.

11 The Commission's procedure regarding the disposition of preliminary objections is similar to that utilized in Pennsylvania civil practice.³

12. A preliminary objection in civil practice seeking dismissal of a pleading will be granted only where relief is clearly warranted and free from doubt.⁴ The Commission has adopted this standard.⁵

13. In accordance with Section 701 of the Code⁶ a person may file a complaint which sets forth "any act or thing done or omitted to be done by any public utility in violation, or claimed violation, of any law which the commission has jurisdiction to administer, or of any regulation or order of the commission." As explained below, the Company has not violated the Public Utility Code or the orders or regulations of the Commission.⁷ In fact, the Company's action have been in compliance with Act 129 and the June 5 Order.

14. The moving party may not rely on its own factual assertions but must accept for the purposes of disposition of the preliminary objection, all well-pleaded, material facts of the other party, as well as every inference fairly deducible from those facts.⁸ Therefore, in ruling on a preliminary objection, the Commission must assume, for decisional purposes only, that the factual allegations of the Formal Complaint are true.⁹

³ *Equitable Small Transportation Intervenors v. Equitable Gas Company*, Docket No. C-00935435 (Opinion and Order entered July 18, 1994).

⁴ *Interstate Traveler Services, Inc. v. Pa. Dept. of Environmental Resources*, 406 A.2d 1020 (Pa. 1979); *Rivera v. Philadelphia Theological Seminary of St. Charles Borromeo, Inc.*, 595 A.2d 172 (Pa. Super. 1991).

⁵ *Montague v. Philadelphia Electric Company*, 66 Pa. PUC 24 (1988).

⁶ 66 Pa.C.S. § 701

⁷ *Id.*

⁸ *County of Allegheny v. Commw. of Pa.*, 490 A.2d 402 (Pa. 1985).

⁹ *Id.*

15. West Penn's smart meter deployment plan was approved by the Commission at Docket No. M-2013-2341991 by Order entered June 5, 2014. In accordance with the June 5 Order, the Company filed its final Smart Meter Deployment Plan ("SMP") on June 16, 2014. The SMP was approved by the Commission on June 20, 2014. The Complainant challenges no aspect of the Company's provision of electric service other than the installation of a smart meter at the Service Location, as required by Act 129 and the Company's SMP.

16. Commission precedent is uniform that it cannot grant exceptions to the statutory directive that smart meters be installed by allowing customers to opt out.¹⁰

17. Because Act 129 and the Commission's orders not only authorize but require the Company to develop and implement a smart meter procurement and installation plan, and do not allow a customer to opt out of having a smart meter installed, this Complaint must be dismissed. As a matter of law, the Company is required to install smart meters at the Service Location. As such, the Commission cannot find the Company to be in violation for having attempted to follow the law as it has done here.

¹⁰ *Negley v. Metropolitan Edison Company*, Docket No. C-2010-2205305 (Final Order entered March 3, 2011); *Lutherschmidt v. Metropolitan Edison Company*, Docket No. C-2010-2200353 (Final Order entered March 25, 2011). The Commission has continued to uphold installation of smart meters and imposition of smart meter charges on customers' bills by dismissing complaints opposing installation of smart meters and imposition of smart meter charges on the basis of legal insufficiency. *Corbett v. Pennsylvania Power Company*, Docket No. C-2011-2219898 (Final Order entered May 27, 2011); *Jones v. Metropolitan Edison Company*, Docket No. C-2011-2224380 (Final Order entered June 28, 2011); *Griffin v. Metropolitan Edison Company*, Docket No. C-2012-2300172 (Final Order entered July 31, 2012); *Brake v. West Penn Power Company*, Docket No. C-2013-2367308 (Opinion and Order entered November 14, 2013); *Drake v. Pennsylvania Electric Company*, Docket No. C-2014-2413771 (Final Order entered December 5, 2014); *Efaw v West Penn Power Company*, Docket No. C-2014-2413744 (Final Order entered December 5, 2014). See also, the Initial Decision of ALJ Susan D. Colwell in *Dennis McElwain v. Pennsylvania Power Company*, Docket No. C-2014-2451478 issued December 16, 2015.

18. Therefore, the Formal Complaint is legally insufficient because it fails to state a claim upon which the Commission can grant relief.¹¹

19. The Commission may dismiss a complaint without hearing if a hearing is not necessary in the public interest.¹²

20. Recently, the Commission set for hearing two cases in which the complainant was opposed to the installation of a smart meter at their premises.¹³ These cases represent a departure from past Commission practice of dismissing such complaints on Preliminary Objections. The Commission stated that where a complainant has presented specific factual averments regarding the health or other effects that they have experienced after a smart meter was installed at their home, the Commission has overruled Preliminary Objections and allowed a case to proceed. Specifically, in *Kreider*, the complainant alleged specific deleterious health effects after installation of a smart meter affecting her specific medical condition. Further, in *Van Schoyck*, the complainants alleged potential health risks due to constant ringing noise in their home and their inability to sleep since the time the smart meter was installed.¹⁴ In contrast, in the instant case, the Complainant has made no specific factual averments regarding any health effects experienced *after* smart meters were installed. The Complainant simply avers that he does not want smart meters due to generic health and safety concerns. The Commission has not recognized a customer's lack of consent to install a smart meter as sufficient to overcome Preliminary Objections.¹⁵

¹¹ See 52 Pa. Code § 5.101(a)(4).

¹² 66 Pa.C.S. § 703(b); 52 Pa. Code § 5.21 (d).

¹³ *Susan Kreider v. PECO Energy Company*, Docket No. C-2015-2469655 (Order on Reconsideration entered January 28, 2016); *Stephen and Diane Van Schoyck v. PECO Energy Company*, Docket No. C-2015-2478239 (Opinion and Order entered February 25, 2016).

¹⁴ *Id.*

¹⁵ *Richard and Marie Fugo in care of Fugo Eye Institute v. PECO Energy Company*, Docket Nos. C-2015-2519763 and C-2015-2519770 (Order entered April 6, 2016).

21. In *Charles F. Jackson v. Pennsylvania Electric Company*, Docket No. C-2017-2600495 (Order Entered August 31, 2017), the Commission approved the Initial Decision of ALJ David A. Salapa, dated June 26, 2017, which granted the Preliminary Objections of Pennsylvania Electric Company and dismissed the formal complaint of Mr. Jackson (who was disputing the installation of a smart meter) finding that formal complaint was legally insufficient, pursuant to 52 Pa. Code § 5.101(a)(4), in that the complaint fails to allege that the utility violated the Public Utility Code, Commission regulations or orders or its tariff provisions. The respondent was found to be authorized to install smart meters and impose a charge on its customers to develop and implement a smart meter procurement and installation plan that will lead to the installation of smart meters throughout its service territory. ALJ Salapa further found that the respondent was authorized to terminate the Mr. Jackson's service if he refused to provide the respondent with access to its meter and equipment to install the smart meter.

This Commission decision was entered after *Kreider*. The instant formal complaint is nearly identical to the alleged averments in the formal complaint at Docket No. C-2017-2600495, in that the Complainant has only alleged that he does not want smart meters installed at the Service Location. The Complainant has not set forth in his complaint that any act done by the Company violates a Commission regulation, statute or order.

22. Therefore, the Company respectfully submits that the matters plead in the subject Formal Complaint do not meet the standards set in *Kreider* and *Van Schoyck* such that this matter can survive dismissal on preliminary objections.

23. Further, the Commission has upheld decisions granting preliminary objections and dismissing complaints for legal insufficiency opposing smart meter installation. In *Negley*, ALJ Susan D. Colwell dismissed a complaint opposing installation of smart meters for legal

insufficiency. ALJ Colwell concluded that Act 129 of 2008 authorized the installation of smart meters by EDCs. ALJ Colwell held that the Commission's orders approving the EDC's smart meter plans did not exempt any customers from the smart meter plans. By Commission final order entered March 3, 2011, ALJ Colwell's Initial Decision became final without further Commission action.

24. Rule 9 of the Company's Commission-approved tariff,¹⁶ allows the Company to have access to its customers' premises for any and all purposes relating to the supply of electric energy which includes the exchange of meters. The Complainant's refusal to allow the Company access to its own meter is a violation of Rules 9 and 20 of the Company's Commission-approved tariff¹⁷ and is grounds for termination of service. The Commission has also upheld decisions finding that a utility has the ability to terminate the service of a customer who refuses installation of a smart meter.¹⁸

25. Because Act 129 of 2008 and the Commission's orders authorize the Company to develop and implement a smart meter procurement and installation plan, the Complainant has not set forth in his complaint any act done by the Company that violates a Commission regulation, statute or order.

IV. Conclusion

WHEREFORE, for the foregoing reasons, West Penn Power Company respectfully requests that the Commission grant its Preliminary Objection and that the Commission: (1) strike the Complainant's request for an exemption from the installation of smart meters; (2) dismiss the

¹⁶ *West Penn Power Company Retail Electric Service Tariff*, Electric Pa. PUC No. 52, p. 40 issued May 1, 2015, effective May 3, 2015.

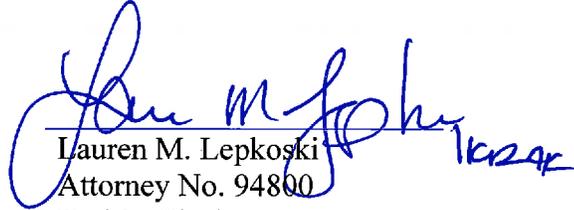
¹⁷ *West Penn Power Company Retail Electric Service Tariff*, Electric Pa. PUC No. 52, pp. 40, 55, issued May 1, 2015, effective May 3, 2015.

¹⁸ *Art Larson v. PECO Energy Company*, Docket No. C-2014-2451754 (Opinion and Order entered June 11, 2015). See also, *Catherine J. Frompovitch v. PECO Energy Company*, Docket No. C-2015-2474602 (Opinion and Order entered May 3, 2018).

Formal Complaint in its entirety with prejudice; and (3) grant the Company such other relief as may be just and reasonable under the circumstances.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: December 5, 2018

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Lauren M. Lepkoski". The signature is written over a horizontal line.

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**BEFORE THE
PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION**

MICHAEL T. JENNINGS

v.

WEST PENN POWER COMPANY

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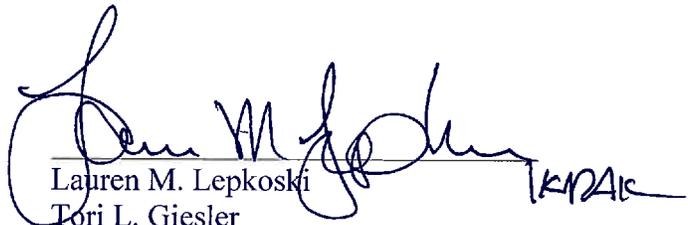
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I have this day served a true copy of the Preliminary Objections of West Penn Power Company to the Formal Complaint of Michael T. Jennings upon the individual listed below, in accordance with the requirements of 52 Pa. Code § 1.54 (relating to service by a participant).

Service by First Class Mail, postage prepaid, as follows:

Michael T. Jennings
200 Brook Hollow Road
Mount Pleasant, PA 15666

Dated: December 5, 2018



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