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January 28, 2019

VIA ELECTRIC FILING

Rosemary Chiavetta, Secretary
Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission
Commonwealth Keystone Building
400 North Street, 2nd Floor
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Re: Noreen McCarthy v. Metropolitan Edison Company
Docket No. C-2019-3006923

Dear Secretary Chiavetta:

Attached please find the Preliminary Objections of Metropolitan Edison Company in the above-referenced matter. This document has been served on the Complainant as shown in the Certificate of Service.

Please contact me if you have any questions.

Very truly yours,



Tori L. Giesler

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Enclosures

c: As per Certificate of Service

**BEFORE THE
PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION**

NOREEN MCCARTHY

v.

METROPOLITAN EDISON COMPANY

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Docket No. C-2019-3006923

NOTICE TO PLEAD

TO: Noreen McCarthy

Pursuant to 52 Pa. Code § 5.101 you are hereby notified that if you do not file a reply to the enclosed Preliminary Objections of Metropolitan Edison Company within ten (10) days from service of this notice, the facts set forth by Metropolitan Edison Company in the Preliminary Objections may be deemed to be admitted, thereby requiring no other proof. All pleadings, such as a Reply to Objection, must be filed with the Secretary of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, with a copy service to counsel for Metropolitan Edison Company, and where applicable, the Administrative Law Judge presiding over the case.

File with:

Rosemary Chiavetta, Secretary
Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission
P.O. Box 3265
Harrisburg, PA 17105-3265

With a copy to:

Lauren M. Lepkoski
Tori L. Giesler
FirstEnergy Service Company
2800 Pottsville Pike
P.O. Box 16001
Reading, Pennsylvania 19612-6001

Date: January 28, 2019

Lauren M. Lepkoski, Esquire
Tori L. Giesler, Esquire

**BEFORE THE
PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION**

NOREEN MCCARTHY

v.

METROPOLITAN EDISON COMPANY

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Docket No. C-2019-3006923

**PRELIMINARY OBJECTION TO THE FORMAL COMPLAINT OF
NOREEN MCCARTHY**

TO THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION:

AND NOW, Metropolitan Edison Company ("Met-Ed" or the "Company"), by and through its counsel, Lauren M. Lepkoski and Tori L. Giesler, files this Preliminary Objection pursuant to Section 5.101(a) of Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission ("Commission") regulations, 52 Pa. Code § 5.101(a)(1), and in support thereof, avers as follows:

I. Introduction

1. In her recently filed Formal Complaint, Noreen McCarthy ("Complainant") who resides at 18 Millstone Lane, Pottstown, Pennsylvania 19465 ("Service Location"), alleges that she does not want a smart meter installed at the Service Location. (Formal Complaint ¶¶ 4, 5.) The Complainant states as requested relief:

Met-Ed is currently providing adequate, efficient, safe, and reasonable service through the use of the analog meter attached to my home. In order to preserve my rights under 1501, I want Met-Ed to leave my analog meter on my home. If my analog meter is replaced by a smart meter, Met-Ed will be in violation of 1501.

The accommodation I request is to leave my analog meter to measure my electric usage. Analog is in keeping with my rights because it is adequate, efficient, safe and reasonable. Smart meters are in violation of 1501.

(Formal Complaint ¶ 5.)

2. The Company is in the process of deploying smart meters in its service territory in accordance with Act 129 of 2008 (“Act 129”).¹

3. On December 28, 2018, the Complainant contacted the Company to refuse installation of a smart meter at the Service Location and requesting to “opt out.” The Company representative offered to transfer the Complainant to the Company’s Smart Meter Group. The Complainant refused and disconnected the call. On January 6, 2019, the Complainant contacted the Company regarding the name of the Company. She was advised of the Company’s name. The Complainant filed the Formal Complaint with the Commission which was dated January 7, 2019 and electronically served on the Company on January 7, 2019. On January 9, 2019, the Complainant contacted the Company inquiring as to who was in charge and seeking information regarding the various departments within the Company. The Complainant was advised that there are various departments within the Company and depending upon what she needed, the Company representative could put her in touch with the appropriate department. The Complainant stated she wanted to speak to the department in charge of the meters. The Company representative attempted to gain more information in order to assist the Complainant, but the Complainant disconnected the telephone call.

4. As explained in greater detail below, even if all of the facts in the Formal Complaint are accepted as true, they do not constitute a violation of any law which the Commission has jurisdiction to administer, or of any regulation or order of the Commission, such that relief can be granted.²

¹ 66 Pa.C.S. § 2806.1 *et seq.* Among other things, Act 129 specifically directed that electric distribution companies with at least 100,000 customers file a smart meter technology procurement and installation plan with the Commission for approval. 66 Pa.C.S. § 2807(f)(1) and (2).

² *See* 66 Pa.C.S. § 701.

5. As a result, the Company requests that this Preliminary Objection be granted and that the Commission: (1) strike the Complainant's request for an exemption from the installation of a smart meter; (2) dismiss the Formal Complaint in its entirety with prejudice; and (3) grant the Company such other relief as may be just and reasonable under the circumstances.

II. Background

6. Met-Ed is an electric distribution company that is certificated as a public utility in Pennsylvania.

7. On December 28, 2018, the Complainant contacted the Company to refuse installation of a smart meter at the Service Location and requesting to "opt out." The Company representative offered to transfer the Complainant to the Company's Smart Meter group. The Complainant refused and disconnected the call. On January 6, 2019, the Complainant contacted the Company regarding the name of the Company. She was advised of the Company's name. On January 9, 2019, the Complainant contacted the Company inquiring as to who was in charge and seeking information regarding the various departments within the Company. The Complainant was advised that there are various departments within the Company and depending upon what she needed, the Company representative could put her in touch with the appropriate department. The Complainant stated she wanted to speak to the department in charge of the meters. The Company representative attempted to gain more information in order to assist the Complainant, but the Complainant disconnected the telephone call.

8. The Complainant filed a Formal Complaint with the Commission against Met-Ed at the above-captioned docket. The Company was electronically served with the Formal Complaint on January 7, 2019.

9. Met-Ed is timely filing its Answer and New Matter contemporaneously with this Preliminary Objection, which Answer and New Matter is incorporated into this Preliminary Objection as if fully set forth herein.

III. Argument

10. The Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure permit parties to file preliminary objections. The grounds for preliminary objections are limited to those set forth in 52 Pa. Code § 5.101(a) as follows:

- (1) Lack of Commission jurisdiction or improper service of the pleading initiating the proceeding.
- (2) Failure of a pleading to conform to this chapter or the inclusion of scandalous or impertinent matter.
- (3) Insufficient specificity of a pleading.
- (4) Legal insufficiency of a pleading.
- (5) Lack of capacity to sue, nonjoinder of a necessary party or misjoinder of a cause of action.
- (6) Pendency of a prior proceeding or agreement for alternative dispute resolution.
- (7) Standing of a party to participate in the proceeding.

11. The Commission's procedure regarding the disposition of preliminary objections is similar to that utilized in Pennsylvania civil practice.³

³ *Equitable Small Transportation Intervenors v. Equitable Gas Company*, Docket No. C-00935435 (Opinion and Order entered July 18, 1994).

12. A preliminary objection in civil practice seeking dismissal of a pleading will be granted only where relief is clearly warranted and free from doubt.⁴ The Commission has adopted this standard.⁵

13. In accordance with Section 701 of the Code⁶ a person may file a complaint which sets forth “any act or thing done or omitted to be done by any public utility in violation, or claimed violation, of any law which the commission has jurisdiction to administer, or of any regulation or order of the commission.” As explained below, the Company has not violated the Public Utility Code or the orders or regulations of the Commission.⁷ In fact, the Company’s actions have been in compliance with Act 129 and the June 5 Order.

14. The moving party may not rely on its own factual assertions but must accept for the purposes of disposition of the preliminary objection, all well-pleaded, material facts of the other party, as well as every inference fairly deducible from those facts.⁸ Therefore, in ruling on a preliminary objection, the Commission must assume, for decisional purposes only, that the factual allegations of the Formal Complaint are true.⁹

15. Met-Ed’s smart meter deployment plan was approved by the Commission at Docket No. M-2013-2341990 by Order entered June 5, 2014. In accordance with the June 5 Order, the Company filed its final Smart Meter Deployment Plan (“SMP”) on June 16, 2014. The SMP was approved by the Commission on June 20, 2014. The Complainant challenges no aspect of the Company’s provision of electric service other than the installation of a smart meter at the Service Location, as required by Act 129 and the Company’s SMP.

⁴ *Interstate Traveler Services, Inc. v. Pa. Dept. of Environmental Resources*, 406 A.2d 1020 (Pa. 1979); *Rivera v. Philadelphia Theological Seminary of St. Charles Borromeo, Inc.*, 595 A.2d 172 (Pa. Super. 1991).

⁵ *Montague v. Philadelphia Electric Company*, 66 Pa. PUC 24 (1988).

⁶ 66 Pa.C.S. § 701.

⁷ *Id.*

⁸ *County of Allegheny v. Commw. of Pa.*, 490 A.2d 402 (Pa. 1985).

⁹ *Id.*

16. Commission precedent is uniform that it cannot grant exceptions to the statutory directive that smart meters be installed by allowing customers to opt out.¹⁰

17. Assuming the facts pleaded in the Formal Complaint are true, as the Commission must for the purposes of ruling on a preliminary objection, the Complainant has failed to allege that Met-Ed has committed or omitted an act in violation of a Commission statute, regulation, order, or Met-Ed's tariff, a finding of which must be made in order to sustain a formal complaint.¹¹

18. Because Act 129 and the Commission's orders not only authorize but require the Company to develop and implement a smart meter procurement and installation plan, and do not allow a customer to opt out of having a smart meter installed, this Formal Complaint must be dismissed. As a matter of law, the Company is required to install a smart meter at the Service Location. As such, the Commission cannot find the Company to be in violation for having attempted to follow the law as it has done here.

19. Therefore, the Formal Complaint is legally insufficient because it fails to state a claim upon which the Commission can grant relief.¹²

¹⁰ *Negley v. Metropolitan Edison Company*, Docket No. C-2010-2205305 (Initial Decision dated January 3, 2011 became final without Commission action closed March 3, 2011); *Lutherschmidt v. Metropolitan Edison Company*, Docket No. C-2010-2200353 (Final Order entered March 25, 2011). The Commission has continued to uphold installation of smart meters by dismissing complaints opposing installation of smart meters on the basis of legal insufficiency. *Corbett v. Pennsylvania Power Company*, Docket No. C-2011-2219898 (Final Order entered May 27, 2011); *Jones v. Metropolitan Edison Company*, Docket No. C-2011-2224380 (Final Order entered June 28, 2011); *Griffin v. Metropolitan Edison Company*, Docket No. C-2012-2300172 (Final Order entered November 27, 2012); *Brake v. Met-Ed Company*, Docket No. C-2013-2367308 (Final Order entered November 14, 2013); *Drake v. Metropolitan Edison Company*, Docket No. C-2014-2413771 (Final Order entered June 12, 2014); *Efaw v. Met-Ed Company*, Docket No. C-2014-2413744 (Final Order entered June 12, 2014). See also, the Initial Decision of ALJ Susan D. Colwell in *Dennis McElwain v. Pennsylvania Power Company*, Docket No. C-2014-2451478, issued December 3, 2015.

¹¹ See 66 Pa.C.S. § 701; *County of Allegheny, supra*.

¹² See 52 Pa. Code § 5.101(a)(4).

20. The Commission may dismiss a complaint without hearing if a hearing is not necessary in the public interest.¹³

21. Recently, the Commission set for hearing two cases in which the complainant was opposed to the installation of a smart meter at their premises.¹⁴ These cases represent a departure from past Commission practice of dismissing such complaints on Preliminary Objections. The Commission stated that where a complainant has presented specific factual averments regarding the health or other effects that they have experienced after a smart meter was installed at their home, the Commission has overruled Preliminary Objections and allowed a case to proceed. Specifically, in *Kreider*, the complainant alleged specific deleterious health effects after installation of a smart meter affecting her specific medical condition. Further, in *Van Schoyck*, the complainants alleged potential health risks due to constant ringing noise in their home and their inability to sleep since the time the smart meter was installed.¹⁵ In contrast, in the instant case, the Complainant has made no specific factual averments regarding any health effects experienced *after* a smart meter has been installed. Specifically, the Complainant states that she is refusing installation of the smart meter at the Service Location due to generic health and safety concerns.¹⁶ The Commission has not recognized a customer's lack of consent to install a smart meter as sufficient to overcome preliminary objections.¹⁷ Further, the Commission has upheld decisions finding that a utility has the ability to terminate the service of a customer who refuses installation

¹³ 66 Pa.C.S. § 703(b); 52 Pa. Code § 5.21 (d).

¹⁴ *Susan Kreider v. PECO Energy Company*, Docket No. C-2015-2469655 (Order on Reconsideration entered January 288, 2016); *Stephen and Diane Van Schoyck v. PECO Energy Company*, Docket No. C-2015-2478239 (Opinion and Order entered February 25, 2016).

¹⁵ *Id.*

¹⁶ Formal Complaint ¶ 4.

¹⁷ *Richard and Marie Fugo in care of Fugo Eye Institute v. PECO Energy Company*, Docket Nos. C-2015-2519763 and C-2015-2519770 (Order entered April 6, 2016).

of a smart meter.¹⁸ Therefore, the Company respectfully submits that the matters plead in the subject Formal Complaint do not meet the standards set in the *Kreider* and *Van Schoyck* cases such that this matter can survive dismissal on preliminary objections.

22. In *Charles F. Jackson v. Pennsylvania Electric Company*, Docket No. C-2017-2600495 (Order Entered August 31, 2017), the Commission approved the Initial Decision of ALJ David A. Salapa, dated June 26, 2017, which granted the preliminary objections of Pennsylvania Electric Company and dismissed the formal complaint of Mr. Jackson (who was disputing the installation of a smart meter), finding that the formal complaint was legally insufficient, pursuant to 52 Pa. Code § 5.101(a)(4), in that the complaint failed to allege that the utility violated the Public Utility Code, Commission regulations or orders or the utility's tariff provisions. The respondent was found to be authorized to install smart meters and impose a charge on its customers to develop and implement a smart meter procurement and installation plan that will lead to the installation of smart meters throughout its service territory. ALJ Salapa further found that the respondent was authorized to terminate the Mr. Jackson's service if he refused to provide the respondent with access to its meter and equipment to install the smart meter.

This Commission decision was entered after *Kreider*. The Formal Complaint is similar to the alleged averments in the formal complaint at Docket No. C-2017-2600495, in that the Complainant has only alleged that she does not want a smart meter installed at the Service Location. The Complainant has not set forth in her complaint that any act done by the Company that violates a Commission regulation, statute or order.

¹⁸ *Art Larson v. PECO Energy Company*, Docket No. C-2014-2451754 (Opinion and Order entered June 11, 2015). See also, *Catherine J. Frompovitch v. PECO Energy Company*, Docket No. C-2015-2474602 (Opinion and Order entered May 3, 2018).

23. Therefore, the Company respectfully submits that the matters plead in the Formal Complaint do not meet the standards set in the *Kreider* and *Van Schoyck* cases such that this matter can survive dismissal on preliminary objections.

24. Further, the Commission has upheld decisions granting preliminary objections and dismissing complaints for legal insufficiency opposing smart meter installation. In *Negley*, ALJ Susan D. Colwell dismissed a complaint opposing installation of smart meters for legal insufficiency. ALJ Colwell concluded that Act 129 of 2008 authorized the installation of smart meters by EDCs. ALJ Colwell held that the Commission's orders approving EDCs smart meter plans did not exempt any customers from the smart meter plans. By Commission final order entered March 3, 2011, ALJ Colwell's Initial Decision became final without further Commission action.

25. Rule 9 of the Company's Commission-approved tariff¹⁹ allows the Company to have access to its customers' premises for any and all purposes relating to the supply of electric energy which includes the exchange of meters. The Complainant's refusal to allow the Company access to its own meter is a violation of Rules 9 and 20 of the Company's Commission-approved tariff²⁰ and is grounds for termination of service in accordance with 66 Pa.C.S. § 1406(a)(4) and 52 Pa. Code § 56.81(3). The Commission has also upheld decisions finding that a utility has the ability to terminate the service of a customer who refuses installation of a smart meter.²¹

¹⁹ *Metropolitan Edison Company Retail Electric Service Tariff*, Electric Pa. PUC No. 52, pp. 40, issued May 1, 2015, effective August 15, 2015.

²⁰ *Metropolitan Edison Company Retail Electric Service Tariff*, Electric Pa. PUC No. 52, pp. 40, 55, issued May 1, 2015, effective August 15, 2015.

²¹ *Art Larson v. PECO Energy Company*, Docket No. C-2014-2451754 (Opinion and Order entered June 11, 2015). See also, *Catherine J. Frompovitch v. PECO Energy Company*, Docket No. C-2015-2474602 (Opinion and Order entered May 3, 2018).

26. Because Act 129 of 2008 and the Commission's orders authorize the Company to develop and implement a smart meter procurement and installation plan, the Complainant has not set forth in her complaint any act done by the Company that violates a Commission regulation, statute or order.

IV. Conclusion

WHEREFORE, for the foregoing reasons, Metropolitan Edison Company respectfully requests that the Commission: (1) grant its Preliminary Objections and strike the Complainant's request for an exemption from the installation of a smart meter; (2) dismiss the Formal Complaint in its entirety with prejudice; and (3) grant the Company such other relief as may be just and reasonable under the circumstances.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: January 28, 2019



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**BEFORE THE
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NOREEN MCCARTHY

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METROPOLITAN EDISON COMPANY

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Docket No. C-2019-3006923

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I have this day served a true copy of the Preliminary Objections of Metropolitan Edison Company to the Formal Complaint of Noreen McCarthy upon the individuals listed below, in accordance with the requirements of 52 Pa. Code § 1.54 (relating to service by a participant).

Service by First Class Mail, postage prepaid, as follows:

Noreen McCarthy
18 Millstone Lane
Pottstown, PA 19465

Dated: January 28, 2019



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