BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

PHILIP Q. HANSER

ON BEHALF OF PHILADELPHIA GAS WORKS

Docket No. R- 2017-2586783

Philadelphia Gas Works

RE: Cost of Service Class Allocation Customer-Related Costs

February 2017



{L0672213.1}

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PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF PHILIP Q HANSER

1 I. INTRODUCTION AND QUALIFICATIONS

2 Q, PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.

- 3 4
- A. My name is Philip Q Hanser. My business address is 44 Brattle Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 02138.
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Q. BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?

A. I am a Principal of The Brattle Group, an economic consulting firm with offices
in Cambridge, Massachusetts; Washington, D.C.: San Francisco, California; New
York, New York; Toronto, Canada; London, England; Madrid, Spain, Rome,
Italy; and Sydney, Australia.

10Q.PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR BACKGROUND AND EMPLOYMENT11EXPERIENCE.

- A. I have been involved in energy related matters for over 35 years and a Principal at
 The Brattle Group in its Cambridge office for the last 20 years. My practice has
 included issues such as market economics, transmission pricing, resource
 planning, environmental issues, forecasting, rate design, demand-side
 management, distributed resources and financial analysis.
- 17 I have appeared as an expert witness before the U.S. Federal Energy Regulatory 18 Commission ("FERC"), and numerous state public utility commissions, 19 environmental agencies, Canadian utility boards, as well as arbitration panels, and 20in federal and state courts. Since 2009, I have taught industry professionals about 21 the principles and practice of cost of service calculations and rate design on behalf of the Edison Electric Institute in its Advanced Rates Course. I served for six 22 23 vears on the American Statistical Association's Advisory Committee to the 24 Energy Information Administration ("EIA"), and am a member of IEEE 25 ("Institute of Electronics and Electrical Engineers"), and CIGRE ("Conseil

1International des Grands Reseaux Electriques") where 1 served on its Working2Group C5-8, Working Group on Renewables and Energy Efficiency in a3Deregulated Market.

4 Prior to joining The Brattle Group, I held teaching positions at the University of 5 the Pacific, University of California at Davis, and Columbia University, and have 6 served as a guest lecturer at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Stanford 7 University, and the University of Chicago. I am currently a Senior Associate in 8 the Mossavar-Rahmani Center for Business and Government at the Harvard 9 Kennedy School and lead a seminar in public policy analysis. I am also a lecturer at Boston University in the Questrom School of Business and a senior fellow at 10 11 Boston University's Institute for Sustainable Energy. I have also served as the 12 manager of the Demand-Side Management Program at the Electric Power 13 Research Institute ("EPRI").

14 While at EPRI I was the final project manager for the Electric Utility Rate Design Study, the industry-sponsored multi-volume study to support utilities and 15 commissions in implementing the Public Utilities Regulatory Policies Act of 16 1978. I also supervised EPRI's biennial surveys of innovative rates as well as 17 18 reports addressing the measurement and evaluation of interruptible and curtailable 19 rates, the impacts of residential time-of-use rates, the design of innovative and 20 traditional rates, and the use of activity-based costing as a supplement to 21 traditional utility accounting. I also served five years with the Sacramento Utility 22 District as an economist where I performed the load research design to support 23 both embedded and marginal cost based rates and performed or assisted in the 24 development of the District's embedded and marginal costs of service studies. My 25 background, publications, and prior testimony are further described in my CV, 26 which is included as Appendix A.

1Q.HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED IN PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE2PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION ON BEHALF OF PGW?

- 3 A. No, I have not.
- 4 II. PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY

5 Q. ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU TESTIFYING?

A. I am testifying on behalf of Philadelphia Gas Works ("PGW" or the "Company")
in support of its base rate case filing with the Pennsylvania Public Utility
Commission ("Commission").

9 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?

- 10 A. I am sponsoring the Company's class cost of service study ("CCOSS"). The 11 primary purpose of the present CCOSS is to allocate the Company's costs of 12 providing service to each Rate Class. The purpose of my testimony is to describe 13 the principles, methodology, and data used in the present CCOSS.
- 14I was also asked by PGW for a recommendation regarding the appropriate level of15"normal weather" for the purposes of determining pro forma revenues. I discuss16my recommendations below.

17 Q. WHY DOES THE COMPANY PROPOSE TO SUBMIT AN UPDATED18 CCOSS?

19A.The Company last submitted a CCOSS in 2009, and since that filing many of the20factors that drive the Company's cost of providing service have changed. This21study incorporates updated information since the Company's last filing, and was22developed with the aim to support the Commission's goal to move towards cost23allocations and rate design that more closely reflect current cost causation.

1 Q. HOW DOES YOUR TESTIMONY RELATE TO THAT OF OTHER COMPANY 2 WITNESSES?

3 A. Mr. Dybalski's testimony describes the customer charges that PGW has 4 determined to propose after receiving the results of my CCOSS. It also describes 5 PGW's goals and objectives in allocating the proposed rate increase, which I then 6 used to determine the specific allocations. Mr. Golden's testimony supports the 7 Company's Revenue Requirement. My testimony uses the Company's Revenue 8 Requirement for the Fully Projected Future Test Year ("FPFTY") as a starting 9 point. It also relies on the inputs and assumptions that went into the determination 10 of the Revenue Requirement. The validation of the Revenue Requirement and the 11 inputs and assumptions used to develop it are outside of the scope of my 12 assignment.

13 Q. PLEASE IDENTIFY THE EXHIBITS THAT YOU ARE SPONSORING.

14 A. I am sponsoring the following exhibits, which are discussed in more detail in 15 Section IV.

Summary of Allocation Results
Summary of Allocation Results by Functional Classification
Allocation Results
Classification Results
Functionalization Results
Summary of Factors Used
Functionalization Factor Values
Classification Factor Values
Allocation Factor Values
Development of Allocation Factors
Proposed Delivery Charges
Computation of the Gas Procurement Charge
Computation of the Merchant Function Charge

16 Q. HOW IS YOUR TESTIMONY ORGANIZED?

17	A.	The remainder of my testimony is divided into five sections. Section III discusses
18		the methodology used in the CCOSS. Section IV describes the results of the
19		CCOSS, while Section V discusses the Company's proposed revenue allocation

and rate design. In Section VI, I discuss the nature of customer-related costs.
 Finally, in Section VII, I discuss the use of a 10-year weather normal.

3 III. PGW CLASS COST OF SERVICE STUDY

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A. GENERAL CCOSS METHODOLOGY

Q. WHAT WAS THE SOURCE OF THE INFORMATION THAT YOU USED TO PERFORM THE CCOSS?

7 Α. All of the input data used to perform the present CCOSS were provided by PGW, 8 and I relied on the genuineness and completeness of this information. The input 9 data used to perform the CCOSS correspond to the FPFTY (the Fiscal Year 10ending August 31, 2018), and fall into two broad categories. The first category 11 consists of budgeted costs and other financial data that are discussed in detail in 12 Mr. Golden's testimony. These data were provided by the Company and grouped 13 in a manner consistent with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's 14 Uniform System of Accounts. The budget was prepared by PGW. The second 15 consists of certain operational data that includes forecasted sales and 16 transportation volumes as well as forecasted customer counts.

17 Q. WHAT ARE THE PURPOSE AND GUIDING PRINCIPLES IN 18 PERFORMING A CLASS COST OF SERVICE STUDY?

A. A CCOSS analyzes the components of the utility's total cost of service and aims to determine the portion that can be attributed to each Rate Class on the principle of cost-causation. Once the costs of providing services are allocated among the Rate Classes, the utility can establish rates that ensure that it recovers all of its costs. The fundamental step in a CCOSS is to develop allocators that capture the relationship between the costs of providing service and the drivers of those costs as accurately as possible.

]	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE TERM TARIFF REVENUE REQUIREMENT.
2	Α.	In the present testimony I use the term "Tariff Revenue Requirement" to refer to
3		the revenue that needs to be produced under PGW's Tariff in order to recover its
4		total cost of providing service. Under the proposed rates, PGW would not collect
5		the full Tariff Revenue Requirement because the amounts collected would be
6		reduced by the Customer Responsibility Program Shortfall and Senior Discounts.
7		For this reason the Tariff Revenue Requirement includes the revenue shortfall that
8		occurs as a result of the Customer Responsibility Program and Senior Discounts.
9	Q.	WHAT RATE CLASSES ARE INCLUDED IN THE PGW CCOSS?
10	Α.	The CCOSS includes the following Rate Classes:
11		- Residential Non-heating, Residential Heating
12		- Commercial Non-heating. Commercial Heating
13		- Industrial Non-heating, Industrial Heating
14		- Municipal Non-heating, Municipal Heating
15		- Philadelphia Housing Authority ("PHA") General Service ("GS")
16		- PHA Rate 8
17		 Developmental Natural Gas Vehicle Service ("NGVS")
18		- Interruptible Sales
19		 Gas Transportation Service Firm and Interruptible ("GTS/IT")
20		
21		The Rate Classes in the present CCOSS are the same that were included in
22		PGW's 2009 CCOSS, with two exceptions. First, I separate a class corresponding
23		to Natural Gas Vehicles. Second, I separate the PHA Rate Class into PHA GS and
24		PHA Rate 8 to capture the different service characteristics of single family and
25		multi-family dwellings operated by the Philadelphia Housing Authority.

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Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE APPROACH THAT YOU FOLLOWED IN PERFORMING THE PGW CCOSS.

- 3 Α. In performing the CCOSS I closely followed the principles of cost allocation set 4 forth in Gas Rate Fundamentals published by the American Gas Association.¹ 5 Because the investments and expenses incurred by PGW and recorded in 6 accordance with the FERC's Uniform System of Accounts cannot, for the most 7 part, be directly attributed to specific Rate Classes, there is a need to separate the 8 costs into a series of components in order to appropriately apportion costs to each 9 Rate Class in relation to the class's cost responsibility. Such a process is known as 10 a CCOSS which aims to apportion the Company's plant investments and 11 operating expenses in such a way that customers in each Rate Class pay for the 12 costs that they cause the utility to incur. The CCOSS was performed using an 13 Excel-based spreadsheet model that facilitates computations.
- 14The present study carries out the three steps of the cost of service process, namely15functionalization, classification, and allocation, which are described in more detail16below. The model outputs provide cost information allocated to the different Rate17Classes, and calculates the Tariff Revenue Requirements by functional18classification for each Rate Class.

19 Q. WHY DID YOU USE BUDGETED, WEATHER-NORMALIZED DATA FOR 20 THE TEST YEAR IN THE PGW CCOSS?

A. As discussed in more detail in Mr. Dybalski's and Mr. Golden's testimonies,
 PGW assumes normal weather when developing its budget and estimates of
 consumption. The purpose of using weather-normalized data is to remove the
 effect of weather in the Company's resulting cost allocation and rate design to
 ensure that they are consistent with average weather predictions.

¹ American Gas Association Rate Committee, 1987, Gas Rate Fundamentals, Fourth Edition, American Gas Association, Arlington, VA.

Q. ARE THERE NOTEWORTHY DIFFERENCES IN METHODOLOGY OR APPROACH IN THE CURRENT CCOSS FROM THE PREVIOUS CCOSS SUBMITTED BY PGW?

A. The methodology that I used is the same as that used in prior CCOSS submitted
by PGW. In a few cases there were changes in the allocators selected for certain
accounts, with very small effect on the results of the CCOSS.

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Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE THREE PRIMARY STEPS OF A CCOSS.

- 8 A. Typically a CCOSS study consists of three steps, namely functionalization,
 9 classification, and allocation.
- 10 In the functionalization step, costs are separated by the utility's service functions 11 which include supply, storage, transmission, distribution, and onsite (the latter 12 includes costs related to the customer premises and include metering and 13 customer account costs). In the present study, consistent with the 2009 PGW 14 CCOSS I also functionalized certain costs to the Universal Service and Energy 15 Conservation ("USEC") function. These costs are associated with revenue shortfalls from the Customer Responsibility Program, Senior Discounts, and 16 weatherization programs for low income customers, and are recovered via the 17 18 USEC surcharge. Assigning these costs to this function facilitates computations.
- 19 The second step is called **classification** and consists of dividing the functionalized 20 costs into groups based on what caused them to be incurred. The three typical 21 groups are demand, commodity, and customer. Demand-related costs are 22 associated with the maximum gas flow requirements of the utility's customers. 23 These are costs that are related to designing, installing and maintaining facilities 24 operating such that they can accommodate the largest level of demand that 25 customers could place on the system. For this reason they are typically assigned to 26 Rate Classes based on their relative contribution to demand during the peak 27 season or peak day demands. Commodity-related costs are those costs that vary 28 with the amount of gas that the customers consume. Customer-related costs are

those required to serve a customer with minimal usage within each Rate Class.
 These costs include the costs of connecting a customer to the system, metering
 their gas usage, and maintaining the customer's account, and are driven by the
 number of customers, and not by the amount of gas consumed.

5 The third step is called **allocation**, and consists of apportioning the previously 6 functionalized, classified costs among the Rate Classes. These costs are allocated 7 in such a way as to capture the relationship between the costs and the drivers that 8 caused the costs to be incurred for each Rate Class. For example, costs that are 9 driven by the volume of gas consumed would be allocated among the Rate 10 Classes based on the relative share of gas consumed or transported by each class.

11 Q. WHY IS THE CLASS ALLOCATION STEP NECESSARY?

12 Α. In a few cases, certain plant investments and costs are incurred exclusively to 13 serve a specific customer or group of customers. In such cases these costs can be directly assigned to those customers. However, most utility investments and costs 14 15 are incurred to serve many different groups of customers. For this reason, without the allocation process it is not possible to assign responsibility for common costs 16 17 to the different Rate Classes. If each cost could be attributed specifically to each 18 customer group, then there would exist no need for the class allocation step of the 19 cost of service study.

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Q. HOW WERE ALLOCATORS DEVELOPED?

A. The allocators used in this study were developed using PGW's financial and operational data. The allocators and their derivation are shown in Exhibit PQH-8, and a description of each allocator is included later in my testimony. In some cases, certain accounts are allocated using a combination of allocators rather than a single allocator. 1

B. ALLOCATION OF THE RATE BASE

2 Q. WHAT IS THE RATE BASE AND WHAT ROLE DOES IT PLAY IN THE 3 PGW CCOSS?

4 A. The rate base refers to a utility's investments in plant and other assets to serve 5 customers. This term is commonly used in rate cases for investor-owned utilities, 6 whose rates are set under a rate of return standard, and where the size of the rate 7 base is relevant because the utility's allowed return dollars are a function of the 8 rate base. Although PGW does not operate under rate of return regulation and. 9 thus, PGW's Tariff Revenue Requirement is not a function of the rate base, the 10 items that make up PGW's invested capital are used to develop allocators because such investments are driven by PGW's requirements to serve its customers. As a 11 12 result, many costs are functionalized, classified or allocated among Rate Classes 13 in proportion to their responsibility for investments in rate base. For example, 14 interest expense on long-term debt is functionalized, classified and allocated 15 among Rate Classes using the rate base, because interest expense is incurred to 16 finance the purchase of the assets that comprise the rate base.

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Q. WHAT ARE THE MAJOR COMPONENTS OF THE RATE BASE AND HOW DID YOU FUNCTIONALIZE, CLASSIFY AND ALLOCATE THEM AMONG RATE CLASSES?

A. Consistent with groupings in the FERC's Uniform System of Accounts, I have
 grouped the accounts that make up the rate base into a number of categories to
 facilitate discussion. These groupings are the same as those found in PGW's 2009
 CCOSS, and include: *production plant. storage plant. distribution plant. general plant. depreciation reserve, working capital,* and a final catch-all category called
 other rate base items. These are discussed in more detail below.

Production plant includes investments used in connection with manufactured gas
 production. Production plant is sized to meet maximum daily demand and has

been functionalized to supply, classified to demand, and allocated among Rate
 Classes based on relative demands of each Rate Class on the design day.

Storage plant consists primarily of investments in storage and processing of LNG. Similarly to production plant, storage plant is sized to meet maximum daily demand and has been functionalized to storage, classified to demand, and allocated among Rate Classes based on relative demands of each Rate Class on the design day.

8 Distribution plant includes a variety of assets that are found downstream of the 9 gas transmission system. It includes such assets as land and structures, mains, 10 compression and regulation stations, services, meters, house regulators, industrial 11 measuring equipment, and other equipment. Land and structures support other 12 distribution assets that are a function of system demand, and have been 13 functionalized to distribution, classified to demand, and allocated based on total 14 distribution plant. Mains are used to connect customers and are sized to meet the 15 maximum level of demand by the customer. Mains have been functionalized to distribution, and classified to both customer and demand, given the dual purpose 16 17 they serve. I have allocated the demand portion of mains based on the relative use 18 of mains of each Rate Class on the design day, and the customer component of 19 mains based on the average number of customers in each Rate Class. 20 Compression and regulation station equipment is used in connection with 21 distribution system operations and measurement of gas deliveries. Items in this 22 account have been functionalized to distribution, classified to demand, and 23 allocated based on the relative use of mains of each Rate Class on the design day. 24 Services connect individual customers to the system, and have been 25 functionalized to distribution, classified as customer related costs, and allocated among Rate Classes based on the estimated total replacement cost for each Rate 26 27 Class. Total replacement cost of services for a Rate Class was estimated as the 28 product of the replacement cost of a typical service line for the Rate Class, and the 29 number of customers in the Rate Class. Meters and related installation costs have 30 been functionalized to the onsite function, classified as customer related costs and

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1 allocated among Rate Classes based on the estimated total replacement cost for 2 each Rate Class. Total replacement cost of meters for a Rate Class was estimated 3 as the product of the replacement cost of a meter with typical size for the Rate 4 Class and the number of customers in the Rate Class. By considering the 5 replacement costs of services and meters, the Company presents a recent 6 representation of the costs of acquiring these assets. If the Company were instead 7 to use the costs of services and meters that are currently installed in, irrespective 8 of when they were installed, it would include in its estimate costs that are no 9 longer viable or truly representative of current service and meter costs. House 10 regulators and related installation costs were functionalized to onsite, classified as 11 customer-related and allocated to the Residential and PHA GS Rate Classes based 12 on customer counts. Industrial measuring equipment was functionalized to 13 distribution, classified as demand-related and allocated to the Industrial Rate 14 Class based on customer counts. The account corresponding to other distribution 15 equipment was functionalized to distribution. classified to demand, and allocated 16 based on total distribution plant.

- General plant items include structures, office furniture and equipment, as well as
 transportation, communication, and miscellaneous equipment tools. These assets
 support more than one function, and were functionalized, classified and allocated
 among Rate Classes primarily based on direct labor content, reflecting common
 utility practice.
- 22 *Depreciation reserve* was functionalized, classified and allocated among Rate 23 Classes in the same ratio as the related assets.
- *Working capital* represents cash and inventories that PGW needs in the normal
 course of business. PGW provided detail for the items that make up the total need
 for working capital, and each item was functionalized, classified and allocated
 among Rate Classes in the same way as the activity which caused the item to be
 incurred.

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C. ALLOCATION OF PGW'S COST OF SERVICE

2 Q. WHAT ARE THE MAJOR COMPONENTS OF PGW'S COST OF SERVICE?

3 Α. Similar to my discussion of the rate base in the section above, and consistent with 4 groupings in the FERC's Uniform System of Accounts. I have grouped the 5 accounts that make up PGW's cost of service into a number of categories to facilitate discussion. These groupings are the same as those found in PGW's 2009 6 7 CCOSS, and include the following expenses: production, storage and processing. distribution, customer records and customer service, administrative and general. 8 9 depreciation expense, payroll tax expense, interest and surplus, and other 10 revenues and expenses. These are discussed in more detail below.

11 Q. WHAT COSTS ARE INCLUDED IN PRODUCTION AND HOW WERE 12 THESE COSTS FUNCTIONALIZED, CLASSIFIED AND ALLOCATED 13 AMONG RATE CLASSES?

Α. The preset CCOSS includes production expenses related to operations and 14 15 maintenance of LNG facilities, natural gas operating expenses, and commodity 16 costs for the Interruptible Sales Rate Class. Commodity costs and certain other 17 costs associated with gas production are collected via the Gas Cost Rate ("GCR") 18 clause and thus are excluded in this study. Production plant is sized to meet 19 maximum daily demand and thus the costs of operating PGW's production plant 20 have been functionalized to supply, classified to demand, and allocated among 21 Rate Classes based on relative demands of each Rate Class on the design day. The 22 costs of commodity related to supplying the Interruptible Sales class was functionalized to supply, classified as commodity, and directly assigned to the 23 24 Interruptible Sales class. Natural gas operating expenses and gas removed from storage support year-long gas supply were functionalized to supply, classified as 25 commodity, and assigned to the Rate Classes based on their relative share of 26 consumption. Other gas supply expenses, including LNG used for other utility 27

1operations was functionalized to supply, classified to commodity, and allocated2among Rate Classes based on relative share of firm sales.

Q. WHAT COSTS ARE INCLUDED IN STORAGE AND HOW WERE THESE COSTS FUNCTIONALIZED, CLASSIFIED AND ALLOCATED AMONG RATE CLASSES?

A. Natural gas storage, terminaling, and processing expenses are the costs associated
with operating PGW's LNG facilities, which are designed and operated to meet
design day demand requirements. Related costs were functionalized to storage,
classified as demand, and allocated among Rate Classes based on relative
demands of each Rate Class on the design day.

Q. WHAT COSTS ARE INCLUDED IN PGW'S DISTRIBUTION COSTS AND HOW WERE THESE COSTS FUNCTIONALIZED, CLASSIFIED AND ALLOCATED AMONG RATE CLASSES?

14 Λ. Distribution costs include a variety of expenses related to operation and 15 maintenance of the distribution system. Operation supervision and engineering expenses as well as distribution rents relate to both the distribution and onsite 16 17 functions, and thus were costs functionalized to distribution and onsite in 18 proportion to the functionalization of distribution plant, and were classified and 19 allocated among Rate Classes in proportion to the direct labor content of 20 distribution function expenses. Distribution load dispatching expenses were 21 functionalized to distribution, classified as commodity, and assigned to the Rate 22 Classes based on their relative share of consumption. The costs of operating and 23 maintaining mains, services, meters, and house regulators were functionalized, 24 classified and allocated among Rate Classes in proportion to PGW's investments 25 in the respective assets. Costs related to general and city gate measuring and 26 regulating equipment were functionalized to distribution, classified to commodity 27 and customer and allocated among Rate Classes based on design day usage of the 28 assets and throughput. Costs related to industrial measuring and regulating

1 equipment were functionalized to distribution, classified to commodity and 2 allocated to the industrial Rate Class. Costs of work performed on customer 3 premises were functionalized to onsite and classified to customer. The portion of 4 these costs related to PGW's parts and labor plan were allocated to the residential 5 classes, consistent with the allocation of parts and labor plan revenue; and the 6 remaining costs were allocated among Rate Classes based on PGW's investment 7 in meters for each class. Other distribution costs were functionalized between 8 distribution and onsite in proportion to the functionalization of distribution plant. 9 and classified to customer. The distribution function portion was allocated among 10 Rate Classes in proportion to distribution plant and classified as distribution 11 customer and the onsite function portion was allocated in proportion to plant 12 functionally classified as onsite customer.

13 Q. HOW WERE CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS COSTS FUNCTIONALIZED, 14 CLASSIFIED AND ALLOCATED AMONG RATE CLASSES?

15 ٨. Customer accounts costs relate to maintaining customer records and collection. 16 uncollectible accounts, meter reading, and related supervision. Customer records 17 and collection expenses were functionalized to onsite and classified to customer. 18 This account was studied in detail to identify appropriate cost drivers to allocate 19 the costs related to the different activities captured in this account. For additional 20detail please refer to Exhibit PQH-8. Uncollectible accounts were functionalized 21 to distribution, classified as customer, and allocated among Rate Classes based on 22 the share of write offs for the period between 2014 and 2016. The uncollectible 23 amounts related to Customer Responsibility Program were functionalized to 24 USEC and allocated among the Rate Classes based on the relative share of firm 25 sales. Meter reading expenses and related supervision were functionalized to 26 onsite, classified to customer and allocated among Rate Classes based on 27 investment in meters and in number of meters. For additional detail please refer to 28 Exhibit PQH-8.

Q. HOW WERE CUSTOMER SERVICE AND INFORMATION COSTS FUNCTIONALIZED, CLASSIFIED AND ALLOCATED AMONG RATE CLASSES?

Customer assistance expenses include marketing and customer service functions. 4 Λ. 5 and were functionalized to onsite and classified to customer. This account was 6 studied in detail to identify appropriate cost drivers to allocate the costs related to the different activities captured in this account. For additional detail please refer 7 8 to Exhibit PQH-8. Costs related to low income customer weatherization 9 programs, as well as Customer Responsibility Program Shortfall and Senior 10 Discounts were functionalized to USEC and allocated among Rate Classes based 11 on the relative share of firm sales.

12 Q. HOW WERE ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES 13 FUNCTIONALIZED, CLASSIFIED AND ALLOCATED AMONG RATE 14 CLASSES?

A. Administrative and general expenses include administrative and general salaries,
employee healthcare, pensions, and benefits, office supplies and expenses, and
miscellaneous general expenses, among others.

For the most part, administrative and general expenses serve more than one 18 19 function and were thus allocated based on the share of labor costs associated with each functional classification. Some notable exceptions are listed below. Property 20 21 insurance costs were functionalized, classified, and allocated among Rate Classes using plant in service in each functional classification. Regulatory commission 22 23 expenses include expenses that are incurred by PGW in connection with formal 24 cases before the Commission. These expenses were functionalized to distribution, classified to customer and allocated among Rate Classes in the same ratios as the 25 rate base. Administrative and general expenses also include certain costs 26 associated with funding PGW's Other Post Employment Benefit liabilities. These 27

1		were allocated among the Rate Classes based on the share of labor costs
2		associated with each functional classification.
3	Q .	HOW WAS DEPRECIATION EXPENSE FUNCTIONALIZED, CLASSIFIED
4		AND ALLOCATED AMONG RATE CLASSES?
5	Λ.	Depreciation expenses include depreciation expense on plant in service, and were
6		allocated among Rate Classes in the same ratios as plant in service.
7	Q. 1	HOW WAS PAYROLL TAX EXPENSE FUNCTIONALIZED, CLASSIFIED
8	1	AND ALLOCATED AMONG RATE CLASSES?
9	Α.	Payroll taxes were allocated among the Rate Classes based on the share of labor
10		costs associated each functional classification.
11	Q. I	HOW WERE INTEREST EXPENSE AND AFUDC CREDIT
12	J	FUNCTIONALIZED, CLASSIFIED AND ALLOCATED AMONG RATE
13	(CLASSES?
[4	Α.	Debt Service and Interest expense was functionalized, classified and allocated
15		among Rate Classes in proportion to the rate base. The Allowance for Funds Used
16		During Construction Credit was functionalized and classified in proportion to rate
17		base and allocated among Rate Classes in proportion to the rate base.
18	Q. I	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE SURPLUS REQUIREMENT AND HOW THIS
19	l	DIFFERS FROM THAT OF A TYPICAL INVESTOR-OWNED UTILITY.
20	Α.	In a typical investor-owned utility, an important component of the revenue
21		requirement is the overall rate of return on rate base the utility is authorized to
22		carn. However, as a municipally-owned utility, PGW's revenue requirement is not
23		established on the basis of a rate of return. Rather, in the case of PGW, the Tariff
24		Revenue Requirement includes a dollar amount in excess of cost to meet certain
25		financial requirements. As discussed in Mr. Golden's testimony, an important
26		consideration for PGW is to earn sufficient revenue to maintain certain debt

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1 coverage levels and levels of cash on hand and liquidity. The surplus requirement 2 is an amount that achieves the desired level of debt coverage and days cash on 3 hand over a period of time. It is an integral component that protects against risk 4 from volatility in volumes. This is a requirement as it plays a role in stabilizing 5 revenue, without which the Company is at risk of being unable to meet its 6 financial obligations. For this reason the cost of service study treats this as a cost 7 that must be recovered from customers.

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HOW WAS THE SURPLUS REQUIREMENT FUNCTIONALIZED, CLASSIFIED AND ALLOCATED AMONG RATE CLASSES?

A. In a typical investor-owned utility, the return to equity capital is allocated among
 Rate Classes in proportion to the rate base. Since PGW's surplus requirement is a
 function of PGW's capital requirements, it was functionalized to distribution,
 classified to customer and allocated among Rate Classes in proportion to the rate
 base.

15 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE PGW'S REVENUE SOURCES.

A. The revenues obtained by PGW can be largely grouped in two categories.
 Operating revenues are those that PGW receives as a result of providing services
 to its customers, and includes gas tariff revenues as well other miscellaneous
 service revenues from appliance servicing and customer installations, and service
 restoration fees. Non-operating income includes rental income, interest income
 and other miscellaneous non-operating income.

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Q. WHAT ROLE DO REVENUES PLAY IN THE PGW CCOSS?

A. Revenues play an important role in the computation of the Tariff Revenue
 Requirement, and their proper allocation is essential to measuring the extent to
 which each Rate Class recovers sufficient revenue to cover its respective cost of
 service. Non-operating revenues play the role of reducing the revenue
 requirement that needs to be collected under proposed rates.

1Q.HOW WERE PGW'S OPERATING REVENUES AT PRESENT RATES2COMPUTED AND ALLOCATED TO THE RATE CLASSES?

3 Α. For the purposes of this study, and consistent with the groupings in the 2009 4 PGW CCOSS I have grouped tariff revenues into categories. Distribution revenue 5 includes revenue from the customer charge, volumetric charge, as well as other surcharges with the exception of the USEC surcharge. It was computed by 6 7 multiplying the present rates by forecasted billing units for each Rate Class. 8 USEC revenue corresponds to revenues collected via the USEC surcharge and 9 was computed as the product of the USEC surcharge and the volumes 10 corresponding to the Rate Classes to which the USEC surcharge applies. Revenue 11 related to forfeited discounts and finance charges was allocated among the Rate Classes based on the relative proportion of balances over 60 days for each Rate 12 Class. Interruptible Sales revenue as well as GTS/IT gas revenue was computed 13 14 by PGW and directly assigned to the corresponding classes. Miscellancous service revenue, as well as other gas revenue and revenue adjustments were 15 16 computed by PGW and allocated among the Rate Classes in proportion to GCR revenue. Bill paid turn-ons & dig-ups revenue was functionalized to onsite. 17 classified to customer and allocated among Rate Classes based on average 18 19 number of customers, while customer installation revenue was functionalized to 20 onsite, classified to customer and allocated among Rate Classes based on average 21 number of residential customers.

22 Q. HOW WERE NON-OPERATING REVENUES FUNCTIONALIZED, 23 CLASSIFIED AND ALLOCATED AMONG RATE CLASSES?

A. Non-operating revenues include interest income and miscellaneous non-operating
 income. Interest income was functionalized, classified and allocated among Rate
 Classes in proportion to the rate base, consistent with the allocation of the interest
 expense. Miscellaneous non-operating income is related to capacity release
 credits, and was functionalized to supply, classified as demand and allocated

1 2 among Rate Classes in proportion to design day supply requirements. This is appropriate because these credits serve the purpose of offsetting capacity costs.

3 Q. ARE THERE ANY OTHER COMPONENTS TO THE PGW CCOSS THAT 4 WARRANT DISCUSSION?

- 5 A. No, the above testimony addresses all significant components of the PGW 6 CCOSS.
- 7 IV. <u>RESULTS OF THE PGW CCOSS</u>

8 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE RESULTS OF YOUR WORK.

9 Α. In the present CCOSS I have assigned the non-gas Tariff Revenue Requirement among the Rate Classes on a cost causation basis. This assignment was based on 10 11 data provided by PGW including forecasted costs, physical quantities, and other 12 operating characteristics for the Test Year. Detailed results of my analysis are 13 provided in the exhibits. One of the main results of my work is the increase or 14 decrease in Tariff Revenue for each Rate Class that is needed to produce the full 15 cost of service for each Rate Class. The computation of customer related costs 16 reveals that both the current and proposed customer charges are significantly 17 lower than the customer charges that result from the customer related costs 18 identified by the present CCOSS. The Company's revenue at current rates 19 combined with the proposed allocation of costs would result in under-recoveries 20of non-gas Tariff Revenue Requirements for most Rate Classes.

21 Q. PLEASE BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE INFORMATION IN EXHIBITS PQH-1, 22 PQH-2, AND PQH-3.

A. Exhibit PQH-1 shows the revenue at current rates, the Tariff Revenue
 Requirement allocated on a cost of service basis, and the allocation of the
 proposed rate increase for each Rate Class. In Exhibit PQH-2 I summarize the
 results of allocating the Tariff Revenue Requirement by functional classification.

1 Exhibit PQH-3 shows the results of the class allocations by FERC account detail. 2 This exhibit shows the allocation of each item of rate base, operating expenses, 3 depreciation expense, as well as operating and non-operating revenues. Lastly, in this exhibit I compare revenue at current rates to the total Tariff Revenue 4 5 Requirement allocated on a cost of service basis, to show the extent to which each 6 Rate Class would produce its full Tariff Revenue Requirement at current rates. Exhibits PQH-3A through Exhibit PQH-3H provide additional detail of the 7 8 allocations for each functional classification.

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Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE INFORMATION IN EXHIBITS PQH-4 and PQH-5.

In Exhibit POH-4 and Exhibit POH-5 I show the results of performing the 10 Α. functionalization, and classification steps on each item of the revenue requirement 11 12 grouped by FERC account. Exhibit PQH-4 shows the classification of each item 13 of the Supply function (as demand or commodity), and each item of the 14 Distribution function (as demand, commodity, or customer). Items functionalized 15 to storage were classified entirely to demand, and those functionalized to onsite and USEC we classified entirely to customer, therefore these functions are not 16 17 shown on the exhibit.

18 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE INFORMATION IN EXHIBIT PQH-6 AND 19 EXHIBIT PQH-7.

A. Exhibit PQH-6 shows the factors used in the classification, functionalization, and
allocation steps of the preset CCOSS for each FERC Account. In Exhibit PQH-71
show the values of each allocator used.

23 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE INFORMATION IN EXHIBIT PQH-8.

A. In this exhibit I provide detail related to how I developed each of the mainallocators used in the CCOSS.

1	1 V. PROPOSED REVENUE ALLOCATION AND RATE DESIGN	
2	Q. V	WHAT IS THE TOPIC OF THIS SECTION OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
3	А.	In this section I describe the allocation of the Company's proposed rate increase
4		and the computation of the resulting rates, based on certain Company's
5		specifications for revenue allocation and proposed rates.
6	Q. P	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COMPANY'S APPROACH TO REVENUE
7	A	ALLOCATION.
8	Α.	The Company specified the following approach for the allocation of the revenue
9		increase:
10		i. Make proportional progress towards each class's respective cost of
11		service.
12		ii. Avoid having any one class bear a disproportionally large portion of
13		the rate increase.
14		iii. No revenue increase has been allocated to the Interruptible Sales or
15		GTS customers, as the rates that these customers pay are governed by
16		bilateral contracts between the customers and PGW.
17		iv. For the IT Rate Class, allocate a portion of the revenue increase to
18		reflect the fact that the IT customer demand drives many of the costs
19		associated with building and operating the system.
20		v. Allocate the revenue increase in such a way that would result in rates
21		that are similar for customers that share similar service requirements
22		but are nonetheless grouped under different Rate Classes.
23		The specification in (ii) was implemented in part by assigning a portion of the rate
24		increase to the Commercial class, even though the class as a whole would over-
25		collect relative to its cost of service. The specification in (iv) is appropriate
26		because the IT contribution to peak demand is not appropriately captured with the
27		allocators used in the current CCOSS, and thus the results somewhat understate

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1	their cost responsibility. Even though the IT customers are not contributing to
2	demand on the peak day, their needs are still being met by the distribution system.
3	While their interruptibility could result in avoidance of costs that are strictly
4	related to peak capacity, it does not avoid all capacity costs imposed by these
5	customers on the system. The specification in (v) was implemented by allocating
6	a portion of the revenue increase to the PHA GS class in such a way that the
7	resulting rate would move closer to, but remain below, the Residential GS rate.
8	Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR RECOMMENDED ALLOCATION OF THE
9	RATE INCREASE.
10	A. Distribution rates were developed based on the proposed revenue allocation and
П	the previously described goals set forth by the Company:
12	i. Increase the monthly fixed customer charges proportionally for each
13	Rate Class, to more closely reflect the fixed nature of certain costs that
14	are driven by the number of customers and that do not vary with the
15	volume of gas consumed. As shown in Exhibit PQH-2, the proposed
16	customer charges are significantly lower than the charges that are
17	supported by the CCOSS. 1 discuss customer-related costs and
18	customer charges in more detail in Section VI.
19	ii. Set volumetric delivery charges that are the same within each of the
20	following groups, including in each case heating and non-heating, and
21	firm sales and firm transportation: Residential; Commercial; Industrial.
22	Monthly customer charges are also the same within each such group.
23	iii. A separate rate was established for Philadelphia Housing Authority
24	General Service.
25	iv. A combined rate was set for Municipal Heating, Municipal Non-
26	Heating, and Philadelphia Housing Authority Rate 8, to reflect the fact
27	that these Rate Classes have similar service requirements.
28	v. A separate rate established for Natural Gas Vehicle service.

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vi. For the IT class, made no changes to the monthly customer charges.
 and allocated the same percent increase in the volumetric rate for each
 of the IT Rate Classes IT-A through IT-E.

4 Q. DID YOU PREPARE A SCHEDULE THAT SHOWS THE COMPANY'S 5 PROPOSED RATE DESIGN?

A. Yes. I show the results of my rate design computation in Exhibit PQH-9.

7 Q. WHAT IS THE GPC AND HOW WAS IT COMPUTED?

- 8 A. The Gas Procurement Charge ("GPC") is a volumetric charge that is intended to 9 recover certain costs associated with procuring natural gas, and applies to all firm 10 sales customers. The GPC is developed to isolate these costs from the distribution 11 charge.
- 12 Gas procurement costs include administrative salaries related to procuring natural gas, storage gas working capital, and cash working capital. These costs are 13 divided by the total firm sales service volumes to develop the GPC, which is the 14 15 same for all firm sales customers. To ensure revenue neutrality, a separate GPC 16 credit is computed and is applied to the volumetric rates of firm sales as well as 17 firm transportation customers. This credit is computed by dividing the gas 18 procurement costs by firm sales and firm transportation volumes. Details of my 19 computations can be found in Exhibits PQH-10.

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Q. WHAT IS THE MFC AND HOW WAS IT COMPUTED?

A. The Merchant Function Charge ("MFC") is a volumetric charge that is intended to recover the cost of uncollectible accounts expenses related to natural gas supply for each Rate Class. It is developed to isolate uncollectible costs from the distribution charge. The MFC applies only to firm sales customers and the charge for each Rate Class is different.

1 The MFC is a function of the uncollectible accounts for each Rate Class. The first 2 step in the calculation was to compute the average percentage of uncollectible 3 amounts for each Rate Class for Fiscal Years 2014 through 2016. This percentage 4 was applied to the forecasted GCR revenues in the Test Year to determine the 5 total amount of uncollectibles to be recovered via the MFC. The MFC for each Rate Class was calculated by dividing the uncollectible GCR costs for each Rate 6 7 Class by the corresponding total firm sales volumes. Similarly to the GPC, a 8 credit was computed to apply to all firm sales and firm transportation volumes. 9 Details of my computations can be found in Exhibits POH-11.

10 Q. DID YOU COMPARE THE REVENUE UNDER THE CURRENT TARIFF TO 11 THE REVENUE UNDER THE TARIFF RATES THAT THE COMPANY IS 12 PROPOSING?

13 A. I have not. This computation is presented in the testimony of Mr. Dybalski.

14 VI. CUSTOMER-RELATED COSTS

15 Q. WHAT ARE CUSTOMER-RELATED COSTS?

A. Customer-related costs are the costs incurred to connect a customer to the
 distribution system, the capital costs and expenses associated with metering gas
 usage, and the costs to maintain the customer's account and provide customer
 service. Customer costs vary as a function of the number of customers served, and
 do not depend on the amount of gas consumed by customers.

21 Q. WHY IS IT APPROPRIATE TO COLLECT CUSTOMER-RELATED COSTS 22 VIA A FIXED CUSTOMER CHARGE?

A. As previously discussed, customer-related costs do not depend on the amount of
 gas consumed, but rather are a function of the number of customers served. For
 this reason, a fixed monthly charge is appropriate because it reflects the
 invariance of these customer costs with respect to consumption that this charge is

intended to recover. It also enhances the Tariff's ability to recover these costs in
the face of changes in consumption and, thus, reduces coverage risk for fixed
costs.

4 Q. WHAT COSTS ARE INCLUDED IN PGW'S CUSTOMER-RELATED COSTS 5 AND HOW WERE THESE ALLOCATED AMONG RATE CLASSES?

A. Customer-related costs were allocated in a way consistent with the methodology 1
use to conduct the present CCOSS. The total customer-related cost is the sum of
the amounts that were classified to Customer in the classification step of the PGW
CCOSS. Details of the allocation of customer-related expenses can be found in
Exhibit PQH-3F, Exhibit PQH-3G, and Exhibit PQH-3H. A summary of the total
amount for each functional classification can be found in Exhibit PQH-2.

12 Q. DID YOU CALCULATE THE CUSTOMER-RELATED COSTS FOR EACH 13 OF THE RATE CLASSES?

14A.Yes, I did. In Exhibit PQH-2 I show the total dollar amount assigned to each Rate15Class by functional classification, and I also compute the monthly fixed customer16charge that would be supported on a cost of service basis. I do this by dividing the17total customer related costs by the number of customers in each Rate Class. We18relayed this information to PGW for the Company to consider as it made a19determination for their proposed customer charges. For additional details please20refer to the testimony of Mr. Dybalski.

Q. DID YOU COMPARE THE MONTHLY CUSTOMER CHARGES BEING PROPOSED BY PGW TO THE CUSTOMER RELATED COSTS YOU CALCULATED IN THE PGW CCOSS?

A. Yes. For every Rate Class, the proposed monthly Customer Charge is lower than
the customer related costs on a per customer-month basis in the PGW CCOSS for
the Fully Projected Future Test Year. In other words, on a cost causation basis,
PGW would be justified to propose customer charges that are notably higher than

1 the ones the Company is proposing. An increase in the customer charge makes 2 progress towards rates that more closely reflect the fixed nature of the costs 3 related to serving individual customers and that do not vary greatly with the 4 amount of gas consumed.

5 VII. THE USE OF A 10-YEAR WEATHER NORMAL

6 Q. PGW WITNESS DYBALSKI (PGW ST. 6) HAS INDICATED THAT THE 7 COMPANY USED A 10-YEAR AVERAGE TO CALCULATE NORMAL 8 DEGREE DAYS TO DETERMINE PRO FORMA REVENUES BASED ON 9 YOUR RECOMMENDATION. WHY DID YOU RECOMMEND THAT PGW 10 UTILIZE A 10-YEAR WEATHER NORMAL RATHER THAN THE 30-YEAR 11 WEATHER NORMAL USED HISTORICALLY?

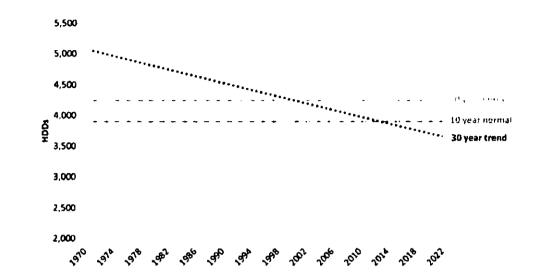
12 Utilities and other organizations incorporate overall climatic trends into Α. projections for heating and cooling degree days. In order to remain consistent 13 with changing trends, shorter time horizons (e.g. 10-year normals) and trended 14 normals have also been adopted.² Weather normals with shorter time horizons 15 16 adapt to current conditions but may need to be updated as climatic shifts continue. while trended normals inherently track continued climate trends. As shown below 17 in Figure 1, a 30-year trended normal (1986-2015) based on the Richmond Station 18 19 data produces a projection of 3,797 Heating Degree Days ("HDDs") in 2017 and 20 3,661 HDDs in 2022. The 10-year normal (2006-2015) produces 3,905 HDDs, a higher number that corresponds to colder weather, and the "30 year average" 21 22 normal produces 4,247 HDDs, the coldest projection of the three.

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For example, the Department of Energy's 2016 Annual Energy Outlook projects residential heating and cooling degree days informed by a 30-year linear trend.

See: http://www.eia.gov/outlooks/aco/assumptions/pdf/residential.pdf

Figure 1: Historical and Trended Weather Normals³



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I recommend that PGW utilize the 10-year average because:

- the 30-year average is no longer supportable as reflective of "normal" degree days in PGW's service territory;
- 6 ii. the 10-year average is a more supportable methodology compared to the
 7 current 30-year average approach, although it is likely not as accurate a
 8 forecast of HDDs as the one that would result from using a 30-year trend; and
- 9 iii. the use of an average rather than a trend is consistent with the past use of
 10 degree day averages to determine normal weather.
- 11 Q. OTHER THAN THE DATA PRESENTED ABOVE, ARE THERE OTHER
 12 REASONS TO USE A 10-YEAR WEATHER NORMAL?
- 13 14
- A. Yes, based on its observations and feedback from the energy industry, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration ("NOAA") has developed

³ The Richmond Station Heating Degree Day data was provided by PGW. The 30-year normal and 30-year trended normal are based on the annual HDDs for 1986-2015. The 10-year normal is based on annual HDDs for 2006-2015. The annual HDDs corresponded PGW's fiscal year of September – August and included all months' HDDs.

"alternative" normals; these normals are specifically designed to better reflect
 current and future climate conditions than 30-year normals.⁴ These alternative
 normals include shorter time horizons (5-20 years) as well as a trended normal,
 which uses a statistical approach called a Hinge Fit.⁵

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Q. WHAT IS THE EFFECT ON RATES OF MOVING FROM A 30-YEAR TO A 10-YEAR WEATHER FORECAST TEST YEAR?

7 Α. The effect of this change on proposed rates is largest for the Residential and 8 Commercial heating classes. A move to 10-year weather normal results in a lower 9 estimate of sales relative to that which would occur under a 30-year weather 10 assumption (but higher than the 30-year trend). This has a dual impact on rates. 11 On one hand, all else being equal, a higher level of sales would result in a lower 12 volumetric rate for all Rate Classes given that the revenue requirement would be 13 divided over a larger number of units of gas. On the other hand, the move to 10-14 year weather has a proportionally larger impact on the Residential and 15 Commercial heating classes. As a result of lower volumes, in the CCOSS these classes would be allocated a relatively smaller share of those costs that are 16 allocated based on their consumption. All else being equal this would result in a 17 18 reduction in rates for these classes. The combined effect of this change on each Rate Class will depend on the difference in projected consumption for each class, 19 and the cost characteristics of the services provided. Quantifying the effect of this 20 21 change on rates was beyond the scope of my assignment.

22 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

23 A. Yes.

⁴ Anthony Arguez, Russel Vose, and Jenny Dissen, "Alternative Climate Normals: Impacts to the Energy Industry," American Meteorological Society, June 2015: 915-917.

⁵ National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, "Defining Climate Normals in New Ways," https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/news/defining-climate-normals-new-ways. Accessed February 15, 2017.

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Philip Q Hanser is a principal of The Brattle Group and has over thirty-five years of consulting and litigation experience in the energy industry. He specializes in regulatory and financial economics, especially for electric and gas utilities, in areas such as retail tariffs, transmission pricing, marginal and avoided costs, and integrated resource planning. He is experienced in environmental issues, forecasting, marketing and demand-side management, and other complex management and financial matters. He also provides assistance in statistical matters including sample design and data analysis.

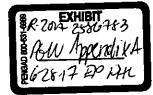
He has appeared as an expert witness before the U.S. Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), and numerous state public utility commissions, environmental agencies, Canadian utility boards, as well as arbitration panels, and in federal and state courts. Since 2009, Mr. Hanser has taught industry professionals about the principles and practice of cost of service calculations and rate design on behalf of the Edison Electric Institute in its Advanced Rates Course. He served for six years on the American Statistical Association's Advisory Committee to the Energy Information Administration (EIA). He is a member of IEEE (Institute of Electronics and Electrical Engineers), CIGRE (Conseil International des Grands Reseaux Electriques).

Prior to joining The Brattle Group, Mr. Hanser held teaching positions at the University of the Pacific, University of California at Davis, and Columbia University, and served as a guest lecturer at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Stanford University, and the University of Chicago. He currently is a Senior Associate in the Mossavar-Rahmani Center for Business and Government at the Harvard Kennedy School and co-leads a seminar in public policy analysis. He has also served as the manager of the Demand-Side Management Program at the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI). He has been published widely in leading industry and economic journals.

AREAS OF EXPERTISE

- Analysis of Electricity Generation, Contracts, and Wholesale Markets
- Resource Planning and Procurement
- Environment
- Energy Efficiency, Demand-Side Management, and Renewables
- Analysis of Market Power
- RTO Design and Participation
- Forecasting and Weather Normalization
- Rate Design and Related Issues
- Transmission
- Plant Performance and Strategy
- Utility Financial Issues





EDUCATION

Ph.D. Candidacy Requirements Completed, Columbia University, NY	1975
Phil.M. (Economics and Mathematical Statistics) Columbia University	1975
A.B. (Economics and Mathematics) The Florida State University, FL	1971
University of California at Berkeley Engineering Extension Course	
Time Series and Econometric Forecasting	September 1979
Data Analysis and Regression, American Statistical Association	
Short Course, San Diego, CA	August 1978
ACADEMIC POSITIONS	
Harvard Kennedy School	
Senior Associate in the Mossavar-Rahmani Center for Business and Government	
Co-Leader BGP-150Y Business and Government Policy Analysis Concentration Seminal	r 2012-present
Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA	
Guest Lecturer, Energy Laboratory Short Courses	1997-1998

University of California, Davis; Davis, CA Visiting Lecturer, Department of Economics

University of the Pacific, Stockton, CA1975-1980Assistant Professor, Departments of Economics and Mathematics1975-1980

EXPERIENCE

Analysis of Electricity Generation, Contracts, and Wholesale Markets

- Provided expert testimony in Massachusetts state court on the impacts of alleged violations of a wholesale power contract on a supplier in ISO-NE.
- For the California Department of Water Resources, provided expert testimony in federal bankruptcy court with regard to the public interest standard to be applied to Calpine

1981-1982

Corporation's rejection of its contracts. This assignment included a valuation of the contract over time through the use of a simulation model of the California market, as well as an assessment of the potential reliability implications for the California market.

- For the California Department of Water Resources and the California Attorney General's Office, provided expert testimony on damages resulting from Sempra Energy Resources breaches of its power purchase agreement in both arbitration hearings and before the California state court. Analyzed two years of hourly data on energy deliveries, market prices, ISO charges, and invoice charges to identify and evaluate performance violations and invoice overcharges. Assisted counsel in developing the theory of the case and provided general litigation support in preparation for and during arbitration.
- For Dominion Electric Marketing, Inc. (DEMI), provided assistance in their response to a complaint by United Illuminating (UI) regarding their wholesale supply contract. The dispute centered on the allocation of reliability must-run costs between UI as a load-serving entity and DEMI as wholesale supplier.
- For the California Department of Water Resources, reviewed the California ISO's proposed implementation of locational marginal pricing (LMP) and analyzed implications for "seller's choice" supply contracts. Developed a framework for quantifying the incremental congestion costs that ratepayers would face if suppliers delivered power to the lowest priced nodes, and estimated potential incremental contract costs using a third party's GE-MAPS market simulations. Made recommendations to the CAISO regarding how to address the issue.
- Provided expert testimony in Massachusetts state court on the damages incurred by a power plant developer as a result of alleged contractual violations by a supplier for a plant constructed in ISO-NE.
- For a Florida utility, provided a confidential expert report evaluating the benefits of the power from a co-generator and its potential rate implications, and assisted in the negotiation of a co-generation contract with a large industrial customer.
- Assisted a U.S. electric utility in the preparation of a bid proposal to an industrial firm for the leasing of a new power plant. The assignment included risk analysis of the proposal, assessment of financial and rate impacts, and market assessment of competitors' potential offerings.
- For a merchant generation company, provided testimony on the fairness of a resource procurement action.



Resource Planning and Procurement

- For the Edison Electric Institute. co-authored a report on the general inapplicability of standard financial portfolio theory to the resource portfolios of utilities.
- For the investor-owned utilities of Wisconsin, provided testimony before the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin on cost of capital issues for use in its statewide resource planning exercise.
- For an international development bank, evaluated generation resource needs for an Eastern European country as well as provided a determination of alternative means to meet those generation needs. This assignment included analysis of the impact of privatization on the country's economy, its import and export sectors, and future development of electricity and gas resources.
- For a western utility, developed an assessment its resource options, with a particular view towards future environmental regulation.
- For a southern utility, performed an assessment of the value of adding a gas-fired generating station.

Environment

- For an eastern U.S. utility with substantial coal-generating facilities, provided advice with regard to maintenance procedures and risk exposure to New Source Review standards under the Clean Air Act Amendments.
- For a western generator with substantial coal-generating facilities, provided assistance with regard to responding to allegations by the Environmental Protection Agency of failure to comply with the New Source Review standards under the Clean Air Act Amendments.
- For Illinois Power Company, provided expert testimony in federal court on the regulatory and rate base implications of the Clean Air Act Amendments, in support of the calculation of noncompliance economic damages arising from New Source Review.
- For a gas utility, assisted in the development of potential manufactured gas liabilities for use in insurance recovery and in estimating potential recovery under a variety of insurance allocation theories and estimated risk distribution.
- For a gas utility, assisted in the assessment of the announcement effect of environmental liabilities on its cost of capital. This assignment included estimation of changes in market betas for pre- and post- environmental liability announcement.

THE Brattle GROUP

Energy Efficiency, Demand-Side Management, and Renewables

- For a large utility in the southern United States, prepared expert report investigating alternative cost allocation approaches for generation capacity, fuel, and demand-side management (DSM) costs, both through a review of the methods, surveys of practice, as well as the financial impacts on the utility. The cost allocation assessment included cost allocation across jurisdictions as well as within a jurisdiction.
- For Central Vermont Public Service, provided expert testimony on the impact of its DSM programs before the Vermont Public Service Board.
- For Ameren/UE's Illinois subsidiaries, provided expert testimony on the potential for gas DSM and resulting potential rate implications.
- For a northeastern utility, developed an assessment of the potential penetration rate of microturbines. For the utility service territories under consideration, evaluated the back-up generation rates and connection charges likely to be incurred for such systems to determine customer costs and benefits.
- For a utility located in WECC procuring renewable resources, provided a system integration study for a range of renewable project proposals. Used production costing and power flow models to estimate the "deliverability" of various proposals, including estimating the LMP prices and the potential congestion costs. Ranked the proposed renewable power projects by their estimated benefits and costs and delivered a formal presentation to the utility's executives at the completion of the project.
- For a power marketer and developer of independent power projects in Great Britain, assisted in the preparation of comments on proposals by the UK pool regarding the role of demand-side bidding and the pricing of transmission losses.
- For a Texas utility, provided expert testimony regarding breach of contract claims made against it by an industrial participant in an energy efficiency project. Reviewed the energy efficiency impacts of program. Calculated the net present value of the project in relation to various rate options and market prices.
- For Connecticut Light and Power, provided testimony in support of an application for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need for the construction of a 345-kV electric transmission line and reconstruction of an existing 115-kV electric transmission line. At issue was the use of distributed resources to substitute for the proposed lines.



Analysis of Market Power

- For the California Parties, provided litigation support and testimony regarding manipulation of energy and ancillary service market prices and the outage behavior of gas fired power plants during 2000-01. The proceeding, before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, involved Enron, Dynegy, Mirant, Reliant, Williams, and other suppliers in the U.S. and Canada. The analyses focused on the use by suppliers of generation outages to affect market prices through physical withholding, as well as the use of pricing to yield economic withholding.
- For the California Parties, provided litigation support and testimony regarding Enron's transmission and ancillary services market manipulation strategies, including 'Death Star' and 'Get Shorty.'
- For Southern California Edison, submitted testimony before the FERC describing the implications of manipulation of gas market prices on the electricity market.
- For Sierra Pacific Resources Company, provided expert testimony before the Public Utilities Commission of Nevada and the FERC regarding the market power implications of generation asset divestiture required for the merger of Sierra Pacific Power and Nevada Power Company. Developed a Cournot market model to assess the market power implications of selling off alternative groupings of generation.
- For the Pennsylvania-New Jersey-Maryland Interconnection, LLC (PJM), co-authored annual report on the state of its markets. The report included an assessment of the market's competitiveness and potential structural deficiencies, and identified potential instances of market abuse.
- For PJM, developed an ensemble of metrics for assessing market power in its markets. The metrics included an early warning system to permit PJM interventions into market abuse at the earliest possible stage.
- For PJM, developed software for unilateral market power assessment and assisted PJM in its preliminary implementation. Its use was demonstrated with an incident involving potential market power abuse by PJM members.



RTO Design and Participation

- For Northeast Utilities, provided testimony before the FERC with regard to the economics of imposing local installed capacity (LICAP) requirements on ISO-NE. Also provided expert testimony before the FERC in support of its applications for market-based rate authority.
- For NSTAR, provided testimony before the FERC on several matters: first, the necessity of
 imposing bid caps on the New England electricity market; second, replacement energy rates for
 generators when transfer capability into a transmission-constrained zone was reduced because of
 system upgrades; and third, the appropriateness of granting market-based rate authority to a
 generator in a transmission-constrained zone. Developed a Cournot market model to forecast the
 potential impact on market prices in the transmission-constrained zone in which the majority of
 NSTAR's service territory is located.
- For Nevada Power Company, provided expert testimony before the FERC for its market-based rate authority application.
- For Otter Tail Power Company, provided an affidavit to the FERC assessing how the Midwest ISO's proposed Transmission and Energy Market Tariff would affect Otter Tail Power, both operationally and financially. Based on the strategies that were pursued by some market participants during the 2001 California electricity market crisis, demonstrated the potential to pursue similar strategies in MISO and harm Otter Tail and its customers.
- For Edison Mission Energy's subsidiary Midwest Gen, provided expert testimony to the FERC for its market-based rate authority application.
- For a Midwest utility, examined the implications of differing configurations of the independent system operator (ISO) on potential market power concerns. The issue particularly examined was the question of seams and how different ISO configurations affected the costs of transactions.
- Co-authored a report for the New York Independent System Operator assessing the reliability implications of modifying its rules regarding installed capacity.
- Submitted testimony to the Public Utilities Commission of Texas (PUCT) regarding a proposed rule to allocate costs of procuring replacement reserves to market participants in ERCOT.
- For the Edison Electric Institute, authored a report on standard market design and its implications for utilities within regional transmission organizations.



Forecasting and Weather Normalization

- For a northeastern utility. developed an assessment of the potential penetration rate of microturbines using a statistical diffusion model. For the utility service territories under consideration, evaluated the back-up generation rates and connection charges likely to be incurred for such systems to determine customer costs and benefits.
- For the Pennsylvania-New Jersey-Maryland Interconnection, LLC (PJM), co-authored an assessment of its forecasting model
- For Florida Power and Light Co., provided testimony before the Florida Public Service Commission with regard to its forecasting methodology.
- For an electric utility in the Southeast, reviewed the existing weather normalization process and diagnosed problems with weather data and regression models. Developed alternative daily and monthly normalization models, improved degree-day specification, selection of weather stations, and regression specification to double prediction accuracy and improve stability of normalization process.
- For PJM, conducted a review of models for forecasting peak demand and re-estimated new models to validate recommendations. Models were developed for 18 individual transmission zones as well as for the entire PJM system.
- For a Southwestern utility, developed models for forecasting monthly sales and loads for residential, commercial and industrial customer classes using primary data on customer loads, weather conditions, and economic activity.
- For the Public Service Company of New Mexico, provided expert testimony before the Public Utilities Commission of New Mexico regarding the forecasted growth of the El Paso, Texas and Juarez, Mexico markets and their electricity requirements.
- For a Southeastern utility, developed a model for forecasting monthly demand that incorporated the impacts of its significantly declining housing market and which served as the basis for its treasurer's revenue forecast.



Rate Design and Related Issues

- For a Midwest utility, provided support for its rate designs, including cost of service development and certification of conformance with state regulations.
- For an industrial customer, provided testimony before a state public utility commission on the appropriate cost allocation and rate design approach for a municipal water utility.
- For a utility in PJM, performed a marginal cost/avoided cost study to be used in evaluating its demand-side management energy efficiency programs, demand responsive rates, and seasonal and time-of-use rates. Included geographic-specific assessment of marginal distribution and transmission costs.
- For intervenors in Toronto Hydro Electric System Limited (THESL), provided testimony on cost allocation issues with regard to THESL's suite metering program.
- For Ameren/UE's Missouri subsidiary provided expert testimony on its rate design before the Missouri Public Utility Commission. Assisted the development of company witnesses' rationale for the choice of cost of service allocation method, developed benchmarks for the rate increase against similarly situated utilities, as well for other commodities' escalations, and evaluated proposed demand-side management programs and rate options.
- For Ameren/UE's Illinois subsidiaries, provided expert testimony on the potential for gas demand-side management. The testimony discussed potential rate implications of such programs on the revenue of the utilities.
- For the Edison Electric Institute, co-authored a series of papers with regard to issues facing utilities. The reports covered the issues of fuel adjustment clauses, mitigating large rate increase impacts, and the Energy Policy Act of 2005.
- For the City of Vernon, California, submitted testimony to the FERC regarding its revenue requirements for transmission.
- For the Edison Electric Institute, served as an instructor in the Advanced Rates School on the topics of cost allocation, rate design, and marginal costs.
- For the ISO-NE, served as instructor on retail cost allocation and ratemaking.
- For Hydro Québec, provided testimony before the Régie d'Énérgie regarding the conformance of its Open Access Transmission Tariff with U.S. FERC regulations.
- Before staff members of the FERC, assisted in the development of a review of the implications of the restructuring in transmission assets' cost of capital and wholesale rates.



- For a power marketer and developer of independent power projects in Great Britain, assisted in the preparation of comments on proposals by the UK pool regarding the pricing of transmission losses and the role of demand-side bidding.
- For a utility in PJM with multiple jurisdictions provided an assessment of alternative demand and energy cost allocation procedures. Included separate assessments for each jurisdiction as well as an assessment for generation and transmission assets commonly shared by all jurisdictions.
- For a European transmission company, provided an analysis of the likely development of the European electricity market. Also assessed market implications for the transmission company of modifications to the transmission grid.
- For Hydro Québec, provided expert testimony before the Régie d'Énérgie regarding whether a set of privately held transmission facilities constituted a looped transmission system and, thus, was subject to requests for transmission service.
- For Omaha Public Power District, provided assistance in the performance of its cost of service study, retail and wholesale rate designs. Also redesigned its cost of service models.
- For Arizona Public Service, provided assistance in the development of a cost of service basis for separating its residential customers with rooftop solar photovoltaic into a separate rate class.
- For Nevada Power, provided assistance in the development of a cost of service basis for separating its residential customers with rooftop solar photovoltaic into a separate rate class.
- For Pacific Gas and Electric, redesigned the marginal cost of service models, as well as their software implementation, for revenue cycle services and distribution system costs.
- For Wolverine Power Cooperative, provided testimony to the FERC supporting its request for formula rates.
- For the Hawaii Electric Company, assessed alternative performance incentive mechanisms in a report which was submitted to the Hawaii Public Utility Commission.
- For FirstEnergy/Jersey Central Power and Light, provided assistance in their development of their costs of service submitted to the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities.
- For National Grid, assessed alternative performance incentive mechanisms in a report which was submitted to the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities.

Plant Performance and Strategy

• For the Keystone-Conemaugh Project Office, performed a benchmarking analysis to identify the areas in which Keystone and Conemaugh coal units were better performing or under-performing compared to other units with similar characteristics. This involved comparing the historical



operational and cost performance of the Keystone and Conemaugh coal units against their peer groups; identifying the areas where the performance of the Keystone and Conemaugh coal units were above and below the average quartile of their peer groups; and developing metrics and methodologies to combine the results of indivídual comparisons across the operational and cost performance assessments.

 For a U.S. electric utility, assisted in the development of a legislative and regulatory strategy with regard to restructuring. This assignment included generation asset valuation in a competitive market, development of stand-alone transmission and distribution rates under cost-of-service and performance-based regulation, and estimation of stranded costs.

Utility Financial Issues

- For the Edison Electric Institute, co-authored a report on the general inapplicability of standard financial portfolio theory to the resource portfolios of utilities.
- For a gas utility, assisted in the assessment of the announcement effect of environmental liabilities on its cost of capital. This assignment included estimation of changes in market betas for pre- and post- environmental liability announcement.
- For the investor-owned utilities of Wisconsin, provided testimony before the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin on cost of capital issues for use in its statewide resource planning exercise.
- For the developer of a synthetic natural gas plant in Indiana, provided testimony before the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission on the appropriate approach to assessing financial risk for the plant.
- For the developer of a synthetic natural gas plant in Illinois provided a series of testimonies before the Illinois Commerce Commission on the appropriate cost of equity for the plant.
- For the developer of a synthetic natural gas plant in Illinois, provided testimony before the Illinois Construction Development Board on the appropriate range of capital costs and operations and maintenance expenses.

Other Energy Experience

• For the Edison Electric Institute, conducted annual workshop for Electric Rate Advanced Course, "Introduction to Efficient Prices." University of Wisconsin, Madison, July 2009 - Present.



- For the Edison Electric Institute, conducted annual workshop for Electric Rate Advanced Course, "Rate Class Cost Allocation," University of Wisconsin, Madison, July 2009 - Present.
- For the Edison Electric Institute, conducted annual workshop for Electric Rate Advanced Course, "Ratemaking by Objective: It Can Be Done," University of Wisconsin, Madison, July 2009 -Present.
- For the Edison Electric Institute, conducted Pre-Course Workshop for Electric Rate Advanced Course, "Traditional Embedded Costing and Pricing Concepts," University of Wisconsin, Madison, July 26, 2009.
- For the Edison Electric Institute, conducted workshop for Electric Rate Advanced Course, "Unbundling Methodologies," University of Wisconsin, Madison, July 26, 2009.
- For the Edison Electric Institute, conducted webinar "Long-Term Energy Forecasts: Challenges and Approaches." June 17, 2009.
- For the Indiana Energy Conference, presented "It Ain't Your Father's IRP, Meeting Today's Challenges," October 2, 2008.
- For the NEPOOL Forecasting Committee Summer Meeting, presented "I'm a Forecaster And You Can Too!," July 17, 2008.
- For the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI), developed and directed a research program to provide electric utilities the following capabilities: marketing research, pricing and rate design, integrated resource planning, capital budgeting, environmental impacts of electric utilities and end-use technologies, load research, forecasting, and demand-side management through software tools, database development, and technology development. Assisted in the development of the Load Management Strategy Testing Model (LMSTM) and served as its project manager, served as the project manager for the development of DSManager, a software for assessing efficiency programs for electric, gas, and water utilities, enhancements to the Electric Generation Expansion Analysis Model (EGEAS). Co-wrote reports on the environmental impacts of electric technologies. environmental externalities, cost-benefit analysis of DSM programs, rate design and costing, integrated resource planning, impacts of interruptible and curtailable rates, product differentiation, activity-based costing, DSM program evaluation, efficiency program development for electric, gas, and water utilities and others.
- For EPRI, served as project manager of the Edison Electric Institute (EEI), National Rural Electric Cooperatives Association (NRECA), American Public Power Association (APPA), and National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC) jointly sponsored Electric Utility



Rate Design Study (EURDS). Represented the Institute before various regulatory commissions, federal agencies, and utility executives. Also for EPRI, served on the Environmental Protection Agency's advisory committee for the Clean Air Act Amendments and as the operating agent for Annex IV, Improved Methods for Integrating Demand-Side Options into Utility Resource Planning, of the International Energy Agency Agreement on Demand-Side Management.

For a California utility, supervised short- and long-term forecasts of sales and peak demand for use in resource and corporate planning. Supervised and helped prepare forecast documentation for public hearings before the California Energy Commission and represented the utility to the Commission on the forecast. Supervised the design and implementation of long-term strategic planning and financial models, and prepared both marginal and embedded cost of service studies for the utility and assisted in their use for the design of customer rates. Evaluated the impact of energy conservation programs and legislation on long-term system resource requirements. Designed and implemented the residential survey of appliance holdings and commercial customer equipment survey.

Statistics and Sampling

- Designed a statistically valid database sampling procedure for assessing the validity of insurance claims arising from mass tort actions. The database contained summary information on the claims and for each claim there was, at times, voluminous information on the individual cases. The sampling procedure was used to determine which records would be chosen and assessed the individual's claim eligibility.
- Assessed the liability risk of an insurance company that provided coverage relevant to a mass tort suit. A Markov chain model was developed to estimate the size of the potential population and then a risk model was developed to calculate potential exposure.
- Developed a time to failure model to test the claims of generators during the California Electricity Crisis that their outage rates were not abnormal.
- Submitted testimony in bankruptcy court regarding the estimation of inventory subject to
 reclamation by a wholesale pharmaceuticals supplier which was sold to a bankrupt retail drug chain.
 The retail chain failed to maintain proper inventory records and a statistical approach which used a
 combination of data on overall inventory and the shipment and replenishment records of the supplier
 was used to develop the estimate.

TESTIMONY AND REGULATORY FILINGS



Before the United States District Court for The District of Montana Billings Division, Case no: CV 13-32-BLG-DLC-JCL, filed "Expert Report of Philip Q Hanser on Behalf of Defendants," regarding the evaluation of potential impacts of capital maintenance, repair and replacement projects on emissions from four Colstrip Units, November 14, 2014.

Before the Hawai'i Public Utilities Commission, Docket No. 2013-0141, filed "Targeted Performance Incentives: Recommendations to the Hawaiian Electric Companies" by William P. Zarakas and Philip Q Hanser, regarding the analysis of the application of performance incentives to electric utilities, September 15, 2014.

Before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Docket No. ER15-249-000, filed "Prepared Direct Testimony of Philip Q Hanser on behalf of Wolverine Power Supply Cooperative, Inc." regarding a Request for Change in Rates to Distribution Cooperative Member-Owners, October 30, 2014.

Before the Public Utilities Commission of the State of Colorado, Proceeding No. 13F-0145E, "Answer Testimony and Exhibits of Philip Q Hanser on behalf of Tri-State Generation and Transmission Association, Inc.," regarding an Analysis of Complaining Parties' Responses to Tri-State Generation and Transmission Association, Inc., September 10, 2014.

Before the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin, Docket No. 3720-WR-108, filed "Direct Rebuttal and Surrebuttal Testimony of Philip Q Hanser on behalf of MillerCoors L.L.C." regarding the Application of Milwaukee Water Works for Authority to Increase Water Rates, June 2014.

Before the District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri, Civil Action No. 4:11-cv-00077-RWS, filed "Expert Report of Philip Q Hanser on behalf of Ameren Missouri," regarding the New Source Review enforcement case, May 16, 2014.

Before the Illinois Commerce Commission of the State of Illinois, Docket No. 13-0387, filed "Rebuttal Testimony of Philip Q Hanser on behalf of Commonwealth Edison Company," regarding their tariff filing to present the Illinois Commerce Commission with an opportunity to consider revenue neutral tariff changes related to rate design authorized by subsection 16-108.5(e) of the Public Utilities Act, August 19, 2013.

Before the Public Utilities Commission of the State of South Dakota, EL 11-006, filed "Wind Integration Services - Summary of Industry Practices in North America, on behalf of NorthWestern Energy," in the Matter of the Complaint by Oak Tree Energy LLC against NorthWestern Energy for refusing to enter into a Purchase Power Agreement, July 8, 2013.

Before the Régie de l'énergie, R-3848-2013, filed "Direct Testimony of Philip Q Hanser on Behalf of Hydro-Québec Distribution" regarding their Application for approval of characteristics of Wind Integration Services and acquisition analysis of other wind integration services, June 2013, January 2014.

Before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, "Prepared Direct Testimony of Philip Q Hanser on behalf of NV Energy Operating Companies," regarding whether use of a 12-CP cost allocation method is appropriate for the NV Energy transmission system from a cost allocation perspective, May 2013.



Before the Federal Energy Regulatory Committee, Prepared Direct and Rebuttal Testimony and Exhibits of Philip Q Hanser in Support of the Refund Claims of the City of Seattle, Washington, for the Period January 1, 2000 through December 24, 2000, on behalf of the City of Seattle, Washington, EL01-10-085, March 12, 2013, June 3, 2013, July 26, 2013.

Before the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities, "Review and Analysis of Service Quality Plan Structure In the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities Investigation Regarding Service Quality Guidelines for Electric Distribution Companies and Local Gas Distribution Companies," with David E. M. Sappington and William P. Zarakas, as part of the Initial Comments of National Grid, DPU12-120, March 2013.

Before the Bonneville Power Administration, Direct and Rebuttal Testimony of Philip Q Hanser, John D. Martinsen, Felicienne NG, James M. Russell, and Paul Wrigley on Behalf of Benton County Public Utility District No. 1, Iberdrola Renewables, LLC, Tacoma Power, Seattle City Light, and Snohomish County Public Utility District No. 1, Docket No. BP-14-E-JP12-01, January 28, 2013, March 11, 2013.

Before the Illinois Commerce Commission, Report of Philip Q Hanser on Behalf of Chicago Clean Energy, LLC, on the Reasonableness of Chicago Clean Energy's Cost of Equity, October, 2011; Supplemental Report on Behalf of Chicago Clean Energy, LLC, November, 2011; Response Report of Philip Q Hanser on Behalf of Chicago Clean Energy, November, 2011, Certified Affidavir on Behalf of Chicago Clean Energy, LLC, December 2011.

Before the Louisiana Public Service Commission, Direct Testimony of Philip Q Hanser on Behalf of Calpine Corporation, Docket No. U-31971, November 22, 2011. (Testimony withdrawn as part of the settlement between Calpine and Entergy.)

Before the Illinois Construction Development Board, Supplemental Report of Philip Q Hanser on Behalf of Chicago Clean Energy, LLC, on the Reasonableness of Chicago Clean Energy's Estimate of Capital Costs, November, 2011. Supplemental Report of Philip Q Hanser on Behalf of Chicago Clean Energy, LLC, on the Reasonableness of Chicago Clean Energy's Estimate of Operations and Maintenance Expenses, November 2011.

Before the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission, Rebuttal Testimony of Philip Q Hanser on Behalf of Indiana Gasification, LLC, IURC Cause No. 43976, June 2011.

Before the State of Illinois Commerce Commission, Prepared Direct Testimony of Philip Q Hanser on behalf of Interstate Power and Light Company with regard to their Petition For Approval Of Sale of Utility Assets Pursuant To Sections 7-102 Of The Public Utilities Act; and Approve the Discontinuance of Service Pursuant to 8-508 of the Public Utilities Act, 2011.

Before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Supplemental Comments, Re: Notice of Proposed Rulemaking regarding Demand Response Compensation in Organized Wholesale Energy Markets," Docket Nos. RM10-17-000 and EL09-68-0, October 4, 2010, May 13, 2010.



Before the Régie de l'énergie, Prepared Expert Report of Philip Q Hanser on Behalf of Hydro-Québec TransÉnergie ("HQT"), Regarding HQT's Methodology for ATC Coordination, June 2010.

Before the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Trial Court, testified on behalf of MMWEC regarding the management and ownership of investor-owned utilities ("IOUs"), MMWEC, and municipal light departments ("Municipals") in Massachusetts before and after the passage of the Electric Industry Restructuring Act of 1997, as well as the impact of electric industry restructuring in Massachusetts on IOUs, MMWEC, and Municipals with respect to contract buyouts in the matter of MASSPOWER v. Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company (MMWEC), Civil Case No. 07-3243 BLS2, March 2010.

Before the Ontario Energy Board, Prepared Witness Statement on Behalf of the Smart Sub-Metering Working Group in the Matter of Toronto Hydro-Electric System Limited's 2010 Electricity Distribution Rate Application, December 15, 2009.

Before the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of San Diego, Prepared Second Addendum Report to Expert Report of Philip Q Hanser, for the Office of the Attorney General of the State of California on Behalf of California Department of Water Resources, Case No. GIC 789291, September 30, 2009.

Before the Florida Public Service Commission on Behalf of Florida Power and Light Company, Prepared Rebuttal Testimony of Philip Q Hanser, Docket No. 080677-El, August 6, 2009.

Before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission on Behalf of the City of Vernon, California. Prepared Petition for Declaratory Order and Request for Waiver of Filing Fee of City of Vernon, California, Docket No. EL09-___-000, July 15, 2009.

Before the Régie de l'énergie, Prepared Supplemental Expert Report of Philip Q Hanser on Behalf of Hydro-Québec TransÉnergie, in Response to Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro's Complaint P-110-1692, June 2009.

Before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, on Behalf of The People of the State of California, ex rel. Edmund G. Brown Jr., Direct Testimony of Philip Q Hanser regarding emergency purchases the state authorized the California Energy Resources Scheduling Division of the California Department of Water Resources ("CERS") to make when the California investor-owned utilities (IOUs) could not purchase the power needed to serve their customers, Docket No. EL09- __ ("Brown Complaint"), May 22, 2009.

Before the Florida Public Service Commission on Behalf of Florida Power and Light Company, Prepared Direct Testimony of Philip Q Hanser, Docket No. 080677-El, April 23, 2009.

Before the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of San Diego, for the Office of the Attorney General of the State of California on Behalf of California Department of Water Resources, Prepared Addendum to Expert Report of Philip Q Hanser, Case No. GIC 789291, March 31, 2009.



Before the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission on Behalf of Pennsylvania Electric Company, Prepared Rebuttal Testimony of Philip Q Hanser and Metin Celebi Concerning the Causes and Pricing of Transmission Congestion, Docket No. P-2008-2020257, January 16, 2009, March 10, 2009.

Before the Régie de l'énergie, Prepared Expert Report of Philip Q Hanser on Behalf of Hydro-Québec TransÉnergie, in Response to Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro's Complaints P-110-1565, P-110-1566, P-110-1597, P-110-1678, and P-110-1692, December 2008.

Before the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, on Behalf of Pennsylvania Electric Company, Prepared Direct Testimony of Philip Q Hanser Concerning the Causes and Pricing of Transmission Congestion, Docket No. P-2008-2020257, July 30, 2008.

Before the Régie de l'énérgie, Prepared Affidavit on Behalf of Hydro-Québec Regarding the Public Availability of SIS Reports Performed by a Transmission Provider, June 19, 2008.

Before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, Prepared Direct Testimony on Behalf of the City of Vernon's Revised Transmission Revenue Requirement Filing with the FERC, Docket No. EL08-__-000, April 3, 2008.

Before the Régie de l'énérgie, Prepared Expert Report on Behalf of Hydro-Québec TransÉnérgie to Assess Whether the Transmission Facilities Owned by ELL may be Considered as a "Radial Generator Lead," Case No. R-3636-2007, March 13, 2008.

Before the American Arbitration Association, Prepared Rebuttal Report on Behalf of the California Department of Water Resources to Evaluate the Reports that William Hogan, Jeffrey Tranen, and Ellen Wolfe Provided on Behalf of Sempra Generation, Case No. 74Y1980019606MAVI, June 4, 2007.

Before the American Arbitration Association, Prepared Expert Report on Behalf of the California Department of Water Resources to evaluate certain claims made by the California Department of Water Resources ("DWR") in its Demand for Arbitration regarding the performance of Sempra Energy Resources, now known as Sempra Generation, under the Energy Purchase Agreement between the parties, and to calculate amounts that Sempra would owe to DWR assuming liability is established, Case No. 74Y1980019606MAVI, May 14, 2007.

Before the United States Bankruptcy Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, Prepared Expert Report in Regard to McKesson's Inventory Reclamation in the Phar-Mor Bankruptcy. Case Nos. 01-44007 Through 01-44015, March 9, 2007.

Before the Public Utility Commission of Texas, Prepared Rebuttal Testimony on Behalf of Constellation New Energy, Inc.'s Appeal and Complaint of ERCOT Decision to Approve PRR 676, PRR 674 and Request for Expedited Relief, Docket No. 33416, January 11, 2007.

Before the Public Utility Commission of Texas, Prepared Direct Testimony on Behalf of Constellation NewEnergy, Inc. to analyze and discuss the flaws and potential negative impacts of the allocation methods under Protocol Revision Request ("PRR") 676 which relates to procurement costs for



Replacement Reserve Service ("RPRS") and Out of Merit Capacity, Docket No. 33416, November 22, 2006.

Before the American Arbitration Association, Prepared Rebuttal Report on Behalf of California Department of Water Resources vs. Sempra Energy Resources, Case No. GIC 789291, July 11, 2006.

Before the State Office of Administrative Hearings, Prepared Expert Report on Behalf of TXU Energy Solutions, Regarding their Demand-side Management Program and the Difference Between the Actual and Projected Savings in the Energy Bill of University of Texas, July 7, 2006.

Before the Missouri Public Service Commission, Prepared Direct Testimony on Behalf of Union Electric Company with Regard to Ameren UE's Rate Design Proposals, Case No. ER-2007-0002, July 5, 2006.

Before the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of San Diego, for the Office of the Attorney General of the State of California on Behalf of California Department of Water Resources, Prepared Expert Report, Case No. GIC 789291, June 9, 2006.

Before the Superior Court of the State of California, Prepared Declaration in Support of California State Agencies' Opposition to Motion on Shortened Time and Motion in Support of Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement, J.C.C.P. Nos. 4221, 4224, 4226 and 4228, June 8, 2006.

Before the Superior Court of the State of California, Prepared Declaration in Support of California State Agencies' Opposition to Proposed Publication Notice, J.C.C.P. Nos. 4221, 4224, 4226 and 4228, January 13, 2006.

Before the United States Bankruptcy Court, Prepared Declaration on Behalf of Calpine Corporation with Regard to the Public Interest Standard for the Rejection of the Contract, Case No. 05-60200 (BRL), December 30, 2005.

Before the FERC. Prepared Direct Testimony on Behalf of Dominion Energy Marketing, Inc. (DEMI), regarding a dispute between DEMI and The United Illuminating Company as to which party is responsible for paying certain costs associated with Reliability Must-Run agreements under a December 28, 2001 Power Supply Agreement between the two parties, Docket No. EL05-76-001, December 5, 2005.

Before the American Arbitration Association, Prepared Expert Report on Behalf of California Department of Water Resources vs. Sempra Energy Resources with Regard to Damages from Multiple Contract Breaches, Case No. 74Y1980019304VSS, May 2005.

Before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), Comment - "A Marginal - Value Approach to Pricing Reactive Power Services in Principles for Efficient and Reliable Reactive Power Supply and Consumption," Docket No. AD05-1-000, April 4, 2005, (with Martin Baughman and Philip Hanser).



Before the FERC, Prepared Supplemental Testimony on Behalf of the California Parties with Regard to Enron's Circular Scheduling and Paper Trading Gaming Practices. Docket No. EL03-180-000, January 31, 2005.

Before the FERC, Prepared Affidavit on Behalf of Northeast Utilities Service Company and Affiliated Companies' Market-based Rate Authorization, Docket No. ER96-496-010, et al., September 27, 2004, Revised December 9, 2004.

Before the Connecticut Siting Board, Prepared Testimony on Behalf of Connecticut Light and Power in support of its application for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need for the construction of a 345-kV electric transmission line and reconstruction of an existing 115-kV electric transmission line between Connecticut Light and Power Company's Plumtree Substation in Bethel, through the Towns of Redding, Weston, and Wilton, and to Norwalk Substation in Norwalk, Connecticut, Docket No. 217, November, 2004.

Before the FERC, Prepared Affidavit or. Behalf of Otter Tail Power Company (OTP) Regarding Problems that May Result from the Implementation of MISO's Markets Tariff in OTP's Region, Docket No. ER04-691-000, May 7, 2004.

Before the FERC. Prepared Joint Affidavit with Judy W. Chang on Behalf of Devon Power LLC, et al., Docket No. ER03-563-030, March 24, 2004.

Before the FERC, Prepared Direct Testimony on Behalf of the California Parties with Regard to Enron's Circular Scheduling and Paper Trading Gaming Practices, Docket No. EL03-180-000, February 27, 2004.

Before the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Prepared Expert Report on Behalf of Alstom Corporation and Black and Veatch vs. Meriden Corporation, LLC, Review of "Value of the Meriden Power Project," Case No. 99-6016, January 9, 2004.

Before the FERC, Prepared Declaration on Behalf of The California Parties, Re: Gaming Activities Of Modesto Irrigation District, Docket No. EL03-159-000, October 2003.

Before the FERC, Prepared Affidavit on Behalf of Otter Tail Power Company For Otter Tail Power Company, Assessing how the Midwest ISO's Proposed Transmission and Energy Market Tariff will Affect Otter Tail Power both Operationally and Financially, Docket No. ER03-118-000, September 15, 2003.

Before the Pennsylvania Environmental Hearing Board, Prepared Expert Report on Behalf of Pennsylvania Power and Light, New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection vs. Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection and Lower Mount Bethel Energy, LLC, Docket No. 2001-280-C, May 2, 2003.

Before the FERC, Prepared Rebuttal Testimony on Behalf of Southern California Edison for the California Parties Regarding Manipulation of Energy and Ancillary Service Market Prices and the Outage Behavior of Gas Fired Power Plants, Docket No. EL00-95-069, March 20, 2003.



Before the FERC, Prepared Testimony on Behalf of Southern California Edison for the California Parties Regarding Manipulation of Energy and Ancillary Service Market Prices and the Outage Behavior of Gas Fired Power Plants, Docket No. EL00-95-069, February 24, 2003.

Before Southern District Court of Illinois, Prepared Expert Report for Department of Justice, Environmental Protection Agency vs. Illinois Power Company and Dynegy Midwest Generation Regarding the Likely Rate Treatment of Pollution Control Equipment Expenditures, Docket No.99-833-MBR, July 29, 2002.

Before the FERC, Prepared Direct Testimony on Behalf of Edison Mission Energy and Edison Mission Marketing and Trading, Inc. on Behalf of Midwest Generation's Application for Market-based Rate Authority, Docket No. ER99-3693-000, April 1, 2002.

Before the FERC, Prepared Rebuttal Testimony on Behalf of NSTAR on the Appropriate Rates for Generators During Transmission Upgrades or Enhancements Requiring Substantial and Sustained Reduction in Transfer Capability, Docket No. ER01-890-000, September 21, 2001.

Before the FERC, Prepared Affidavit on Behalf of NSTAR, in its Intervention of the Granting of Marketbased Rate Authority to Sithe, Docket No. EL01-79-000, May 2001.

Before the FERC and the Public Utilities Commission of Nevada, Prepared Affidavit on Behalf of Sierra Pacific Resources Company, Regarding the Market Power Implication of Generation Asset Divestiture Required for the Merger of Sierra Pacific Power and Nevada Power Company, Docket No. EC0-173-000, February 23, 2001.

Before the California Energy Commission, Prepared Expert Report on Behalf of Calpine Corporation, Socioeconomic Resources: Economic Benefits of the Metcalf Energy Center, October 27, 2000.

Before the FERC, Prepared Affidavit on Behalf of NSTAR with Regard to the Necessity of Imposing Bid Caps on the New England Electricity Market, Docket No. EL00-83-000, June 23, 2000.

Before the FERC, Prepared Direct Testimony on Behalf of Nevada Power Company in Support of the Divestiture of its Generation Assets, Docket No. ER99-2338-001, June 24, 1999.

Before the FERC, Prepared Direct Testimony on Behalf of Nevada Power Company in Support of the Divestiture of its Generation Assets, Docket No. ER99-2338-001, March 30, 1999.

Before the Vermont Public Service Board, Prepared Rebuttal Testimony on Behalf of Central Vermont Public Service Corporation on the Impact of its Demand-side Management Programs, Docket No. 6018, April 10, 1998.

Before the New Mexico Public Utility Commission, Prepared Direct Testimony on Behalf of the Public Service Company of New Mexico Regarding Forecasted Growth of the El Paso and Juarez, Mexico Markets, Case No. 2769, 1997.



Before the FERC. Prepared Affidavit on Behalf of Southern California Edison Describing the Implications for the Electricity Market of the Manipulation of Gas Market Prices, Docket No. RP95-363-015, 1996.

Before the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin, Prepared Direct Testimony on Behalf of Investorowned Utilities of Wisconsin on the Utilities Cost of Capital, Docket No. 05-EP-7, May 8, 1995.

PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS

Association of Energy Service Professionals, Board Member	1991-1995
Journal of ADSMP, Editor	1995
American Statistical Association	1974-current
Member of ASA Committee on Energy Statistics	1993-1999
Conseil International des Grands Reseaux Electriques (CIGRE)	2005-current
Working Group C5-8, Working Group on Renewables and	
Energy Efficiency in a Deregulated Market	2008-2009
Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE)	
ACADEMIC HONORS AND FELLOWSHIPS	
Teaching Incentive Award, University of the Pacific	1979
Teaching Assistantship in Econometrics, Columbia University	1974
National Science Foundation Research Traineeship	1972 - 1974
Undergraduate and Graduate Research Assistantships, Florida State University	1968 – 1972
Omicron Delta Epsilon, Economics Honor Society	1971

PUBLICATIONS

"I Can't Do It On My Own: The Economics of Distributed PV/Battery Systems to Reduce Grid Reliance" (with Roger Lueken, Will Gorman, James Mashal) forthcoming in *Utilities Policy*.



"Chapter 20 - The Repurposed Distribution Utility: Roadmaps to Getting There," (with Kai van Horn) in Future of Utilities: Utilities of the future (Academic Press, 2016)

"Chapter 11 - The Next Evolution of the Distribution Utility," (with Kai Van Horn), in *Distributed Generation and its Implications for the Utility Industry*, Elsevier Inc., 2014.

"Annual Report on Wholesale Market Prices and Trends in the Metropolitan Edison Company, Pennsylvania Electric Company, Pennsylvania Power Company and West Penn Power Company Service Area." (with Mariko Geronimo Aydin), prepared for Met-Ed, Penelec, Penn Power and West Penn Power, November 2015.

"Reducing Utility Rate Shocks," (with Lawrence Kolbe), Public Utilities Fortnightly, June 2013.

"Redefining Normal Temperatures," (with Robert E. Livezey), Public Utilities Fortnightly, May 2013.

"Rates, Reliability, and Region: Customer satisfaction and electric utilities." (with William P. Zarakas and Kent Diep), *Public Utilities Fortnightly*, January 2013.

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* * Exhibit PHQ-1 To Exhibit PHQ-11

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(See Volume 3)

Philadelphia Gas Works 2017 Base Rate Case

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Docket No. R-2017-2586783

INDEX OF CLASS COST OF SERVICE STUDY

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Exhibit PQH-1

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study -- Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2015 Exhibit PQH-1: Summary of Allocation Results

Dollars in Thousands		Total	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	PHA GS	Municipal/PHA	NGVS	Interruptible	GTS/IT
AT CURRENT RATES				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-					
Total Revenue	[1]	491,318	385,459	77,324	5,899	1,499	8,852	20	18	12,246
Share of Revenue, by Class	[2]	100.0%	78.5%	15. 7%	1.2%	0.3%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%
Total Operating Expenses	[3]	435,418	349,403	60,170	4,685	1,343	8,041	17	28	11,732
Share of Operating Expenses, by Class	[4]	100.0%	80.2%	13.8%	1.1%	0.3%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	2.7%
Income Before Interest & Surplus	[5] [1]-[3]	55,899	36,056	17,154	1,213	157	811	4	(10)	514
Interest & Surplus	[6]	125,013	103,774	14,618	987	428	2,084	3	7	3,112
Current Revenue Over (Under) Requirements	[7] [5] - [6]	(69,114)	(67,718)	2,536	226	(272)	(1,273)	1	(17)	(2,598)
Total Revenue Requirement*	[8] [1] - [7]	550,431	453,177	74,788	5,673	1,771	10,125	20	34	14,844
Revenue Increase for Full Cost of Service	[9]	14.1%	18%	-3%	-4%	18%	14%	-4%	96%	21%
Rate Base	(10)	1,188,371	986,470	138,958	9,387	4,073	19,814	29	62	29,579
Return on Rate Base Before Interest & Surplus	[11] [5] / [10]	4,7%	3.7%	12.3%	12.9%	3.9%	4.1%	13.4%	(16.4%)	1.7%
Relative Return	[12]	1.00	0.78	2.62	2.75	0.82	0.87	2.84	(3.50)	0.37
Revenues Relative to COS	[13] [1]/[8]	0.88	0.85	1.03	1.04	0.85	0.87	1.04	0.51	0.82
Relative to Totai for all Classes	[14]	1.00	0.97	1.18	1.19	0.97	1.00	1.19	0.58	0.94
AFTER PROPOSED INCREASE		ی د م د د		•.					, <u> </u>	_
Proposed Increase (decrease)	[15]	70,000	59,000	5,000	(400)	400	500	0	۵	5,500
Share of Proposed Increase, by Class	[16]	100.0%	84.3%	7.1%	-0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	7.9%
Total Distribution Revenue with Increase	[17] [1] + [15]	561,318	444,459	82,324	5,499	1,899	9,352	20	18	17,746
Increase (Decrease) %	[18] [15]/[1]	14.2%	15.3%	6.5%	-6.8%	26.7%	5.6%	0.0%	0.0%	44.5%
income Before Interest & Surplus	[19] [5] + [15]	125,899	95,056	22,154	813	557	1,311	4	(10)	6,014
Return on Rate Base Before Interest & Surplus	[20] [19] / [10]	10.6%	9.6%	15.9%	8.7%	13.7%	6.6%	13.4%	(16.4%)	20.3%
Relative Return	[21]	1.00	0.91	1.50	0.82	1.29	0.62	1.26	(1.55)	1.92
Revenues Relative to COS	[22] [17]/[8]	1.00	0.98	1.10	0.97	1.07	0.92	1.04	0.51	1.20
Relative to Total for all Classes	[23]	1.00	0.98	1.10	0.97	1.07	0.92	1.04	D.51	1.19

The Total Revenue Requirement is equal to the Tariff Revenue Requirement plus the revenues that PGW collects from customer Installations, interest income, and certain LNG sales.

Exhibit PQH-2

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-2: Summary of Allocation Results by Functional Classification

Dollars in Thousands		Total	Residential	Commercial	industrial	PHA GS	Municipal/PHA	NGVS	Interruptible	GTS/IT
SUPPLY										
Demand Costs	[1]	26,026	20,199	4,471	325	93	743	1	Û	193
Commodity Costs	[2]	(2,484)	(2,023)	(406)	(22)	(10)	(37)	(0)	14	0
Supply Total	[3]	23,542	18,176	4,065	303	83	706	1	15	193
STORAGE				•		•				
Demand Costs	[4]	29,490	22,665	5,294	388	106	891	1	0	146
Storage Total	[5]	29,490	22,665	5,294	388	106	891	1	0	146
DISTRIBUTION										
Demand Costs	(6)	83,744	58,088	13,204	1,020	278	2,189	2	5	8,957
Commodity Costs	[7]	6,449	2,941	935	72	15	134	1	1	2,349
Customer Costs	[8]	179,630	158,613	14,813	965	593	2,164	4	11	2,467
Distribution Total	[9]	269,823	219,642	28,952	2,058	885	4,487	7	17	13,773
ONSITE										
Customer Costs	[10]	158,910	130,488	23,169	1,915	468	2,188	3	2	677
Onsite Tatal	[11]	158,910	130,488	23,169	1,915	468	2,188	4	2	677
USEC										
Customer USEC Costs	[12]	53,460	38,851	11,805	920	188	1.690	7	0	0
USEC Total	[13]	53,4 6 0	38,851	11,805	920	188	1,690	7	0	. D
TARIFF REVENUE REQUIREMENT										
Demand Costs	[14]	139,260	100,952	22,970	1,733	476	3,823	3	6	9,296
Commodity Costs	[15]	3,965	918	528	50	5	98	Û	jó	2,349
Customer Costs .	[16]	338,540	289,101	37,982	2,880	1,061	4,352	9	- 12	2,144
Customer USEC Costs	[17]	53,460	38,851	11,805	920	188	1,690	7	00	0
Tariff Revenue Requirement	[18]	535,225	429,822	73,286	5,584	1,731	9,962	19	34	14,788
Customer Months	[19]	6,028,249	5,671,204	300,544	7,596	22,356	21,353	48	48	5,100
Customer-Related Costs, S/month	[20] [16] / [19	Ī, į	50.98	126.38	379.17	47.46	203.79	178.50	259.13	616 45

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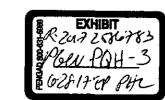
Exhibit PQH-3

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Philadelphia Gas Works ARocated Class CDS Study — Fully Projected Future Yest Year Ended August 33, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3: Allocation Results

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	iers in Thousands			Residential	Residential		Commercial	Industrial	Industrial		Mun'cepel	рна	PHA	NGVS Int	erruptible	ST5/I
	C Account Description	Account Code	Totat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
	AS PLANT IN SERVICE															
2	INTANGIBLE PLANT	501-803														
э в. Р	PRODUCTION PLANT															
4 Lan	d and land rights	304	1,453	10	1,085	32	252	6	15	5	28	5	16	o	0	
5 ՏԾա	uctures and improvements	305	2C,968	144	15,651	460	3,630	85	218	70	409	76	225	1	0	
6 Boll	ller plant equipment	306	2,900	20	2,165	64	502	12	30	10	57	:1	31	Û	0	
7 Och	her power equipment	307	407	3	303	9	79	2	4	1	8	3	4	0	0	
ff u⊅G	G equipment	313	2,270	16	1,694	· 50	393	9	24	6	44	8 `	24	0	0	
9 Puri	incation equipment	317	13	o	10	C	2	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	Ô	
là Resi	sidual refining equipment	318	â	0	6	٥	1	0	0	0	٥	o	C	0	0	
1 Gəs	s mixing equipment	515	٥	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	c	٥	0	
12 Oth	ner equipment	520	32,341	221	24,141	799	5.548	131	336	108	630	117	347	1	0	
13 Sub	ttotel - Production Plant	304-347	60,159	413	45,056	1177	10 449	244	627	202	1,176	:::	ġ.l.		0	
14 C.S	STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT															
15 Lan	id and land rights	360	376	2	245	7	57	1	3	1	6	1	4	o	0	
16 5816	uctores and improvements	361	13,760	94	10,286	302	2,385	56	143	46	269	50	145	ů.	0	
17 Gas	s holders	362	33,779	231	25,214	740	5,847	137	351	113	658	123	363	:	o	
LB Pur	nfication equipment	363	251	2	188	Þ	54	1	3	1	5	1	3	ō	0	
19 Ugu	uefaction equipment	363,1	31,182	214	23,276	684	5,398	126	324	104	508	113	335	1	0	
20 Vap	porizing equipment	363.2	14,977	103	11,179	328	2,593	61	156	50	292	54	161	ō	0	
21 Con	mpressor equipment	363.3	17,509	120	13,070	584	3,031	71	162	59	341	64	158	0	0	
72 Mei	asunng and regulating equipment	363.4	6,294	43	4,695	178	1,089	25	65	21	123	23	68	0	0	
23 Oth	her equipment	363.5	27,015	185	20,364	592	4,676	109	281	90	526	98	290	2	e	
24 Sub	btotal - Storage and Processing Plant	360-364	145,112	994	108,320	3.175	25 120	\$88	1.50E	485	1.0.2	526	1,556	٤	3	
25 0 7	TRANSMISSION PLANT	365-371														
26 E.C	DISTRIBUTION PLANT															
27 Lan	nd and land rights	374	101	1	64	2	15	3	1	0	2	C	1	G	0	1
28 Stri	Uctures and improvements	375	2,707	15	1,718	50	398	10	25	8	45	8	25	0	D	40
29 Mai	lins	376	773,759	17,310	599,203	11,017	73,655	1,494	3,836	1.352	6,972	2,651	4,301	12	27	51,93
30 M.4	kins - Direct Assignment	376Dfrect	7,574	0	٥	0	0	٥	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	7,57
31 Cor	impressor station equipment	377	1,255	7	612	24	185	4	11	4	21	4	12	c	0	16
32 Me	easuring station equipment - General	378	17,886	106	11,570	340	2,683	63	161	52	302	54	166	0	1	2,31
53 Ser	fv ces	380	705,810	26,044	605,303	9,542	40,645	3, 102	2,839	601	3,536	2,489	5,674	25	75	79
34 M#	stera	381	75,453	2,384	55,411	2,757	11,723	153	395	173	492	228	790	2	3	94
as Me	eter installations	382	94,565	2,988	69,447	3,449	14,692	192	495	217	617	286	990	5	4	1,1
36 Hol	use regulators	383	2,202	90	2,103	0	0	0	0	0	D	9	0	c c	o i	
	use regulator installations	384	4,142	170	3,955	c	o	0	ō	0		16	0	ō	ō	
	easuring station equipment - Industrial	385	314	0	0	0	0		226	c	o	0	0	0	0	
	her equipment	387	3,980	23	2,525	74	586		37	11	66	12	315	D D		y
	brotal - Distribution Plant	574-187	: 629,747	49,344	1,337,110		144.521	3.171	8.027							

Exhibit PQH-3 Page 2 of 6

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study -- Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018

C	Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residential	Commercial	Commercial	Industriai	industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS in	sterruptible	GTS/I
e F	ERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heal	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	<u>GS</u>	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
Ē	GENERAL PLANT															
2ι	and and land rights	389	3,713	91	2,877	77	423	12	31	7	32	12	26	0	D	12
9 S	structures and improvements	390	62,900	2,041	64,228	1,719	9,435	275	695	154	708	258	585	2	2	2,79
4 (Office furniture and equipment	391	108,965	2,683	84,423	2,260	12,401	362	913	203	931	349	769	3	3	3,67
s T	fransportation equipment	392	40,027	965	31,011	830	4,555	133	336	74	342	125	283	I	1	1,35
6 S	Stores equipment	393	755	19	585	16	86	3	6	:	6	2	5	o	D	7
7 7	lools, shop and garage equipment	394	10,723	264	8,306	277	1,220	36	90	70	92	33	76	0	0	36
8 F	Power operated equipment	396	1,235	30	957	26	141	4	10	2	11	4	9	O	0	4
9 0	Communication equipment	397	20,815	512	16,176	432	2,369	. 69	174	39	178	65	147	1	. 1	70
0 1	Miscellaneous equipment	396	14,279	352	11,063	296	1,625	47	120	27	122	45	101	0	0	48
1 5	Subtotal - General Plant	389-399	283,413	5,977	219,579	5,877	32,255	941	2,376	527	2,421	883	2,000	7	8	9.56
2 1	TOTAL UTILITY PLANT		2,178,632	57,524	1,725,066	37,632	212,408	4,894	12,538	3,633	18,478	7,368	16,202	55	119	82.69
з і	I DEPRECIATION RESERVE															
4 6	Production plant	108.2	34,623	237	25,845	759	5,993	140	360	116	675	125	372	1	o	
5 (Local storage plant	108 3	95,160	652	71.033	2,085	16,473	385	989	318	1,855	345	1,022	2	0	
6 1	Mains	108.52	282,895	6,329	219,075	4,026	26,929	546	1,407	494	2,549	969	1,573	4	10	18,91
7 1	Mains - Direct Assignment	108 S2Direct	7,574	C	0	0	¢	D	ç	o	o	0	0	C	0	7,5
8 9	Services	108 54	355,556	13,120	304,925	4,607	20,475	555	1,430	363	1,781	1,254	2,858	13	38	3,95
9 I	Meters	108 55	39,454	1,247	28,981	1,439	6,131	80	207	91	258	119	413	1	2	4
0 1	Distribution other	108.58	61,295	357	38,893	1,147	9,019	224	575	.74	1,016	169	559	1	4	9,14
1 (General Plant	108 8	146,255	3,601	113,313	3,033	16,645	486	1,226	272	1,249	456	1,032	4	4	4,93
2	Total Depreciation Reserve	108	1,022,821	75,541	802,065	17,794	101,666	7,416	5,189	. 765	9,382	3,458	7,829	76	57	45,12
з (III. OTHER RATE BASE ITEMS															
4 1	Completed construction - Unclassified	105	0	c	¢	0	0	C	0	0	D	0	٥	0	0	
5 (Construction work in progress (CWIF)	107	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	ø	Ð	5	0	0	0	
6	Total Other Rate Base Items		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	
7	TOTAL RATE BASE (Excl. Working Capital)		1,155,811	31,982	923,000	2C, 338	110,742	2,477	6,349	1.865	9,096	3.930	8,373	. 28	62	37,56
	IV WORKING CAPITAL															
9	Accounts receivable - Gas	131 11	70,158	1,095	55,975		9,298	272	554	140	581	221	453	2	0	
	Materials and supplies	131.12	9,768	228	7,735		822	18	47	14	76	29	59	0	;	6
1	Prepaid accounts, other current assets	131.13	5,342	125	4,229	74		10	26	6	41	16	32	0	0	3
2	Gas, LNG in storage	131 14	38,344	313	31,258		5,030	84	261	117	451	153	32	1	7	
3	Accounts payable - Gas	131.15	(12,110)	(68)	(5,551)		(1,454)	(44)	(88)	(30)	(131)	(27)	(81)	(1)	(3)	(4,39
4	Accounts payable, other- 50% Labor	131 16	(22,271)	(508)	(16,926)		(2,106)	(48)	(120)		(204)	(74)	[150]	(2)	(1)	(1.76
5	Accounts payable, other- 50% O&MxGas	191 17	(22,271)	(519)	(17,635)		(1,875)	(42)	(107)	(32)	(172)	(66)	(134)	(C)	(1)	(1,38
6	Customer deposits	131.18	(2,935)	(46)	(2,342)		(389)	(11)	(23)	(6)	(24)	(9)	(19)	(0)	0	
7	Accrued interest	131.19	(15,202)	(407)	[12,212]		• • •	(34)	(86)		(121)	(52)	(107)	(0)	(1)	(37
8	Accrued Taxes & Wages	131.2	(16,263)	(37 9)	(12,877)	(224)		(30)	(78)	[24]	{126}	(48)	(98)	(0)	[1]	(1,00
9	Total Working Capital	131	32,551	(168)	31,656	976	6,902	175	385	123	370	143	(12)	0	1	(7,98
20	V. TOTAL RATE BASE		1,158,371	31,614	954,656	23,314	117,644	2,653	6,734	1,988	9,466	4.073	8,361	29	62	29,57

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3: Allocation Results

Dollars in Thousands			Residential			Commercial		Industrial	Municipal	Municipai	PHA	РНА	NGVS Int	erruptible	GTS
e FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
I. OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE															
A. PRODUCTION EXPENSES															
1. Manufactured Gas Production Expenses															
Operation labor and expenses	701	191	1	143	4	33	1	2	1	4	1	2	o	0	
i Boller fuel	702	58	1	73	2	17	Đ	1	Ð	2	D	1	0	0	
Miscellaneous steam expenses	703	335	2	250	7	58	1	Э	1	7	1	Ā	ŏ	ñ	
Maintenance of structures	706	3	0	2	Û	1	0	đ	ō	đ	ō	n	ā	0	
Maintenance of boller plant equipment	707	212	1	158	5	37	1	2	1	4	1	,	ő	0	
Maintenance of other production plant	708	10	· 0	7	0	· 2	0	0	Ď	5	0		· 0	0	
Operation supervision and engineering	710	5	0	4	Q	1	o	0	ō	6	0		õ	0	
Other power expenses	712	793	5	592	17	137	3	8	3	15	3	ă	D D	0	
Duplicate charges - Credit	734	(622)	(4)	(464)	(14)	(108)	(3)	(6)	(2)	(12)	(2)	17)	(D)	0	
Miscellaneous production expenses	735	1,143	8	853	25	196	Ś	12	4	22	4	12	(L) 0	0	
Maintenance supervision and engineering	740	303	2	226	7	52	1	3	1	6	,	1	ů o	0	
Maintenance of structures	741	102	1	76	2	18	0	1	ō	,			0	-	
Maintenance of production equipment	742	395	3	295	5	68	2	4	ĩ		1		0	0	
Subtotal - Manufactured Gas Production	701-743	2,968	20	2,215	65	514	12	31	10	58	12	32	0	0	
2. Other Gas Supply Expenses															
Natural gas city gate purchases	804	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	n	٥	n	0	о		
Purchased gas expenses	607	0	٥	C	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	Ň	å	14	
1 Gas withdrawn from storage	808	0	0	C	0	0	o	0	ů	ŏ	ő	0	0	0 0	
Gas used for other utility operations	812	0	ຽ	٥	٥	0	2	0	ō	ò	ő	ő	0	0	
3 LNG used for other utility operations	812LNG	(6,487)	(64)	(5,189)	(147)	(909)	(15)	(42)	(20)	(69)	(25)	(7)	(D)	0	
Other gas supply expenses	813	8,840	87	7,071	200	1,239	21	58	27	95	35	9	0		
5 Subtotal - Production Expenses	701-813	5,335	44	4,098	118	843	15	46	17	83	20	34	0	0 14	
B. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING & PROC	CESSING EXPENSES														
Operation supervision and engineering	840	1,066	7	796	23	185	4	11	4	21		1.		~	
Operation labor and expenses	841	3,050	21	2,277	67	528	12	32	10	59	11	11 33	0	0	
9 Rents	842	421	3	314	9	73	2	4	1	13	2	دد د	0	0	
0 Maintenance	843	5,699	39	4,254	· 125	987	23	59	19	111	21	-	0	D	
3 Operation supervision and engineering	850	1,278	9	954	28	221	5	13	4	25	5	- 61	0	0	
2 Subtotal - Storage Expenses	840-850	11.514	79	8,595	252	:.993	47	120		724	42	14	0	0	

113 C. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Failly Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Eshibit POH-3: Allocation Results

Dellars in Thousands			Residential		Commercia!		Industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS I	nterruptible	G
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Neat	Non-Heel	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
O. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES															
Operation supervision and engineering	870	2,018	59	1,643	30	163	4	10	3	13	7	12	o	D	
Distribution load dispatching	671	1,650	9	756	32	199	6	12	4	18	4	11	6	ō	
Mains and services expenses	874	4,517	133	3,705	69	377	10	25	5	37	16	39	ō	ō	
Measuring station expenses - General	875	2,102	12	1,360	40	315	7	19	6	36	7	20	ō	ő	
Measuring station expenses - Industrial	876	47	0	۵	٥	0	13	34	0	0	٥	ō	ت م	0	
Measuring station expenses - City gate	877	550	3	356	10	83	2	5	2	5	2	s	0	ő	
Meter and house regulator expenses	878	16,417	595	13,839	656	2,792	37	94	41	117	57	158	,	0	
Customer installation expenses	879	5,642	181	4,196	208	866	12	30	13	37	17	60	0	- 0	
Customer Installation expenses - Parts and Labor Plan	879PLP	3,746	155	3,591	0	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0		0	
Other expenses	880	12,935	471	10,937	204	869	21	53	15	67	45	167	õ	1	
Rents	881	2	o	6	0	1	9	0	o	D	0	0	r.	- 0	
Maintenance supervision and engineering	885	300	9	244	4	24	:	1	Q	2	1	2	ō	0	
Maintenance of mains	887	75,719	575	19,917	366	7,448	50	127	45	232	68	143	0	1	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - General	889	1,184	7	766	22	178	4	11	3	20	4	11	ő	-	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - industrial	890	6	0	0	0	C	2	4	a	0	D	٥	ő	ō	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - City gate.	89:	487	3	223	9	58	2	4	1	5	1	3	õ	ā	
Maintenance of services	892	1,800	66	1,544	24	104	3	7	2	9	6	14	D D	õ	
Maimenance of meters and house regulators	893	3.810	123	2,263	136	578	8	10	э	24	12	39	ō	ō	
Subtotal - Distribution Expenses	870-893	116,25	2,462	65,946	1,817	9,076	179	456	342	623	:66	654	1	4	-
TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES	-	101,986	2,524	79,638	2,183	:1.91.	245	522	204	934	428	812	;	12	
A, CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES															
Supervision	901	1,109	37	926	23	109	2	4	1	4	3	3	c	Ċ.	
Meter reading expenses	902	785	22	565	12	64	1	Э	1	4	3	3	ā	ñ	
Customer records and collection expenses	903	26,657	776	72,247	550	2,627	43	94	28	101	75	79	1	ā	
Uncollectible accounts	904	16,495	287	15,637	81	465	3	21	0	5	0	D	0	5	
Uncollectible accounts in CRP	904CRP	10,461	93	7,509	323	1,988	60	120	41	160	37	110	1	0	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES	-	55,507	1,210	46,985	×25	5,254	129	241	77	799	138	195		0	-
HI, CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES			-												
Customer assistance expenses	908	1,617	57	1,321	,	30	55	143	C	7	3	1	0	0	
Customer assistance expenses - ELIRP	938CAP	3,859	34	2,771	119	734	22	44	15	66	14	41	ō	o o	
CRP Shortfall	480CRP	36,351	322	26,096	1,:17	6,910	210	416	142	625	125	362	ŝ	5	
Senior Discounts	4805en	1,789	_25	2,002	86	\$30	15	32	11	48	10	29	ç	0	
TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSI	SFS	44,616	438	32,189	1,329	6,203	909	637	169	740	154	453	6	7	
													C C	•	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, SERVICE & INFORMATIC	MALEYPENCES	100,123	1,648	79,174	2,317	13,457	£13	674	241	:	222	848	-	_	

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class CDS Study -- Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3: Allocation Results

Dollars in Thousands			Residentia	Residential		Commercial	Industrial	Industrial		Municipal	PHA	PHA		terruptible	GT 5/17
ne FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heas	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Haat	GS	Rate 8	ion-Heat	Sales	
19 IV. ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES															
SO A. LABOR RELATED															
51 Administrative and general salaries	920	14,442	356	11,189	299	1,644	48	121	27	123	45	102	۵	D	48
152 Office supplies and expenses	921	72,663	558	17,559	470	2,579	75	190	42	194	71	160	1	1	76
153 Administrative expenses transferred - Credit	927	(24,565)	(605)	(19,032)	(509)	(2,796)	(82)	(206)	(46)	(210)	(לל)	(173)	(1)	{ 1 }	(825
54 Outside services employed	923	1,660	41	1,286	34	189	6	14	3	14	5	12	0	0	5
ISS Injuries and damages	925	6,415	158	4,970	133	730	21	54	12	55	20	45	0	0	21
156 Employee pensions and benefits	926	115,730	2,837	89,276	2,390	13,114	383	966	234	584	359	813		3	3,88
157 DPEB funding and expenses	999	26,500	652	20,531	550	3,015	58	222	49	226	83	187	1		89
158 Subtotal - Labor Related A&G	-	162,345	3,997	125,779	3,967	18,476	539	1,361	302	1,387	506	1,146	4	5	5,47
159 B. PLANT RELATED															
150 Property insurance	924	4,453	128	3,811	85		11	29	8	45	16	43	0	. 0	<u>19</u> 19
161 Subtral - Plant Related A&G		4,853	128	3,813	85	478	n	29	8	45	16	43	0	þ	19
162 C. OTHER A&G															
153 Regulatory commission expenses	928	5,157	138	4,143	92		12	29	9	4;	18	36	0	p	12
164 Ouplicate charges - Credit	929	(913)	(6)	(682)	(20)	(158)	(4)	(9)	(3)	(16)	(3)	{10}	(O)	0	
165 General advertising expenses, miscellaneous	930	6.020	:48	4,664	125	685	20	50	11	51	19	42	D	D	20
166 Rents	931	330		256	,	38	:	:	:	3	1	2	0	Ð	. 1
167 Subtotal - Other ABG	_	10,594	2348	8,381	204	: 075		71	17	78	34	71	0	۵	34
168 TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES		177,792	4.412	137,972	3,656	20,030	579	1 463	\$27	1,509	\$57	1,260	5	6	6,01
165 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (Excluding Dep. Tex)		179,801	8.585	795,784	8,155	45,399	1,295	2,959	77 <u>1</u>	3,472	1 155	2,720	:5	24	9,52
170 V. DEPRECIATION EXPENSE															
171 Depreciation expense	403	47,180	1,745	37,051	829	4,651	310	293	S.C	437	140	413	3	4	1,92
172 Depreciation expense- Direct Assignment	403Direct	Ũ	0	0		0	0	6	0	a	ú	D	0	0	
173 TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	-	47,180	1,240	37,051	\$29	4,651	110	283	80	437	360	4:3	1	4	1,92
174 VI. TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES															
175 Taxes other than income taxes	408	B,437	105	6,537	175	960	-3	71	54	72	N	60	· •	Ð	2
176 TOTAL EXPENSES		435,418	10,032	339,371	9,160	51,010	1,373	3,913	8+7	3,981	1,543	5,193	17	28	11,73,

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study ~ Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 32, 2018

Exhibit PON-3: Allocation Results

Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residential		Commercial	Industrial	Industrial		Municipal	PHA	PHA		uerruptible	ണ്ട
ERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Neat	Hea1	65	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
7 VII. REVENUES															
B Distribution Revenue	480-483	400,217	6.084	317,004	9,202	54,766	1.614	3,272	835	3,493	1.271	2,664	13	0	
9 GCR Revenue	480-483GCR	٥	c	0	a	٥	6	۵	0	0	٥	0	0	Û	
0 Interruptible Gas Revenue	460-483int	17	0	0	a	0	٥	٥	0	0	٥	0	o	17	
USEC Revenue	480-483USC	53,687	475	38,541	1,650	10,205	310	614	210	923	188	564	7	0	
2 REC Revenue	480-483REC	0	0	C	0	Q	o	0	Q	0	Ð	0	0	0	
3 Forfeited discounts	487	7,853	141	7,700	2	10	0	0	0	o	0	Þ	o	0	
4 Miscellaneous service revenue	488	1,206	19	962	27	160	5	0 t	2	10	4	8	D	0	
S GTS/IT Revenue	489	12,190	٥	C C	· 0	-	0	0	0	o	Q.	٥	٥	0	12,
6 Other gas revenue	495	4,634	45	3,707	104	649	11	30	14	\$0	16	5	2	0	
7 Revenue Adjustments	495Adj	217	2	174	5	30	1	:	1	2	1	0	0	0	
8 Subtotal - Gas Revenues		480,072	6,767	115,007	10,989	65 8.70	1,940	5,413	1.052	4,477	1,482	3,241	72)	17	12,3
19: Bill peid turn ons & dig ups	503Rev	1,883	73	1,698	18		1	2	1	2	7	3	D	0	
O Customer Installation expenses	879Rev	6,382	263	6,129	0		0	0	0	Q	0	0	0	0	
1 Subsotal - Other operating revenues		8 265	336	7,817	18	76	1	:	:	2	7	4	0	û	
2 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		488 287	7,104	375,905	11.007	65,856	1,944	3.522	ي. مەزىر	4,479	1,489	3,245		37	12,
3 Non-operating rental income	419	805	4	133	3		ę	:	U	1	3	1	17	a	
4 Interest and doudend income	419	2 010	54	1,615	36		-	11	3	16	7	24	0	÷.	
5 Miscelaneous hon-operating income	421	855	6	638	19			9	3	17	3	9	. С	C	
6 Total Non-Operating Income		3,231	<u>***</u>	2,386	58	363	£	**	t	34	11	24	2	c	
7 TOTAL REVENUE		491.318	7,168	578,292	11,065	66,259	1,949	3,950	1,069	4,519	1,499	3,269	in)	18	12,
8 Income Before Interest and Surplus		\$\$,899	(2,864)	38,921	1,905	15,249	576	637	202	533	157	77	٩	(10)	
9 Interest on long-term debt	427	49,160	1,316	39,492	882	-	110	279	82	397	168	44	i	3	1
0 Amortization of debt discount	428	4,348	115	3,493	78		10	25	۲	35	15	31	D	0	
Amortization of premium on debt	429	(9,364)	{251}	(7,522)	(168)		(21)	(53)	(16)	(75)	(32)	(66)	(0)	(0)	() ()
2 Other interest expense	· 431	3,789	101	3,044	68		. 6	21	6	30	13	27	£	0	
33 AFUDC	432	(920)	(25)	(739)	(17)		(2)	(5)	(2)	(7)	(5)	(6)	(O)	(0)	-
14 Surplus Raquirement	499	60,000	1.604	48,200	1 675		134	140	200	478	206	422	1	3	1.
S Total Interest & Surplus		107,013	2,865	85,967	1,919		239	606	179	852	367	753	3	6	, Z,
6 Appropriations of retained earnings	436	18,000	482	14,460	323		40	102	30	143	67	127	0	1	
7 Total Interest & Surplus, Other		125,013	3,347	100,427	2,242	12,376	279	708	209	996	428	860	3	7	3
18 Over (Under) Total Requirements		<u>(69,114)</u>	(6.211)	(61.506)	(3371	2.874	<u>297</u>	1721	23	(463)	(272)	<u>(803)</u>	1	(17)	[2
09 Tanff Revenue Regultements		535,225	12,770	417,051	11,189	62,097	1,627	3,95 7	1,052	4,879	1,731	4,032	19	34	14

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Case COS Study - FuRy Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3A: Allocation Results - Supply-Demand Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential			Commercial			Mun cipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS In	erruptible	GT5/1
e FERC Account Description	Account Code	Fotal	Non-heat	Hat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	rieat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
I, GAS PLANT IN SERVICE															
A. INTANGIBLE PLANT	301-303														
B. PRODUCTION PLANT															
Land and land rights	304	1,453	15	1,085	32	252	6	15	5	28	5	15	0	٥	
Structures and Improvements	305	20,968	:44	15, 6 51	460	3,630	85	215	70	409	76	225	1	0	
Boxer plant equipment	306	2,900	20	2,165	64	507	12	30	10	57	11	31	D	0	
Other power equipment	307	407	3	303	9	70	2	4	1	8	1	4	0	ō	
LPG equipment	311	2,270	15	1,694	50	393	9	24	8	- 44	8	24		ō	
Purification equipment	317	13	D	10	D	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	
Residual refining equipment	318	8	2	6	0	1	٥	0	C	ō	ā	0	- 0	õ	
Gas mixing equipment	519	C	D	0	0	0	0	c	o O	Ď	0	ŏ	ŏ	a	
Other equipment	320	32,341	221	74,141	709	5,598	131	\$36	105	630	117	347	ĩ	a	
Subtotal - Production Plant	304-347	60,359	413	45,055	1,323	10,449	244	627	202	1,176	219	646		0	
	-							-							_
C. STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT															
Land and land rights	360	C	0	C	0	9	0	0	o	C	۵	٥	0	0	
Structures and improvements	361	Q	ç	9	Q	0	0	0	c	9	Q	D	D	Ð	
Gas holders	362	0	C	0	0	0	٥	0	o	0	0	0	D	C	
Purification equipment	363	٥	G	0	э	0	G	c	٥	0	D	0	a	c	
Equifaction equipment	353.1	0	0	0	0	0	٥	٥	0	0	0	٥	0	0	
Vaporizing equipment	363.2	3	D	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	o	Ď	
Compressor equipment	963 3	0	٥	Q	0	0	0	Q	0	Q	0	0	a	ō	
Measuring and regulating equipment	363 4	Û	D	0	0	٥	0	۵	Û	0	0	0	0	D	
Other equipment	363,5	0	U	0	(1	U	c	2	1 ¹	0	ι	o	0	0	
Subtotal - Storage and Processing Plant	360-364	0	0	0	Û	0	0	0	0	0	r	. 2	c	0	
D. TRANSMISSION PLANT	565-371														
E. DISTRIBUTION PLANT															
Land and land rights	374	5	c	0	0	Ċ	D	3	G	D	0	a	0	0	
Structures and Improvements	375	. 0	0	0	D	0	0	ō	· 0	ů ů	ő	5	0	0	
Mains	376	0	٥	٥	0	ō	0	ō	0	ā	ŏ		ă	ő	
Mains - Direct Assignment	376Direct	0	D D	0	٥		0	ō	õ	0	0		0	0	
Compressor station equipment	377	ō	0	0	0	0	0	ā	ő	0	õ		0	0	
Measuring station equipment - General	378	5	o	p	Ō	0	0	0	0	ő	0		- U	0	
Services	580		0	D	0	0	- -	ā	ő	Ğ	л Л	0	0	0	
Meters	381	0	0	0	0	ő	0	- -	ő	e e		u 	0	0	
Meter Installations	582	- 1	ů.	ō	0	õ	ċ	ő	5	0	0	0	0	-	
House regulators	383			0	ō	0	0	õ	ő	0	0	3	•	0	
House regulator installations	384	5	0	ő	0	Ň	ů o	0	0	0	c c	0	0	0	
Measuring station equipment - industrial	385	ő	0	ē	0	0	ů	0	0	0	r .	D 0	0	0	
Other equipment	387	5	0	5	D D	5		2	0	0	с 6	0	C	C	
Subtotal - Distribution Plant	374-397	0	<u> </u>	<u>p</u>	•		. <u></u>					0	0	0	
A SECOND - COLOOCON PROIT	3/4-33/	U	u	<u>L</u>			0	0	0	C	<u> </u>	C	ŭ	3	

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018

Exhibit PQH-3A: Allocation Results - Supply-Demond Classification

	Dollers in Thousands		-	Residential	Residential		Commercial	Industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	РНА	NGVS	Interruptible	GTS/F
	FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Felt	Non-Heat	Hest	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
	Land and land rights	389	304	2	227	7	53	1	э	1	6	1	3	Ð	D	
	Structures and improvements	390	6,795	47	5,072	149	1,176	28	71	23	132	25	73	0	ņ	, i
	Office furniture and equipment	391	8,932	51	5,667	196	1,546	36	93	30	174	32	96	0	0	Ċ
	Transportation equipment	392	3,281	22	2,449	72	568	13	34	11	64	12	35	Ď	ō	
	Stores equipment	293	62	0	46	د د	11	0	1	0	1	0	1	, B	õ	
	Tools, shop and garage equipment	394	579	6	656	19	252	4	9	3	17	3	9	0	0	
	Power operated aquipment	395	101	1	76	2	18	0	1	0	2	D	1		ñ	, ,
	Communication equipment	397	1,705	12	3,274	37	295	7	18	Б	33	6	18	· o	5	
	Miscekaneous equipment	398	1,170	8	874	26	203	5		4	23	4	15	ő	0	
51	Subtotal - General Plant	389-399	23,230	159	17,341	509	4,071	94	241	78	453	84	249		0	
52	TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	-	63,590	572	62,396	1,832	14,470	333	\$69	280	1,629	303	897		0	
53	IL DEPRECIATION RESERVE															
	Production plant	108.2	34,623	237	25,845	759										
	Local storage plant	103.3		0	د معرد به ۵	/39	5,993	140	350	316	675	126	372	2	o	
	Mans	103.52	0	0	u	0	0	0	0	0	٥	Ó	¢	0	٥	(
	Mains - Direct Assignment	108.52Dwett		0	0	•	e	0	٥	0	0	0	C	c	Û	:
	Services	108.54	ů C	u 0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	Đ	0	
	Meters	108.55	ů	U D	•	0	ç	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	;
	Distribution other	108,58	0	-	D	0	G	0	o	0	0	٥	0	0	0	
	General Plant	103.8		0	0	Û	e	0	٥	0	0	a	0	0	0	;
	Total Depreciation Reserve	108	45.511	82	8,949	263	2.075	49	125	40	254	43	129	0	Ô	
	THE PERSONNEL TEXT		46,611	319	34,793	1,022	8,069	169	484	156	908	:44	500	1	Ó	
	III, OTHER RATE BASE (TEMS															
	Completed construction - Unclassified	105	٥	e	n	¢.	Ð	0	0	9	0	D	Ô	0	c	
	Construction work in progress (CWIP)	107	0	0	٥	0	e	0	¢	c	σ	5	ม ป	c	ç	
6 6	Total Other Rate Base Items	-	Ċ	3	a a	2	<u> </u>	Ū	¢	3	e e	0	0		<u>c</u>	<u> </u>
67	TOTAL RATE BASE (Ercl. Working Capital)		36,979	233	27,603	, et	6,403	150	584	124	721	134	397	1	с с	
68	IV. WORKING CAPITAL								•							•
	Accounts receivable - Gas	131 11	0	c	0	D	σ	0	σ	0	0	٥	-	-	-	
70	Materials and supplies	131.12	ō	D	Ō	c c	ő	ő	0	0		0	0	0	0	C
71	Prepaid accounts, other current assets	131.13	ō	0	a a	ů ů	0	0	0	0	C C	-	0	0	0	c
	Gas, LNG in storage	131 14	ō	0	ē	6	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	D	C
73	Accounts payable - Gas	131.15	ō	5	n	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	C .	0	0	ť
74	Accounts payable, other- 50% Labor	131 16	Ď	ő	ŏ	о п	0	o o	0	0	¢	0	0	0	0	(
	Accounts payable, other- 50% O&MuGas	131.17	0	0	л л	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	٥	0	o	
	Customer deposits	131.18	ŏ	р П	0	0	0	0	-	•	0	0	٥	0	Q	6
	Accrued interest	131.19	ō	e e	a	0	•	•	0	0	0	٥	0	0	Ċ	(
	Accrued Taxes & Wages	191.2	ő	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	Q	Q	٥	0	5	(
	Total Working Capital	131	<u>v</u>	0	0 C	2	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	2	(
	-				6	<u>0</u>	0	2	2	<u>1</u>	0	C	٥	Ð		٥
80	V. TOTAL RATE BASE		36,975	253	21,625	et3	6 401	130	364	174	775	: 54	497	t	5	

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Fahibit PQH-3A: Allocation Results - Supply-Demand Classification

Doilars in Thousands			Residential	Residentia)	Commercial		Industrial	Industrial	•	Municipal	****	5 H B	NGVS m	terrupticke	តាហ
ne FIPC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Mea!	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	HEST		aste K	Non-Heel	Sales	
1 I. OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE															
2 A PRODUCTION EXPENSES															
33 1. Manufactured Gas Production Expenses															
84 Operation labor and expenses	701	191	1	143	4	33	1	2	1	4	1	2	0	0	
35 Boiler fue:	702	98	1	73	2	17	0	1	Û	2	0	1	o	C	
6 Miscellaneous steam expenses	703	335	2	250	7	59	1	3	1	7	1	- 4	0	D	
17 Maintenance of structures	706	3	0	2	0	1	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	
58 Maintenance of boiler plant equipment	707	212	1	158	5	37	1	2	1	4	1	2	Ð	Ó	
19 Maintenance of other production plant	708	10	0	. ,	C	2	. 0	0	0	0	Ð	0	D	` o	
90 Operation supervision and engineering	710	5	0	4	0	1	0	0	۵	٥	0	0	٥	ø	
91 Other power expenses	717	793	5	592	17	137	3	8	3	15	3	9	0	0	
92 Duplicate charges - Credit	734	(622)	(4)	[464]	(14)	(108)	(3)	(6)	(2)	(12)	(2)	(7)	{O}	٥	
93 Miscellaneous production expenses	735	1,143	8	853	25	198	5	12	4	22	4	22	Ð	0	
94 Maintenance supervision and engineering	740	303	2	226	7	52	1	,	1	6	1	3	0	0	
95 Maintenance of structures	741	107	1	76	2	18	0	1	D	2	0	1	0	0	
96 Maintenance of production equipment	742	395	3	295	9	68	2	4	1	8	:	4	o	Ð	
97 Subtotal - Manufactured Gas Production	701-743	2,968	20	2,215	65	514	12	31	10	58	1:	32	0	٥	
98 2. Other Gas Supply Expenses															
99 Natural gas city gate purchases	804	D	0	¢	0	0	0	Ô	٥	Ð	6	٥	0	٥	
DO Purchased gas expenses	807	٥	0	0	o	0	D	0	0	٥	0	0	o	0	
01 Gas withdrawn from storage	808	۵	0	٥	٥	0	Û	0	0	σ	0	O	0	Ó	
02. Gas used for other utility operations	812	Q	0	0	e	D	0	0	Q	0	o	G	0	0	
DB LNG used for other utility operations	BIZENG	Û	0	0	0	C C	6	0	D	G	۵	0	0	0	
D4 Other gas supply expenses	813	υ	¢.	0	0	0	٥	C C	U	0	D	٥	0	σ	
05 Subtotal - Production Expenses	701-813	2,968	20	2,215	65	51-	12	•:	10	55	::	72	0	ø	
LOG B. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING & PRO	CESSING EXPENSES														
107 Operation supervision and engineering	640	Ó	9	0	D	0	0	0	D	Q	۵	0	0	0	
108 Operation labor and expenses	841	e	D	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	٥	0	Q	0	
109 Rents	842	0	o	o	Û	٥	0	0	0	3	0	0	۵	Û	
10 Maintenance	843	0	0	0	٥	0	0	õ	õ	a	c	0	· 0	0	
111 Operation supervision and engineering	850	0	ņ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ð	Ô	Q	0	
112 Subtotal - Storage Expenses	847-850	C	5	0	۵	<u>د</u>	'n	ā	÷	5	c	ć	ú	0	

113 C TRANSMISSION EXPENSES

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Folly Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3A; Allocation Results - Supply-Demand Classification

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Dollars in Thousands			Residential		Commencial		Industrial			Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS Int	erruptible	ចារ
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heet	Non-Heat	ricat	GS	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sete 6	
D. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES															
Operation supervision and engineering	870	0	۵	0	0	0	D	o	٥	0	D	0	n	•	
Distribution load dispetching	871	Ó	0	٥	0	o	0	ō	0	0	a a		0		
Mains and services expenses	874	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	ā	5	ñ	۵ ۵		0	
Measuring station expenses - General	875	D	0	0	0	D	٥	0	0	ā	0	ő	ñ		
Measuring station expenses - Industrial	676	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0	ő	ō		0	0	Ň	
Measuring station expenses - City gate	877	0	0	0	0	0	٥	D	Ó	ō	0	ů D	0	Ň	
Meter and house regulator expenses	878	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	. 0	0	0	ň		Å	
Customer installation expenses	879	0	0	a	Ð	D	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	Ň	
Customer installation expenses - Parts and Labor Flan	879PLP	ò	D	0	0	D	D	, D	ō	Ď	ő		ň		
Other expenses	880	0	D	0	C	6	Đ	0	ō	ā	ñ	ő	ň	ő	
Rents	681	0	D	0	0	p	0	ō	0	0		ň	Ň	Ň	
Maintenance supervision and engineering	685	c	ō	0	٥	a a	ō			0			Ň	u 0	
Maintenance of mains	687	ċ	5	0	0	0	0	5	ő	0	0		~	u A	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - General	689	0	0	0	6	c.	0	0	ň	õ		š	š		
Maintenance of measuring station expanses - Industrial	890	ō	5	0	0	Č.	ō	0	ň	ň					
Vaintenance of measuring station expenses - City gate		ż	c	0	0	ō	¢.	0	ŗ	0	0	Š		U 0	
Melmenance of services	892	5	5	0	D	a	0	č		9	ő	0	0	្រ	
Maintenance of meters and house regulators	893	c	D	ō	D	c.	ō	č	6	å	ñ	5	0	0	
Subtotal - Distribution Expenses	670-893	6	5	G	0			c	<u>c</u>	0	0		<u> </u>		
TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES	-	2.964	20	2,215		114	12	š2	31	56		32	0		
IL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES															
Supervision	901	Ó	۵	D	ō	0	0	0	D	D	0	•	•		
Meter reading expenses	902	6	D	0	٥	0	0	0	Ď	ň	0	5	0		
Customer records and collection expenses	903	0	Ď	0	D	ů.	0	Ğ	ء م	ň	0	ŏ	ő		
Uncollectible accounts	904	ō	Ď	C	p	õ		- 0	0	0	5		0		
Uncollectible accounts in CRP	BOACRE	Ó	0	Ō	0	ů	0	ō	ō	ő	ő	n	0	ő	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES	-		a	Q	C	0	õ	G	a a	0		0		- 0	
III. CLISTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES															
Customer assistance expenses	908	U	0	o	0	0	o	0	D	a	e	~	0		
Customer assistance expenses - EURP	908CAP	0	P	ō	Ð	0	0	ő	ň	- 0	0	-	~	, ,	
CRP Shortfall	480CRP	D	p	0	0	ō		ā	õ	- 0	5		0	0	
Senior Discounts	4805en	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	ő		0	0	
TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSE		C	0	C	3	c	5	č	0	<u> </u>	0	0 0			
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, SERVICE & INFORMATION			5			n	5								

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PCH-3A: Allocation Results - Supply-Demond Classification

Residential Residential Commercial Commercial Industrial Industrial Municipal Municipal PHA PHA NGVS Internuotible GTS/IT Dollars in Thousands Hest Non-Hest Heat Non-Heat Heat Non-Heat GS Rate B Non-Heat Line FERC Account Description Account Code Total Non-Heat Heat Sales 149 IV. ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES 150 A. LABOR RELATED 26 205 920 1,184 8 004 5 12 4 23 4 13 ٥ ٥ Û 151 Administrative and general salaries 1,858 13 1.387 41 322 7 8 19 36 152 Office supplies and expenses 921 6 20 11 ۵ D (2.014) (14) (1,509) (44) (349) (6) (23) (7) (39) (7) 153 Administrative expenses transferred - Credit 922 (22) (0i • 0 154 Dutside services employed 973 135 1 102 3 24 1 1 0 O 0 3 1 ø e 392 12 91 925 576 4 2 10 2 155 Injuries and damages 5 2 6 0 0 ۵ 9.445 65 7.050 207 1,635 38 32 184 34 926 98 101 0 n 156 Employee pensions and benefits • 157 OPEB funding and expenses 999 2,172 :5 1,621 48 376 9 73 7 47 8 23 ٥ o 0 9,933 292 2,303 54 138 750 13,307 91 Δ. 49 143 158 Subtotal - Labor Related A&G ٥ 'n. 0 159 B. PLANT RELATED 115 924 155 150 Property Insurance . . 3 Q, 161 Subtotal - Plant Related A&G 155 1 115 3 :7 • 2 t 1 , ā 2 D 152 C. OTHER A&G 928 ٥ c Q 0 D. ø 0 0 0 e o ٥ ٥ 0 163 Regulatory commission expenses 164 Duplicate charges - Credit 979 Ð e. n. 0 Ø D 0 ٥ ٥ 0 D G n 0 493 368 11 85 2 10 165 General advertising expenses, miscellaneous 930 4 5 2 2 ۰. ٥ n. а 991 27 0 20 n ٥ 0 9 166 Rents 1 ۵ n ø 167 Subtotal - Other AMG 520 4 389 11 4 1 10 2 5 6 C £ 168 TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES 13.992 96 10,437 301 2.420 57 155 47 223 51 150 a 3 a 169 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (Excluding Dep Tax) 16,930 116 12,652 372 2,934 49 176 57 330 ē: 192 a. С e, 170 V. DEPRECIATION EXPENSE 171 Depreciation expense 403 1,501 10 1,122 23 260 Æ 16 5 29 5 16 6 ٥ a 172 Depreciation expense- Direct Assignment 403Direct ٥ ø -0 0 ۵ a c 0 n C Ð. ۵ ٥ 0 173 TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE 1,501 10 1,272 43 26'J é 16 5 29 1ē ß 174 VI. TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES 175 Taxes other than income taxes 408 692 · 5 516 25 120 2 7 2 13 7 2 C 2 C. 10.144 131 425 3.314 189 271 176 TOTAL EXPENSES 14,290 73 54 69 206 C. Ω. :

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Philadaiphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018

Exhibit POH-3A: Allocation Results - Supply-Demand Classification

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Dolfars in Thousands			Residence	Residential		Commercia/	indent der	(nekasirin)	Atwaktor	Akinkope	P 44	PHA	NG15	nterruptible	जार्थ
e FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Neat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate S	Non-Heat	Sales	
7 VII. REVENUES															
8 Distribution Revenue	480-483	0	0	0	¢	0	o	٥	0	0	0	٥	0	0	
9 GCR Revenue	480-483GCR	e	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	D	0	
0 Interruptible Gas Revenue	480-483im	0	0	0	0	0	0	a	0	0	ø	0	0	0	
1 USEC Revenue	480-483USC	0	D	Q	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	Q	
2 REC Revenue	480-483REC	0	C	G	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3 Fortestad discounts	487	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	Ð	
4 Miscellaneous service revenue	488	a	0	0	٥	٥	0	0	0	0	C	0	e	0	
5 GTS/IT Revenue	489	. 0	0	0	5	0	0	B	· 0	0	0	` O	0	D	
6 Other gas revenue	495	Q	٥	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	C	0	
7 Revenue Adjustments	495Adj	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	a	٥	0	D	
8 Subtotal - Gas Revenues		^	:	n	Ċ	5	۵	5	n	<u> </u>	5	0	G	0	
9 Bill paid turn ons & dig ups	903Rev	o	o	0	o	o	٥	c	٥	o	0	o	0	0	
O Customer installation expenses	879Rev	a	0		0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	o	
1 Subtotal - Other operating revenues	-	ſ		ð	t.	0	3	¢.	ţ.	Q	0	0	3	J	
2 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		ũ		6	:	ت	e	L	5	o	:	~	:	5	
3 Non-operating restal secome	418	10	2	8	0	1	с	a	20	D	n	3	5	c	
4 Interest and d'vidend income	419	127	3	202	2	13	G	:	D	1	¢	1	2	0	
5 Miscellaneous non-operating income	421	655	t:	638	19	:47	_ 3	9	3	17	3	3	3	0	
6 Total Kon-Operating Income	-	953	10	348	-21	160	L	10	3	18	1	12	ť	5	
7 TOTAL REVENUE		997	10	748	21	562	4	19	3	15	4	10	ə	٥	
8 Income Before Interest and Surplus		(18,152)	(177)	(13,542)	(396)	(3,152)	(74)	(189)	(62)	(355)	(66)	(195)	(0)	3	
9 Interest on long-term debt	427	3,096	83	2,487	56	307	,	19	5	25	13	22	C	a	
0 Amortization of debt discount	428	274	7	220	5	27	3	2	D	2	1	,	0	a	
1 Amortization of pramium on debt	425	(\$90)	(16)	(474)	[11]	(58)	(1)	(B)	(1)	(5)	(2)	(4)	(0)	(0)	
2 Other Interest expense	431	239	6	192	4	24	1	. 1	0	2	. 1	2	0	0	•
19 AFUDC	432	(58)	[2]	(47)	{1}	(6)	{O}	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	
4 Surplus Requirement	499	3,779	103	3,036	68	374	6	21	6	30	13	27	D	0	
S Total interest & Surplus	_	6,74	190	5,414		667	11	ų	11	ي مح	23	47	3	- o	
6 Appropriations of retained earnings	436	1,134	115	911	20	- 117	3	4		9	4	ž	9	Q	
7 Total Interest & Surplus, Other	_	1,874	211	6,325	:41	779	86	43	13	63	27	- 55	a	ń	
08 Over (Under) Total Requirements		(26.026)	(332)	<u>(19.867)</u>	(540)	<u>(3.932)</u>	<u>(91)</u>	(234)	(74)	<u>(418)</u>	<u>(93)</u>	(251)	123	<u>(0)</u>	<u>(1</u>
9 Tanff Revenue Requirements		26,026	447	19,867	540	3 932	91	734	74	413	51	251	3	o	:

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fufly Projected Fatura Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Emblek POH-38: Allocation Results - Supply-Commodity Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Pestdential	Residential	Commercial	Commercial	Industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS I	nterruptible	GTS
e FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	-
L GAS PLANT IN SERVICE															-
A. INTANGIBLE PLANT	301-363														
B. PRODUCTION PLANT															
Land and land rights	304	٥	0	0	0	0	0	5	D	Q	0	0	0	o	
Structures and Improvements	305	0	0	Ô	0	0	0	0	D	0	ō	0	ō	0	
Boiler start equipment	306	0	0	۵	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	ů.	
Other power equipment	307	٥	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	3	0	Ğ	
LPG equipment	311	0	0	0	C	0	0	٥	` D		Ő		0		
Purfication equipment	317	0	១	0	٥	0	Ő	c	D	- 0	ō	- 0	۰ ۵	0	
Residual refining equipment	318	0	0	0	0	ő	0	- D	ō	ő	° D	õ	ů.	5	
Gas mixing equipment	319	0	0	Ē	-	ō	ō	ō	ō	с С	0	, D	0	0	
Other equipment	320	0	0		õ	0	ő	c	ő	ç	0	5	0		
Subtotal - Production Plant	304-347	0	0				<u> </u>	C	0				U	0	
Sociolar - Production Flam				ž		••		<u> </u>	¹	4		<u>v</u>		U U	
C. STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT															
Land and rights	360	0	C	0	0	0	0	o	0	c	0	a	0	0	
Structures and Improvements	361	0	G	0	0	Û	c	0	D	С	6	c	0	0	
Gas holders	362	0	0	o	0	0	0	9	0	o	0	Ċ	č	5	
Purification equipment	363	G	0	٥	c	C	o	3	٥	σ	c	G	ō	'n	
Liquefaction equipment	363.1	0	0	C	G	0	C	C	D	o	0	C	0	0	
Vaponzing equipment	363.2	0	D	ð	0	D	0	8	D	-	0	ň	-	-	
Compressor equipment	363.3	å	0	٥	c	G	ō	ā	ō	0	ñ	ň	ő	Ď	
Measuring and regulating equipment	363 4	ō	Ď	Ō	0	0	ç	- 0	0	0	0		ő	ő	
Other equipment	363.5	c	0	ō	0	0	o o	c	0	0	a	ő	c	0	
Subtotal - Storage and Processing Plant	360-364	2	0	0	0		2	<u>ې</u>	£	<u></u>	0	c	p	6	
D, TRANSMISSION PLANT	355-371														
E. DISTRIBUTION PLANT															
Lond and land rights	374	Q	5	C	0	0	0	D	o	C	c	0	D	0	
Structures and improvements	375	o	D	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	Ó	ò	0	0	0	•
Mains	376	e	0	0	۵	0	o	0	0	ō	0	D	с 0	õ	
Males - Direct Assignment	375Dweet	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō		ő	ň		
Compressor station equipment	377	0	٥	c	٥	٥	0		Ó	ē	0	-	C C	0	
Measuring station equipment - General	378	0	0	٥	a	ō	0	e e	0	ň			0	ř	
Services	380	0	0	0	0	0	0	ā	Ď	0	ů	Š	0	ő	
Meters	381		0		с п	0	0	0	ő	ő		v	0		
Meter Installations	361		0			ц л	5	0	0	0	0		-	0	
	383		ő			v	0 0	u D	0	•	0	0	0	0	
i House regulators			0				-	и С	0 0	0	•	0	0	0	
House regulator installations	384	<u> </u>	-	0	0	ບ ວ	0		-	0	0	0	0	0	
Measuring station equipment - Industrial	385	•	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	
Other equipment	367	0	0	0	0	0	0	n	0	0	٥		D	0	

PhRadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-38: Allocation Results - Supply-Commodity Classification

Dollars in Thousands		- · ·	Residential	Residential		Commercial		Industrial		Municipal	PHA	PHA		terruptible	GT
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	<u>65</u>	Aute 8	Non-Heat	Saies	
F. GENERAL PLANT															
Land and land rights	31819	D	a	D	Đ	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	٥	
Structures and improvements	390	Ð	0	a	0	o	0	0	٥	o	0	Đ	a	٥	
Office furniture and equipment	391	0	Ó	0	o	0	a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Transportation equipment	592	0	¢	0	¢	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	
Stores equipment	393	0	0	0	¢	0	٥	0	Ð	0	0	D	0	0	
Tools, shop and garage equipment	394	0	Q	0	0	0	Ċ	0	D	0	٥	0	0	0	
Power operated equipment	396	0	a	0	C	D	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ċ	
Communication equipment	397	. 0	0	0	Ċ.	0	0	0	ø	0	Ð	. 0	0	Ð	
Misce Encous equipment	398	٥	0	٥	0	C	0	D	٥	0	0	D	0	0	
Subtotal - General Plant	389-399	0	3	0	c	0	0	0	5	0	C	D	2	0	
	-														
TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	-	n	5	0	0		0	9	ą	¢	C	۵	<u>0</u>	٥	
II. DEPRECIATION RESERVE															
Production plant	108.2	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	Ð	0	C	0	0	Q	
Local storage plant	108.3	0	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	0	0	0	Ð	Û	0	
Mains	108.52	0	٥	0	۵	0	a	Q	9	0	0	0	٥	0	
Mains - Direct Assignment	108.520irect	0	۵	0	0	o	C	C	0	σ	0	0	0	0	
Services	109.54	0	0	D	0	e	o	0	٥	0	0	D	e	0	
Meters	108.55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	9	¢	Ó	0	
Distribution other	106.58	0	٥	٥	0	0	0	0	D	0	C	a	0	ġ	
General Plant	208.8	0	C	0	0	D	0	C	0	0	٥	0	0	ō	
Total Depreciation Reserve	108	c		٥	0	Ð	¢	2	5	<u>4</u>	٥	0	Ø	c	
IN, OTHER RATE BASE ITEMS															
Completed construction - Unclassified	106	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	a	0	c	0	
Construction work in progress (CWIP)	107	ō	°,	C C	Ď	ō	0	ā	ō	0	ő	â	o o	é	
Total Other Rate Base Items			ŭ	0	0				0	0	0		<u> </u>		
	-				¢	٥		 ه	ວ ບ	r				_	
TOTAL HATE BASE (Excl. Working Capital)		ć	0	ۍ . د	4	U	۵.	Ŭ	Û.	Ľ	. 9	Ŧ	0	c	
IV. WORKING CAPITAL										_					
Accounts receivable - Gas	191.11	0	D	0	Q	0	0	0	0	¢	0	٥	0	0	
Materials and supplies	131.12	0	þ	0	0	0	C	D	0	0	Ð	0	ð	0	
Prepaid accounts, other current assets	131.13	0	٥	C	٥	D	G	0	e	c	0	٥	0	D	
Gas, LNG in storage	131.14	38,344	913	31,258	638	5,030	84	261	117	451	153	32	1	7	
Accounts payable - Gaz	131.15	0	G	0	0	0	٥	٥	0	D	٥	0	Ċ	۵	
Accounts payable, other- 50% Labor	151.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	a	0	0	٥	0	0	٥	
Accounts payable, other- 50% O&MxGas	131.17	0	0	0	Ð	o	0	Q	D	0	٥	0	0	0	
Customer deposits	131.18	0	Ð	0	0	0	0	٥	0	C	0	C	0	0	
Accrued Interest	131.19	e	٥	Ö	D	0	0	٥	0	0	Q	0	0	0	
Accrued Taxes & Wages	131.2	0	0	đ	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	D	
Total Working Capital	131	38,344	313	31,258	538	S,D30	84	261	117	451	153	32	1	7	

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-38: Allocation Results - Supply-Commodity Classification

Dollars In Thousands			Residential	Residential	Commercial	Commercial	Industriai	Industrial	• · · ·	Municipal	Ph1A	PHA		ternuptione	671.5
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate 8 1	07 Peet	<u>See</u>	
I. OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE															
A. PRODUCTION EXPENSES															
1. Manufactured Gas Production Expenses															
Operation labor and expenses	701	0	٥	Û	σ	٥	0	D	0	D	0	0	0	0	
Botior fuel	702	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	¢	0	0	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous steam expenses	703	0	0	e	0	0	ກ	0	C	0	0	Ð	¢	3	
Maintenance of structures	706	Ð	0	0	0	٥	0	C	0	0	0	c	C	0	
Maintenance of boller plant equipment	707	0	0	0	Ð	٥	0	6	0	0	٥	0	C.	C	
Maintenance of other production plant	206	٥	· 0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	· 0	0	D	0	Û	
Operation supervision and engineering	710	D	٥	0	0	Ø	0	C	0	Ð	D	0	0	٥	
Other power expenses	712	0	0	0	C	0	٥	C	0	0	C	0	Û	Ð	
Duplicate charges - Credit	734	0	0	8	C	Ð	0	0	0	D	0	6	٥	0	
Miscellaneous production expenses	735	0	C	Ð	0	C	0	0	0	D	0	0	Ċ	0	
Maintenance supervision and engineering	740	0	C	٥	D	٥	0	0	0	٩	0	o	0	a a	
Maintenance of structures	741	0	٥	0	0	6	o	0	0	D	٥	Q	0	D	
Maintenance of production equipment	742	Ø	C	D	٥	o	0	0	D	0	0	0	e	0	
Subtotal - Manufartured Gas Production	701-743	Ď	0	C	٥	0	0	0	0	0	D	o	Q	0	
2. Other Gas Supply Expenses															
Natural gas city gate purchases	804	14	Q	0	0	0	U U	Ö	0	9	0	0	C	14	
Purchased gas expenses	807	0	0	٥	٥	0	3	0	D	0	Ð	0	3	0	
Gas withdrawn from storage	808	D	o	0	0	Ū	G	0	Ð	0	0	Q	0	0	
Gas used for other utility operations	812	0	0	٥	Ð	0	c	c	C	0	0	e	5	0	
ELNG used for other utility operations	81 ZLNG	(5,487)	(64)	(5,189)	(147)	(909)	(15)	(42)	(20)	(69)	(25)	[7]	(0)	o	
L Other gas supply expenses	813	6,640	87	7,071	200	1,239	21	58	27	95	35	à	٥	ø	
Subtotal - Production Expenses	701-813	2,367	23	1,882	53	330	6	15	7	25	9	2	0	14	-
E B. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING & PRO	CESSING EXPENSES														
Operation supervision and engineering	840	O	0	0	0	٥	0	0	Q	o	0	o	0	0	
Deretion labor and expenses	241	0	D	0	۵	0	0	0	0	0	0	ð	Ċ	0	
Rents	843	0	9	0	¢	٥	0	0	D	Û	Ð	٥	C	0	
Maintenance	643	· 0	D	0	· 0	0	0	9	D	0	D	· D	٥	D	
Operation supervision and engineering	850	0_0	.0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Subtotal - Storage Expenses	840-850	U	5			Ē	ā	Ċ	:	4	0	n	n	n	

113 C. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES

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Philipdelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-38: Allocation Results - Supply-Commodity Classification

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Dollars in Thousands			Residential				Industrial		Municipal	Municipal	рна	PHA		nterruptib'e	ធាន
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Hest	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
D, DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES															
Operation supervision and engineering	870	D	0	0	0	٥	Q	0	0	0	٥	0	۵	٥	
Distribution load dispatching	871	D	o	۵	0	0	D	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	
Mains and services expenses	874	٥	0	٥	Q	0	0	0	D	0	0	o	0	0	
Measuring station expenses - General	875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ď	Q	e	o d	
Measuring station expenses - Industrial	876	0	Û	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ð	Ċ	0	
Measuring station expenses - City gate	877	0	Q	0	0	a	0	Ð	D	0	0	٥	0	ō	
Meter and house regulator expenses	\$7B	0	0	0	0	D	9	0	D	0	0	0	0	ō	
Customer installation expenses	87 9	C	Q	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ċ	0	
Customer Installation expenses - Parts and Labor Plan	879PLP	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	5	D	0	0	
Other expenses	880	0	0	٥	Đ	6	0	0	٥	0	0	0	c	ō	
Rents	88)	0	D	۵	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	
Maintenance supervision and engineering	885	0	c	0	٥	0	D	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	
Maintenance of mains	887	0	o	٥	G	0	٥	0	0	۵	0	D	0	0	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - General	889	6	e	0	D	a	0	Ď	0	0	0	0	0	-	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - Industrial	890	0	C	0	0	e	0	٥	o	0	C	0	0	, D	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - City gate	891	C.	۲ ر	0	0	e	D	٥	\$	0	9	C	G	c	
Maintenance of services	892	0	ũ	0	0	0	٥	0	C	0	c	0	Ó	ō	
Maintenance of meters and house regulators	893	0	C	0	0	0	o	D	a	0	٥	Q	a	0	
Subtotal - Distribution Expenses	870-893	:	¢	D	n	0	0	0	2	0	σ	2	C	c	
TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES	-	2,367	12	1,882	53	330	ę	33	7	25	3	2	a	:4	
II. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES															
Supervision	901	0	0	٥	۵	0	C	0	C	0	0	c	٥	G	
Meter reading expenses	902	9	ũ	C	0	0	0	0	c	0	ō	٥	ō	ő	
Customer records and collection expenses	903	3	Q	0	0	0	5	0	٥	0	0	0	0	Ó	
Uncollectible accounts	904	5	Û	Ô	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	Ó	0	ő	
Uncollectible accounts in CRP	904CRP	Û	0	e	0	C	D	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES	-	0	c	0	D D	0	5	0	c	U	0	3	¢	. p	
III. CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES									•						
Customer assistance expenses	908	Ū	0	Ó	0	0	0	0	٥	0	o	0	0	٥	
Customer assistance expenses - ELIRP	908CAP	ø	¢	0	Ð	0	0	ō	0	0	ů	5	ñ	ä	
CRP Shortfall	480CRP	0	0	0	D	0	0	Ō	ō	0	0	Ď	ő	5	
Senior Discounts	4805en	c	c	D	0	D	0	ō	ō	D	ů.	0	ŭ	ő	
TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENS	ES	ຄ	t,	ò	Ð	5	D	0	0	6		0		<u> </u>	
								-	-	-	-	•	u	•	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, SERVICE & INFORMATIO															

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fisily Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit POH-38: Allocation Results - Supply Commodity Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residential	Commercial	Commential	industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS	Interruptible	GTS/
te FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
49 IV. ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES															
SO A LABOR RELATED															
1 Administrative and general salaries	920	0	¢	0	Đ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	
57 Office supplies and expenses	921	D	ţ,	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	O	0	0	
53 Administrative expenses transferred - Credit	922	Ð	0	o	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	D	
54 Outside services employed	923	Ð	0	0	0	Ó	0	G	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	
55 Injuries and damages	975	D	e	0	Q	ø	0	Q	0	9	0	0	C	0	
56 Employee pensions and benefits	926	0	0	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	٥	Û	Q	C	0	
57 OPEB funding and expenses	999	0	0	0	0		0	٥	0	<u> </u>	0	٥	2	0	
58 Subtotal - Labor Related A&G		D	0	5	Ū	c	0	ō	۵	- 5	5	5	c	5	
59 B. PLANT RELATED															
50 Property Insurance	924 _	0	0	<u>\$</u> \$	0	0	D	Û	<u>¢</u>	Ø	1	0	C	0	
51 Subtotal - Plant Related AlkG		t)	0	Ð	ŋ	U	¢	0	O	¢	۵	0	r	e	
57 C. OTHER A&G															
63 Regulatory commission expenses	978	Q	0	0	0	Ď	0	0	0	o	Ð	0	0	0	
64 Duplicate charges - Credit	9.79	0	9	5	C	0	0	0	c	0	e	3	e	0	
65 General advertising expenses, miscellaneous	GER	0	0	0	0	Ó	0	Ď	D	0	D	0	0	0	
66 Rents	931	0	9	0	Q	3	0	0	0	0	0	Û	۵	Q	
57 Subtatal - Other ABG	-	c	Ð	ŋ		·	¢_	0	C	U	D	D	ç	3	
68 TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES		٥	C	0	o	0	C	0	5	ΰ	٥	C	¢	5	
69 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (Excluding Dep. Tax)		1347	3	1,897	5a	135	6	:*	;	35	9	:	ť.	:*	
70 V. DEPRECIATION EXPENSE															
71 Depreciation expense	463	0	0	0		0	0	0	c	e	٥	D	0	c	
72 Depreciation expense- Direct Assignment	403Direct	0	0	0			0	0		0	0	0	0	0	
73 TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE		ព	0	D	þ	8	0	¢	Ð	D	3	5	Ó	- D	
74 VI, TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES															
75 Taxes other than income taxes	405	. 6	:	٥	0	5	ē.	6	. 5	3	ţ.	D	3	2	
76 TOTAL EXPENSES		2,367	23	1,682	53	330	6	15	-		:	,	5	14	

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Philadeiphia Gas Works

Allocated Class CDS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018

Exhibit POH-38: Allocation Results - Supply-Commodity Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residential		Commercial	Industrial	Industrial	+	Municipei	рна	рна		Interruptible	GTS/
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Hest	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	<u>GS</u>	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
VII. REVENUES															
Bistribution Revenue	480 483	32,804	499	25,984	754	4,489	132	268	68	286	104	216	1	٥	
GCR Revenue	480-483GCR	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	o	0	D	0	
) Interruptible Gas Revenue	480-4831nt	17	0	0	p	Ó	0	0	٥	0	o	0	0	17	
L USEC Revenue	480-483USC	0	D	Û	0	0	o	0	¢	0	0	D	0	Q	
AEC Revenue	460-483FEC	Q	Ð	C	o	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	D	
3 Forfeited discounts	487	0	0	0	a	0	0	٥	o	Ð	C	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous service revenue	466	0	Q	0	0	¢	0	0	0	Q	0	0	0	0	
S GTS/IT Revenue	489	0	0	5	0	C	Û	· 0	Ó	0	. 6	Q	0	0	
5 Other gas revenue	495	4,634	46	3,707	104	549	11	30	24	50	18	5	0	Ď	
7 Revenue Adjustments	495Adj	217	2	174	5	30	1	:	:	:	1	0	0		
8 Subtotal - Gas Revenues	-	37,673	547	29,854	849	5,169	144	100	83	335	123	223	3	17	
Bill paid turn ons 🖡 dig ups	903Rev	D	o	o	0	٥	0	o	5	0	0	0	0	0	
Customer installation expenses	879Rev	0	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	0	<u>.</u>	ò	0	0	0	0	
Subtotal - Other operating revenues		0	v	0	0	0	G	0	¢	5	0	6	Ċ	÷	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		37,673	547	29,864	21 I	5,169	114	500	÷,	3.34	:12	32 -	:	::	
Non-operating rental income	4:5	0	D	٥	0	D	Đ	0	0	o	0	0	9	o	
Interest and dividend income	419	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	Q	O	
5 Miscellaneous non-operating income	421	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C.	0	0	0	0	
6 Total Non-Operating Income		٥	0	Ð	C	a	0	Ð	0	د	¢	â	ŋ	0	
7 TOTAL REVENUE		37,673	\$ 4 7	29,864	263	5,169	:44	300	83	338	:23	. ::	د	27	
E Income Before Interest and Surplus		35,305	523	27,982	ē:0	4,839	138	284	76	313	114	221	1	3	
9 Interest on long-term dabt	427	0	e	o	G	o	0	0	o	a	σ	D	0	0	
Amortization of debt decount	478	Ô	0	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	
1 Amortization of premium on debt	429	Û	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2 Other Interest expense	431	0	. D	0	D	0	٥	0	٥	0	0	0	0	. 0	
3 AFUDC	432	â	0	D	C	c U	Û	٥	0	Ŭ	υ	Q	٥	0	
4 Surplus Requirement	499	٥		0	0	0	0	Q	5	0	5	Ċ	0	0	
5 Total interest & Surplus	_	0	0	<u> </u>		0	0	D	. 2	2	0	Q	Ð		
6 Appropriations of retained earnings	430	0	5	¢			<u>n</u>	a	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>р</u>	0	<u>ې</u>	3	
7 Total Interest & Surplus, Other	_	4	0	0	à	د	n	đ	b	ŭ	٥	0	5	c	
8 Over (Under) Total Requirements		<u>95,305</u>	523	22.952	<u>610</u>	4.839	138	784	<u>76</u>	313	114	221	1	3	

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Sturty — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3C: Allocation Results - Storage-Demand Classification

	Dollars In Thousands			Residential	Residential		Commercial		-	Municipel	Municipal	рна	PHA		Interruptible	GTS/IT
Line	FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	G5	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
1	L GAS PLANT IN SERVICE															
2	A, INTANGIBLE PLANT	301-303														
3	8. PRODUCTION PLANT															
4	Land and land rights	304	¢	0	Ó	0	C	0	0	0	ō	0	Ð	0	0	0
5	Structures and improvements	305	o	c	0	٥	o	o	0	0	Đ	D	0	0	0	C
6	Bollet plant equipment	305	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Other power equipment	307	e	٥	0	D	٥	0	0	0	0	0	D	Û	0	¢
8	LPIS equipment	311	8	0	Q	0	n	· 0	0	0	. 0	o	0	0	. 0	C
9	Purification equipment	317	Ð	D	û	0	a	ø	٥	o	a	Û	0	٥	0	D
10	Residual refining equipment	318	0	3	Û	0	G	ទ	Ø	5	0	¢	0	0	0	0
11	Gas mixing equipment	319	٥	٥	0	6	0	0	٥	0	6	٥	Ċ	0	0	٥
12	Other equipment	320	a	0	P	0	ວ	۵	0	0	0	0	¢	۵	0	٥
13	Subtotal - Production Plant	304-347	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	ù	0	2	0	a
14	C. STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT															
15	Land and land rights	360	328	2	245	7	57	:	3	1	6	1	4	đ	0	0
36	Structures and improvementi	361	13,78C	94	10,286	302	2,385	56	243	46	269	50	:42	0	0	þ
17	Gas holders	362	33,779	231	25,214	740	5,847	137	351	113	658	123	363	1	C	D
18	Putfication equipment	369	251	2	183	6	44	:	3	1	5	1	3	0	o	0
19	Liquefaction equipment	363 1	31,182	214	23,276	584	5,398	126	324	104	508	113	335	1	0	0
20	Vaporizing equipment	363.2	14,977	103	11,179	325	2,593	51	156	50	292	54	161	э	0	0
21	Compressor equipment.	363.3	17,509	120	13,070	384	3,031	71	182	59	341	64	148	0	0	0
22	Measuring and regulating equipment	363.4	8,294	43	4,698	138	1,089	25	65	21	123	23	68	e	0	٥
23	Other equipment	363.5	27,013	185	20,364	592	4,676	:25	281	90	526	98	250	1	0	0
24	Subtotal - Storage and Processing Plant	360-364	145.:12	994	105,220	3,583	25,120	558	1,508	485	2.822	525	. 558	4	0	0
25	D. TRANSMISSION PLANT	365-371														
26	E. DISTRIBUTION PLANT															
27	Land and land rights	374	0	C	0	C	e	c	0	-	0	C	a	0	D	0
28	Structures and Improvements	\$75	·0	¢	0	0	D	0	0	Ū.	o	0	۵.	C	0	Ø
29	Mains	\$7G	C	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	Mains - Direct Assignment	375Direct	D	Ð	0	0	0	Q	0	0	Q	٥	0	0	0	0
31	Compressor station equipment	377	2	D	0	a	0	٥	۵	0	٩	٥	٥	Ó	0	٥
32	Measuring station equipment - General	578	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	Ω	0	e	Ô	0	0	0
33	Services	360	3	D	٥	0	۵	0	0	Q	0	o	0	0	٥	0
- 34	Meters	381	O	3	Q	o	0	0	G	G	٥	0	0	0	0	a
35	Meter installations	382	¢	C	C	٥	0	0	0	0	a	0	0	0	0	O
36	House regulators	\$83	0	Ð	C	0	D	o	0	0	0	o	٥	0	0	o
37	House regulator Installations	384	•	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	o	٥	0	0	Ċ
38	Measuring station equipment - industrial	385	0	Ð	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	σ	0	0	D	0
39	Other equipment	387	C	D	0	00					<u> </u>	0	D	0	0	0
40	Subtotal - Distribution Plant	374-387		8	ť	0	0	ė	c	0	9	5	:	6	0	o

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated (Lass COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-SC Allocation Results - Storage-Demand Classification

Dollars in Thousands		_	Residential	Residential		Commercial	Industrial	industrial	•	Municipal	PHA	PHA		terruptible	SIS
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Hest	Heat	Non-Heat	Hest	Non-Hest	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
F. GENERAL PLANT								-			_				
Land and land rights	389	190	1	142	4	33 734	1	2	1	4	1	2	0	0	
Structures and Improvements	390	4,238	29	3,163	93	/ 34 964	17	44	14	83	15	45	٥	0	
Office furniture and equipment	391	5,570	38	4,158	122		23	58	19	109	20	60	٥	0	
Transportation equipment	392	2,046	14	1,527	45	354	8	л	,	40	7	22	0	0	
Stores equipment	395	39	0	29	3		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
Tools, shop and gampe equipment	394	548		409	12	95	3	6	2	11	>	6	٥	0	
Power operated equipment	396	63	. 7	47	1	11	•	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	
Communication aquipment	397	1.064		794	23	384	4	13	4	23	4	13	· 0	0	
Miscellaneous equipmant	398	730	5	545	16	126	3	8	2	14	3	8	0	0	
Subtotal - General Plant	385-399 -	14,467	99	10,814	318	2,508	59	151	48	282	53	156	0	<u> </u>	
TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	-	159,600	1,093	119,134	3,499	27,628	645	1,659	534	3,111	579	1,714	4	c	
II, DEPRECIATION RESERVE															
Production plant	108.2	٥	0	0	0	С	Q	D	0	0	0	U	0	D	
Local storage plant	108.3	95,160	652	71,039	2,066	16,473	385	989	318	1.655	345	1,022	2	٥	
Mains	108.52	Э	c	0	C	0	Ď	D	0	6	C	Ð	C	0	
Mains - Direct Assignment	108.520/rect	0	£	٥	D	0	٥	0	٥	0	0	D	ā	D	
Services	108.54	0	C	Û	G	C	0	0	0	0	٥	0	a	0	
Meters	108.55	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	c	D	C	0	
Distribution other	108.58	0	c	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	D	t	Ū.	ō	
General Plant	108.8	7,476	51	5,581	164	1,294	30	78	25	145	27	80	Ċ	ċ	
Total Depreciation Reserve	108	102.636	703	76,614	2,250	17,767	416	1,067	34?	2,902	172	1.102	1		
III, OTHER RATE BASE ITEMS															
Completed construction - Unclustified	106	э	e	0	۵	0	C	0	٥	Ō	Ô	đ	0	D	
Construction work in progress (CWIP)	107	D	0	٥	0	0	0	a	٥	٥	Ð	J	0	۵	
Total Other Rate Base Items	-	2	D	C	0	0	0	0	C	a	0	0	C	3	
TOTAL RATE BASE (Excl. Working Capital)		55,964	390	42,571	1,249	9,861	232	592	1\$1	4,110	307	612	1	a	
IV. WORKING CAPITAL															
Accounts receivable - Gas	131.11	0	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	Q	0	C	D	0	0	
Materials and supplies	131.12	0	0	e	C	0	٥	0	0	0	0	a	Ċ	3	
Prepaid accounts, other current assets	131.13	o	0	0	٥	D	0	٥	0	0	C	σ	Q	Ċ	
Gas, LNG in storage	131.14	۵	o	D	0	0	٥	0	0	0	C	õ	e	0	
Accounts payable - Gas	131,15	D	0	0	0	D	٥	0	0	o	۵	0	C	0	
Accounts payable, other- 50% Labor	132.16	۵	0	0	C	0	٥	0	0	D	0	D	Ó	¢	
Accounts payable, other- \$0% G&MxGas	131.17	0	C	0	c	0	0	8	Q	D	٥	a	٥	0	
Customer deposits	137.18	0	σ	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	۵	9	۵	0	
Accrued Interest	131.19	Ð	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	D	o	٥	Ō	
Accrued Taxes & Wages	191.2	Ó	0	0	0	٥	0	0	. 0	e	0	5	c	5	
Total Working Capital	191	þ	0	Ç.	c	0	0	3	5	¢	c	n n	2	Ŷ	
V. TOTAL RATE BASE		56,9%4	390	42,521	1,249	9,861	231	597	191	1,110	207	612		c	

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Embht POH-3C: Allocation Results - Storage-Demand Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential			Commercial			Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHLA		emuptible	GTS/
e FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
1. OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE															
A. PRODUCTION EXPENSES															
1. Manufactured Gas Production Expanses															
Operation labor and expenses	701	0	Ð	۵	Ð	0	¢	Ð	0	0	ø	0	0	0	
Bollac fuel	702	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	¢	0	C	0	0	
Miscellaneous steam expenses	703	0	0	0	۵	0	Ð	0	0	ø	0	đ	0	0	
Maintenance of structures	736	0	0	c	כ	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	
Maintenance of bollet plant equipment	707	0	0	C	6	Ø	0	Ő	0	G	0	C	C	0	
Maintenance of other production plant	708	0	0	. 0	ð	0	c .	0	0	C	· •	D	c	0 1	
Operation supervision and angineering	710	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	c	0	
Other power expenses	712	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G	
Duplicate charges - Credit	734	0	0	c	9	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	¢	0	
Miscellaneous production expenses	735	0	9	3	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Maintenance supervision and angineering	740	0	0	٥	G	٥	0	0	0	0	Ð	0	٥	D	
Maintenance of structures	741	0	0	C	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	
Maintenance of production equipment	742	0	0	c	0	٥	0	Ó	0	0	0	0	C	D	
Subtotal - Manufactured Gas Production	701-743	0	0	c	Ċ	Ď	0	0	0	0	0	٥	C	ø	
2. Other Gas Supply Expenses															
Natural gas city gate purchases	504	0	0	c	3	0	D	Q	0	0	0	Đ	2	0	
Purchased gas expenses	807	0	0	e	e	0	0	0	o	0	C	0	C	0	
Gas withdrawn from storage	808	0	0	C	0	٥	D	0	c	0	0	0	Ð	0	
Gas used for other utility operations	812	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	o	٥	o	0	0	0	
UNG used for other utility operations	£126%G	0	0	۵	0	9	0	0	6	õ	Û	0	Ċ	þ	
Other gas supply expenses	813	٥	0	G	0	2	0	0	0	Û	0	٥	Q	٥	
Subtatal - Production Expenses	701-813	۵	۵	0	Ċ	٥	5	٥	c	0	a	0	c	3	
6 B. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING & PRO	CESSING EXPENSES														
Operation supervision and engineering	840	1,066	7	795	23	185	4	11	4	21	4	11	0	9	
Deration labor and expenses	641	3,050	21	2,277	67	528	12	52	10	59	11	33	o	0	
Rents	842	421	3	314	9	73	7	4	1	3	2	S	0	ō	
Maintenance	843	5,699	39	4,254	125	987	23	59	19	111	21	61	ø	ō	
Operation supervision and angineering	850	1,278	9	954	78	223	5	13	4	25	5	14	0	0	
2 Subtobal - Storage Expensas	340 650	11.514	75	8,595	252	: 99	£7	120	31			124	2		

113 C. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocarted Class CDS Study — Folly Projected Fature Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit POH-3C: Allocation Results - Storage-Demand Classification

Dollars In Thousands			Residential	Residential	Commerciai			Industrial	•	Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS	interruptible	ថាទ
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Kon-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
D. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES															
Operation supervision and engineering	870	۵	0	a	0	0	٥	0	a	0	D	0	0	σ	
Distribution load dispatching	871	0	0	0	0	0	٥	٥	0	Q	D	0	0	0	
Mains and services expenses	874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Measuring station expenses - General	875	C	0	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	
Measuring station expenses - Industrial	876	0	٥	0	Û	a	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	5	
Measuring station expenses - City gete	877	ø	0	0	0	C	0	۵	Q	0	C	0	0	0	
Meter and house regulator expenses	878	D	D.	0	0	0	0	0	0	·D	o	0	o	· p	
Customer Installation expenses	879	D	0	0	C	C	0	0	0	D	0	b	ō	0	
Customer installation expenses - Parts and Labor Plan	879PLP	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	D	0	Ď	Ō	0	
Other expenses	880	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	٥	D	Ð	0	0	ō	
Reats	861	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	٥	0	0	5	0		
Maintenance supervision and engineering	885	c	0	0	0	0	C	٥	0	0	0	5	a	6	
Maintenance of mains	887	0	o	٥	0	0	0	0	0	D	٥	5	_ م	-	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - General	889	ō	0	C	0	¢	0	ō	ò	õ	0	5	ē	0	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - Industrial	890	۵.	0	٥	0	Ð	0	Ō	0	ō	0	ă	ā	6	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - City gate		0	0	C	n	D	ú	٥	P	ō	0	÷ ۵	ő	0 0	
Maintenance of services	892	c	0	D	٥	0	2	0	C	0	0		ő	0	
Maintenance of meters and house regulators	893	c	0	0	٥	0	D	0	ø	0	0	ö	đ	0	
Subtotal - Distribution Expenses	870-893	٥	a	· · · ·	0	5		0	C	3	2	<u>_</u>	0	2	
TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES	-	11,514	75	8,595	252	1,973		120	36	714	42	124	ē	0	
II. CUSTOMER ACEDUNTS EXPENSES															
Supervision	901	0	0	C	0	D	0	0	a	D	G	n	0	•	
Meter reading expenses	902	0	0	6	Ó	D	0	0	0	ā	ō	ň	0	- -	
Customer records and collection expenses	903	0	0	0	D	0	D	0	ō	0	0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		ň	
Uncollectible accounts	904	0	C	0	Ó	D	D	Ó	0	0	ņ	ň		0	
Uncollectible accounts in CRP	904CRP	D	o	0	0	٥	0	Q	ō	0	Ū.	Č.	0	ō	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES	_	0	0	. O	ก	0	ť'	0	0	0	¢	0	0	0	
III. CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES															
Customer assistance expenses	908	0	þ	0	c	0	e	ø	G	Ó	D	D	D	0	
Customer assistance expenses - ELIRP	SOBCAP	ť.	Ó	0	C C	0	0	0	0	ō	2	ň	ō		
CRP Shortfall	450CRP	- 0	0	0	C	0	5	0	0			л Л	ő	0	
Senior Discounts	4805en	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	0	0	ō	р 1	n	ő	0	
TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSE		5	٩	4	c	\$	0	0	_	<u>0</u>	0	0			

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Philadelphia Gas Works

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Allocated Class COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3C Allocation Results - Storage-Demand Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residential		Commercial	Industrial	industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA		terruptible	GTS/I
ne FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
19 IV. ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES															
50 A. LABOR RELATED															
51 Administrative and general salaries	920	73B	5	551	16	178	3	5	2	14	э	8	0	٥	
52 Office supplies and expenses	921	1,158	8	865	25	201	5	12	4	23	4	12	٥	0	
53 Administrative expenses transferred - Credit	922	[1,256]	(9)	(937)	(28)	(217)	(5)	(13)	(4)	(24)	(5)	(13)	(0)	0	
54 Outside services employed	9Z3	85	1	63	2	15	0	:	0	2	0	1	٥	0	
55 Injuries and damages	925	32B	2	245	7	57	1	3	1	6	1	4	o	0	
56 Employee pensions and benefits	926	5,890	40	4,397	129	1,020	24	61	20	115	21	63	٥	٥	
57 OPEB funding and expenses	999	2,355	9	1,011	30	234	5	14	5	26	5	15	` D	۵	
\$8 Subtotal - Labor Related A&G		E, 299	57	6,195	:53	1,437	4	26	25	342	30	6.1	n	0	
59 B. PLANT RELATED															
60 Property Insurance	924	572	•	277	ę				<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	. 1		<u>.</u>	J	
51 Subtotal - Plant Rolated A&G	_	3/2	3	277	a	7-1	:	-	:	2	7		د	C	
62 C. OTHER A&G															
63 Regulatory commission expenses	928	0	Ó	C	0	0	ប	0	0	0	٥	ø	¢.	0	
64 Duplicate charges - Credit	929	(913)	(6)	(682)	(20)	(158)	(4)	(<u>9</u>)	(B)	(18)	(3)	(10)	(O)	0	
65 General advertising expenses, miscelleneout	930	306	Z	230	7	53	1	3	1	6	1	3	a	3	
66 Rents	931	17	٥	13	٥	3	0	0	0	_ 0	_0	0	C	3	
67 Subtotal - Other A&G		(588)	[4]	(439)	(13)	{102}	(2)	(6)	(2)	[11]	(2)	(6)	(0)	0	
68 TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES	_	8,082	55	6,033	177	1,395	33	64	27	158	29	87	۵	¢	
59 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (Encluding Dep. Tex)		19,596	134	14,627	430	3,392	79	204	66	382	71	210	I	\$	
70 V. DEPRECIATION EXPENSE															
71 Depreciation expense	403	3,612	25	2,597	79	675	11	38	::	70	13	39	5	0	
72 Depreciation expense- Direct Assignment	403Direct	D	5	C	٥	00		0	0	<u>ם</u>	Ð	ņ	0	0	
79 TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	-	3,612	52	2,697	79	675	15	3 2	12	10	:3	35	0	Ð	
74 VI. TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES															
75 Taxes other than income taxes	408	431	۱	372	· 7	г,	,	4	· :	2	:	. ,	r	3	
76 TOTAL EXPENSES		23,639	16.	17,646	518	4,092	36	74 o	44	163	ŧ6	254	1	Ð	

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3C: Allocation Results - Storage Demand Classification

Dollars In Thousands			Residential	Residential	Commercial		industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS Int		GTS
e FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Meat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate 8 N	on-Heat	Sales	
VIL REVENUES															
Distribution Revenue	460-463	20,458	311	16,204	470	2,799	82	167	43	179	65	136	I	0	
GCR Revenue	480-483GCR	0	o	0	a	0	0	0	٥	0	0	D	0	0	
) Interruptible Gas Revenue	480-483Int	¢	a	0	0	e	0	0	0	0	0	C	٥	C C	
USEC Revenue	480-483USC	រា	n	0	0	e	Û	Ô	0	n	0	0	۵	0	
E REC Revenue	480-483REC	Û	o	0	0	٥	0	٥	0	0	0	D	¢	Ð	
E Forfeited discounts	487	۵	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	Ð	
Miscellaneous service revenue	468	13	a	0	0	0	D	C	0	0	Ð	D	0	0	
GTS/IT Revenue	489	۵	D	0	D	0	. D	C	٥	0	. 0	٥	0	0	
5 Other gas revenue	495	0	٥	0	0	0	Ð	0	ß	¢	c	C	0	0	
Revenue Adjustments	495Ad)	C	٥	Q	0	0	D	c	0	3	C	0	۵	0	
5 Subtotal - Ges Revenues	_	20,458	311	16,204	473	1,799	52	167	45	979	65	136	:	¢	
9. Bill paid turn ons & dag ups	903Rev	C	5	0	σ	Ō	0	0	D	o	0	G	c	0	
3 Customer installation expenses	679Rev	0	0	0	0	0	0	ņ	0	0	0	0	e	<u> </u>	
 Subtotal - Other operating revenues 		ĉ	5	e	D	C	¢.	Ð	٥	c	â	Ċ	n	Ċ	
2 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		20 455	911	16,204	470	2,799	67	:67	43	179	۶ <u>,</u> ۶	. 3+	:	7	
3 Non-operating rental income	418	8	D.	6	0	1	0	o	Ű	C	0	с	c	U	
6 Interest and dividend income	419	96	3	77	2	9	0	1	Q	1	0	1	0	n	
5 Miscellarizous non-operating income	421	C	<u> </u>	9	0		0	0		4	0	0	<u> </u>	0	
6 Total Non-Operating Income		104	2	83	3	:0	B	1	C	:	C	:	C	Ð	
7 TOTAL REVENUE		20,561	314	15,298	472	2,810	83	169	-1	179	65	137	ĩ	c	
8 Income Before Interest and Surplus		(3,078)	152	(1,258)	(46)	(1,282)	(13)	(76)	(36)	f2#11	(20)	(117)	ð	ې	
9 Interest on long-term sets	427	2,342	63	1,881	42	232	5	13		19	8	15	D	0	
 Amortization of debt discount 	42B	207	6	165	4	21	0	1		2	1	1	0	0	
 Amortization of premium on debt 	429	(445)	(12)	(358)	(5)	(44)	(1)	(3)	(1)	(4)	(2)	(3)	(O)	(0)	
2 Other Interest expense	431	160		145	3	18	0	1	0	1	1	1	o	0	
3 AFUDC	432	(44)	(1)	(35)	{1}		(D)	(D)	-	(0)	(0)	(0)	(D)	(0)	
 Surplus Regurament 	499	2, 85 8		2.296	51		6	16		23	10	20	0	0	
5 Total interest & Surplus	_	5,097	136	4,095	91	505	11	.19		41	17	36		2	
6 Appropriations of retained earnings	436 -	857	13	689			2			;	1	6	t,		
7 Total Interest & Surplus, Other		5,954	155	4,783	197	589	13	14	10	47	20	47	ť	3	
8 Over (Under) Total Requirements		(9.032)	<u>181</u>	(5.142)	<u>1153)</u>	11.8721	(26)	(112)	<u>(46)</u>	(329)	<u>(41)</u>	(159)	<u>(0)</u>	<u>(Q)</u>	1
9 Tanif Revenue Requirements		29,490	51B	22,345	633	4,671	100	279	÷9	507	;04	295	:	9	

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3D: Allocation Results - Distribution-Demand Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential			Commercial			Municipal	Municipai	PHA	PHA		erruptible	GTS/IT
Line FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
1 I, GAS PLANT IN SERVICE															
2 A. INTANGIBLE PLANT	301-303														
3 8. PRODUCTION PLANT															
4 Land and land rights	304	Û	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	Û	Ċ
5 Structures and improvements	305	٥	o	0	O	٥	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	C C
6 Boller plant equipment	306	0	0	0	0	Q	0	0	2	0	C	٥	0	0	6
7 Other power equipment	307	0	0	0	a	c	0	0	٥	0	o	១	0	0	2
8 UPG equipment	311	. 0	0	o	3	0	0	0	. 0	٥	0	.0	٥	0	¢
9 Purification equipment	317	0	Q	o	0	0	Q	0	o	0	0	0	C	0	(
10 Residual refining equipment	31B	c	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	٥	0	0	c
11 Gas mixing equipment	319	0	2	0	0	C	0	Ó	0	0	0	٥	0	C	(
12 Other equipment	320	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>	٥	
13 Subtotal - Production Plant	304-347	0	0	Đ	0	0	0	Q	0	۵	0	Û	0	0	(
14 C. STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT															
15 Land and land rights	360	0	c	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	c
16 Structures and improvements	361	0	0	٥	Ø	0	D	۵	٥	C	۵	0	0	0	(
17 Gas holders	362	o	0	0	٥	0	0	0	Ð	C	O	Ó	o	0	•
18 Punfication equipment	363	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	o	o	Ó	0	4
19 Elguefaction equipment	363 J	0	0	0	0	0	a	0	0	D	Û	0	٥	0	(
20 Vaporizing equipment	363.2	D	0	0	រ	0	a	0	0	O	Q	Q	0	0	
21 Compressor equipment	363.3	0	Û	0	D	0	C	0	0	o	D	0	0	0	¢
22 Measuring and regulating equipment	363 4	c	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	C
23 Other equipment	363.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	<u> </u>	0	0	
24 Subtotal - Storage and Processing Plant	360-364	. <u> </u>	0	0	0	0	0	Ø	0	<u> </u>	Û	٥	0	0	
25 D. TRANSMISSION PLANT	365-371														
26 E. DISTRIBUTION PLANT															
27 Land and land rights	374	101	1	64	2	15	0	1	o	2	o	1	0	0	1
28 Structures and Improvements	375	2,707	16	1,718	50	398	10	25	8	45	8	25	0	0	40
29 Mains	376	386,880	2,295	250,252	7,349	58,034	1,357	3,484	1,121	6,534	1,216	3,600	9	24	51,60
30 Mains - Direct Assignment	376Direct	7,574	0	0	0	0	۵	0	0	0	D	Ó	o	0	7,57
31 Compressor station equipment	377	1,255	7	812	24	188	4	11	4	21	4	12	C	Ð	16
32 Measuring station equipment - General	378	17,886	106	11,570	340	2,683	63	161	52	302	56	166	0	1	2,38
33 Services	380	D	0	D	0	0	0	O	Đ	0	0	0	0	0	
34 Maters	381	Û	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	
35 Meter installations	382	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	D	0	0	0	
35 House regulators	383	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	
37 House regulator installations	384	0	0	o	٥	0	٥	¢	0	٥	D	0	٥	0	
38 Measuring station equipment - industrial	385	314	C	0	-	0	68	226	0	0	0	0	0	0	
39 Other equipment	387	3,980	23	2,525	74	586	15	37	11	66	12	36	0	0	59
40 Subtotal - Distribution Plant	374-387	420,696	2,449	266,941	7,839	61,904	1,537	3,946	1,196	6,970	1,297	3,840	9	26	62,74

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3D: Allocation Results - Distribution-Demand Classification

	Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residential		Commercial	Industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS I	nterruptible	GTS/IT
	FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate Ø	Non-Heat	Sales	
	F. GENERAL PLANT															
42	Land and land rights	389	549	4	420	12	97	2	6	2	11	2	6	0	0	87
43	Structures and Improvements	390	14,499	86	9,379	275	2,175	51	131	42	245	46	135	D	1	1,934
44	Office furniture and equipment	391	19,058	113	12,328	362	2,859	67	172	55	322	60	177	0		2,542
45	Transportation equipment	392	7,001	42	4,528	133	1,050	25	63	20	118	22	65	ŏ		934
46	Stores equipment	393	132	1	65	3	20	0	I	a	2	0	1	ő	õ	18
47	Tools, shop and garage equipment	394	1,875	11	1,213	36	261	7	17	s	32	6	17	0	ő	250
48	Power operated equipment	396	216	1	140	4	32	1	2	1	4	1	2	0	0	230
49	Communication equipment	397	3,640	22	2,355	69	546	13	33	11	61	· 11	94	0	. a	486
50	Miscellaneous equipment	398	2,497	15	1,615	47	375	9	22	,	42	8	23	0	0	
	Subtotal - General Plant	389-399	49,569	294	32.054	942	7,436	174	446	144	837	156	461	<u> </u>		333
		-					.,					190	401	1	3	6,612
52	TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	-	470,265	2,743	299,004	8,781	69,340	1,711	4,393	1,340	1,807	1,453	4,301	10	79	69 354
<i>.</i>												· · · · · ·				
	II. DEPRECIATION RESERVE		-	-	-	-	-									
	Production plant	108.2	0	0	C	0	0	Û	0	O	Ô	0	0	۵	0	2
	Local storage plant	108.3	٥	C	0	0	o	0	o	¢	Ċ	٥	0	0	Q	0
	Mains	.08.52	141,447	839	91,495	2,687	21,218	496	1,274	410	2,389	445	1,316	Э	9	18,867
	Mains - Direct Assignment	108.52Direct	7,574	5	Ð	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,574
	Setvices	108.54	o	Ĵ	Đ	0	0	0	0	0	c	0	0	C	Q	. 0
	Meters	108.55	0	5	0	0	C	0	0	٥	0	0	0	٥	0	0
	Distribution other	108.58	61,295	357	38,893	1,142	9,019	724	575	174	1,016	189	559	1	4	9,141
	General Plant	108.8	25,580	152	16,546	486	3,837	90	230	74	432	80	236	1	2	3,412
62	Total Depreciation Reserve	108	235.896	1.348	145,994	4,315	34,074	510	2,079	6 5 8	9,637	714	2,113	5	14	19,994
63	IB. OTHER RATE BASE (TEMS															
64	Completed construction - Unclassified	106	٥	٥	٥	0	0	0	0	D	0	D	0	۵	0	
65	Construction work in progress (CWIP)	107	o	0	0	0	a	å	c	0	õ	ő	0	ů O	0	0
66	Total Other Rate Base Items	-	C	5	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>		
67	TOTAL RATE BASE (Exc), Working Capital)		234,369	1,395	152,070	4,466	35,265	901	2,313	681	3,971	739	2,187	5	15	30,360
68	IV. WORKING CAPITAL															
69	Accounts receivable - Gas	131.11	22,679	354	18,094	507	3,005	88	179	45	188	72				
70	Materials and supplies	131.12	3,158	19	2,042	60	473	11	28	9	53	10	146	1	0	٥
	Prepaid accounts, other current assets	131.13	1,727	10	1,116	33	255	6	16	5	29	5	29	D	0	422
	Gas, LNG in storage	131.14	0	D	0	0	0	0	-0	ó	23	5 0	16	0	0	231
	Accounts pevable - Gas	131 15	0	Ď	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	٥	Q	0
	Accounts payable, other- 50% Labor	131.16	(9,210)	(55)	(5,957)	(175)	(1,382)	{32}	(83)	(27)	-	0	0	0	0	0
	Accounts payable, other- 50% O&MxGas	131.17	(7,199)	(43)	(4,655)	(137)					(156)	(29)	(86)	(0)	(1)	(1,228)
	Customer deposits	131.18	(7,199) (949)	(45)	(4,655) (757)	(21)	(1,079)	(25)	(65)	(21)	(122)	(23)	(67)	(0)	(D)	(963)
	Accrued interest	131.19	(4,226)	(15)	(757) (3,395)	(21) (76)	(126)	(4)	(7)	(Z)	(8)	(3)	(6)	(C)	0	0
	Accrued Taxes & Wages	131.15	(4,220)	. ,			(418)	(9)	(24)	(7)	(34)	(14)	(30)	(0)	(0)	(105)
	Total Working Capital	131.2		(31)	(3,399)	(100)	(788)	(1B)	[47]	(15)	(89)	(17)	(49)	(0)	(0)	(703)
13	LORS MOLENIE CED. 151		723	126	3,089	91	(55)	16	(4)	(12)	(137)	1	(46)	0	(1)	(2,346)
80	V. TOTAL RATE BASE		235,091	1,523	155,159	4,557	35,210	917	2,310	669	3,834	740	2,147	5	13	28,013

Philadolphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study -- Fully Projected Foture Test Year Ended August 33, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3D: Allocation Results - Distribution-Demand Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Assidential	Residential		Commercial	Industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	рна	PHA	NGVS In	terruptible	GTS/I
e FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	hest	65	Rate B A		Sales	
I. DPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE					_										
A. PRODUCTION EXPENSES															
 Manufactured Gas Production Expenses 															
Operation labor and expenses	701	0	0	5	Û	O	0	0	C	0	0	D	ĉ	п	
5 Boiler fuel	702	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	5	Š	
Misotilaneous steam expenses	703	٥	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	ů.	ñ		
Maintenance of structures	706	0	0	C	0	٥	0	0	c	0	Ď	0		, n	
Maintenance of bolier plant equipment	707	0	0	0	G	0	ō	0	0	Ď	ñ	-	ő	Š	
Maintenance of other production plant	708	· 0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	· e	0	, e	· 0		, c	
Operation supervision and engineering	710	0	0	c	0	6	0	0	0	0	0		0		
Cither power expenses	712	0	0	٥	0	Ó	0	0	ō	D	0		0	ů,	
Duplicate charges - Gredit	734	۵	o	0	Ð	0	D	ō	ő	a a	ő	õ			
Miscellaneous production expenses	735	0	0	0	0	0	D	Ó	0	ä	ő		ő	, v	
Maintenance supervision and engineering	740	0	0	0	0	Q	D	0	0	-	-				
Maintenance of structures	741	0	0	0	0	0	o i	0	-	0	0	Š		0	
5 Maintenance of production aquipment	742	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	v	
Subtotal - Manufactured Gas Production	701-743	Đ	0	Ō	٥	C	0	a	D	ō	Ď	0	0	0	
2. Other Gas Supply Expenses															
 Natural gas city gate purchases 	804	0	0	D	Û	0	D	0	D	D	•		n		
0 Purchased gas expenses	807	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	ő	Š	0	U C	
1. Ges withdrawn from storage	508	0	٥	0	0	à	0	-	ő	0	ő		о 0	0	
2 Gas used for other utility operations	812	٥	o	e	0	0	0	č	ō	ā	ő		a	ů	
3 LNG used for other utility operations	812LNG	0	0	٥	ç	0	0	Ċ	ň	ň		č	0	0	
4 Other gas supply expenses	813	t	ø	0	0	9	ō	0		ñ	Ň	ő	U D	0	1
S Subtotal - Production Expenses	701-613	0	0	a	0	Q	v	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 1)	
6 B. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING & PROC	ESSING EXPENSES														
7 Operation supervision and angineering	840	0	0	0	٩	0	0	Ð	n	n	•	0			
8 Operation labor and expenses	841	Ō	0	0	0	-	ົ	ő	0	ă			0	0	
9 Renta	642	ō	0	0	0	0	0		0	<u>,</u>	ž		U	0	
0 Maintenance	843	0	õ	-	0	0	0.	5		0		0	0	D -	
1. Operation supervision and engineering	850	ō	0	0	é.	ñ	ċ	ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2 Subtotal - Storage Expenses	R40-65C	- <u>-</u>			0		ŭ		<u>\$</u>			0	0	<u> </u>	

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123 C TRANSMISSION EXPENSES

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018

Echibit PQH-3D: Allocation Results - Distribution-Demand Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residentia!				Industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	рна	PHA		Interruptible	GT
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
D. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES															
Operation supervision and engineering	870	502	3	325	10	75	2	5	1	8	2	5	0	0	
Distribution load dispatching	871	0	3	۵	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	
Mains and services expenses	874	1,207	7	781	23	181	4	11	3	20	4	11	e	0	
Measuring station expenses - General	875	2,102	12	1,360	40	315	7	19	6	36	7	20	0	a	
Measuring station expenses - Industrial	57 6	47	0	0	0	a	13	94	0	0	0	0	Q	0	
Measuring station expenses - City gate	877	\$\$0	3	356	10	63	2	5	2	9	2	5	0	0	
Meter and house regulator expenses	878	0	0	6	. 9	0	0	0	0	0	0	· 0	0	0	
Customer installation expenses	879	0	C	c	¢	0	٥	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	
Customer installation expenses - Parts and Labor Plan	879PLP	Ð	C	¢	0	0	Ð	0	0	0	0	G	C	D	
Other expenses	660	0	G	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ď	0	Q	Ð	
Rents	881	2	0	1	0	0	e	Ð	C	0	0	D	0	0	
Meintenance supervision and engineering	885	75	c	48	1	11	0	1	D	1	0	1	0	0	
Maintenance of mains	687	12,860	76	8,318	244	1,929	45	115	37	217	40	120	D	1	1
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - General	889	1,184	7	766	27	178	4	31	,	20	4	11	٥	e	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - industrial	890	6	0	0	0	٥	2	4	0	٥	0	C	0	0	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - City gate	891	0	с	0	0	0	D	٥	o	5	C	0	0	0	
Maintenance of services	891	D	0	0	D	0	D	0	0	Þ	0	C	C	۵	
Maintenance of meters and house regulators	893	0	6	5		σ	c	Ű	0	0	C	٥	0	2	
Subtotal - Distribution Expenses	870-893	16,535	:10	12,955	351	2,772	180	205	54	312	55	111	Ċ	1	
TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES	· -	25,535	770	11,955	351	2,772	80	205	54	312	58	272	c	:	:
II, CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES															
Supervision	901	C	Ċ	0	Ď	0	0	o	o	٥	0	٥	0	0	
Meter reading expenses	902	0	۵	0	0	0	Ð	C	0	0	D	0	0	0	
Customer records and collection expenses	903	0	Û	0	0	c	¢	c	0	٥	D	D	0	0	
Uncollectible accounts	904	0	Ð	0	0	0	0	0	0	O	8	D	0	0	
Uncollectible accounts in CRP	904CRP	0	Ð	0	Ð	0	C	0	0	0	D	0	¢	0	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES	-	D	0	0	<i>с</i>	0	0	0	0	0	0	ŝ	ç	2	
HI, CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES														•	
Customer assistance expenses	908	C	0	ø	0	¢	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	
Customer autistance expenses - EUPP	908CAP	0	0	C	Ū	c	0	0	0	0	D	0	C	C	
CRP Shortfall	480CRP	0	c	٥	0	0	۵	0	Ð	0	٥	9	c	٥	
Senior Discounts	480Sen	C	٥	0	0	c	0	5	:	0	D	0	0	0	
TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENS	es -	ß	n	5	ę.	b	٥	3	5	0	0	5	5	3	
B TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, SERVICE & INFORMATIO			6	-	6	3	1	2	-	5			ť.	-	

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Philadelphia Gas Works

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Allocated (Lass COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3D: Allocation Reselfs - Distribution-Demend Classification

Dofars in Thousands			Residential	Residential		Commercial	Industrial	Industrial	Municipa!	Municipai	PHA	PHA		interruptible	GTS/I
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Meat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
9 IV. ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES															
0 A. LABOR RELATED									-						
1 Administrative and general salaries	920	2,526	15	1,634	48	379	9	23	7	43	8	24	a	Q	33
2 Office supplies and expenses	921	3,964	24	2,564	75	595	14	36	11	67	12	37	0	0	52
3 Administrative expenses transferred - Credit	922	(4,296)	(25)	(2,779)	(87)	(644)	(15)	(39)	(12)	(73)	{14}	(40)	(0)	(0)	(573
 Outside services employed 	923	290	2	186	6	44	1	3	1	5	1	3	0	0	3
5. Injuries and damages	925	1,122	,	725	21	168	4	10	3	19	4	10	٥	0	15
6 Employee pensions and benefits	925	20,154	120	13.036	383	3,023	71	182	58	340	63	189	0	1	2,68
7 OPEB funding and expenses	959 `	4,635	17	2,998	86	695	16	42	13	78	15	43	<u> </u>	0	61
8 Subtotal - Labor Related AZG		26,394	168	18,367	539	4,259	100	256	82	460	89	264	1	2	3,78
9 8. PLANT RELATED															
0 Property insurance	9/4 _	1,077	6	684	<u></u>	159		10	<u> </u>	19	3	10	0		16
i1 Subtoral - Plant Related A&G		1,077	4	684	26	154	4	10	4	18	1	10	a	c	1.
2 C DYHER A&G															
3 Regulatory commission expenses	978	0	D	c	0	0	0	Ċ.	0	0	0	0	0	Ð	
4 Duplicate charges - Credit	979	0	Ð	c	D	-	0	Ó	0	o	n	0	0	Ð	
5. General advertising expenses, miscellaneous	930	1,053	6	581	20	158	4	9	3	19	3	10	0	٥	14
6 Rents	931	58	0	37	1	9	U	1	Û	1	O	1	2	00	
57 Subtotal - Other A&G	_	1,111	7	718	<u></u>	167	4	:0	3	19	1	10	D	0	14
68 TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES		30,582	181	19,769	56:	4,584	103	176	89	516	96	284	1	2	4.09
9 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (Excluding Dep. Tax)		49,117	291	31,729	5.92 5	7,357	:5)	480	:42	81E	154	456	:	3	6,56
O V, DEPRECIATION EXPENSE															
1 Depreciation expense	403	10,473	61	6,645	145	1,541	18	99	ŵ	:74	32	46	e	1	1.56
72 Depreciation expense-Direct Assignment	4035wect	0	0	0	<u>,</u> 0		0	0	C	o	0	0	0	0	-
73 TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	-	C.473	61	8,645	195	1.541	38	98	30	174	12	55	0	1	1,56
4 VI. TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAKES															
75 Taxes other than income taxes	408	1,476		933	23	251	3	19	4	3	5	14	0.	:	17
76 YOTAL EXPENSES		61,065	361	3 9,323	1,155	9,119	232	592	116	1 627	191	\$66	:	4	8,32

Exhibit POH-3D Page 6 of 6

.

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class CDS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3D: Allocation Results - Distribution-Demand Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residentia	Residential		Commercial	Industrial		Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA		Interruptible	GTS
e TERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	ĞS	Rate 8	Non-Nest	Seins	
VIL REVENUES															
8 Distribution Revenue	460-483	54,716	832	43,340	1,258	7,487	221	447	114	479	174	364	2	C	
9 GCR Revenue	480-483GCR	0	0	0	Đ	¢	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	C	
0 Interruptible Gas Revenue	480-483Int	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	a	0	
1 USEC Revenue	480-483USC	0	0	0	0	Ö	Ð	C	٥	0	Û	0	0	0	
2 REC Revenue	480-483REC	0	٥	0	0	٥	0	Ċ.	G	0	0	0	0	D	
3 Forfetted discounts	427	2,538	46	2,489	3	3	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4 Miscellaneous service revenue	488	390	6	313	9	52	2	9	1	3	1	3	0	D	
5 GTS/IT Aevenue	489	12,190	· 0	ø	0	. 0	0	Û	e	0	ø	0	· e	0	12,5
6 Other gas revenue	495	0	Û	0	Ð	0	0	0	e	e	0	0	C	0	
7 Revenue Adjustments	495Ad;	0	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	d	0	6	a	0	0	5	
8 Subtotal - Gas Revenues	-	69 835	884	46,140	1,267	7,542	222	450	215	48:	175	<u>U</u> 7	2	0	12,1
9 Bill peid turn ons & dig ups	903Rev	c	٥	٥	٥	٥	D	0	o	Ð	٥	٥	o	0	
0 Customer installation expanses	8798ev	0	Q	0	0	0	Ģ	0	C	0	0	o		Û	
1 Subtotal - Other operating revenues	-	e	5	Ð	0	o	٥	0	÷	¢	0	0	0	ç	
2 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		69,835	364	46,140	1,207	7,542	222	450	315	45;	175	367	:	ſ	12.
3 Non-operating rental income	418	35	ı	78	1	э	Ð	\$	ప	o	o	r	o	ø	
4 Interest and dividend income	419	419	11	337	8	41	1	2	1	3	1	i	0	0	
5 Miscellaneous non-operating income	421 _	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	
6 Total Non-Operating income		454	12	364	8	-45	:	3	:	4	:	3	c	5	
7 TOTAL REVENUE		70,289	39E	46,504	1,275	7,587	223	455	116	434	:77	370	2	e	12,
8 Income Before Interest and Surplus		9,223	535	7,181	121	(1,532)	(7)	(139)	(61)	(542)	(15)	(196)	ô	(4)	Э,
9 interest on long-term debt	427	10,248	274	6,233	154	1,015	23	58	17	82	35	72	0	1	
0 Amortization of debt discount	428	906	24	728	16	90	7	5	2	7	3	6	0	0	
1 Amortization of premium on debt	429	(1,952)	(52)	(1,568)	(35)	(193)	(4)	(12)	(3)	(16)	{7}	(14)	101	(0)	
2 Other interest expanse	431	790	71	635	14	78	2	4	. 1	6	3	6	0	0	
3 ARUDC	43Z	(192)	(5)	(154)	(3)	(19)	(0)	(1)	(O)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(0)	(0)	
4 Surplus Requirement	499	12,508	335	10,048	224	1,238	28_	71	21	100	43	88	0	3	
S Total Interest & Surplus		22,308	597	17,921	400	2,708	50	126	37	178	76	157	1	1	
6 Appropriations of retained earnings	436	3,752	100	3,014	67	371	8	. 21	5	30	13	26	0	0	
7 Total Interest & Surplus, Other		26,061	598	20,935	467	2,580	58	148	44	206	89	193		1	
6 Over (Under) Total Requirements		<u>(16.837)</u>	(163)	(13.754)	[347]	(4.112)	<u>(65)</u>	(287)	<u>(104)</u>	(750)	(104)	<u>(179)</u>	<u>(0)</u>	<u>151</u>	1
9 Tariff Revenue Requirements		63,744	994	57,054	: 625	11.599	386	734	21B	1,227	278	743	2	5	٤.

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3E: Allocation Results - Distribution-Commodity Classification

Dollers In Thousands			Residential	Res.dendal	Commercial	Commercial	industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS In	terruptible	GTS/
ne FERC Account Description	Acobunt Code	Total	Non-Heat	Hest	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	tiest	Non-Heet	Heat	GS		Non-Heat	Sales	
I, GAS PLANT IN SERVICE															
A. INTANGIBLE PLANT	301-303														
B PRODUCTION PLANT															
Land and land rights	304	0	0	0	0	ΰ	0	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	0	
Structures and Improvements	305	٥	o	D	0	0	0	0	c	ō	0	ň	ō		
i Boller plant equipment	306	0	C	0.	0	٥	0	o	ō	0	ñ		ő	ŏ	
Other power equipment	307	0	o	0	0	٥	0	0	ō	ō	ő	ů	õ	0	
UPG equipment	311		0	0	B	0	0	0		ō		· •	õ		
Purification equipment	317	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	D	0	c c	0	ň	0	
2 Residual refining equipment	318	0	٥	D	D	0	ō	0	ō	ō	0	0	õ	0	
1 Gas mixing equipment	319	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	°.	Ď	ō		G	0	
2 Other equipment	320	ø	U	D	0	0		0	0	Ď	Ð	0	đ	-	
Subtotal - Production Plant	304-347	5	£	Đ	Q	p			<u>r</u>	D		0	2	<u></u>	
	_	•••	• · · · _						·		~			<u> </u>	
4 C. STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT															
5 Land and land rights	360	3	0	a	0	٥	0	0	c	0	D	o		-	
5 Structures and improvements	361	0	0	D	0	Ġ	Ð	0	0	5	D	0	0 0	0	
Gas holders	362	0	0	0	0	D D	Ū.	ā	0	ç	0	0		0	
Purification equipment	363	0	G	0	0		0	0	۵ ۵	0	0	0	0 C	0	
Liquefaction equipment	363.1	0	0	0	0	c	Ď	ŏ	5	ő	0		с С	5	
Vaporizing equipment	363.2	ō	ō	ō	Ď	0	0	0	0	0	5	, v	0	0	
Compressor equipment	363.3	0	Ó		Ď	, i	õ	0	ŏ	a	n v		0	0	
Measuring and regulating aquipment	363 4	0	G	0	0	G	0	a	õ	0	0	š	0	٥	
a Other equipment	363.5	٥	0	D	0	0	0	ō	ő	ő	D D	0		0	
Subtotal - Storage and Processing Plant	360-364	U	C	0	ĉ		0	c		0	<u>0</u>	3	0 0	<u>0</u>	
5 D. TRANSMISSION PLANT	365-371														
6 E. DISTRIBUTION PLANT															
7 Land and land rights	374	0	ð	Ð	D	۵	٥	0	D	D	٥	D	D	_	
Structures and Improvements	375	Ċ.	à		۵ ۵	0	õ	õ	ő	9			-	0	
a Mains	376	0	Ō	D	5	-	0	õ	0	a	a		0	a	
Mains - Direct Assignment	376Dmect	0	ō	0	o o	n n	٥ ۵	ő	Ď	ő	0		0	0	
Compressor station equipment	377	'n	0	6	c.		0	ŏ	D D	ů	0	0	0	0	
Measuring station equipment - General	37B	0	a		0	0	o o	0	0	0	о л	0	0	Đ	
Services	360	ā	a	0	a		đ	đ	ő	3	•	0	0	0	
Meters	381	ő	0		ů		0	c C	0	-	0	o o	a	. 0	
Meter installations	382	ň	0	~	0		0	c c	0	0	0	0	0	D	
House regulators	323	õ	•		0	ő	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	D	
House regulator installations	384	ő	0	0	0	6	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	٥	
Measuring station equipment - Industrial	385	ŏ	5	n	0		0	с С	0 0	0	0	٥	¢	0	
Other equipment	387	۰, ۵	ů ů	5	0	u a	0	с С	-	0	0	٩	٥	0	
Subtotal - Distribution Plant	374-387	<u> </u>	 		0				<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	0	
A THE REPORT OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPANTO OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCR	3/4-36/	C	<u>u</u>	0	<u>u</u>	D	0	0	O	č	:	0	5	0	

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class CO5 Study --- Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3E: Allocation Results - Olstribution-Commodity Classification

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	Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residential		Commercial	Industrial	Industria	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA		serruptible	GT5/R
Line	FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	heat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
41	F. GENERAL PLANT											_				
42	Land and land rights	389	90	1	41	2	11	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	D	33
43	Structures and improvements	390	2,015	12	924	39	242	7	15	5	22	4	13	٥	0	732
44	Office furniture and equipment	391	2,648	15	1,214	51	318	10	19	7	29	6	16	0	1	962
45	Transportation equipment	392	973	5	446	19	117	- 4	7	2	11	2	6	0	0	35
46	Stores equipment	393	18	Û	8	0	2	0	Q	0	0	o	0	o	0	-
47	Tools, shop and garage equipment	394	261	1	119	5	31	1	2	1	3	1	2	0	0	9
48	Power operated equipment	396	30	D	14	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Communication equipment	397	506	3	232	10	61	2	4	1	5	1	3	· 0	0	18-
50	Miscellaneous equipment	398	347	2	159	7	42	1	3	1	4	1	2	0	0	120
	Subtotal - General Plant	389-399	6,888	39	3,157	134	827	25	50	17	75	15	46	1	2	2,50
52	TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	-	6,888	39	3,157	134	B27	25	50	17	75	15	45	1	2	2,50
53	II. DEPRECIATION RESERVE															
	Production plant	108.2	0	0	D	c	0	0	0	0	٥	0	٥	0	0	
	Local storage plant	108.3	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	0	D	(
	Mains	108 52	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	o	Ó	D	D	0	0	
	Mains - Direct Assignment	108.52Direct	0	5	٥	0	0	0	0	0	Û	0	0	0	¢	
	Services	:08.54	0	0	0	D	0	0	O	0	0	D	D	0	0	
	Meters	108.55	0	õ	0	0	0	ō	0	D	c c	0	0	0	0	
	Distribution other	108.58	0	5	0	5	ō	Ď	ō	0	ò	ō	0	0	ō	
	General Plant	108.8	3,555	20	1,629	69	427	13	26	9	39	8	24	ō	1	1,29
	Total Depreciation Reserve	108	1.555	20	1,629	69		13	26	. Ŋ	37	5	24	Ċ.	:	1.79
	III. OTHER RATE BASE ITEMS	105	0	D	D	c	a	0	0	0	0	0	¢	0	0	
	Completed construction - Unclassified	108	0	0	5	0	0	ő	ő		ō	ő	ő	õ	ő	Ì
	Construction work in progress (CWIP)	107 -	0	0					č		0		0	0	0	
66	Total Other Rate Base Items	-						<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>,</u>	<u> </u>				. · ·
67	TOTAL RATE BASE (Excl. Working Capital)		3,334	19	1,528	. 65	400	17	. 24	8	.36	".	22	0	1	1,21
-	IV. WORKING CAPITAL															
	Accounts receivable - Gas	131.11	2,855	45	2,276	64	378	11	23	6	24	9	18	6	0	
70	Materials and supplies	131.12	398	2	182	8	48	1	3	1	4	1	3	0	0	14
	Prepaid accounts, other current assets	231.13	217	1	100	4	26	1	2		2	0	1	0	0	7
	Gas, LNG in storage	131.14	٥	0	0	0	o	0	D	-	0	0	0	0	0	
73	Accounts payable - Gas	131.15	(12,110)	(68)	(5,551)	(235)		(44)	(68)	(30)	(131)	(27)	(81)	(1)	(3)	(4,398
	Accounts payable, other- 50% Labor	131.16	(1,280)	(7)	(587)	(25)		(5)	(9)		(14)	(3)	(9)	(0)	(0)	(465
75	Accounts payable, other- 50% C&MxGas	131.17	(906)	(5)	(415)	(18)		(3)	(7)		(10)	(2)	(6)	(Q)	(0)	(329
	Customer deposits	131.18	(119)	(2)	(95)	(3)		(0)	(1)		(1)	(0)	(1)	(0)	٥	
77	Accrued interest	131.19	D	0	o	0		0	0		O	D	0	0	0	
78	Accrued Taxes & Wages	131.2	(662)	(4)	(303)			(2)	(5)		[7]	[1]	[4]	[0]	(0)	1240
79	Total Working Capital	131	(11.608)	(38)	(4,392)	(217)	(1,360)	(41)	(62)	(30)	(133)	(23)	{78}	(1)	<u>{</u> 3}	(5,208
RC.	V. TOTAL RATE BASE		(8,274)	(15)	(2.964)	(153)	(960)	(29)	(58)	(22)	(97)	(16)	(56)	(1)	(2)	(3,998

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018

Exhibit PQH-3E: Allocation Results - Distribution-Commodity Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residential			Industrial	industriai		Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS	interruptible	GTS/IT
ine FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	65	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
81 I. OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE															
82 A, PRODUCTION EXPENSES															
B3 1. Manufactured Gas Production Expenses															
84 Operation labor and expenses	701	۵	0	٥	¢	o	٥	0	0	0	Ð	C	٥	0	C
85 Botler fuel	702	0	0	a	0	0	٥	0	0	Ó	0	0	0	0	C,
86 Miscellaneous steam expenses	703	0	0	a	0	0	0	Ċ.	0	0	0	0	0	0	c
87 Maintenance of structures	706	0	Q	0	Û	¢	٥	0	0	0	¢	0	a	0	0
88 Maintenance of boller plant equipment	707	0	0	e	o	0	٥	0	0	0	۵	0	0	0	0
59 Maintenance of other production plant	708	Ð	Q	. 0	0	0	ø	Ø	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0
90 Operation supervision and engineering	710	0	0	C C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	o	Ð
93 Other power expenses	712	Û	0	a	D	D	0	0	0	0	0	O	C	0	0
92 Duplicate charges - Credit	734	0	0	Û	D	٥	0	0	0	0	0	٥	٥	0	0
93 Miscellaneous production expenses	735	D	0	C	٥	0	٥	0	ø	D	0	0	0	0	0
94 Maintenance supervision and engineering	740	0	C	0	9	D	D	0	p	Ď	0	Q	8	0	Ľ
95 Maintenance of structures	741	Q	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	e	0	0
96 Maintenance of production equipment	742	0	e	0	D	ð	0	0	0	٥	D	C	0	0	0
97 Subtotal - Manufactured Gas Production	703-743	Ď	0	¢	0	e	0	0	0	0	C	C	0	0	Ċ
98 2. Other Gas Supply Expenses															
99 Natural gas city gate purchases	804	0	0	0	Û	Q	o	D	0	0	o	C	٥	υ	C
100 Purchased gas expenses	607	D	٥	0	0	c	¢	0	σ	D	o	0	0	0	•
101 Gas withdrawn from storage	806	С.	Ċ.	٥	p	C	0	0	0	0	o	¢	0	0	c
102 Gas used for other utility operations	817	3	e	C	0	D	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	D	c
103 LNG used for other utility operations	8121.NG	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	C	c	٥	D	C	٥	c
104 Other gas supply expenses	813	э	<u> </u>	0	Ð	J	c	D	C	0	0	Q	0	D	
105 Subtotal - Production Expenses	701-813	Ľ	C	0	U	ū	¢	ø	Q	c	ũ	0	C	0	c
106 B. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING & PRO	CESSING EXPENSES														
107 Operation supervision and angloacong	840	Ð	0	Û	0	C	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	C C
108 Operation labor ann expenses	841	٥	٥	0	0	0	Ď	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	ſ
109 Rents	842	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	C
110 Maintenance	843	0	0	0	0	· c	0	0	0	0	0	O	· a	Ð	C
111 Operation supervision and engineering	850	្ព	0	0	0		D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	n
112 Subtotal - Storage Expenses	549-250		p		ម	Ľ	0	U	=	Þ	C	n			

113 C TRANSMISSION EXPENSES

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Fature Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Enh@h PQH-3E: Allocation Results - Distribution-Commodity Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residencial	Residential		Commendal		Industrial	Municipal	Municosi	PHA	PHA		ternuptible	GTS
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Totai	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-fieat	fleat	Non-riest	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate B	ion-Heat	Safes	_
D. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES															
Operation supervision and engineering	870	D	0	0	0	0	Ð	D	0	0	C	0	۵	D	
Distribution load dispatching	871	1,650	9	755	32	198	6	12	4	28	4	12	٥	0	5
Mains and services expenses	874	0	0	0	0	0	٥	C	0	0	c	D	٥	0	
Measuring station expenses - General	875	9	0	0	0	0	9	0	c	0	0	0	0	0	
Measuring station expenses - industrial	876	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	C	0	ò	
Measuring station expenses - City gate	877	٥	0	0	e	0	0	٥	0	0	C	0	C	0	
Meter and house regulator expenses	878	0	0	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	· o	0	p	ċ.	· o	
Eastomer installation expenses	879	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	o	Ó	0	0	Ď	
Customer Installation expenses - Parts and Labor Plan	879912	0	Ô	0	0	0	ø	0	e	0	D	6	o	0	
Other expenses	880	Ď	٥	۵	0	0	Ď	ċ	0	ō	ō	â	0	ō	
Rents	831	Ð	0	C	0	Ð	C	0	Ď	0	ō	0	ā	- n	
Maintenence supervision and engineering	885	0	0	0	0	ø	D	, C	Ď	D	Ď	ő		, ,	
Maintenance of mains	667	0	0	0	C	p	D	0	0	0	0	0	- 0		
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - General	889	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			<u>,</u>		
Misintenance of measuring station expenses - Industrial	890	0	0	0	ß	Ó	0	Ō	0	ō	0	-	Ä	õ	
	891	487	3	223	4	58	2	-	1		1	1	õ	ő	
Maintenance of services	892	D	0	0	0	0	C	ĉ	ċ	0	n	ņ	ň	0 0	
Maintenance of meters and house regulators	893	0	0	D	Ď	c.	0	ċ	0	0	ō	ň	G	, D	
Subtotal - Distribution Expenses	870-893	2,137	17	980	41	257	8	15	š	23	5	14	0		
TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES		2,137		960	41	257	£	15	5	23	5	14	5	2	
IL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES															
Supervision	901	p	0	٥	0	0	C	c	0	0	0	D	Ð	p	
Meter reading expenses	902	٥	D	Đ	a	0	٥	0	0	0	ō	D	ō	ŭ	
Castomer records and collection expenses	903	0	0	D	C	0	c	c	۵ ۵	٥	٥	6	٥	0	
Lincollectible accounts	904	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	0	0	Ő	0	ō	ō	
Uncollectible accounts in CRP	904CRP	9	0	0	0	0	9	ō	ē	ġ	õ	0	0	Ď	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES	-	0	0	0	n	ŷ	ţ	0	0	0	0	ç	¢		
IN. CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES															
Customer assistance expenses	905	0	0	0	0	D	٥	0	Ð	o	D	D	a	٥	
Customer assistance expenses - ELIRP	908CAP	0	0	0	0	σ	0	Ō	Ď	0	- D	- 0	0	0	
CRP Shortfall	480CRP	0	0	û	Ċ.	c	0	0	ō	ō	0	ů.	0	0	
Sentor Discounts	4305en	Ó	0	0	5	c	Ċ	Ċ	D D	ů.	D	0	ő	ő	
TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSE		0	:	¢	¢	ð	0	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>	0		
TOTAL OUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, SERVICE & INFORMATIO	NAL EYDENSES		5	5	c	D	c.	0	3	0	c	n	5	Ð	

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study -- Fisity Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Eshibit PQH-3E: Allocation Results - Distribution-Commodity Classification

Dollars In Thousanda			Residentiai	Residentiai		Commercial	Industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA		nternuotible	GTS/T
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heet	riest	Non-Heat	Heat	ĢS	Rate S	Non-Heat	Sakes	
9 IV. ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES															
IG A, LABOR RELATED															
1 Administrative and general salaries	920	351	2	161	7	42	1	3	1	4	1	2	Q	0	127
52 Office supplies and expenses	921	\$51	ž	252	11	66	2	4	1	6	1	4	0	0	200
53. Administrative expenses transferred - Credit	972	(597)	(3)	(274)	(12)	(72)	[2]	(4)	(1)	(6)	(1)	(4)	(0)	(0)	(217
54 Outside services employed	923	40	Q	18	1	5	0	0	0	0	e	0	C	0	1
55 Injurius and damages	925	156	t	71	3	29	1	1	0	2	0	1	o	0	57
56 Employee pensions and benefits	926	2,801	16	1,284	54	336	10	20	7	30	6	19	¢	1	1,017
57 OPEB funding and expenses	999	644	. 4	295	13	<u> </u>	3	5	2	7	1	4	· 0	D	234
58 Subtotal - Labor Related A&G		3946	22	1,809	17	474	14	-9	10	43	9	76	Û		1,435
59 B. PLANT RELATED															
60 Property Insurance	524	0	0	<u> </u>	<u>ڊ</u>	<u> </u>	<u>0</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>a</u>	0	0		:	5
51 Subtotal - Plant Related A&G		t	C	2	c	n	¢	G	٥	3	C	Ľ	C	٥	4
62 C. OTHER &&G															
63 Regulatory commission expenses	92 <u>8</u>	0	0	9	0	0	Ð	0	Ċ	o	0	0	o	0	¢
64 Duplicate charges - Credit	929	C	0	0	0	0	C	0	C	0	0	0	o	0	c
65 General advertising expenses, miscellaneous	930	146	1	67	3	18	1	1	0	2	0	1	0	C	53
66 Rents	931	8	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	3
67 Subtotsi - Other A&G	_	154	1	71	3	19	1	1		2	2	1	0	C	56
68 TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES		4,100	73	1,879	80	492	15	30	10	52	9	31	0	:	1,489
69 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (Excluding Dep. Tax)		6,237	35	2,859	171	7.49	23	4 5	1÷	14	14	42	:	:	: 165
TO V. DEPRECIATION EXPENSE															
71 Depreciation expense	403	<i>c</i>	0	e	D	0	0	c	0	٥	0	D	0	ц,	c
72 Depreciation expense- Direct Assignment	403Ofrect	8	0	٥	۵	0	0	, c	0	U U	e	Ð	0	0	. C
73 TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE		0	0	ņ	n	Ð	¢	Ģ	e	0	٥	υ	0	c	:
74 VI. TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES															
75 Taxes other than income taxes	408	· 200	1	7 44	4	21	1	:		:	C	. 1	5	t)	71
76 TOTAL EXPENSES		E 442	3F	2,953	175	774	13	47	16	ro	14	43	:	:	2,339

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class CDS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3E: Allocation Results - Distribution-Commodity Classification

Dokars in Thousands			Residentiai	Residential		Commercial		moustrial	· •	Municipal	PHA	РНА		interruptible	GTS/IT
Line FERE Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	65	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
177 VIL REVENUES															
178 Distribution Revenue	480-483	6,888	105	5,456	156	943	28	S6	14	50	22	46		0	٥
179 GCR Revenue	480-483GCR	٥	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	0	0	-	0	0
180 Interruptible Gas Revenue	460-483Int	o	D	¢	Q	a	0	0	0	Ð	¢	0	0	0	0
181 USEC Revenue	480-483USC	0	0	Û	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0
1B2 REC Revenue	480-483REC	0	0	٥	0	¢	0	D	0	0	G	D	Ø	0	5
183 Forfeited discounts	487	320	6	313	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	Ç	0	9
184 Miscellaneous service revenue	453	49	1	39	1	7	0	0	0	٥	Ð	0	0	0	0
185 GTS/IT Revenue	489	٥	0	.0	0	0	0	. 0	0	o	c	0	5	đ	· 0
185 Other gas revenue	495	0	ti ti	Ð	0	Q	0	0	0	0	C	Ô	0	0	5
187 Revenue Adjustments	495Ad)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>	0	0	0	. 0	0
188 Subtotal - Gas Revenues		7,257	111	5,808	160	949	28	57	14	61	72	46	Đ	Û	D
189 Bill paid turn ons & dig ups	303Rev	0	ð	0	o	0	0	c	٥	٥	D	o	٥	0	5
190 Customer installation expenses	579Rev	¢	0	0			0	0		0	<u> </u>	0		0	0
191 Subtotal - Other operating revenues		Q	9	0	ů	ľ+	0	c	P	c	5	0	p	Q	5
192 TOTAL OFFRATING REVENUES		7.257	:13	5,808	160		25	<u>\$</u> 7	14	• 1	::	45	Ð	2	:
193 Non-operating rental income	418	1	0	c	:	÷.	¢	c	0	a	:	ې	6	c	c
194 interest and dividend income	419	6	c	5	¢	3	0	e	0	G	0	¢	¢	υ	3
195 Miscelaneous non-operating income	421	C	٥	<u> </u>		0	<u>c</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	0	
196 Total Kon-Operating Income		,	α	\$	٥	:	D	C	â	C	Ľ	c	2	ç	Ę
197 TOTAL REVENUE		7,263	:11	5,814	163	÷531	28	52	14	61	27	46	U	G	U
198 Income Before Interest and Surplus		821	75	2,861	•3	:76	5	10	(2)	(9)	2	•	(0)	(2)	(2,339)
199 Interest on long-term gapt	427	150	4	171		15	σ	1	0	3	1	1	6	٥	
200 Amortization of debt discount	428	13	υ	21		1	0	0	0	0	Þ	9	0	D	C
203 Amortization of premium on debt	429	(79)	(I)	(23)	(1)	(5)	(0)	(0)	(C)	(D)	(0)	(0)		(0)	(1)
202 Other Interest expense	431	12	0	9		-	0	0	C	· D	Q	0	-	· 0	0
203 AFUDC	432	(3)	(0)	(2)	(ů)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	10]	(0)		(D)	(0)
204 Surplus Requirement	499	183	5	147	3	18	0		2	:	1	1	0	0	5
205 Total Interest & Surplus	_	327	ġ	262	6		1				1	1		٥	
206 Appropriations of retained earnings	436	55		بد		5				<u> </u>		2		<u>د</u>	2
207 Total Interest & Surplus, Other		387	10	367	;	3B	t	:	1	:	1	3	3	0	::
208 Over (Under) Total Requirements		439	<u>65</u>	2.554	28	139	!	4	(2)	(12)	ź	:	<u>(0)</u>	<u>ננו</u>	(2.349)
209 Tanff Revenue Requirements		6,449	40	2,902	131	304	24	4	17	72	::	45	1	1	7,349

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class CDS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3F: Allocation Results - Distribution-Customer Classification

	Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residential		Commercial	Industrial		•	Municipal	PHA	РНА		nterruptible	GTS/IT
tine	FERC Account Description	Account Code	total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat.	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
1	L GAS PLANT IN SERVICE															
2	A, INTANGIBLE PLANT	301-303														
3	B, PRODUCTION PLANT															
4	Land and land rights	304	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	e	0	0
5	Structures and Improvements	305	0	0	o	0	0	0	Û	0	0	0	0	0	D	0
6	Boiler plant equipment	306	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ø	0	0	0	D	Ū	0
7	Other power equipment	307	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	ō	0	0
8	LPG equipment	311	Ð	0	o	0	0		0	O	0	Ó	C	G	· 0	0
9	Purification equipment	317	0	0	0	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	C	Ô	0
10	Residual refining equipment	318	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0
11	Gas mixing equipment	319	0	D	0	0	0	0	٥	D	6	a	0	0	Q	a
:2	Dther equipment	320	Ŭ	0	0	0	t)	2	C	P.	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Subtotal - Production Plant	304-347	۵	¢	c	5	<u> </u>	0	0	<u>t.</u>	4	2	Û	0	0	c
:4	C. STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT															
15	Land and land rights	360	a	0	0	0	0	a	0	0	C	G	0	0	0	C
	Structures and Improvements	\$61	q	0	٥	0	0	D	¢	D.	0	0	۵	0	Ð	C
:7	Gas holders	562	0	0	o	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	O	Ď	c
28	Purification equipment	363	0	0	o	c	Ģ	D	9	¢	0	0	C	0	0	0
19	Liquefaction equipment	363.1	0	0	0	0	0	a	0	0	0	o	Ċ	0	0	0
20	Vaporizing equipment	563.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	C	0	0
21	Compressor equipment	363.3	0	D	0	D	٥	٥	0	0	C	٥	0	٥	0	c
22	Measuring and regulating equipment	363.4	0	Ġ	0	0	0	0	0	¢	٥	o	ð	D	0	C
23	Other equipment	363.5	0	D	o	0	0	_ 0	0	0	<u> </u>	5	0	0	0	6
24	Subtotal - Storage and Processing Plant	360-364	<u> </u>	5	¢	٥	ຸລ	0	0	5	\$	۲	C	5	<u> </u>	
25	D. TRANSMISSION PLANT	365-371														
26	E, DISTRIBUTION PLANT															
27	Land and land rights	374	0	C	0	0	0	0	σ	0	Þ	0	0	0	Ð	0
28	Structures and improvements	375	0	0	0	0	, D	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	σ	C
25	Mains	376	586,880	15,014	348,951	1,667	15,621	136	352	291	437	1,495	702	3	3	327
30	Mains - Direct Assignment	376Direct	ø	a	0	D	0	0	C	0	0	C	C	D	0	
31	Compressor station equipment	377	0	٥	0	٥	0	0	٥	0	D	G	a	٥	٥	C
32	Measuring station equipment - General	378	0	c	٥	0	0	C	0	o	0	Ō	C	Q	0	c
33	Services	380	705,610	26,044	605,303	9,542	40,645	1,102	2,839	601	3,536	2,489	5,674	25	75	7,937
34	Meters	381	6	٥	0	٥	0	c	0	0	0	D	û	٥	0	C
35	Meter Instaliations	382	0	0	0	Q	0	0	0	Q	D	0	0	0	0	5
38	House regulators	583	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	٥	D	
37	House regulator installations	384	0	٥	0	C	Û	٥	0	0	0	e	0	D	0	C
38	Measuring station equipment - Industrial	385	0	o	c	0	0	0	D	0	o	o	0	0	0	•
39	Other equipment	387	0	0	0			0		0	0	<u>c</u>	2	3		0
40	Subtotal - Distribution Plant	374-387	1,092,589	41,058	954,254	15,710	56,266	1,738	3,190	283	3,973	3,974	6,315	72	78	8.764

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class CDS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Eablish PCH-3F: Allocation Results - Distribution-Customer Classification

4	Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residentia!		Commercial	Industrial	industrial		Municipel	PHA	PHA		interruptible	GTS,
	ERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Meat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	rieat	G5	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
1	F. GENERAL PLANT				_				_		_	_				
2 1	Land and land rights	389	831	31	732	9	40	1	2	1	2	Ë	4	0	٥	
3	Structures and Improvements	390	18,548	705	16,344	711	858	17	44	13	55	67	88	D	1	1
4 1	Office furniture and equipment	391	24,380	924	21,483	277	1,181	22	SA	17	72	88	115	1	1	1
5	Transportation equipment	392	8,955	340	7,891	107	434	8	21	6	26	32	42	٥	0	
6	Stores equipment	393	169	6	149	2	a	0	0	0	0	1	1	a	Ċ	
17	look, shop and garage equipment	394	2,399	91	2,114	27	116	7	6	2	7	9	11	0	0	
в	Power operated equipment	396	276	10	245	3	13	٥	1	0	1	1	1	0	O	
9	Communication equipment	397	4,657	177	4,104	53	256	4	11	3	14	17	22	ί σ	D	
6	Miscellaneous equipment	398	3,195	121	2,815	36	155	3	8	2	. 9	12	15	0	0	
1	Subtotal - General Plant	369-399	63,410	2,404	\$5,877	721	3,071	58	150	45	267	230	300	1	3	
2	TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	-	1,156,099	43,462	1,010,130	13,931	59,337	1,296	3,340	\$7 <u>8</u>	4,160	4,151	6 675	:9	21	8.6
3	II. DEPRECIATION RESERVE															
1	Production plant	108.2	Q	0	c	Q	0	ů.	0	0	D	0	0	C	0	
5	Local storage plant	108.3	ð	Ō	5	0	9	0	Ô	C	0	0	D	٥	۵	
6	Mains	108.52	141,447	5,489	127,580	1,341	5,711	50	128	84	160	5.25	257	1	1	
7	Meins - Direct Assignment	108.52Direct	D	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	٥	0	0	C	0	
8	Services	108 54	355,556	13,120	304,925	4,807	20,475	553	1,430	303	1,781	: 254	2,658	13	38	3
9	Meters	108.55	D	0	0	õ	0	0	0	0	0	C	C	c	σ	
0	Distribution other	108.58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	C	0	
1	General Plant	108.8	32,722	1,241	28,835	372	1,585	30	77	23	96	115	155	1	2	
2	Total Depreciation Reserve	108	529.776	19 85G	461,340	63.0	27,77:	635	:,636	411	2,015	1 897	1,765	;4	41	
9	HL OTHER RATE BASE TEMS															
4	Completed construction - Unclassified	106	Û	a	ΰ	C,	r v	0	0	C	Ð	0	£	c	0	
5	Construction work in progress (CWIP)	107	υ	0	3	<u> </u>	0	U	0	<u> </u>	0	0	0	e e	<u> </u>	
5	Total Other Rate Base Items		ť	٥	:	<u> </u>	¢	<u>t</u>	0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3	\$	<u>ر</u>	<u>t</u>	
7	TOTAL RATE BASE (Excl. Working Capital)		626,373	23,613	348,790	7,413	31,566	661	1,704	467	2,123	2,256	3,406	75	4:	4
-	IV, WORKING CAPITAL														_	
-	Accounts receivable - Gas	131.11	44,624	696	35,603	997	5,914	173	352	89	970	141	208	1	0	
	Materials and supplies	131.12	6,213	207	5,511	67	301	6	16	4	38	18	27	0	0	
	Prepaid accounts, other current assets	131.13	3,397	113	3,023	37	165	3	9	2	10	10	15	G	0	
2	Gas, LNG in storage	131.14	0	0	Ð	0	٥	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	p	
3	Accounts payable - Gas	131.15	0	0	0	0	-	-	٥	0	0	٥	0	0	٩	
	Accounts payable, other- SON Labor	131.16	[11,781]	(447)	(10,382)	(134)	(\$71)	(11)	(28)	(8)	(15)	(43)	(\$6)	(0)	(1)	
5	Accounts payable, other- SO% D&MorGas	131.17	(14,166)	(472)	(12,565)	{152}	(687)	(13)	(36)	(9)	(41)	(41)	(61)	(0)	(1)	
6	Lustomer deposits	131.18	(1,867)	(29)	(1,465)	(42)	(247)	(7)	{15}	(4)	(15)	(5]	(12)	(O)	0	
7	Accrued Interest	131.19	(10,976)	(294)	(2,417)	(197)	(1.087)	(24)	(62)	(28)	(87)	(38)	(77)	(0)	(1)	
8	Accrued Taxes & Wages	131.2	(10,344)	(344)	[9,175]	(111)	(501)	(10)	(26)	<u>(7)</u>	(30)	(30)	(44)	(0)	(<u>1</u>].	
3	Total Working Capital	131	5,102	(569)	1,700	465	3,287	117	210	49	189		79	0	(2)	(
	V. TOTAL RATE BASE		631,475	23,043	\$ \$0,490	7.875	34,853	775	1.914	516	2,312	2,268	3,485	15	39	3

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 33, 2018 Euhlbit POH-3F: Allocation Results - Distribution-Customer Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residential	Commercial		Industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA		derruptible	ធ
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Tetat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Hest	65	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE															
A. PRODUCTION EXPENSES															
1. Manufactured Gas Production Expenses															
Operation labor and expenses	703	0	Q	e	¢	0	Q	0	0	٥	0	a	o	0	
ioiler fuel	707	0	0	Ô	0	0	Ô	0	Ô	0	a	Ō	¢.	0	
fiscellaneous steam expenses	703	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	a	0	
faintenance of structures	706	D	0	0	0	c	0	0	0	0	σ	0	C	0	
Asintenance of bolier plant coulpriont	707	0	0	0	B	С	0	٥	0	¢	0	0	0	0	
faintenance of other production plant	708	D	σ	0	0	0	0	0	0	` 0	0	0	c	. 0	
peration supervision and engineering	710	e	o	0	0	٥	D	0	0	0	0	٥	C	D	
ther power expenses	712	່ວ	Ð	0	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0	٥	a	0	
kuplicate charges - Credit	734	5	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	C	٥	0	0	
Ascellaneous production expenses	795	3	0	0	0	0	D	Ð	0	0	a	Ð	c	0	
faintenance supervision and engineering	740	8	Ð	0	0	D	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Asintenance of structures	741	e	Ð	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	٥	
Asintenance of production equipment	742	0	0	Ō	C	Ð	0	0	0	0	0	a	o	0	
ubtotal - Manufactured Gas Production	701-743	0	0	0	D	0	٥	0	Q	0	C	¢	0	٥	
Other Gas Supply Expenses															
latural ges city gate purchases	804	0	e	0	Ð	G	0	0	0	Ð	o	Q	0	0	
urchased gas expenses	607	٥	٥	٥	0	6	¢	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
as withdrawn from storage	808	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	e	0	5	e	D	
ias used for other utility operations	B12	0	0	0	0	e	0	0	c	0	٥	0	D	0	
NG used for other Utility operations	8121 NG	0	Ð	٥	0	0	Ð	0	٥	c	Ô	0	D	0	
Other gas supply expenses	813	c	0	٥	U	2	:	0	D	0	σ	0	٥	9	
ubtotal - Production Expenses	701-813	ĩ	Û	c	٥	D	5	D	¢	5	ç	۵	C	٥	
NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING & PRO	CESSING EXPENSES														
peration supervision and engineering	840	0	0	٥	D	٥	D	0	0	0	Û	D	0	0	
Operation labor and expenses	641	o	D	0	0	0	0	Ô	0	D	۵	D	0	0	
lents	642	0	۵	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	D	D	
Vaintenance	643	0	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	. 0	e	٥	0	0	5	
Operation supervision and engineering	850	Ð	0	C	0	9	Ð	0	0	0	G	0	0	0	
Subtotal - Storage Expenses	540-850	:		5	v	n n	5	บั	5	:			2	2	

113 C. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Enhibit PQH-35: Allocation Results - Distribution-Customer Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential		Commencial		Industrial		Manicipel	Municipal	FISA	PHA		កេរកម្មវត្ថិនៃកែ	515
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	H681	Non-next	reat	Non-Heat	Heat	hon-Hest	Heret	<u>Ğ</u> Ş	Aate B	Non-Heat	5ales	
D. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES															
Departion supervision and engineering	870	1,305	49	1,150	15	63	1	3	1	4	5	6	0	0	
Distribution load dispetching	871	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	
Mains and services expenses	874	3,410	126	2,924	45	196	5	14	3	17	17	27	Ū	0	
Measuring station expenses - General	875	ð	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	o	Q	٥	0	
Measuring station expenses - Industrial	876	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	C	0	0	0	0	0	
Measuring station expenses - City gate	877	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Meter and house regulator expenses	278	0	σ.	0	0	0	C	0	D	D	٥	0	0	. D	
Customer installation expenses	879	0	0	0	0	0	D	ō	0	D	8	0	C	đ	
Customer installation expenses - Parts and Labor Plan	879PLP	0	C	0	0	C	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	
Other expenses	880	11,585	427	9,935	157	567	15	47	10	58	41	93	0	1	
Rents	5B1	5	5	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	
5 Maintenance supervision and engineering	885	194	7	171	2	9	0	Û	0	1	1	1	0	0	
Maintenance of mains	887	12,860	499	11,599	122	519	5	12	8	15	43	23	0	0	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - General	685	0	0	0	Ó	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - Industrial	890	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - City gate		D	с	0	3	0	٥	С	e	Ð	0	0	٥	0	
Maintenance of services	892	1,800	66	1,544	24	104	3	7	2	9	6	14	0	0	
Maintenance of meters and house regulators	893	0	o	0	0	c	c	0	0	0	C	ç	ť	D	
Subtotal - Distribution Expenses	870-893	31,156	1,17Ē	27,3.27	365	1,559		83	23	103	:12	165	:	2	
TUTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES	_	31.158	:,376	27,327	366	1,559	32	83	23	103	112	165	;	2	
IL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES															
Supervision	901	0	\$	0	5	C	Û	0	0	D	0	0	0	٥	
Meter reading expenses	902	o	0	0	0	c	0	0	٥	D	o	0	٥	٥	
Customer records and collection expenses	903	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Uncollectible accounts	904	16,495	287	15,637	81	465	Э	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Uncollectible accounts in CRP	904CRP	, O	0	٥	0	٥	0	٥	0	0	C	0	0	0	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES		16.495	287	15,637	61	465	1	23	0	c	C	0	0	0	
2 NI. CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES									-						
Existomer assistance expenses	908	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	σ	٥	٥	0	0	
Customer assistance expenses - EURP	908CAP	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	D	ם	0	0	
S CIP Shortfall	480CRP	Ō	0	٥	0	C	0	0	۵	0	D	٥	G	0	
6 Senior Discounts	4805en	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	٥	٥	D	
7 TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENS	.cs	e	3	٥	0	6	٥	0	٥	0	٥	c	0	n	
B TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, SERVICE & INFORMATIO	INAL EXPENSES	16,495	787	15,637	\$ 1	465	,	7:	q	o	٥	13	c	¢	

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Felby Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3F: Allocation Results - Distribution-Customer Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residential		Commercial	Industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	рна	PHA		erruptible	GTS/8
w FERC Account Description	Account Coor	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Haat	Non-Hest	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	65	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
S IV. ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES															
SO A. LABOR RELATED															
51 Administrative and general salaries	920	3,231	123	2,847	37	156	3	6	Ż	10	12	15	۵	۵	1
\$2 Office supplies and expenses	921	5,071	192	4,468	58	246	5	12	4	15	18	24	٥	0	3
53 Administrative expenses transferred - Credit	922	(5,496)	(208)	(4,643)	(62)	(266)	(5)	{13}	(4)	(16)	(20)	(26)	(0)	(0)	(3)
54 Outside services employed	923	371	14	327	4	13	0	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	
S5 Injuries and damages	975	1,435	54	1,265	16	70	1	3	1	4	5	7	0	0	
S6 Employee pensions and benefits	976	25,781	977	22,718	293	1,249	24	61	18	76	93	122	1	1	24
57 OPEB funding and expanses	999	5,929	225	5,225	67	287	5	14		17	21	28	<u> </u>	٥	3
58 Subtobil - Labor Related ABG		36,322	1,377	32,007	413	1,759	33	86	26	107	132	172	1	2	20
SO B. PLANT RELATED															
50 Property Insurance	924 -	2,798	103	2,400	38	161	4	11	2	14	10	22	°	0	
61 Subtotal - Plant Related AEG		2,798	103	2,400	38	161	4	11	ĩ	14	10	22	D	٥	3
52 C OTHER A&G															
63 Regulatory commission expenses	978	5 157	138	4,143	93	531	12	25	9	41	15	36	o	0	12
54 Duplicate charges - Credit	929	٥	D	0	Ð	0	o	0	e	٥	0	2	G	¢	
65 General advertising expenses, miscellaneous	930	1,347	51	1,187	15	65	1	3	1	4	5	6	0	0	
66 Rents	931	74	3	65	:	A	0	0	0	e	C	0	0	9	
67 Subtotal - Other A&G	-	6.578	192	5,395	109	574	13	33	10	45	23	43	0	C	11
68 TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES		45,693	1,672	39.802	559	2,500	51	130	38	166	154	237	1	3	27
69 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (Excluding Dep. Tax)		93,351	3,135	82,766	1,007	4,524	56	723	63	160	277	403	3	5	54
170 V. DEPRECIATION EXPENSE															
71 Depreciation expense	403	27,202	1,004	23.325	368	1,566	42	109	23	: H	96	219	2	3	30
72 Depreciation expense- Direct Assignment	403Direct		٥	C	<u> </u>	0	S	<u> </u>	5	0	D	5	0	0	
173 TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE		27,202	1,004	23,328	368	1,566	42	109	22	:#	96	219	2	3	30
174 VI. TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES															
175. Taxes other than income taxes	408	1,888	73	1,663	21	21	2	1	:	¢	,	. 4	9	a	1
176 TOTAL EXPENSES		122,440	4,211	107,757	1,396	6.287	130	547	٤t	4:1	379	630	3	4	40

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class CDS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit POH-3F: Allocation Results - Distribution-Customer Classification

Do'lars in Thousands			Residential	Residential	Commercial	Commarcial	Industrial	Industrial		Municipal	PHA	PHA		interruptible	GT S/I
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	<u> </u>	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
VIL REVENUES															
Distribution Revenue	480-483	107,664	1,637	85,275	2,475	14,733	434	280	225	940	342	717	6	0	
GCR Revenue	480-483GCR	0	o	o	0	0	٥	a	0	D	o	0	0	0	
Interruptible Gas Revenue	450-4831nt	0	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	
USEC Revenue	480-483USC	0	0	0	ø	Q	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	
REC Revenue	460-483REC	c	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	Q	0	0	0	0	
Forfeited discounts	467	4,995	90	4,898	1	6	o	0	a	0	٥	0	0	D	
Miscellaneous service revenue	488	767	12	612	17	107	3	6	2	6	2	5	¢.	0	
GTS/IT Revenue	489	0	0	. 0	0	¢	0	, Ó	Ó	0	. 0	٥	¢	5	•
Other gas revenue	495	0	0	Ô	C	a	Đ	0	Ð	0	0	ø	ð	0	
Revenue Adjustments	495Adj	0	0	<u> </u>	0	0	<u> </u>	0	0	D	P	D	0	0	
Subtotal - Gas Revenues		119,426	1,739	90,768	2,494	14, 84 1	437	886	226	946	141	722	4	0	
Bill paid turn ons & dig ups	903Rev	0	٥	٥	o	o	D	٥	0	o	٥	D	e	0	
Customer matellation expenses	879Rev	0	0	D	5	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	<u></u>	
Subtotal - Other operating revolues		0	a	Ċ.	0	Đ	Ð	Q	c	Ç	e	0	٥	2	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		113 426	1,739	9 0, 78 8	494	14 e41	433	635	276	946	330	:::	4	2-	
Non-operating rental income	418	£5	2	62	2	8	e	0	o	1	G	1	6	c	
interest and dividend income	419	1,030	28	828	10	:02	2	6	2	8	4	7	0	5	
Miscellaneous non-operating income	421	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	٥	0	
Total Nun-Operating Income		1,115	30	895	20	110	2	5	2	9	4	8	٥	Û	
TOTAL REVENUE		114,541	1,768	91,684	2,514	14,951	440	893	228	953	348	730	4	0	
i income Before interest and Surplus		(7,899)	(2,442)	(16,073)	1,118	6,769	310	\$45	142	544	(91)	99	1	(7)	(87
Interest on long-term debt	427	25,194	674	20,239	452	2,494	56	143	42	201	86	177	1	1	5
Amortization of debt discount	428	2,228	60	1,790	40	221	5	£2	4	18	1	16	0	D	
Amortization of premium on debt	429	(4,799)	(12B)	(3,855)	(86)	[475]	(11)	(27)	(6)	(38)	(16)	(34)	(0)	(C)	(1)
Dther interest expense	43:	1,942	52	1,560	35	192	4	11	3	15	7	14	0	٥	
AFUDC	432	(471)	(13)	(379)	(8)	{47}	(1)	(3)	(1)	(4)	{2}	(E)	(0)	(O)	ſ
Surplus Requirement	499	30,749	823	24,702	552	3,044	69	174	51	245	105	216	1	2	
 Total Interest & Surplus 		54,843	1,468	44,057	984	5,429	122	311	92	497	168	386	1		1,3
Appropriations of retained eathings	436	9,225	247	7,411	165	913	21	52		73	32	65		0	
Total Interest & Surplus, Other		64,067	1,715	51,467	1,149	6,347	143	363	107	510	220	451	2	3	1,9
S. Over (Under) Total Requirements		<u>(71.966)</u>	(4.157)	(67_\$40)	(32)	2.427	<u>167</u>	182	35	<u>33</u>	(251)	(351)	<u>u</u>	<u>/121</u>	12.41
Taniff Revenue Requirements		179,530	5.794	152,619	2,507	12,306	266	698	189	906	593	1,068		11	2,4

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Philadelphia Gas Works

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Allocated Class COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3G: Allocation Results - Onsite-Costomer Classification

	Dollars in Thousands			Residential		Commercial			industrial		Municipal	PHA	PHA		terruptible	сту/п
Line	FERC Account Description	Account Code	fota!	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	heat	Non-Heat	Heat	ĢS	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
_	I. GAS PLANT IN SERVICE															
2	A. INTANGIBLE PLANT	301-303														
5	8. PRODUCTION PLANT															
4	Land and land rights	304	â	e	σ	0	0	0	٥	0	0	C	0	o	0	٥
5	Structures and Improvements	305	0	0	0	0	Ó	Ó	0	Û	a	۵	0	٥	Ø	0
6	Boiler plant equipment	306	C	٥	0	0	0	0	0	Ð	D	C	0	o	0	0
7	Other power equipment	307	o	0	0	0	D	۵	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0
8	LPG equipment	311	0	· 0	C	0	0	٥	0	0	' a	0	0	C	0	0
9	Purfication equipment	317	e	0	¢	0	0	٥	0	0	0	٥	0	0	D	0
10	Residual refining equipment	318	0	Ó	0	Û	0	۵	ð	0	٩	0	0	ø	٥	c
		319	0	0	0	C	0	٥	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	c
	Other equipment	520	٥	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Subtotal - Production Plant	304-347	C	Q	C	0	0	0	0	Ö	Ċ	2	٥	2	0	
14	C STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT															
-	Land and land rights	360	Ċ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	Û	G	٥	0	0
	Structures and improvements	36:	c	0	a	0	Û	Ũ	0	0	C	0	с	D D	٥	0
		362	٥	0	0	0	Û	D	0	c	D	0	0	٥	c	c
-	Purflication equipment	363	o	0	0	۵	p	5	Û	C	Ů	c	٥	D	0	0
	Liquefaction equipment	363.1	0	0	0	0	Ó	۵	0	0	D	D	p	0	0	c
20	Vacorizing equipment	363.2	٥	Ð	0	G	Đ	0	0	0	0	0	0	G	0	c
	Compressor equipment	363.3	٥	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	c
22	Measuring and regulating equipment	363 4	٥	0	c	٥	Q	0	0	c	۵	c	o	0	0	c
23	Other equipment	363.5	0	0	C	0	٥	٥	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Subtotal - Storage and Processing Plant	360-364	U	ć	¢	0	Ű	a	Ċ	5	0	:	:	2	â	0
25	D. TRANSMISSION PLANT	365-971														
ж	E. DISTRIBUTION PLANT															
27		174	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	Structures and Improvements	375	0	0	0	` 0	٥	0	0	٥	0	٥	· a	0	0	2
29	Mains	376	0	0	0	0	0	9	D	0	Ð	Đ	0	0	D	0
30	Mains - Direct Assignment	376Direct	0	0	C	0	0	a	0	D	0	5	0	D	0	
31	Compressor station equipment	377	0	0	0	0	0	Ū	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	
52	Measuring station equipment - General	378	0	0	0	0	0	6	Ċ	ø	0	5	0	0	0	
33	Services	360	0	0	0	0	G	0	0	0	o	c	10	0	0	c
34	Meters	361	75,453	2,384	55,411	2,752	11,723	153	395	173	491	226	790	2	3	94
3S	Meter Installationa	362	94,565	2,988	69,447	3,449	\$4,692	192	495	217	617	266	990	3	4	1,184
36	House regulators	383	2,202	90	2,103	C	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	
37	House regulator installations	384	4,147	170	3,955	0	٥	۵	C	Ð	0	16	0	Ø	a	
\$8	Measuring station equipment - industrial	385	9	Đ	٥	0	Ø	٥	0	۵	0	c	0	0	0	6
39		387	۵	0	٥	0	a	C	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Subtotal - Distribution Flant	374-387	.76 16.	5.613	130,916	6.702	20.415	346	891	391	3,110	538	1,786	Ś	7	2,120

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocator Cost Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 33, 2033 Exhibit PQH-36: Allocation Results - Onsite-Customer Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential	Residentia)		Commercial	Industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	рна	PHA	NGVS	Interruptible	GTS/
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	hest.	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Hear	GS	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales_	
F. GENERAL PLANT	_														
Land and land rights	389	1,648	52	1,514	43	189	7	18	3	8	5	10	0	3	
Structures and improvements	390	36,806	1,165	29,346	952	4,210	155	391	57	172	101	231	1	0	
Office furniture and equipment	391	48,378	1,531	38,573		\$,533	204	514	75	226	133	303	1	٥	
Transportation equipment	392	:7,771	562	14,169	460	2,033	75	189	27	83	49	111	0	٥	
Stores equipment	393	335	11	267	9	38	1	- 4	1	2	1	2	0	۵	
Tools, shop and garage equipment	394	4,761	151	3,756	123	545	20	51	7	22	13	30	0	Ð	
ower operated equipment	396	548	17	437	14	53	2	6	1	3	2	3	0	0	
Communication equipment	397	9,241	292	7,358	239	1.057	39	. 98	14	43	25	58	þ	o	
Miscellaneous equipment	398	6,340	201	5,055	164	725	27	67	10	30	17	40	0	0	
Subtotal - General Plant	389-399	125,828	3,982	100,327	3,254	14,392	\$31	1,338	195	5,67	346	789	3	c	
TOTAL UTIUTY PLANT		302,190	9,615	231,243	9,455	40,807	877	2,228	585	1.696	884	2,569	8	77	2.2
IL DEPRECIATION RESERVE															
Production plant	108.2	0	c	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	D	0	Ó	D	
Local storage plant	108.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	ö	Ċ	0	- 0	ō	
Mains	108.52	0	5	Û	0	c	0	٥	0	n	c	ő	ē	o	
Nams - Direct Assighment	108 52D rect	D	0	ú	0	0	0	c c	0	p	0	0	õ	0	
ervices	108 54	0	2	0	0	0	o	0	2	r D	0	0	0	Ď	
Aeters	108.55	39,464	1,247	28,981	1,439	6,131	80	207	91	258	119	413	1	2	
Distribution other	108.58	0	-,,-	,	0	0	0	0	5	0	, C	-** D	0	ó	
Seneral Plant	108.8	64,934	2,055	51,773	1,679	7,427	274	690	100	303	179	407	2	ő	
otal Depreciation Reserve	108.5	104,397	3,302	80,755	3,119	13,558	354	897	:91	560	298	820			
otal Depreciation Heserve	104 -		3,307	40,133	2,113	13,330			474		176	670	,		
III OTHER RATE BASE ITEMS															
Completed construction - Unclassified	106	D	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	D	0	0	0	0	
Construction work in progress (CWIP)	107	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Other Rate Base Items	-	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	<u> </u>	0	
OTAL RATE BASE (Excl Working Capital)		197,793	6,313	150,488	6,337	27,249	522	1,331	394	1,135	5E6	L,749	6	.	1.
IV WORKING CAPITAL															
Accounts receivable - Gas	131.11	o	ວ	0	0	0	0	C	Ó	0	0	Û	0	0	
Materials and supplies	131.12	0	C	ວ	0	0	0	C	O	0	0	0	O	0	
Prepaid accounts, other current assets	131.13	٥	G	э	٥	Ô	0	C	0	0	0	C	C	0	
Sas, LNG in storage	131.14	0	0	٥	C	Q	0	C	o	0	0	0	0	D	
Accounts payable - Gas	131.15	۵	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
accounts payable, other- 50% Labor	131 16	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	
Accounts payable, other- 50% O&MxGas	131 17	0	o	٥	D	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ustomer deposits	131.18	0	C	G	0	٥	٥	D	0	Ū	0	0	0	0	
correct Interest	131 19	-	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	õ	0	ő	D	0	ő	
ccrued Taxes & Wages	131 2	5	0	0	0	ů.	ō	õ	õ	õ	0	0	õ	ő	
Total Working Capital	151		0			0				c	0	0	0	0	
	-	197,793	6,313	150,488	6,337	27,249	522	1,331				1,749			

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Yzer Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit POH-3G: Allocation Results - Onsite Customer Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential		-	Commercial			Municipa	Municipal	PHA	РНА		terruphble	តាន
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Neat	Heat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
I. OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE															
A. PRODUCTION EXPENSES															
1. Manufactured Gas Production Expenses						_									
Operation labor and expenses	701	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	٥	Ô	0	0	
Boiler fuel	502	0	o	0	0	0	D	0	Ċ	0	ō	0	0	Þ	
Miscelaneous steam expenses	703	0	0	¢	0	0	ō	0	٥	0	0	0	Q	0	
Maintenance of structures	736	0	0	0	0	D	0	Ó	Ð	0	C C	0	Ó	0	
Maintenance of bolier plant equipment	707	0	0	0	٥	0	Û	ø	Û	0	a	0	0	D	
Maintenance of other production plant	708	· 0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	Û	a	. 0	o	D	
Operation supervision and engineering	710	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	D	
Other power expenses	712	D	0	0	0	0	0	Q	0	0	D.	0	0	0	
Duplicate charges - Credit	734	0	0	0	D	Û	0	0	0	0	0	٥	D	۵	
Miscellaneous production expenses	735	0	Q	0	0	0	0	o	5	0	O	0	¢	٥	
Maintenance supervision and engineering	740	Ô	0	0	٥	0	0	0	Ø	Û	0	0	0	Q	
Maintenance of structures	741	0	0	0	0	¢	Ð	0	o	0	0	٥	0	0	
Maintenance of production equipment	742	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ċ	0	τ	0	0	Ö	
Subtotal - Manufactured Gas Production	701-743	0	0	٥	C	o	¢	0	D	0	o	0	0	0	
2. Other Gas Supply Expenses															
Natural gas city gate purchases	804	0	C	0	0	0	Ċ	C	e	0	0	Q	o	υ	
Purchased gas expenses	807	0	٥	0	0	0	0	â	٥	¢	0	0	0	D	
Gas withdrawn from storage	808	0	0	٥	0	0	0	Û	e	Û	0	0	0	0	
Gas used for other utility operations	812	٥	0	0	c	a	0	0	o	D	٥	Q	C	0	
LNG used for other utility operations	812LNG	0	0	0	0	0	0	O	e	D	o.	0	0	0	
Other gas supply expenses	813	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Subtotal - Production Expenses	701-813	Q	C	0	¢	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	٥	Ó	
B. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING & PRO	CESSING EXPENSES														
Operation supervision and engineering	840	ú	0	۵	0	0	D	C	0	0	Ð	0	0	۵	
Operation labor and expenses	841	٥	0	0	٥	0	D	٥	٥	e	0	D	0	0	
Rents	847	0	٥	D	0	0	0	a	0	0	Ð	0	0	0	
Maligtenance	843	0	0	. 0	0	0	D	0	o	0	· 0	0	0	σ	
Operation supervision and engineering	BSO	0	0	0	0	0	, O	_ c	٩	0	٥	0	. 0	0	
Subspital - Storage Expenses	640-850	9	p	D	Ó	U	IJ	0	5	c c	p	\$		ť	

113 C. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES

Philadelphia Gas Works

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Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3G: Allocation Results - Onsite-Customer Classification

Dollars In Thousands			Residential	Residential	Commercial	Commercial	Industrial	Industria	Municipai	Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS Int	berrup tuble	GT
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Tetai	hon-Heat	fieet	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Hent	G5	Rate 8 M	ion-Heal	Sales	
D. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES															
Operation supervision and engineering	870	211	7	168	5	24	1	2	Ó	1	1	,	0	0	
Distribution load dispatching	871	0	o	0	D	o	0	0	o	0	C	o	0	0	
Mains and services expenses	874	9	¢.	0	0	0	n	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	
Measuring station expenses - General	875	o	Û	0	0	Û	0	c	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Measuring station expenses - Industrial	876	0	G	o	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	Ċ	0	
Measuring station expenses - City gate	877	0	e	0	0	0	Ð	0	٥	Q	9	0	C	0	
Meter and house regulator expenses	£78	18,417	595	13,899	656	2,797	137	94	41	117	57	188	1	· 0	
Eustomer installation expenses	879	5,642	181	4,196	208	888	12	30	13	37	17	60	5	0	
Customer Installation expenses - Perts and Labor Plan	87991.0	3,746	155	3,591	0	0	Ð	0	0	C	0	a	0	ō	
Other expenses	680	1,350	43	1.007	47	202	3	7		8	4	24	р. В		
Rents	651	1	٥	1	0	a	з	c	0	ō	Ċ.	0	6		
Maintenance supervision and ongineering	885	31	1	25	1	4			, D	0	Ď	-		ň	
Maintenance of mains	897	0	Đ	0	ñ	6	ō	0	0	0	- D		0	ň	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - General	889	0	0	ō	0	0	å	õ	0	ő	õ	ů c	ő		
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - industrial		, T	0	ő			0			0	с С	Ň	ő	č	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - City gate		0	õ	0	0	0	ċ		ő	а Л	Č.	ć	ō	0	
Maintenance of services	591 591	0	p	ů.	0	ő	3	5	ŏ	0	ő		0	-	
-	8 93	3 630	123	(J#63	135	578	g	19	6	24	12	39	•	0	
Maintenance of motors and house regulators Subtotal - Distribution Expenses	870-893	33,200	1,104	25,685	1.053	4,485	59	153	60	128	91	39	0	0	
TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES	8/0-833	33,208	1,104	25,585	1,053	4,458	59	153	 56	153	37	302		0	
					0,004		-		~			-01	•	v	
II. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES															
Supervision	901	1,109	32	926	23	109	2	4	1		3	3	0	0	
Neter reading expenses	902	785	22	666	12	64	1	3	1	4	3	3	٥	D	
Customer records and collection expenses	903	26,657	776	22,247	550	2,627	43	94	28	101	75	79	1	0	
Uncollectible accounts	904	0	0	0	0	D	a	0	0	0	c	0	o	Ö	
Uncollectible accounts in CRP	904CRP	¢.	9	Û	0	c	G	9	σ	c	D	c	a	ġ	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES	_	28,551	630	23,839	584	2,8:00	45	101	3:	109	E 1	85	1	c	
III. CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES										•					
Customer assistance expenses	908	1,617	57	1,321	7	50	55	141	0	,	9	,	o	•	
Customer assistance expenses - EURP	SOBCAP	6	0	G.			0	 D	ō	0	å		0	Š	
CRP Shortial	480CRP	õ	Ď	ő	1	ő	0	ů.	ŏ	Ň	ő	5	0	0	
	4805en	0	0	ő	0	0	õ	ő	0	ő	õ		-	-	
Senior Discounts TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSI		1,617	57	1,321	7	<u></u>		:41	0	5			<u> </u>	<u>0</u>	
TOTAL COSTOMEN SCIVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSI	6.3	******	31	1,341	•					•	,	•	62	u	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, SERVICE & INFORMATIO		30,168	637	25,159	592	2,935	162	242	บ	130	54			5	

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class CDS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3G: Allocation Results - Onsite-Customer Classification

Residential Commercial Commercial Residential Industrial Industrial Municipal Municipal РНА **Dollars in Thousands** PHA **NGVS** interruptible Account Code Total Non-Heat Heat Non-Heat Heat Non-Heat Hest Non-Heat Heat GS Rate 8 Non-Heat Line FERC Account Description Sales 149 IV. ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES 150 A. LABOR RELATED 920 6,412 203 5,112 166 733 27 10 30 151 Administrative and general selarles 68 18 40 ٥ o 8,023 10,062 318 260 1,151 42 107 152 Office supplies and expenses 921 16 47 28 63 ٥ o (8.696) (282) [116} {10,906} (345) (1,247) (46) (17) (51) (3C) 153 Administrative expenses transferred - Credit 922 (68) (0) (0) 923 737 23 588 19 84 3 154 Outside services employed B 1 3 2 S 0 D. 2,271 74 155 injuries and damages 925 2,848 90 326 12 30 4 13 8 15 Q. 0 40,791 1,323 926 51,159 1,619 5.851 79 141 156 Employee pensions and benefits 216 544 239 321 1 ۵ 999 11,765 372 9,381 304 1,346 50 125 18 157 OPEB funding and expenses S5 32 74 o Ď 2,281 57,469 1,864 8,244 158 Subtotal - Labor Related A&G 72,077 304 766 111 336 198 452 2 Ċ 159 B. PLANT RELATED 974 452 335 16 160 Property Insurance 14 58 2 Ð 16 452 14 335 58 1 2 3 161 Subtotal - Plant Related A&G 1 1 5 ٥ n 162 C. OTHER ASG 928 0 n 0 Ð 0 163 Regulatory commission expenses 0 ۵ 0 D Ő. 0 ٥ ٥ 929 0 0 0 D 0 0 0 D 164 Duplicate charges - Credit 0 Q. n n n 2,131 69 165 General advertising expenses, miscellaneous 930 2,673 85 306 11 28 4 12 7 17 ø 0 147 117 166 Rents 931 - 5 4 17 1 , 0 1 D 1 0 ۵ 167 Subtotal - Other A&G 3,819 89 2,248 73 322 12 30 4 13 8 18 0 n 60,052 1,953 168 TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES 75,348 2,385 S.£34 317 798 117 357 207 474 2 Ô 169 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (Excluding Dep, Tax) 138,723 4,376 110,897 3,558 15,952 477 1,193 214 650 382 863 4 ٥ 170 V. DEPRECIATION EXPENSE 171 Depreciation expense 403 4,390 140 3,259 154 658 9 22 10 28 13 44 ٥ D 172 Depreciation expense- Direct Assignment 403Direct D n n • • D n 0 ۵ o Ô o Ô 173 TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE 4,390 140 3,259 154 658 22 10 28 13 q 44 ۵ ٥ 174 VI, TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES 408 3,746 119 2,987 97 478 16 40 6 17 10 23 175 Taxes other than income taxes 0 ٥ 4.635 117.142 3,649 145,860 17.038 1,255 230 695 406 175 TOTAL EXPENSES 502 930 4 1

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PIJH-36: Allocation Rezults - Onsite-Curtomer Classification

Collers in Thousands			Residential	Residential	Commercial	Commercial	Industria)	industrial	Nunicipe)	Municipal	PHA	PHA	ALC: NO	Interruptible	
Une FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS		Non-ticat	Salas	GT\$/IT
177 VIL REVENUES													THUN THEFT		
178 Olstribution Revenue	480-483	177,687	2,701	140,742	4.085	24,915	717	1,453	371	1,551	564	1,183	6	D	
179 GCR Revenue	480-483GCR	۵	0	0	Q	c	D	0	0	0	0	1,105	ů	0	0
180 Interruptible Gas Revenue	480-483Int	0	0	0	o	Ó	0		Ď		ø	0	0	5	-
181 LISEC Revenue	480-483USC	0	0	Ó	0	C	0	đ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ň		ő	ů
182 REC Revenue	480-483REC	D	C	a	0	6	0	_ ۵	ō	ŏ	ů	n n	0	0	0
183 Forfeited discounts	487	D	0	0	0	c	Ó	0	ō	0	ŏ		0	0	0
184 Miscellaneous service revenue	485	0	Ď	D	D	0	D	0	ō	0	ň		6	0	0 0
185 GTS/IT Revenue	489	D	0	. 0	0	0	. 0	0	ō	ō.	ŏ	ņ	Ğ	· 0	0
186 Other gas revenue	495	p	e	0	C	6	Ū.	0	ō	ő	ŏ		5	0	-
187 Revenue Adjustments	495Adj	0	c	0	0	0	Ō		0		ñ	2	с С	-	C
188 Subtotal - Gas Revenues		177,687	2,701	\$40,742	4,085	24,315	717	1 453	371	1,551	\$64	1,183	6	o	0
189 Bill paid turn ons & dig ups	903Rev	1,883	73	1,698	16	76	1	2	1	2	7	3	~	-	-
190 Customer Installation expenses	879Rey	6,382	263	6,119	D	0	D		0		á	د 0	0	0	2
191 Subtotal - Other operating revenues	-	E,265	336	7,617	18	76		2	1		2		. <u>0</u>		
192 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		185,952	3,037	148,559	4,103	24,391	717	1,472	37.	2,553	571	: 10-	÷	2	÷
193 Non-operating rental income	418	27	1	22	٥	3	υ	σ	J	c	2				
194 Interest and dividend income	419	332	9	267	6	33		7					: 2	C	:
195 Miscellaneous ach-operating income	422	0	0	0	Ū.	0	5	ō	, o	p p	é	0	6	2	4
196 Total Non-Operating Income	-	360	ta	289	٤	30	:			 ذ	<u> </u>				0 9
197 TOTAL REVENUE		186,312	:.047	142,645	4,110	24,427	718	1,455	372	1,556	572	1, 189	ŧ	з	11
198 Income Bafore Interest and Surplus		39,45 2	(1,588)	31,705	261	7,388	217	201	143	860	1£7	23	:	(1)	(162)
199 Interest on long-term debt	427	8,130	238	6,531	146	805	18	46	14	65	28	57	ç	0	101
200 Amortization of debt discount	428	719	19	578	13	71	2	4	2	6	2	5	c	0	202
201 Amortization of premium on debt	429	(1,545)	(41)	(1,244)	(28)	(153)	(3)	(9)	(3)	{22)	- (5)	(11)	(O)	-	18
202 Other interest expense	451	627	17	503	11	62	1	4	1	5	2	4	101	(D) D	(39)
703 AFUDC	432	(152)	(4)	(122)	(E)	(15)	(0)	(1)	(0)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(D)	(0)	15
204 Surplus Regularment	499	9,923	266	7,972	178	982	22	56	17	79	34	70	C (2)	1	(4) 242
205 Total Interest & Surplus		17,698	674	14,219	317	1,752	40	100	30	141	61	125	0	- <u></u> ;	441
206 Appropriations of retained earnings	436	2,977	60	2,391	53	295	7	17	5	24	10		0		
207 Total Interest & Surplus, Other	-	20,675	554	16,609	3/1	2,647	46	117	35	165	71	145	- 6	1	<u>74</u> \$15
208 Over (Under) Total Requirements		18.777	(2,142)	<u>15.097</u>	(119)	5.341	170	R	105	525	<u>26</u>	<u>113</u>	1	(2)	(677)
209 Tanti Revenue Regultements		156,910	4,843	125,645	4,195	18,973	546	1,369	263	8 55	468	1,070	4	2	677

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3H: Allocation Results - USEC-Castomer Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Pesidential	Residential	Commercial	Commercial	Industriai	industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS In	terruptible	GTS/I
ine FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Hest	Non-Heat	Heat	្រចរ	Pate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
1 1. GAS PLANT IN SERVICE															
2 A. INTANGIBLE PLANT	301-303														
3 B. PRODUCTION PLANT															
4. Land and land rights	304	D	C	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	9	0	1
5 Structures and Improvements	305	0	t	0	٥	0	c	0	¢	0	٥	٥	٥	0	
6 Boiler plant equipment	306	Q	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	
7 Other power equipment	307	Ð	C	0	D	0	٥	3	0	0	0	0	٥	0	
8 LPG equipment	311	0	́ О	0	0	. 0	D	0	0	. 0	Q	٥	· 0	0	
9 Purification equipment	317	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
10 Residual refining equipment	318	0	O	٥	0	0	0	٥	Ô	٥	o	C	o	0	
11 Gas mixing equipment	319	0	0	0	0	a	0	3	0	0	0	Q	٥	Q	
12 Other equipment	320	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	ŋ	٥	0	o	
13 Subtotal - Production Plant	304-347	D	0	٥	٥	0	0	5	٥	0	D	3	Ç	0	
14 C. STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT															
15 Land and tano rights	360	0	5	D	Û	0	0	0	Ď	٥	0	Ċ.	0	0	
16 Structures and improvements	361	0	D	Û	0	0	0	5	c	0	c	ť	0	0	
17 Gas holders	362	0	0	6	0	0	0	3	0	0	Ð	C	3	o	
18 Purification equipment	353	0	c	0	0	0	C	0	G	0	0	C	C	0	
19 Liquefaction equipment	353.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	D	0	o	c	0	0	
20 Vaportzing equipment	363 2	0	0	0	Ó	٥	0	0	٥	D	Û	c	6	0	
21 Compressor equipment	363.3	0	0	0	0	0	v	0	0	0	Û	c	a	ō	
22 Measuring and regulating equipment	363 4	ò	G.	0	0	e	0	0	0	0	0	ŋ	ū	ő	
23 Other equipment	363.5	0	0	e	0	0	o	C	C	0	0	0	ā	ō	
24 Subtotal - Storage and Processing Plant	360-364	5	5	c	0	0	э	υ	c	0	<u>د</u>	۵ ۵	0	0	
25 D. TRANSMISSION PLANT	365-371														
26 E. DISTRIBUTION PLANT															
27 Land and land rights	374	0	D	0	0	0	õ	0	٥	0	0	0	0	٥	
28 Structures and Improvements	375	9	0	0	· 0	0	٥	0	D	0	0	o	0	0	
29 Mains	376	0	D	0	0	0	D	٥	D	0	0	0	0	o	
30 Mains - Direct Assignment	376Direct	Q	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
31 Compressor station equipment	377	0	0	e	0	0	a	0	0	0	٥	0	٥	0	
32 Measuring station equipment - General	378	C	c	0	9	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	0	0	0	
33 Services	380	0	o	0	0	0	c	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	
34 Meters	361	0	σ	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	Ċ	
35 Meter installations	387	0	0	٥	٥	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	Ď	
36 House regulators	383	0	0	a	0	0	٥	0	٥	0	o	Ð	ō	0	
37 House regulator installations	384	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
38 Measuring station equipment - Industrial	385	Ð	0	0	0	0	۵	0	8	0	D	Ď	٥	0	
39 Other equipment	387	e	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	e	0	0	0	0	
40 Subtoral - Distribution Plant	374-397	0	c		0		0	0	0	C			C	0	

Philadelphia Gas Works

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Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit POH-3H: Allocation Results - USEC-Customer Classification

1	olars in Thousands			Residential	-		Commercial		Industrial	•	Municipal	PHA	РНА		terruptible	GTS/
ne E	ERC Account Description	Azcount Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	<u>_</u> _
3 P	GENERAL PLANT										_					
4 2 1	and and land rights	389	0	0	0	0	¢	0	٥	٥	0	0	D	٥	0	
49 5	itructures and improvements	390	ů.	c	0	Ô	D	0	Q	٥	٥	D	٥	0	0	
4 :	Office furniture and equipment	391	Q	a	o	c	0	o	đ	a	¢	0	0	0	Q	
45 7	ransportation equipment	392	D	0	0	0	Ð	Q	٥	G	D	0	0	9	þ	
16 9	itores equipment	393	0	D	Q	C	0	Q	0	0	0	٥	0	0	Ċ	
17 I	icols, shop and garage equipment	394	Q	0	e	¢	0	Q	Ö	D	0	0	٥	0	0	
(E)	Power operated equipment	396	٥	0	٥	0	0	9	0	0	0	ņ	2	0	0	
19 (Communication equipment	397	0	. 0	0	0	Þ	0	Ó	0	. 5	C	5	0	Û	
i 0	Miscellaneous equipment	398	0	. <u>t</u>	13	c	ប	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
3 3	Subtotal - General Plant	339-399	3	<u>C</u>	0	<u> </u>	D	0	0	5	3	G	0	<u> </u>	0	
<u>.</u>	TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	-	- · ·	C	n		3	0	0			D		٥	¢.	
		-														
	I. DEPRECIATION RESERVE		0	0	0	o	D	0	o	p	a	c	0	0	0	
	Production plant	109.2	•	0	0 0	о С	0	0	с С	5	0	с л	0	0	0	
	local storage plant	108.3	e	-	-	U Ú	0	0	r r	5		2	0	0	5	
	Mains	108 57	0	Ū	Q	5	0	0	6	5	ů O	с С		0	ب ب	
	Mains - Direct Assignment	108.52Direct	0	0	0	•	0	U C	e u	U C	•	c	v v	-	0	
	Services .	108.54	0	0	Û	0	0	-	-	•	3	ŕ	v	0	0	
	Meters	108.55	0	D	U	2	-	0	٥	5	C .	•	0	0	-	
	Distribution other	108.58	Û	D	0	c	0	0	0	٥	0	C	0	0	0	
	General Plant	108.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	
.e	Tetal Depreciation Reserve	108	0	3	0	t.	0	¢.	<u>ې</u>	<u>D</u>		<u> </u>	0	6	0	
	NIL OTHER RATE BASE ITEMS			_		_	_	_	_	-	_	-				
	Completed construction - Unclassified	106	C	D	10	0		0	¢	0	0	٥	Û	0	0	
	Construction work in progress (CWIP)	107	Ö	0	<u>0</u>	0		0	0	D		0	٥	0	Q	
6	Total Other Rate Base Items		0	00	0	0	<u>u</u>	C	<u> </u>	5		<u> </u>	0	0	C	
,7	TOTAL RATE BASE (Excl. Working Capital)		ĥ	0	5	c	11	đ	٥.	ŭ	Ŷ	¢	. °	٥	D	
	IV. WORKING CAPITAL									_				_		
9	Accounts receivable - Gas	131.11	0	D	c	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	ព	0	0	
¢.	Materials and supplies	131.12	Q	¢	٥	0	0	0	0	G	¢	C	0	0	0	
:	Prepaid accounts, other current assets	131.13	0	Đ	c	0	٥	a	C	0	0	Ð	Q	0	0	
2	Gas, UNG In storage	131.14	C	۵	Ó	0	0	0	0	D	à	0	0	٥	0	
	Accounts payable - Gas	131.15	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	o	C	۵	٥	o	
4	Accounts payeble, other- SO% Labor	131.16	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	
5	Accounts payable, other- 50% O&MxGas	131.17	0	D	o	0	Q	0	0	0	c	0	C	٥	0	
76	Customer deposits	131.19	0	8	0	0	σ	0	o	0	O	o	0	٥	0	
77	Accrued Interest	131.19	Ø	Ð	۵	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	Ð	
	Accrued Taxes & Wages	131 2	0	Ð	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	U	0	
79	Total Working Capital	131	0	Ű	¢,		3	0	_ 0	0	0	0	Ċ	. 0	0	
	V TOTAL RATE BASE		-	D	0	3	a	P	ð	U	2	5	c	Ð	0	

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Abocstad Class COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3H: Allocation Results - USEC-Customer Classification

Dollar	rs in Thousands			Residential	Residential	Commercial	Commerciai	industrial	Industrial	Municipal	Municipal	рна	PHA	NGVS	Internaptible	GTS
Ne FERCA	Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Hest	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate 8	Non-Heat	Sales	
1 I. DPE	ERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE															
Z A. PRC	ODUCTION EXPENSES															
3 1.Ma	instactured Gas Production Expenses															
4 Opera	ation labor and expenses	701	0	0	a	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	
5 Boller	r fuel	702	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	
6 Misce	tioneous steam expenses	703	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	G	0	
7 Mainb	tohance of structures	796	D	Q	0	C	Ð	0	0	0	0	Ø	0	G	0	
d Maint	tenence of boiler plant equipment	707	0	0	0	٥	Ŭ	0	0	Ð	0	0	C	ė	Ó	
9 Mainte	tenance of other production plant	70	0	0	. 0	٥	Ċ	· 0	0	D	0.	0	C	C	· D	
0 Opera	ation supervision and engineering	710	0	0	٥	D	0	Ð	0	0	0	D	0	0	D	
1 Other	Dower erpenses	712	0	0	Ó	0	D	Ð	8	D	0	0	0	G	ő	
2 Duplic	cate charges - Credit	734	0	c	0	0	D	0	0	σ	0	0	Ó	Ū.	-	
3 Miscel	l'aneous production expenses	735	0	0	0	0	٥	P	٥	D	0	0	0	ō	ō	
d Maint	tenance supervision and engineering	740	0	0	0	0	٥	٥	0	0	٥	0	0	Ō	0	
5 Maint	tenance of structures	741	٥	٥	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	Ð	D	0	
6 Maint	tenance of production equipment	742	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7 Subto	stal - Manufactured Gas Production	701-743	ø	0	0	0	0	D	0	٥	p	D	D	ō	0	
15 Z. Oth	her Gas Supply Expenses															
9 Naturi	ral gas city gate purchases	804	0	đ	đ	0	σ	σ	٥	9	ø	G	c	c	D	
00 Purch	wated gas expenses	807	ΰ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	
01 Gas w	Athdrewn from storage	808	D	Û	0	0	0	Ð	0	6	0	D	0	0	0	
02 Gas us	sed for other utility operations	812	9	0	0	0	0	5	0	D	0	D	D		n.	
DE LING O	sed for other utility operations	B12LNG	0	0	0	0	٥	Ð	0	c	0	0	0	ā	ñ	
04 Other	Es supply expenses	813	0	0	٥	D	٥	0	0	0	0	¢.	0	D		
05 Subto	otal - Production Expenses	701-819	a	٥	D	c	٥	0	0	\$	۵	6	Ċ	0	0	
06 B. NA	TURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING & PRO	CESSING EXPENSES														
07 Opera	ation supervision and engineering	840	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	۵	0	D	0	C	D	
	stion labor and expenses	641	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	c	0	Ū.	0	Ċ.	D	
09 Rents	6	842	0	0	đ	٥	0	0	â	0	0	D	0	Ď	Ū.	
10 Maint	Servence .	843	0	· 0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	· 0	D D	
11 Opera	ation supervision and engineering	850	a	G	â	Ô	a	0	ō	D	0	C	Ď	õ	0	
	stal - Storage Expenses	840-850	11		9	C	0	Ū.	7			0	2		<u> </u>	

113 C. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES

Philadelphia Gas Works

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Allocated Chris COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-SH: Allocation Results - USEC-Customer Casultication

Offars in Thousands			Residential	Residential	Commenda)		Industrial	Industrial		Municipal	PHA	PHA		nterruptible	ចាម/
FRC Account Description	Account Code	Tetal	Non-Hest	Hest	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	65	Rate B	Non-Heat	Sales	
D. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES															
Operation supervision and engineering	670	C	o	٥	G	0	9	٥	a	Ð	a	Q	0	D	
Distribution load dispatching	871	Û	0	0	p	0	0	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	0	
Vains and services expenses	B74	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	Û	o	0	0	D	0	
Acasuring station expenses - General	875	0	6	C	٥	Û	0	a	σ	0	0	0	0	0	
viewsuring station expenses - industrial	875	0	Ď	0	C	¢.	0	۵	0	0	Û	0	0	0	
Aeasuring station expenses - City gate	877	0	٥	0	0	C	0	0	ø	o	0	0	٥	0	
Actor and house regulator expenses	878	e	۵	Ð	0	0	ø	· o	Ð	0	0	۵	٥	¢	
ustomer Installation expenses	879	D	0	0	0	0	σ	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	
ustomer installation expenses - Parts and Labor Plan	879PLP	C	0	C	a	0	0	٥	0	0	C	0	0	D	
ther expenses	860	0	0	0	0	C	C	0	0	Û	٥	0	0	0	
crb	861	0	e	0	0	0	٥	5	0	0	σ	0	0	0	
taintenance supervision and engineering	885	0	0	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
faintenance of metric	887	D	D	0	C	0	۵	0	0	٥	0	0	a	0	
laintenance of measuring station expenses - General	689	6	0	0	σ	0	D	0	0	0	o	Q	0	0	
aintenance of measuring station expenses - industrial	890	0	0	C C	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0	0	a	0	
aintenance of measuring station expenses - City gate	891	٥	C	٥	Ó	û	٥	C	Ð	G	0	0	c	c	
faintenance of services	89?	٥	0	0	۵	0	0	0	٥	U	¢	0	â	0	
laintenance of meters and house regulators	893	C	e	0	2		D	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	
ubtatal - Distribution Expenses	870-893	G	C	0	0	- 0	D	0	Ö	0	5	0	2	D	
DTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES	_	0	¢	c	ç.	0	5	D	0	0	D	0	Q	ō	
L CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES															
upervision	901	9	c	0	٥	Ď	C C	Ð	¢	c	σ	٥	G	D	
Arter reading expenses	902	0	D	Û	0	D	0	0	۵	0	٥	0	ċ	ō	
ustomer records and collection expenses	903	٥	0	0	٥	٥	0	0	0	٥	٥	0	0	0	
Incollectible accounts	904	0	D	0	٥	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	
incollectible accounts in CRP	904CRP	10,461	93	7,509	323	1,988	60	120	41	160	37	110	1	ō	
DTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES	-	10,461	93	7,509	323	1,988	60	120	41	180	37	110	1	0	
II. CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES							•								
Customer assistance expenses	908	0	0	ø	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	σ	6	o	
Customer assistance expenses - ELIRP	908CAP	3,659	34	2,771	119	734	22	44	15	66	14	42	0	0	
CRP Shortfall	480CRP	36,351	322	26,096	1,117	6,910	210	416	142	625	128	382	5	0	
entor Discounts	480Sen	2,789	25	2,002	86	530	2.6	32	11	48	:0	29	0	ō	
TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSI		47,999	381	30,868	1,371	6,173	248	492	168	739	:51	452	6	a	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, SERVICE & INFORMATIO	NAL EXPENSES	\$3,460	473	38,377	1,644	10,161	309	612	209	919	1.84	543	7	đ	

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study - Fully Projected Future Yest Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-3H: Allocation Results - USEC-Customer Classification

Doilars in Thousands Residential Residential Commercial Commercial Industrial Industrial Municipal Municipal PHA PHA NGVS Interruptible GTS/Π Account Code Total Non-rieat Heat Non-Heat Heat Non-Heat Heat Non-Heat Heat GS Rate 8 Non-Heat Line FERC Account Description Sales 149 IV. ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES 150 A. LABOR RELATED 920 0 3 ø ٥ Û ٥ 0 0 ٥ 151 Administrative and general salaries 0 0 ø D 921 ĉ 0 o 0 0 D o 0 o D 152 Office supplies and expenses 0 o D 153 Administrative expenses transferred - Credit 922 D a 0 0 ٥ o ٥ ٥ Ô 0 e. 0 0 923 a 3 ٥ ø D 0 C. 154 Outside services employed • n 0 0 0 Ô 925 0 ø ٥ ۵ 0 0 ٥ 0 0 ٥ D 155 Injuries and damages Ċ. D 156 Employee pensions and benefits 926 ¢ ٥ ٥ ٥ D ٥ ٥ 0 0 ٥ ۵ ٥ 0 157 OPEB funding and expenses 999 D. a n ۵ 0 D n 0 0 n O 0 G 158 Subtotal - Labor Related A&G ĉ ā ۵ ^ a 5 6 0 ۵ ۵ f) £. 159 B. PLANT RELATED 974 160 Property Insurance G đ đ 6 a ĉ e 0 0 đ, C σ 161 Subtotal - Plant Related A&G D ٥ 0 0 0 ۵ 0 0 Ũ n à 162 C. OTHER AGG 163 Regulatory commission expenses 928 Û С ۵ 0 э ٥ D Ū. o ۵ a o Ø 164 Duplicate charges - Credit 929 2 c 0 ٥ 0 a 0 0 Ð ۵ D ۵ ø 930 ٥ ΰ ۵ 0 0 ¢ ۵ 0 0 C D 165 General advertising expenses, miscellaneous Ð. 0 931 c 0 đ, 3 9 D 0 166 Rents Ċ 167 Subtotal - Other A&G 8 D ۵ 0 0 ø O. 0 Ð 8 D 6 ò 168 TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES E 0 0 C Ô, ٥ c ٥ D 5 ۵ 0 c 38,377 169 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (Excluding Dep. Tex) 53,460 473 1.641 20,161 108 ± 12 Ne 919 182 56. 7 **C** 170 V. DEPRECIATION EXPENSE 171 Depreciation expense 403 2 ç ۵ ۵ ٥ ۴ 3 Ď Ď 5 D. ٥ Q 172 Depreciation expense- Direct Assignment 403Direct 0 2 Ć n Ô 0 Ð а £ 0 - 22 0 173 TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE 2 3 ٥ G 5 5 8 n n 0 ø 174 VL TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES 175 Taxes other than moome taxes 406 ç :-٥ ٥ ٥ ù 2 0 D Ď £ ° o ¢. 51,46/2 - 13 38,377 1,644 10,161 109 617 2679 43P LEE 562 7 ¢ 176 TOTAL EXPENSES

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Surdy — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit POH-3H; Allocation Results - USEC-Customer Classification

Dollars in Thousands			Residential		Commercial		Industrial	Industrial	•	Municipal	PHA	PHA		nterruptible	ផារ
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Non-Heat	Hout	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	GS	Rate 6	Non-Hest	Sales	
VII. REVENUES															
Distribution Revenue	460-483	0	0	Ð	U	0	0	Û	Q	0	0	0	0	þ	
GCR Revenue	480-485GCR	0	Û	. 0	C	0	¢	\$	٥	o	0	0	0	0	
) Interruptible Ges Revenue	480-483Int	Û	0	0	0	C	0	Q	o	0	D	0	0	0	
USEC Revenue	480-483USC	53,687	475	35,541	1,650	10,205	310	614	210	923	185	564	7	Q.	
REC Revenue	480-483REC	0	0	0	0	Ó	0	ů.	Û	0	٥	¢	0	Q	
Forfeited discounts	487	0	D	٥	0	Q	0	Ď	o	0	0	0	C	0	
Miscellaneous service revenue	488	0	Û	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GTS/IT Revenue	489	D	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D'	٥	0	0	
Other gas revenue	495	0	0	0	Ó	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	Q	
Revenue Adjustments	495Adj	0	_0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Subtotal - Gas Revenues	-	55,687	475	58,541	1,650	10,205	\$10	614	210	923	188	564	7	0	
Bill paid turn ons & dig ups	903Rev	0	o	5	Q Q	o	C1	ú	0	o	¢	o	e	0	
Customer installation expenses	879Rev	1	0	ç	00	0	9	3	0	0	_ 0	9	¢	<u> </u>	
Subtotal - Other operating revenues	_	0	0	e	¢	c	¢	p	0	e	٥	0	e	0	
7 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		53,687	475	£8,541	1,650	10 205	316	e 14	210	923	180	104		:	
3 Non-operating rental income	418	C	0	Ċ	0	c	Ċ	0	C	0	0	o	9	Ó	
Interest and dividend income	419	0	0	0	٥	٥	0	0	C	0	0	Q	0	٥	
5 Miscellaneous non-operating income	421	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	0	
5 Total Non-Operating Income		٥	D	0	c	ũ	Đ	6	0	0	o	0	5	5	
7 TOTAL REVENUE		53,687	475	38,541	1 650	10,205	310	<u>+</u>]4	110	923	125	561	;	ů	
8. Income Before Interest and Surplus		226	2	163	6	43	1	٩	1	4	:	2	c	٥	
9 Interest on long-term debt	427	٥	٥	ō	0	0	0	0	o	٥	0	0	٥	D	
Amortization of debt discount	428	Û	0	0	0	۵	0	Ó	0	0	0	¢	0	0	
Amortization of premium on debt	429	3	Ð	e	0	0	0	0	Ŭ	٥	Ð	Q	0	0	
2. Other interest expense	431	0	0	0	Ģ	0	· 0	0	ŭ	D'	0	٥	Û	. 0	
3 AFUDC	432	0	0	0	D	0	¢	0	O	0	o	Ð	D	0	
4 Surplus Requirement	499	0	0	0	00		D	. 0	0	<u> </u>	0	0	G	0	
5 Total Interest & Surplus	-	Q	0_	0	n			n	3	0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	۵	<u> </u>	
 Appropriations of retained earnings 	436 _	D.	<u> </u>	0	5			a		<u> </u>	<u>с</u>	D	0	<u>0</u>	_
7 Total Interest & Surplus, Other		ΰ	0	0	บ	٥	ħ	a	¢	Û	٥	Q	0	Ð	
9 Over (Under) Total Requirements		226	2	163	Ś	43	1	1	÷	\$	*	2	9	2	
9 Tariff Revenue Requirements		\$1,460	471	38,377	1,644	10,161	309	613	223	019	182	562		Ę.	

Exhibit PQH-4

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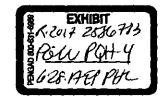
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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-4: Classification Results

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Dollars in Thousands	_		Supp	۷				Distribution		-
ine FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Factor	Demand	Energy	Total	Factor	Demand	Energy	Custome
1 I. GAS PLANT IN SERVICE										
2 A. INTANGIBLE PLANT	301-303									
3 B. PRODUCTION PLANT										
4 Land and land rights	304	1,453	DEMAND	1,453	٥	0	None	0	D	(
5 Structures and improvements	305	20,968	DEMAND	20,968	0	0	None	0	0	1
6 Boller plant equipment	306	2,900	DEMAND	2,900	0	. 0	None	0	D	I
7 Other power equipment	307	407	DEMAND	407	0	Q	None	0	٥	
8 LPG equipment	311	2,270	DEMAND	2,270	0	o	None	0	0	
9 Purification equipment	317	13	DEMAND	13	O	0	Nane	0	0	(
1D Residual refining equipment	318	8	DEMAND	8	0	D	None	0	D	c.
11 Gas mixing equipment	319	0	DEMAND	Û	0	0	None	0	D	
17 Other equipment	320	32,341	DEMAND	32,341	0	0	None	0	0	(
13 Subtotal - Production Plant	304-347	60,359		60,359	0	0		Ū.	Ģ	
14 C. STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT										
15 Land and land rights	360	٥	None	0	D	D	None	0	D	(
16 Structures and improvements	361	0	None	Ű	0	Û	None	0	0	1
17 Gas holders	362	٥	None	0	0	0	None	0	D	
18 Purification equipment	363	0	None	Ð	O	e	None	0	0	1
19 Liquefaction equipment	363.1	0	None	D	0	0	None	D	0	
20 Vaporizing equipment	363.2	0	None	0	¢	0	None	0	D	1
21 Compressor equipment	363.3	0	None	0	0	0	None	ą	0	
22 Measuring and regulating equipment	363.4	0	None	0	٥	0	None	0	0	(
23 Other equipment	363.5	0	None	0	0	٥	None	0	0	
24 Subtotal - Storage and Processing Plant	360-364	0		0	<u>0</u> 0	0		0	٥	
25 D TRANSMISSION PLANT	365-371		•							
26 E. DISTRIBUTION PLANT										
27 Land and fand rights	374	0	None	٥	O	101	DEMAND	101	٥	
28 Structures and improvements	375	0	None	0	0	2,707	DEMAND	2,707	0	1
29 Mains	376	0	None	٥	D	773,759	MAINS	386,880	0	386,88
30 Mains - Direct Assignment	376Direct	0	None	0	0	7,574	DEMAND	7,574	0	
31 Compressor station equipment	377	Ð	None	0	0	1,255	DEMAND	1,255	0	1
32 Measuring station equipment - General	378	0	None	D	0	17,885	DEMAND	17,885	0	1
33 Services	380	0	None	0	0	705,810	CUST	0	0	705,81
34 Meters	381	0	None	0	Q	0	None	Đ	٥	
35 Meter installations	382	0	None	٥	0	0	None	C	0	(
36 House regulators	383	0	None	Ð	0	0	None	D	O	(
37 House regulator installations	384	0	None	a	O	0	None	0	D	(
38 Measuring station equipment - Industrial	385	0	None	0	Û	314	DEMAND	314	D	1
39 Other equipment	387	0	None	0	Ð	3,980	DEMAND	3,980	0	1
40 Subtotal - Distribution Plant	374-387	0		- <u> </u>	0	1,513,385		420,696	0	1,092,68

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-4: Classification Results

	Dollars in Thousands			Supply				P	istribution		
Line	FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Factor	Demand	Energy	Total	Factor	Demand	Energy	Custome
	F. GENERAL PLANT										
	Land and land oghts	389	304	SUPPLABOR	304	0	1,570	DISTLABOR	649	90	631
		390	6,795		6,795	õ	35,062	OISTLABOR	14,499	2,015	18,548
	Structures and improvements	391	8,932		6,932	D	46,085	DISTLABOR	19,058	2,648	24,38
	Office furniture and equipment	392	3,281		3,281	0	16,929		7,001	973	8,95
	Transportation equipment	393	. 62		62	0	319	DISTLABOR	132	18	169
	Stores equipment	394	879	SUPPLABOR	879	. 5		DISTLABOR	1,875	263	2,399
	Tools, shop and garage equipment	396	101	SUPPLABOR	101	0	522	DISTLABOR	216	30	270
	Power operated equipment				1,705	C	8,803	DISTLABOR	3,540	506	4,65
	Communication equipment	397	1,706 1,170		1,170	D D	6.039	DISTLABOR	2,497	347	3,19
	Miscellaneous equipment	398		SUPPLABUR			119,867	DISTOADOR	49,569		
51	Subtoral - General Plant	389-399	23,230	-	23,230	r	119,807		49,309	6,888	63,410
52	TOTAL UTILITY PLANT		\$3,590		83,590	C	1.633,252		470,265	6,888	1,156.099
53	IL DEPRECIATION RESERVE										
54	Production plant	108.2	34,623	SUPPPI	34,623	0	٥	None	0	0	C
55	Local storage plant	108.3	O	None	Ð	٥	D	None	0	0	(
56	Mains	108.52	0	None	0	0	282,895	MAINS	141,447	0	141,44
\$7	Mains - Direct Assignment	108.52Direct	o	None	D	۵	7,574	DEMAND	7,574	o	1
58	Services	108.54	¢	None	e	0	355,556	CUST	0	0	355,55
59	Meters	108 55	٥	None	٥	0	٥	None	0	0	(
60	Distribution other	108.58	٥	None	D	0	61,295	DEMAND	61,295	D	(
61	General Plant	108.8	11,988	SUPPLABOR	11,986	0	61,857	DISTLABOR	25,58C	3,555	32,72
	Total Depreciation Reserve	108	46,611		46,611	Ŭ	769,177		235,896	3,555	529,72
	IN. OTHER RATE BASE ITEMS	4.5.4	0	None	. 0	D	· 0	None	ο.	D	C
	Completed construction - Unclassified	106		None	0	D D		None	0	5	
65 66	Construction work in progress (CWIP) Total Other Rate Base Items	107	0	<u> </u>			0	autre	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
67	TOTAL RATE BASE (Excl. Working Capital)		36,979		36,979	D	864,075		234,359	3,334	625,373
68	IV. WORKING CAPITAL										
69	Accounts receivable - Gas	131.11	0		0	0		DIST_REV	22,679	7,855	44,624
70	Materials and supplies	131.12	0	None	0	o	9,768	DISTO&MXG	3,158	398	6,21
71	Prepaid accounts, other current assets	131.13	0		0	Đ	5,342	DISTO&MXG	1,727	217	3,39
72	Gas, LNG in storage	131.14	38,344	COMMODITY	D	38,344	0	None	٥	C	I
73	Accounts payable - Gas	131.15	0	None	0	0		COMMODITY	0	(12,110)	I I
74	Accounts payable, other- 50% Labor	131.16	Ō	None	Ũ	D	(22,271)	DISTLABOR	(9,710)	(1,280)	(11,781
75	Accounts payable, other- 50% O&MxGas	131.17	0	None	0	Û	(22,271)		(7,199)	(906)	(14,165
76	Customer deposits	131.18	0	None	Ũ	٥	(2,935)	DIST_REV	(949)	(119)	(1,867
77	Accrued interest	131.19	0	None	0	0	(15,202)	DISTPT	(4,226)	0	(10,976
78	Accrued Taxes & Wages	131 2	0	None	0	0	(16,263)	DISTO&MXG	(5,257)	(662)	(10,344
79	_	131 _	38,344		٥	38,344	(5.783)		723	(11,608)	5,10
	V. TOTAL RATE BASE		75,323		36,979	38,344	858,292		235,091	(8,274)	631,47

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-4: Classification Results

Dollars in Thousands			Supply		=			Distribution		
ine FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Factor	Demand	Energy	Total	Factor	Demand	Energy	Custome
1 I. OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE										
82 A. PRODUCTION EXPENSES										
83 1. Manufactured Gas Production Expenses										
84 Operation labor and expenses	701	191	DEMAND	191	0	0	None	0,	0	
85 Boiler fuei	702	98	DEMAND	98	D	0	None	0	Ð	
86 Miscellaneous steam expenses	703	. 335	DEMAND	335	D	0	None	0	. 0	
87 Maintenance of structures	706	3	DEMAND	3	0	0	None	0	D	
88 Maintenance of boller plant equipment	707	212	DEMAND	212	0	0	None	0	D	1
89 Maintenance of other production plant	708	10	DEMAND	10	0	0	None	0	D	
90 Operation supervision and engineering	710	5	DEMAND	S	0	0	None	0	0	1
91 Other power expenses	712	793	DEMAND	793	0	0	None	0	0	
92 Duplicate charges - Credit	734	[622]	DEMAND	(622)	D	0	None	0	0	
93 Miscellaneous production expenses	735	1,143	DEMAND	1,143	0	٥	None	0	0	
94 Maintenance supervision and engineering	740	303	DEMAND	303	ō	0	None	0	o	
95 Maintenance of structures	741	102	DEMAND	102	0	0	None	0	0	
96 Maintenance of production equipment	742	395	DEMAND	395	٥	D	None	0	0	
97 Subtotal - Manufactured Gas Production	701-743	2,968		2,968	Ø	0		0	9	
98 2. Other Gas Supply Expenses										
99 Natural gas city gate purchases	204	14	COMMODITY	0	14	D	None	Ð	0	
100 Purchased gas expenses	807	0	COMMODITY	ċ	0	0		0	Ő	
101 Gas withdrawn from storage	608	0	COMMODITY	0	ō	0	None	0	Ō	
107 Gas used for other utility operations	812	0	COMMODITY	Ô	0	D	None	0	ō	
103 LNG used for other utility operations	812LNG	(6,487)		0	(6,487)	0		0	0	
104 Other gas supply expenses	813	8,840	COMMODITY	0	8,840	-		õ	Ď	
105 Subtotal - Production Expenses	701-813	5,335		2,968	2,367	0		0	0	
105 B. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING & PRO	YESSING FYDENSES									
100 B. Net Unit GRS 3100-002, Territine Links & The 107 Operation supervision and engineering	840	0	None	ð	Ð	Û	None	C	D	
107 Operation supervision and engineering 108 Operation labor and expenses	841	ő	None	ő	0	0		0	ŏ	
108 Operation tabor and expension 109 Rents	842	0	None	0	0 0	0		å	0	
109 Hents 110 Maintenance	843	0		0	0	0		0	0	
-	850	-	None	0	Ď		None	0	0	
111 Operation supervision and engineering 112 Subtotal - Storage Expenses	840-850	- 0		0	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>			0	

113 C. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-4: Classification Results

Dollars in Thousands			Su	poly			Q	istribution		
E FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Factor	Demand	Energy	Total	Factor	Demand	Energy	Custom
0. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES										
5 Operation supervision and engineering	870	0	None	0	0	1,807	DISTPT	502	0	1,30
5 Distribution load dispatching	871	0	None	ů 0	ů	1,650		0	1,650	A
7 Mains and services expenses	874	o o	None	0	õ	4,617	MAIN&SERVI	1,207	0	3.4
Measuring station expenses - General	675	0	None	0	ů.	2,102		2,102	ő	2,4
9 Measuring station expenses - Industrial	876	ő	None	5	ů.	47	DEMAND	47	0	
Measuring station expenses - City gate	877	0	None	0	Ċ.	550	DEMAND	550	å	•
1 Meter and house regulator expenses	878	т 10	None	Ď	°.	0	None	 D	ő	
2 Customer installation expenses	879	0	None	ā	- 0	0	None	ñ	ň	
3 Customer installation expenses - Parts and Labor Plan	879PLP	0	None	- 0	ů.	0	None	n n	ň	
Other expenses	880	ő	None	0	ő	11,585			Ď	11,5
5 Rents	881	0	None	0	ถ	6	DISTIPI	2	0	
6 Maintenance supervision and engineering	885	0	None	0	ő	269	DISTRI	75	0	1
7 Maintenance of mains	887	0	None	n n	0	25,719	MAINS	12,860	0	12.6
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - General	889	0	None	. 0	ñ	1,184	DEMAND	1,184	0	46,1
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - industrial		0	None	ő	ő		DEMAND	6	õ	
Maintenance of measuring station expenses - City gate		ů D	None	0	ů 0	487	COMMODITY	ů	487	
1 Maintenance of services	892	ő	None	0	ů	1,800	CUST	Ő		1,8
2 Maintenance of meters and house regulators	893	ő	None	ő	ů	0	None	0	o	A.C
3 Subtotal - Distribution Expenses	870-893	0		<u>0</u>	0	51.829		13,535	2,137	31,
A TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES		5,335		2,968	2,367	51,829	•	18,535	2,137	31,5
5 II. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES										
6 Supervision	901	0	None	0	0	٥	None	D	0	
7 Meter reading expenses	902	0	None	0 0	- n	0	None	ő	- -	
8 Customer records and collection expenses	903	0	None	0	ō	0	None	0	Ď	
9 Uncollectible accounts	904	. 0	None	0	0	16,495	CUST	0	· 0	16.4
0 Uncollectible accounts in CRP	904CRP	0		ů.	a		None	ñ	ŏ	
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES		0		0	Ó	16,495		C	0	16,4
2 III. CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES										
3 Customer assistance expenses	908	٥	None	0	0	0	None	0	0	
4 Customer assistance expenses - ELIRP	908CAP	ő	None	ő	ō	0	None	0	ő	
S CRP Shortfall	ABOCRP	õ	None	0	õ	ő	None	ő	0	
6 Senior Discounts	4805en	-	None	õ	ō	0	None	0	ő	
TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENS		0		Č	0	0		0	0	
8 TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, SERVICE & INFORMATIO	DNAL EXPENSES	p				16,495		0	e	16,4

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-4: Classification Results

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Dollars in Thousands	_		Supply				1	Distribution		
ne FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Factor	Demand	Energy	Total	Factor	Demand	Energy	Custom
49 IV. ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES										
50 A. LABOR RELATED										
51 Administrative and general salaries	920	1,164	SUPPLABOR	1,184	0	6,108	DISTLABOR	2,526	351	3,23
52 Office supplies and expenses	921	1,858	SUPPLABOR	1,858	0	9,585	DISTLABOR	3,964	551	5,07
53 Administrative expenses transferred - Credit	922	(2,014)	SUPPLABOR	(2,014)	0	(10,390)	DISTLABOR	(4,296)	(597)	(5,49)
34 Outside services employed	923	136	SUPPLABOR	. 136	0	702	DISTLABOR	290	40	37
55 Injuries and damages	925	526	SUPPLABOR	526	0	2,713	DISTLABOR	1,122	156	1,43
56 Employee pensions and benefits	926	9,445	SUPPLABOR	9,445	۵	48,736	DISTLABOR	20,154	2,801	25,78
57 OPE8 funding and expenses	999	2,172	SUPPLABOR	2,172	0	11,208	DISTLABOR	4,635	644	5,92
58 Subtotal - Labor Related A&G	-	13,307		13,307	0	68,662		28,394	3,946	36,32
59 B. PLANT RELATED										
60 Property insurance	924	155	SUPPPT	155	0	3,875	DISTRY	1,077	D	2,75
61 Subtotal - Plant Related A&G		155		155	0	3,875		1,077	0	2.79
62 C. OTHER A&G										
63 Regulatory commission expenses	928	c	None	Q	0	5,157	ณรา	G	٥	5,15
64 Duplicate charges - Credit	929	0	None	٥	0	0	None	0	۵	
65 General advertising expenses, miscellaneous	930	493	SUPPLABOR	493	D	2,546	DISTLABOR	1,053	146	1,34
66 Rents	931	27	SUPPLABOR	72	0	140	DISTLABOR	58	8	7
67 Subtotal - Other A&G		520		520	5	7,843		1,111	154	6.57
68 TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES		13,982		13,982	0	80,380		30,582	4,100	45,65
69 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (Excluding Dep, Tax)		19,317		16,950	2,367	148,705		49,117	6,237	93,35
170 V. DEPRECIATION EXPENSE										
71 Depreciation expense	403	1,503	SUPPPT ·	1,503	o .	37,675	TTTZIO	10,473	0	27,20
72 Depreciation expense- Direct Assignment	403Direct	0	None	0	0	0	DEMAND	C	Ð	
73 TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	_	1,503		1,503	0	37,675		10,473	0	27,20
174 VI. TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES										
175 Taxes other than income taxes	408	692	SUPPLABOR	693	3	3,568	DISTLABOR	1,476	205	1,88
176 TOTAL EXPENSES		21,511		19,144	2,367	189,947		61,065	6,442	122,44

Philadeiphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study -- Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQN-4: Classification Results

Dollars in Thousands			Supply				C	Istribution		
e FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Factor	Demand	Energy	Total	Factor	Demand	Energy	Custom
7 VII. REVENUES										
8 Distribution Revenue	480-483	32,804	COMMODITY	٥	32,804	169,268	DISTO&MXG.	54,715	6,885	107,66
9 GCR Revenue	480-483GCR	0	COMMODITY	0	0	0	None	D	٥	
0 Interruptible Gas Revenue	480-483int	17	COMMODITY	0	17	0	None	5	0	
USEC Revenue	480-483USC	0	None	٥	0	0	NONE	0	0	
2 REC Revenue	480-483REC	0	None ,	٥	0	. 0	DISTBASE	. 0	0	
3 Forfeited discounts	487	0	None	0	C	7,853	DIST_REV	2,538	320	4,99
Miscellaneous service revenue	488	0	None	٥	٥	1,206	DIST_REV	390	49	70
IS GTS/IT Revenue	489	0	None	0	0	12,190	DEMAND	12,190	D	
6 Other gas revenue	495	4,634	COMMODITY	0	4,634	0	None	0	0	
7 Revenue Adjustments	495Adj	217	COMMODITY	0	217	0	None	Ð	0	
38 Subtotal - Gas Revenues	·	37,673		0	37,673	190,518		6 9,835	7,257	113,4
39 Bill paid turn ons & dig ups	903Rev	0	None	Ó	0	0	None	0	0	
Customer installation expenses	879Rev	-	None	ō	0	0	-	0	ō	
3) Subtotal - Other operating revenues		6		c	Ø	. 0		0	0	
2 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		37,673		C	37,673	190,518		69,835	7,257	113,4
3 Non-operating rental income	418	10	SUPPBASE	10	0	120	DISTBASE	35	1	1
4 Interest and dividend income	419	127	SUPPBASE	127	0	1,455	DISTBASE	419	6	1,0
S Miscellaneous non-operating income	421	855	DEMAND	855	D	0	None	0	0	
36 Total Non-Operating Income		992		992	00	1.575		450	7	1.1
97 TOTAL REVENUE		38,665		992	37,673	192,093		70,289	7,263	114,54
98 Income Before Interest and Surplus		17,153		(18,152)	35,305	2,146		9,223	821	(7,89
99 Interest on long-term debt	427	3,096	SUPPRASE	3,096	0	35,592	DISTBASE	10,248	150	25,1
00 Amortization of debt discourt	428	274	SUPPBASE	274	0	3,148	DISTBASE	906	13	2,2
01 Amortization of premium on debt	429	(590)	SUPPEASE	(\$90)	0	(6,780)	DISTBASE	(1,952)	(29)	(4,79
02 Other interest expense	431	239	SUPPBASE	239	0	2,743	DISTBASE	790	12	1,9
03 AFUDC	432	(58)	SUPPBASE	(58)	0	(666)	DISTBASE	(192)	(3)	(47
04 Surplus Requirement	499	3,779	SUPPBASE	3,779	0	43,440	DISTBASE	12,508	183	30.7
05 Total Interest & Surplus	_	6,740		6,740	C	77,478		22,308	327	54,8
06 Appropriations of retained earnings	436	1,134	SUPPBASE	1,134	C	13,032	DISTBASE	3,752	55	5.2
07 Total interest & Surplus, Other		7,874		7,874	0	90,510		26,061	382	64,0
08 Over (Under) Total Requirements		9.280		126.0261	35.305	(88.364)		(16,837)	439	<u>(71.96</u>

Exhibit PQH-5

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EXHIBIT R-2017-2556783 R-2017-2556783 R-2017-2556783 R-2017-2556783 6-28-17-69-124-

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-5: Functionalization Results

	Dollars in Thousands									
ne	FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Factor	Supply	Storage	Transmission	Distribution	Onsite	USE
1	I. GAS PLANT IN SERVICE									
2	A, INTANGIBLE PLANT	301-303								
3	8. PRODUCTION PLANT									
4	Land and land rights	304	1,453	SUPP	1,453	0	0	0	0	
5	Structures and improvements	305	20,958	SUPP	20,968	0	0	0	0	
6	Boller plant equipment	306	2,900	SUPP	2,900	0	D	Q	O	
7	Other power equipment	307	407	SUPP	407	0	D	Q	0	
8	LPG equipment	311	2,270	SUPP	2,270	0	0	0	0	
9	Purification equipment	317	13	SUPP	13	o	0	0	٥	
10	Residual refining equipment	318	8	SUPP	8	0	0	0	0	
11	Gas mixing equipment	319	0	SUPP	0	с	0	0	0	
12	Other equipment	320	32,341	SUPP	32,341	0	0	0	0	
:3	Subtotal - Production Plant	304-347	50,359		60,359	C	0	°	0	
4	C. STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT									
.5	Land and land rights	360	328	STOR	D	328	0	0	0	
6	Structures and improvements	361	13,780	STOR	0	13,780	0	Ó	O	
7	Gas holders	362	33,779	STOR	0	33,779	0	0	0	
18	Purification equipment	363	251	STOR	0	251	0	0	Û	
:9	Liquefaction equipment	363.1	31,182	STOR	C C	31,182	¢	0	0	
20	Vaporizing equipment	363.2	14,977	STOR	0	14,977	0	0	O	
21	Compressor equipment	363.3	17,509	STOR	0	17,509	0	0	0	
2Z	Measuring and regulating equipment	363.4	6,294	STOR	0	6,294	0	0	0	
23	Other equipment	363.5	27,013	STOR	0	27,013	0	Ó	0	
24	Subtotal - Storage and Processing Plant	360-364	145,112		0	145,112	- ⁰	0	0	
25	D. TRANSMISSION PLANT	365-371								
26	E. DISTRIBUTION PLANT									
27	Land and land rights	374	101	DIST	C	с	0	101	0	
28	Structures and improvements	375	2,707	DIST	o	c	0	2,707	0	
29	Mains	376	773,759	DIST	0	C	0	773,75 9	0	
30	Mains - Direct Assignment	376Direct	7,574	DIST	C	C	0	7,574	0	
31	Compressor station equipment	377	1,255	DIST	0	0	0	1,255	0	
32	Measuring station equipment - General	378	17,886	DIST	C	0	٥	17,686	0	
33	Services	380	705,810	DIST	o	0	0	705,810	۵	
34	Meters	381	75,453	ONSITE	o	0	D	0	75,453	
35	Meter installations	382	94,565	ONSITE	0	0	D	0	94,565	
36	House regulators	383	2,202	ONSITE	0	c	0	0	2,202	
37	House regulator installations	384	4,142	ONSITE	C	c	0	o	4,142	
38	Measuring station equipment - Industrial	385	314	DIST	D	c	0	314	0	
39	Other equipment	387	3,980	DIST	٥	0	0	3,980	0	
40	Subtotal - Distribution Plant	374-387	1,689,747		0	c	0	1,513,385	176,362	

Philadelphia Gza Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQN-5: Functionalization Results

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1 F, GEN 12 Land a 13 Structs 14 Office 1 15 Transp 16 Stores	Account Description	Account Code	Total							
12 Land a 13 Structu 14 Office 1 15 Transp 16 Stores	NERAL PLANT			Factor	Supply	Storage	Transmission	Distribution	Onsite	ประก
 Structi Office 1 Transp Stores 										
4 Office 1 S Transp 6 Stores	and land rights	389	3,713	08M	304	190	0	1,570	1.648	0
4 Office 1 S Transp 6 Stores	tures and improvements	390	87,900	08M	6,795	4,238	0	35,062	36,006	a
6 Stores	furniture and equipment	391	108,966	OEM	8,932	5,570	0	46,086	48,378	0
	portation equipment	392	40,027	O&M	3,281	2,046	0	16,929	17,771	0
	sequipment	393	755	O&M	62	39	· 0	319	335	0
	shop and garage equipment	394	10,723	OEM	879	548	0	4,535	4,761	0
8 Power	r operated equipment	396	2,235	OLM	101	63	0	522	548	0
9 Cornm	nunication equipment	397	20,815	06M	1,705	1,064	0	8,803	9,241	0
0 Miscel	lianeous equipment	398	14,279	08M	1.170	730	0	6.039	6.340	ō
1 Subtot	tal - General Plant	389-399	283,413		23,230	14,487	¢	119,867	125.848	0
2 TOTAL	L UTILITY PLANT	-	2,178,632		83,590	259,600	5	1.633.252	302,190	0
3 II. DEP	PRECIATION RESERVE									
Produc	iction plant	108.2	34,623	SUPP_PT	34,623	0	0	0	D	D
s Locals	storage plant	108.3	95,160	T4_ROT2	¢	95,160	0	0	D	0
5 Mains	3	108.52	282,895	DIST	٥	Û	0	252,895	0	0
Mains	s - Direct Assignment	108.52Direct	7,574	DIST	0	0	0	7,574	p	0
Service	ies -	108.54	355,556	DIST	0	0	o	355,556	O	σ
Meter	rs.	108.55	39,464	ONSITE	0	0	D	0	39,464	0
0 Distrib	bution other	108.58	61,295	DIST	с	0	o	61,295	0	0
Genera	ral Plant	106.8	146,255	OSM	11,988	7,475	0	51.857	64,934	0
2 Total C	Depreciation Reserve	106	1,022,821		46,511	102,416	9	769,177	104,397	0
3 (II, OT)	HER RATE BASE (TEMS									
4 Compl	pleted construction - Unclassified	106	٥	None	D	0	0	0	0	0
5 Constr	truction work in progress (CWIP)	107	0	None	0	Ċ	0	0	0	0
6 Total C	Other Rate Base Items		r)		0	Ø	ti	0	Ð	٥
7 TOTAL	L RATE BASE (Ent), Working Capital)		1,155,811		36,979	56.564	tı	864,075	197,793	þ
	CRUING CAPITAL									
	unts receivable - Gas	131.11	70,158		C	Ó	0	70,15E	0	0
	rtais and supplies	131.12	9,768	DIST	0	٥	0	9,768	0	0
	sid accounts, other current assets	131.23	5,342		0	0	D	5,342	5	Ċ
	LNG in storage	131.14	39,344		38,344	0	0	٥	o	c
	unts payable - Gas	131.15	(12,110)		D	0	0	(12,110)	٥	c
	unts payable, other- 50% Labor	231.26	(22,271)		D	٥	0	(22,271)	0	c
	unts payable, other- 50% O&M+Gas	131,17	(22,271)		D	C	0	(22,271)	0	c
	omer deposita	131.18	(2,935)	DIST	D	٥	0	(2,935)	Ċ	C
	ved interest	131.19	(15,202)	DIST	٥	0	0	(15,202)	0	c
	ied Taxes & Wages	131.2	(16,763)	DIST	0	0	0	(16,263)	D	0
9 Total \	Working Capital	131	32,561		38,344	<u> </u>	<u>¢</u>	(5,783)	đ	2
0 V. TOT	ITAL RATE BASE		1,188,371		75.323	56,964	c	858,297	197,793	n

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-S: Functionalization Results

Dollars in Thousands									
FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Factor	Supply	Storage	Transmission	Oistribution	Onsite	USE
1. OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE									
A, PRODUCTION EXPENSES									
1. Manufactured Gas Production Expenses									
Operation labor and expenses	701	191	SUPP	192	0	Ó	٥	0	
Boller fuel	702	98	SUPP	98	0	D	۵	0	
Miscellaneous steam expenses	703	335	SUPP	335	· 0	D	Ô	· 0	
Maintenance of structures	706	3	SUPP	3	o	0	0	0	
Maintenance of boiler plant equipment	707	212	SUPP	212	o	Ď	0	0	
Maintenance of other production plant	708	10	SUPP	10	Ó	0	0	۵	
Operation supervision and engineering	710	5	SUPP	5	0	0	0	D	
Other power expenses	712	793	SUPP	793	0	0	0	Ď	
Duplicate charges - Credit	734	(622)	SUPP	(622)	0	0	0	D	
Miscellaneous production expenses	735	1,143	SUPP	1,143	0	0	0	D	
Maintenance supervision and engineering	740	303	SUPP	303	٥	D	٥	D	
Maintenance of structures	741	102	SUPF	102	0	0	O	D	
Maintenance of production equipment	742	395	SUPP	395	Ċ	0	0	D	
Subtotal - Manufactured Gas Production	701-743	2,968		2,968	Q	Û	0	0	
2. Other Gas Supply Expenses									
Natural gas city gate purchases	804	14	SUPP	14	0	0	0	0	
D Purchased gas expenses	807	0	SUPP	0	0	٥	0	0	
Gas withdrawn from storage	806	D	SUPP	0	C	0	0	0	
2 Gas used for other utility operations	812	0	SUPP	0	0	0	0	0	
3 LNG used for other utility operations	812LNG	(6,487)	SUPP	(6,487)	0	0	0	٥	
Other gas supply expenses	813	8.840	SUPP	8,840	٥	٥	0	0	
5 Subtotal - Production Expenses	701-813	5,335		5,335	0	0	0	0	
6 B. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING & PR	DCESSING EXPENSES								
7 Operation supervision and engineering	840	1,066	STOR	٥	1,055	0	o	0	
B Operation labor and expenses	841	3,050	STOR	0	3,050	0	0	0	
9 Rents	842	421	STOR	0	421	٥	Ċ	0	
0 Maintenance	843	\$,699	STOR	Ð	5,699	0	0	D	
1 Operation supervision and engineering	850	1,278	STOR	D	1,278	0	0	0	
2 Subtotal - Storage Expenses	540-850	11,514		0	11,514	0	0	0	

113 C. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES

.

PhILadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQM-5: Functionalization Results

Dollars in Thousands

Une	FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Factor	Supphy	Storage	Transmission	Distribution	Onsite	1940
114	D DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES									
215		870	2,019	D157 PT	۹.	م	C	3,807	211	0
115	Distribution loss dispatching	871	1,650	DIST	D	o	0	1,650	0	0
	Mains and services expenses	874	4,617	MAIN_SERV	0	0	C	4.617	Ó	ć
18	Measuring station expenses - General	875	2,102	057	0	0	c	2,102	Ó	ć
29	Measuring station expenses - Industrial	876	47	DIST	Û	0	· 0	47	σ.	ć
20	Measuring station expenses - City gate	877	550	DIST	0	e	C	550	0	(
-	Meter and house regulator expenses	876	18,417	ONSITE	0	0	0	0	18,417	(
	Customer installation expenses	879	5.642	ONSITE	O	0	0	C	5,642	
23		879PLP	3,746	ONSITE	0	0	D	0	3,746	1
24	Other expenses	880	12,935	DIST PT	C	D	0	11,585	1,350	
25	Rents	881	7	DIST_PT	o	0	0	6	1	1
26	Maintenance supervision and engineering	895	300	DIST_PT	0	ė	0	269	31	
27	Maintenance of mains	887	25,715	D151	a	0	٥	75,719	5	
28	Maintenance of measuring station expenses - General	889	1,184	DiST	с	0	o	1,184	о	
29	Maintenance of measuring station expenses - Industrial	890	6	DIST	c	٥	0	6	C	
30		891	487	DIS1	0	٥	o	467	٥	
31	Maintenance of services	897	1,800	DIST	۵	o	0	1,800	0	
37	Maintenance of meters and house regulators	893	3,810	ONSITE	3	0	0	C	3,810	
33	Subtotal - Distribution Expenses	870-893	\$5,037		ç	3	0	51,829	23,203	
34	TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES	-	161,886		5,335	11,514	ê	51,829	33,208	
35	II. CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES									
36	Supervision	901	1,109	ONSITE	0	0	0	Q	1,109	
37	Meter reading expenses	902	765	ONSITE	0	0	0	¢	785	
38		903	26,657	ONSITE	0	0	0	٥	26,657	
39	Uncollectiple accounts	904	16,495	DIST	0	٥	0	16,495	0	
40	Uncollectible accounts in CRP	904CRP	10,461	USEC	0	0	0	C	0	10,46
41	TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES	-	55,507		D	0	Q	16,495	29,551	10,46
42	III CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES									
43	Customer assistance expenses	908	1,617	ONSITE	C	C	٥	0	1,617	
44	Customer assistance expenses - ELIRP	906CAP	3,859	USEC	o	C	a	G	D	3,85
45	CRP Shortfall	4BOCRP	36,351	USEC	D	o	0	0	D	36,35
46	Senior Discounts	4805en	2,789	USEC	00	0	D	0	0	2,78
47	TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSI	ES -	44 616	_	5	0	Û	D.	1,617	42,99
48	TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, SERVICE & INFORMATIO	NAL EXPENSES	100,123		Э	2	Ta	16.495	30,165	51,46

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Philadelphia Gas Works

ARocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-5: Functionalization Results

Dollars in Thousands

Line	FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Factor	Supply	Storage	Transmusion	Distribution	Onsie	USEC
149	IV. ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES									
150	A. LABOR RELATED									
151	Administrative and general salaries	920	14,442	D&M	1.184	738	0	6.108	5,412	C
152	Office supplies and expenses	921	22,663	OLM	1,850	1,158	0	9,585	10,062	0
153	Administrative expenses transferred - Credit	922	(24,565)	OLM	(2.014)	(1,256)	0	(10,390)	(10,906)	0
154	Outside services employed	923	1,660	054	136	- 85	C	702	· 737	٥
155	Injuries and damages	925	6,415	OEM	526	328	0	2,713	2,849	o
156	Employee pensions and benefits	926	115,230	O&M	9,445	5,890	C	48,735	51,159	0
157	OPEB funding and expenses	999	26, 50 0	DEM	2,172	1,355	00	11,208	11,765	0
158	Subtotal - Labor Related A&G	-	162,345		13,307	8,299	C	68,662	72,077	٥
159	A. PLANT RELATED									
160	Property insurance	524	4,853	PSD_P1	155	372	<u> </u>	3.875	452	a
161	Subtotal - Plant Related AEG	-	4,853		155	372	Ċ.	3,675	457	c
162	C. OTHER A&G									
163	Regulatory commission expenses	925	5,157	DIST	D	Û	۵	5,157	0	0
164	Duplicate charges - Credit	929	(913)	57 DA	0	(913)	0	٥	0	۵
165	General advertising expenses, miscelianeous	930	6,020	OEM	493	308	o	2,545	2,673	a
166	Rents	931	330	DEM	27	17	0	140	147	Ó
16	Subtotal - Other A&G		10,594		520	(588)	<u> </u>	7,843	J.819	Ō
168	TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES		177,792		13,982	6 082	5	80,360	75,348	<u> </u>
169	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (Excluding Dep, Tax)		379,801		19,317	19,596	n	148,705	138,723	53,460
170	V. DEPRECIATION EXPENSE									
17	Depreciation expense	403	47,160	PSD_PT	1,503	3,612	C	37,675	4,390	0
173	Depreciation expense- Direct Assignment	403Direct	0	DIST	0	_O	0	<u> </u>	0	, O
17	TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE		47,180		1,503	3,612	a	37,675	4,390	0
174	VI. TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES									
17	Taxes other than income taxes	408	8,437	OLM	692	451	0	3,568	3,746	0
176	TOTAL EXPENSES		435,418		21,511	23,639	C	189,947	146,850	53,460

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-5: Functionalization Results

Dollars in Thousands

Line	FERC Account Description	Account Code	Total	Factor	Supply	Storage	Transmission	Distribution	Onsite	USE C
177	VII. REVENUES									
178	Distribution Revenue	480-483	400,217	06M	32,804	20 458	0	169,258	177,687	0
179	GC9 Revenue	480-483608	0	GCR_REV	0	ø	0	U	с	0
180	Interruptible Gas Revenue	480-4831nt	17	SUPP	17	0	0	٥	o	0
181	USEC Revenue	480-483USC	\$3,687	USEC	0	0	0	0	۵	53,687
192	REC Revenue	480-483REC	0	DIST	D	0	· 0	٥	0	0
183	Forfeited discounts	497	7,853	DIST	c	0	Ø	7,853	C	0
184	Miscellaneous service revenue	488	1,206	DIST	٥	0	a	1,206	0	0
185	GTS/IT Revenue	489	12,190	DIST	0	0	0	12,190	D	9
186	Other gas revenue	495	4,634	SUPP	4,634	٥	D	٥	D	3
167	Revenue Adjustments	495Adj	217	SUPP	217	c	0	0	٥	0
188	Subtotal - Gas Revenues	-	480,022		37,673	10.45E	0	190,512	177,687	53.687
189	814 pain turn ons E drg ups	903Rev	1,883	ONSITE	٥	o	D	o	1,583	o
190		879Rev	6,382	ONSITE	٥	0	0	0	6,582	a
	Subtotal - Other operating revenues		B.265		g	2	C	0	8,265	0
192	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		489,297		37,673	20,458	ti	190,518	185,952	53,687
193	Non-operating rental income	418	165	RATEBASE	10	8	D	120	27	o
194	Interest and dividend income	419	2,010	RATEBASE	127	96	D	1,455	332	o
195	Miscellaneous non-operating income	423	855	SUPP	855	0	٥	Ð	C	٥
	Total Non-Operating Income	-	3,031		997	204	6	1,575	366	
:97	TOTAL REVENUE		491,318		18 665	20,561	D	192,093	186,312	53,687
198	Income Before Interest and Surplus		55,899		17,153	(3,078)	ø	2,146	39,452	225
199	Interest on long-term debt	427	49,160	RATEBASE	3,096	2,342	٥	35,592	8,190	٥
200	Amortization of debt discount	478	4,348	RATEBASE	274	207	0	3,148	719	0
201	Amortization of premium on debt	429	(9,364)	RATEBASE	(590)	(446)	0	(6,780)	(1,549)	0
202	Other interest expense	431	3,789	RATEBASE	239	180	0	2,743	627	Ð
203	AFUDC	432	(920)	RATEBASE	(58)	(44)	0	(666)	(152)	0
204	Surplus Requirement	499	60,000	RATEBASE	3,779	2,858	0	43,440	9,923	0
205	Total interest & Surplus	-	107,013		6,740	\$,097	ti	77,478	17,698	<u> </u>
206	Appropriations of retained earnings	436	18,000	RATEBASE	1,134	857	0	13,032	2,977	0
207	Total Interest & Surplus, Other		125,013		7,874	5,954	9	90,510	20,675	2
208	Over (Under) Total Requirements		<u>(69.114)</u>		9,280	(9.032)	<u>i</u>	(88.364)	18.777	226

Exhibit PQH-6

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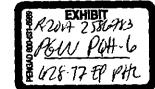


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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-6: Summary of Factors Used

								<u>.</u>				lion Factor			
	Account	Functionalization			suffication Facto			Supply	Supply	Storage	Distribution	Distribution	Distribution	Onsite	USEC
ne sERL Account Description	Code	Factor	Such's	Sturing#	Distribution	Onste	USEC	Demand	Commodity	Demand	Demand	Commodity	Customer	Customer	Custom
I, GAS PLANT IN SERVICE															
A. INTANGIBLE PLANT	301-303														
B PRODUCTION PLANE															
Land and land rights	304	SUPP	DEMAND					Des Dave Skipp							
Structures and Improvements	305	SUPP	DEMAND					D+1D#y-Sitte							
Soller plant equipment	306	SUPP	DEMAND					DesDay-Supp							
Other power equipment	307	SUPP	DEMAND					ີ ມານ າγ∙5ບຫຼ							
EPG equipment	311	SUPP	DEMANO					Deslight Supp							
9 Purfletion equipment	317	SUPP	DEMAND					DesDay-Supp							
D Residual refining equipment	318	SUPP	DEMAND					DecDay-Supp							
1 Gas mixing equipment	319	SUPP	DEMAND					DesDay-Supp							
2 Other equipment	320	SUPP	DEMAND					DesDay-Supp	-						
3 Subtotal - Production Plant	364 347					_		_							
4 C. STORAGE AND PROCESSING PLANT															
5 Land and land rights	360	STOR		DEMAND						DesDay-Supp					
6 Structures and Improvements	361	STOR		DEMANO						DesDay-Supp					
7 Gashalders	367	STOR		DEMAND						DesDay-Supp					
8 Putification equipment	363	STOR		DEMAND						DesDay Supp					
9 Liquefaction equipment	363.1	STOR		DEMAND						DesDay-Supp					
2) Vaporiting equipment	363.2	STOR		DEMAND						DesDay-Supp					
21 Compressor equipment	363.3	STOR		DEMAND						DesDay-Supp					
22 Measuring and regulating equipment	363 4	STOR		DEMAND						DesDay Supp					
23 Other equipment	363.5	STOR		DEMAND						DesDay-Supp					
4 Subtotal - Storage and Processing Plant	360-364										_		-		
25 D TRANSMISSION PLANT	365-371														
26 E. DISTRIBUTION PLANT															
27 Land and land rights	374	DIST			DEMAND						DistP1-0				
8 Structures and Improvements	375	0151			DIMAND						DistP1-D				
9 Mains	376	OIST			MAINS						DesDay-Main		CLIST_ VE		
B Mains Direct Assenment	376Direct	DIST			DEMAND						GTS				
1 Compressor station equipment	377	DOT			GEMAND						DesDay-Main	T .			
2 Measuring station equipment - General	378	DIST			DEMAND						DesDay-Main				
13 Services	380	DIST			CUSE								Service Invest		
4 Maters	361	ONSITE				CUSI								Meser_invest	
35 Meter Installationa	382	ONSITE				CUST								Meter_invest	
36 House regulators	383	DNSITE				CUST								Cust_Small	
37 House regulator installations	384	DNSITE				EVST								Cust Smell	
39 Measuring station equipment - industrial	385	DIST			DF MAND						Cunst_Ind				
39 Other equipment	387	0151			DEMAND						DistPt-D				

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2019

Eanibit PQH-5: Summary of Factors Used
Account Euclionalization

											Allocat	Ion Factor			
	Account	Excloselization		Cha	sification factor			Supply	Supply	Storage	Distribution	Distribution	Distribution	Onsite	USIC
nel FERC Account Description	Code	Factor	Supply	Storage	D-stubution	Dinsitie	USEC	Demand	Commodity	Demand	Demand	Commodity	Customer	Customer	Customer
F GENERAL PLANT	-														
2 Land and land rights	390	07 M	SUPPLABOR	STORIABOR	DISTLABOR	CUST		Supplate D		StorLab-D	Destian-D	DistLab-E	Distlab-C	OnSiLab-C	
3 Structures and Improvements	390	0\$M	SUPPLABOR	STORIABOR	DISTLABOR	cust		SuppLab-D		Stariut D	DistLab-D	DistLab-E	DistLab-C	OnSILab-C	
Office furniture and equipment	391	Ú G M	SUPPLABOR	51ORLABOR	DISTLABOR	CU51		Supplab D		Storiab 0	Gistiab-D	DistLab-E	Distlat-C	OnSiLab-C	
5 Transportation equipment	392	08.M	SUPPLABOR	STORLABOR	D:STLABOR	CUST		Supplab-D		Storian-D	DistLab-D	Distlab-E	Distlab-C	OnSilab-C	
5 Stores equipment	393	04 M	SUPPLABOR	STORLABOR	D STLABOR	CUST		Suppleb-D		Stor.ab-D	OistLab-D	DistLab-E	Disturb-C	OnSiLab C	
Tools shop and garage equipment	394	04.0	SUPPLASOR	STORLABOR	DISTLABOR	CUST		Supplab-D		Storlab-D	Distia p-D	Distlab-E	Distlab-C	OnSkab C	
Power operated equipment	396	M20	SUPPLADOR	STORLABOR	D'STLABOR	CU51		Supplab D		Storcab-D	Destion-O	Distlab-E	Distub-C	OnSiLab C	
Communication equipment	397	M30	SUPPLABOR	STORLABOR	D'STLABOR	CUST		Supplab D		StarLab-D	Disiteb-D	DistLab-E	DirtLab-C	OnSitab C	
54 scellaneous equipment	39 8	08.M	SUPPLABOR	STORLABOR	DISTLABOR	យទា		SuppLab-D		Stor Lab-D	Distant-D	DistLab-E	Distab-C	OnStab C	
S-ototal - General Plant	389 399														
2 TOTAL UTILITY PLANT							·								
A DEPRECIATION PESERVE	105.2	SUPP IT	SUPPPT					Super-D							
A Production plant	108.2	STON PT	SUPPEI	STORPT				20006-01-01		Store: 0					
5 Incatistorage plant		-		71030-1	MAINS					2004-210	D				
*43+**	10% 52	() () - 547			DEMANC						0++0ay-84+ nt G15		Cust_Avg		
Mains - Direct Assignment	108.520 me	(1953) (1957)			CUST						11/2				
Ser-Wittens	108 54				1051								Service_Invest		
Meters	108 55	DNST				CUST					D			Meter_lowest	
Distribution other	108 58	5:57			DEMAND			f		1	DestPt+D DestLab-D		the state of	0	
General Plant	108.8	08.0	SUPPLABOR	STURLABOR	DISTCABUR	CUST		Supplat-D		Storfat-D	U-SELAP-U	D.stiab-F	Dhilab-C	Onstas C	
I Total Depreciation Reserve	102														
IN DINER RATE BASE (TEMS															
Completed construction - Unclassified	106	None													
Construction work in progress (CWIP)	207	None													
Total Other Rate Base Items					-										
		-													
TOTAL RATE BASE (Excl. Working Capital)															
												•			
WORKING CAPITAL	131,11	DIST			DIST_REV						Assallate Ben	Baratata Bar	BaseRate Rev		
Accounts receivable - Gas	131.11	D/S1 D/S1			DISTOBMIXGA						DistOMaG-D	DistOMxG-E			
Materials and supplies		DIST			DISTOB MXGA						DistOMrG-D	DistOMbG-E	DISIOMIG-C		
Prepaid accounts, other current assets	131.13 131.14	SUPP	COMMODITY	,	0.108.4004				Wetter 1		00101010-0	COLONIAL I	DISCONTRAC		
Gas, ENG in storage	131 14	DI\$1	CUMINOUT		COMMODITY							Thrucut			
Accounts payable - Gas		DIST			DISTLABOR						Distab-D	Distlab-E	Distlab-C		
Accounts payable, other- 50% Labor	131 16				DISTORMAGA						DistOMxG-0	DISTOMAG-E	DistOMaG-C		
Accounts payable, other- 50% O&MxGas	131 17	0157				,						BaseRate_Rev			
Customer deposits	131 18	D-51 D-57			DIST_REV DISTPT						Pasenate_ vev Ratebase	Ratebase	BaseRate_Rev Ratebase		
7 Accrued Interest	141 19				DISTR	*					DisrDMxG-D	Hatebase DistOMarG-E	Patenase DistOMrG-C		
F Accrued Taxes & Wages	132.2	11:ST	· .		U.STURMUGA						Distrumento D	JITTU MATCHE	DODINING		
9 Total Working Capital	131		· · ·												
					·										<u> </u>
D V. TOTAL RATE BASE			·							-			· · · - ·		

Allocation Factor

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018

Exhibit PQH-6: Summary of Factors Lised

	ACCOUNT	Functionalization		Cla	sification Factor			Shippiv	Supply	Storage	Distribution	Distribution	Dutrinution	Onsite	USEC
e FERC Account l'exception	Code	Factor	Supers	Storage	Distribution	Doste	1986	Demand	Commodity	Demand	Demand	Commodity	Customer	Customer	Cestome
I OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE											_			•	· ·
A PRODUCTION EXPENSES															
i 1 Manufactured Gas Production Expenses															
Coeration labor and expenses	701	SUPP	DEMAND					DesDay-Supp							
S Bovier fuel	702	20pp	DEMAND					DesDay-Supp							
6 Miscellaneous steam expenses	703	SUPP	DIMAND					DesDay-Supp							
Mintenance of structures	705	SUPP	DEMAND					DesDay-Supp							
Maintenance of boller plant equipment	707	SUPP	DEMAND					DesDay-Supp							
Maintenance of other production plant	708	SUPP	DEMAND			•		DesDey-Supp	•			•			•
Deration supervision and engineering	710	SUPP	DEMAND					DesDay-Supp							
Other power expenses	717	SUPP	DEMAND					DesDay-Supp							
2 Duplicate charges - Crédit	734	SUPP	CEN'AND					DesDay Supp							
· · ·	735	SUPP	DEMAND					DesDey-Supp							
3 Miscelaneous production expenses	740	SUPF	DEMAND					DesDay-Supp							
Maintenance supervision and engineetifig	741	SUPP	DEMAND					DesDay-Supp							
S Maintenance of structures	742	SUPP	DEMAND					DesiDay Supp							
6 Maintenance of production equipment	701-743	3.077	.// 36600												··
7 Subtotal - Manufactured Gas Production	101-143											-	•		
8 2 Other Sas Supply Expenses	804	SUPP	COMMODITY						Gas Sales_Inter	T					
9 Natural gas city gate purchases	807	SUPP	COMMODITY						Gas_Sales_Firm						
0 Purchased gas expenses	505	SUPP	LOMMODITY						Gas_Sales_Firm						
21 Gas withdrawn from storage		SUPP	COMMODITY						Gas_Sales_Firm						
02 Gas used for other utility operations	B12	SUPP	COMMODITY						Gas_Sales_Film						
H ING used for other utility operations	812195		COMMODIA						Gas Sales Firm						
M Other gas supply expenses	813	SUPP	COMPOUNT	-					Cas 34-2 -11-6		· • • • • •				
05 Subtotal - Production Expenses	701-813														
	CHARLES														
36 B. NATURAL GAS STORAGE, TERMINALING & PROCESSING				DEMAND						DetDay Supp					
07 Operation supervision and engineering	840	STOR													
38 Operation labor and expenses	841	STOR		DEMAND						DesDay-Supp					
09 Rents	842	RO15		DEMAND						DesDay Supp					
10 Maintenance	14 3	STOR		DEMAND						DesDay-Supp					
 Operation supervision and engineering 	850	510P		DEMAND					<u> </u>	DesDay-Supp					
12 Subtotal - Storage Extenses	840-850	·													
13 C TRANSMISSION EXPENSES															
14 D. DISTRIBUTION LYPENSES															
15. Operation supervision and engineering	870	Dist_et			DISTRI	លទា					Oistlab D	3 stinb E	Distub-C	OnSiLab-C	
16 Distribution load dispatching	87	DIST			COMMODITY							Thruput			
17 Mains and services expenses	874	MAIN_SERVICE			MAINESERVICE						DistMS-D		DistMS-C		
18 Measuring station expenses - General	875	DIST			DEMAND						DesDay-Main:				
19 Measuring station expenses - industrial	876	DIST			DEMAND						Cust_Ind				
20 Measuring station excenses - City gate	877	D/51			DEMAND						DesDay-Main:				
21 Meter and house regulator expenses	879	ONSITE				CUST								OnSI-MR-C	
22 Eustomer Installation expenses	879	ONSITE				CUST								Cust_Premises	
23 Customer installation expreses - Parts and Labor Plan	679-LP	ONSITE				លទា								Cust_Rex	
A Other expenses	683	D-57 PT			CUST	CUST							OistPI-C	OnSPt-C	
25 Renta	881	DIST PT			DISTPT	ดมรา					Distab-D	DistPe-E	Distab-C	On5-Lab-C	
26. Maintenance supervision and engineering	885	DIST_PT			DISTPT	CUST					Onder O	Distiab-E	OistLab-C	OnSiLab-C	
27 Maintenance of maint	857	1210			MAINS						DesDay-Main		Cust_Avg		
28 Maintenance of measuring station expenses - General	525	DI51			DEMAND						DesDay Main		-		
29 Maintenance of measuring station expenses - Industrial	890	1210			DEMAND						Cust Ind				
 Maintenance of measuring station expenses - Inclusion Maintenance of measuring station expenses - City gate 	891	DIST			COMMODITY							Thruput			
30 Maintenance of services	892	DIST			CUST								Service_Invest		
						CUST								0:5-M9-C	
32 Maintenance of meters and house regulators	893	ONSITE													

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Philadelphia Gas Works ABocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-6: Summary of Fectors Used

						Altocation Factor									
	Account	Functionalization					Supply Supply	Storage	Distribution	Distribution	Distribution	Dasite	USEC		
FERC Account Description	Code	Factor	Supply	Storage	Distribution	Onsde	0510	Demand	Commedity	Demand	Demand	Commodity	Customer	Customer	Customer
IS II, CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES															
6 Supervision	901	CINSITE				CUST								Account903	
7 Meter reading expenses	907	ONSITE				CUST								MeterRead	
8 Customer records and collection expenses	903	ONSITE				CUST								Account903	
9 Uncollect ble accounts	904	DIST			CU51								WriteOff-Dol		
D Uncollectible accounts in CRP	904CR2	V53C					CU51								Calmentary F
1 TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES															
17 HI CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPENSES															
3 Customer assistance expenses	908	ONSITE				CUST								Account 908	
4 Customer assistance expenses - ELIRP	908CAP	USEC					CUST								USEC_Rev
IS CRP Shortfall	480C8P	USEC					CUST								USEC Rev
6 Senior Discounts	4805en	USEC					CUST								USEC Rev
7 TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE & INFORMATIONAL EXPEN	SES														<u> </u>
8 TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, SERVICE & INFORMATI	ONAL EXPENSES													<u> </u>	
			··· ·· ···									-			•
9 IV ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES															
O A, LABOR RELATED					0.57 4.500	CUT		6		<i></i>					
1 Administrative and general salaries	920	08M	SUPPLABOR		DISTLABOR	CUST		Supplab-O		StorLab-D	DistLab D	Distiab-E	DistLab-C	OnSiLab-C	
2 Office supplies and expenses	921	0&M	SUPPLABOR		DISTLABOR	លទា		Supplab-D		Storiab-D	DistLab-D	DettLab-E	DistLab-C	OnSilab-C	
3 Administrative expenses transferred - Credit	922	08M	SUPPLABOR		DISTLABOR	CUSI		SuppLab D		StorLab-D	DistLab-D	DistLab-E	DistLab-C	OnSiLab C	
4 Outside services employed	923	OLM	SUPPLABOR		DISTLABOR	CUST		Supplab-D		StorLab D	DistLab-0	DistLab-E	Distlab-C	OnSiLab-C	
5 Injuries and damages	925	O&M	SUPPLABOR		DISTLABOR	CUST		Supplab-D		StorLab-D	DistLab-D	DistLab-E	Distlab-C	OnSiLab-C	
6 Employee pensions and benefits	926	O&M	SUPPLABOR		DISTLABOR	CUST		Supplab D		StorLab-D	DistLab D	DistLab-E	Distuab-C	OnSiLab-C	
7 OPEB funding and expenses	999	08.M	SUPPLABOR	STORLABOR	DISTLABOR	CUST		Supplab-D		StorLab-O	Cisti,ab-D	DistLab-E	DistLab-C	OnSiLab-C	
8 Subtotal - Labor Related A&G					- <u>-</u>									-	
9 8 PLANT RELATED															
0 Property insurance	724	P50_01	SUPPPT	510981	DISTP	<u></u>		SuppPt-D		StorPt-D	DistPt-D	DiatPt E	DistPI-C	OnSiPt-C	• ••• ••• ••
3 Subtotal - Plant Related ABG											•	·			<u> </u>
52 C OTHER A&G															
 Regulatory commission expenses 	928	DIST			CUST								Ratebase		
4 Duplicate charges - Credit	929	STOR		DEMAND						DesDay-Supp					
5 General advortising expenses, miscellaneous	930	O&M	SUPPLABOR		DISTLABOR	CUST		Supplab-D		StorLab-D	O-dalisiO	Disting-F	Distlab-C	OnSILab-C	
6 Rents	931	08M	SUPPLABOR	STORLABOR	DISTLABOR	CUST		Supplate 0		Stortab II	Pistado D	DistLab-E	D stLab-C	OnSiLab-C	
7 Subtotal - Other A&G															
8 TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE & GENERAL EXPENSES														<u> </u>	
89 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (Excluding Dep, Tax)															
0 V. DEPRECIATION EXPENSE															
71 Depreciation expense	403	PSD_PT	<u>51</u> ,100,01	STORPT	DISTPT	CUST		SuppPt-D		StorP1 D	DistPt-D	DistPt-E	D stPt-C	OnS-Pt-C	
22 Depreciation expense- Direct Assignment	403Direct	DIST			DEMAND						675				
73 TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE											-				

Exhibit PQH-6 Page 5 of 5

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-6: Summary of Factors Used

		· ···	Classification Factor				Supply	Supply	Allocation Factor Storage Distribution Distribution				Onsite USEC		
ne. FERC Account Description	Account Code	Functionalization Factor	Supply	Storage	Distribution	Onste	USEC	Demand	Commodity	Demand	Demand	Commonity	Customer	Customer	Eustom
4 VE TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAKES								.							
15 Taxes other than income taxes	409	OBM	SUPPLABOR	STORLABOR	DISTLABOR	CUST		Supplab-D		Stortab-0	DistLeb-D	CristLab-E	Distlad-C	OnSiLab-C	
16 TOTAL EXPENSES															
77 VII. REVENUES															
8 Distribution Revenue	480-483	0&M	COMMODITY	DEMAND	DISTOBMXGAS	CUST	CLIST		Dist_Rev	Olst_Rev	, Dist_Rev	Dist_Rev	Dist_Rev	Dist_Rev	
79 GCR Revenue	480-483GCR	GCR_REV	COMMODITY	•	•				GCR Revenue						
30 Interruptible Gas Revenue	480-483Int	SUPP	COMMODITY						InterGas_Rev						
1 USEC Revenue	480-483USC	USEC					CUST								ń2380
12 REC Revenue	480-483REC	DIST			DISTBASE						REC_Rev	REC_Rev	REC_Rev		
3 Forfeited discounts	487	DIST			DIST_REV						Over60-Dol	Over60-0ol	Ove*60-Do		
4 Miscellaneous service revenue	488	DIST			DISTREV						BaseRate_Rev	BaseRate_Rev	BaseRate_Rev		
S GTS/IT Revenue	489	DIST			DEMAND						GTS				
6 Other gas revenue	495	SUPP	COMMODITY	•					GCR_Revenue						
7 Revenue Adjustments	495Adi	SUPP	COMMODITY						GCR_Revenue						
B Subtotal - Gas Revenues															
B BUCKEYBY COLUMN THE REAL					·										
9 Brit pard turn ons & dig Los	903Rev	ONSITE				CUST								Cust_Avg	
D Customer installation expenses	879Rev	ONSITE				CU\$1					_			Cust_Res	
1 Subtotal - Other operating revenues								-							
72 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES															
93 Non-operating rental income	418	RATEBASE	SUPPBASE	STORBASE	DISTBASE	CUST		Ratebase		Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	
94 Interest and dividend income	419	RATEBASE	SUPPEASE	STORBASE	DISTBASE	CUST		Natebase		Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	
35 Miscellaneous non operating income	421	SUPP	DEMAND					DesDay Supp							
96 Total Non-Operating Income											·				
97 TOTAL REVENUE						· _ · ·				<u>_</u>	_				
98 Income Before Interest and Surplus										·					
99 Interest on long-term debt	427	RATEBASE	SUPPBASE	STORBASE	DISTBASE	CUST	•	Ratebase		Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	
0 Amortization of debt discount	428	RATEBASE	SUPPEASE	STORBASE	DISTBASE	cust		RateLase		Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	
1 Amortization of premium on debt	429	RATEBASE	SUPPBASE	STORBASE	DISTBASE	CUST		Ratebase		Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	
2. Other interest expense	431	RATEBASE	SUPPBASE	STORBASE	DISTBASE	CUST		Ratebase		Ratebase	RateCase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	
3 AFUDC	432	RATEBASE	SUPPBASE	STORBASE	DISTBASE	CUST		Ratebase		Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Hatebase	Ratebase	
14 Surplus Requirement	499	NATEBASE	SUPPBASE	STORBASE	DISTBASE	CUST		Ratebase		Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Raturbase	
is Total interest & Surplus		•.													
6 Appropriations of retained earnings	436	RATEBASE	SUPPEASE	STORBASE	DISTBASE	CLIST		Ratecase		Batebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	Ratebase	
07 Total Interest & Surplus, Other														•• •••	

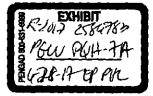
Exhibit PQH-7A

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Philadelphia Gas Works

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Aliocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018

Exhibit PQH-7A: Functionalization Factor Values

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Functionalization Factor	Supply	Storage	Transmission	Distribution	Onsite	USEC
External Factors						
SUPP	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
STOR	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
TRANS	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0,0%	0.0%	0.0%
DIST	0.0%	0,0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
ONSITE	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
USEC	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0 0%	0.0%	100.0%
Plant-Related Factors						
SUPP_PT	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
STOR_PT	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
DIST_PT	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	89.6%	10.4%	0.0%
MAIN_SERVICE	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
PSD_PT	3.2%	7.7%	0.0%	79.9%	9.3%	0.0%
Operations & Maintenance Fa	ctor					
0&M	8.2%	5.1%	0.0%	42.3%	44.4%	0.0%
Depreciation Expense Factor						
DEP	4.6%	1 0 . 1%	0.0%	75.0%	10.3%	0.0%
Working Capital Factor						
wc	117.8%	0.0%	0.0%	-17.8%	0.0%	0 0%
Revenue-Related Factors						
GCR_REV	100.0%	U.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Rate Base Factor						
RATEBASE	6.3%	4.8%	0.0%	72.4%	16.5%	0.0%

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Exhibit PQH-7B

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Philadelphia Gas Works

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Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Yest Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-78: Classification Factor Values

Allocator Name	Demand	Commodity	Customer
External Factors			
DEMAND	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
COMMODITY	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
CUST	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
MAINS	50.0%	0.0%	50.0%
Distribution Plant-Related Factors			
DISTPT	27.8%	0.0%	72.2%
MAIN&SERVICE	26.1%	D 0%	73.9%
Distribution Labor and Expanse-Related Factors			
DISTLABOR	41.4%	5.7%	52.9%
DISTO&MXGAS	32.3%	4.1%	63.6%
Distribution Revenue Factor			
DIST_REV	32.3%	4.1%	63.6%
Distribution Rate Base Factor			
DISTBASE	28.8%	0.4%	70.8%
Supply Labor and Expense-Related Factors			
SUPPLABOR	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
SUPPO&M	85.6%	14.4%	0 0%
SUPPO&MXGAS	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Supply Plant-Related Factors			
SUPPPT .	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
SUPPBASE	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Storage-Related Factors			
STORLABOR	100,0%	Q. Q%	0.0%
STORPT	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
STORBASE	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Exhibit PQH-7C

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class CDS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018

Exhibit PQH-7C: Allocation Factor Values

Allocator Name	Residential Non-Heat	Residential Heat	Commercial Non Heat	Commercial Heat	Industrial Non-Heat	Industrial Heat	Municipal Non-Heat	Municipal Heat	PHA GS	PHA Rate 8	NGVS Non-Heat	Interruptible Sales	GTS/I
	0.68%	74 655	2,19%	17.31%	0 40%	1 04%	0.33%	1.95%	0.36%	1.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0 009
DesDay-Supp	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0 (X0%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	0.005
Sas_Sales_Interr		79,98%	2,26%	14 01%	0 24%	0 65%	0.30%	1.07%	0.39%	0.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.005
Sas_Sales_Firm	0.99%	79,78%	2.20%	13 25%	0.39%	0.79%	0.20%	0.83%	0.32%	0.65%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
lasePate_Rev	1.56% 0.99%	80.00%	2 25%	14 01%	0.33%	0.75%	0.30%	1.07%	0.39%	0.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
iCR_Revenue			0.00%	0.00%	0.24%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	0.00
nterGas_Rev	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00
STS .	0 00%	00%	0.00%			0.00%	C.29%	1.69%	0 31%	0.93%	0.00%	0.01%	13.34
DesDay-Mains	0 59%	64.68%	1.90%	15 00%	0.35%	72.04%	0.00%	0.00%	D.00%	0.9376	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
lust_Ind	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	27.96%				0.00%				
over60-Dol	3.80%	98 05%	0.02%	D.12%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	D.00%	0.00%	0.00
hruput	0.56%	45 84%		12 01%	0.36%	0.72%	0.25%	1 08%	0 22%	0.67%	0.01%	0.02%	36.31
Sas_Sales	0.99%	79,95%	2.26%	14.01%	0.24%	0.65%	0.30%	1.07%	0.39%	0.10%	D.00%	0.04%	0.00
Ninter3	0.82%	81.525		13 12%	072%	0.58%	0 30%	1 17%	0.40%	0 08%	0.00%	0.02%	0.00
ust_Ave	3.88%	90.20%	0.95%	4.04%	0.04%	0.09%	0.06%	0.11%	0.37%	0.18%	0 00%	0.00%	0.08
service_invest	3 69%	85.76%	1.35%	5.76%	0.16%	0.40%	0.09%	0.50%	0.35%	0.80%	D.00%	0.01%	1.12
WriteOff-Dol	1.74%	94.80%	0 49%	2 87%	0.02%	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0 00%	0.00
Veter_Invest	3.16%	73 44 4	3 65%	15.54%	0.20%	0.52%	0 23%⊧	0.65%	0.30%	1 05%	0 00%	0.00%	1.25
ust_Small	4 11%	95.50%	0.00%	0.00%	C.00%	0.00%	0 00%	0.00%	D 39%	0.00%	D.00%	0.00%	0.00
ust Premises	3.20%	74 774	3 69%	15 73%	0 21%	0.53%	0 23%	0 66%	0.31%	1.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
lust_Res	4,13%	95.87%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	D 0055	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
Account903	2.9.%	B3.46%	2.06%	9 86%	0.16%	0.35%	0 11%	0.38%	0.28%	0.30%	0.00%	0.00%	0.13
MeterRead	2.81%	84.86%	1.51%	8.15%	0.17%	0.38%	0 14%	0 47%	0 36%	0.33%	0.00%	0.00%	0.84
Account908	3.51%	81 69%	0.44%	1.88%	3.39%	8.74%	0.03%	0.05%	0.17%	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04
Deliveries_Firm	0.89%	71.78%	3.08%	19.00%	0,58%	1.14%	0.39%	1.72%	0.35%	1.05%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00
USEC_Rev:	0.89%	71 79%	1.07%	19.01%	0.58%	1.14%	0.39%	1.72%	0.35%	1 05%	0.01%	0.00%	D.00
CustChg_Rev	3 77%	87 587	1.38%	5.88%	0.14%	0.37%	0.09%	0.16%	036%	0.26%	0 00%	0.00%	0.00
Dist_Rev	1.52%	79 21%	2.30%	13.58%	0 40%	0.82%	0.21%	0.87%	0.32%	0.67%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
DeliveryChg_Rev	0.95%	77.13%	2.53%	15.63%	0.47%	0.93%	0.24%	1.03%	0.31%	0.77%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
Supplab-D	U.68%	74.55%	2.19%	17.31%	0.40%	1 04%	0.33%	1.95%	0.36%	1.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
SuppPt-D	0.68%	74 65%	2.19%	17.31%	0 40%	1 04%	0.33%	1.95%	0.36%	1.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
Ratebase	2 68%	80 33%	1.79%	9.90%	0 22%	0 57%	0.37%	0 80%	0 34%	0.70%	0. 00%	0.01%	2 4 9
StorLab-D	0 68%	74.65%	2,19%	17.31%	0.40%	1 04%	0.33%	1.95%	0.36%	1.07%	D.00%	0.00%	0.00
StorPt+D	0.68%	74 65%	2.19%	17.31%	0.40%	1 04%	0.33%	1.95%	0.36%	1 07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
Dist Pt-D	0 58%	63 45%	1.86%	14.71%	0.37%	0.94%	0.28%	1.66%	0.31%	0.91%	0.00%	0.01%	14.91
DistLab-D	0.55%	64 68%	1.90%	15.00%	0.35%	0.90%	0.29%	1.69%	0.31%	0.93%	0.00%	0.01%	13.34
DistLab-E	0.56%	45 84%	1.94%	12.01%	D.36%	0.72%	0.25%	1 08%	0.22%	0.67%	0.01%	0.02%	36.31
DistLab-C	3.79%	88.12%	1.14%	4.84%	0.09%	D.24%	0.07%	0.29%	0.36%	047%	0.00%	0.01%	0.57
OnSiLab-C	3 16%	79.73%	2.59%	11,44%	0.42%	1.06%	0.15%	0 47%	0.27%	0.63%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07
LABOR	2 62%	77 84%	2.18%	11.31%	0.35%	0.88%	0.18%	G 76%	0 30%	0.68%	0.00%	0.00%	2.85
DistMS-D	0.59%	64 68%	1.90%	15.00%	0.35%	0.90%	0.29%	1.69%	0.31%	0.93%	0.00%	0.01%	13 3
DistOMeG-D	0 59%	64 65%	1 90%	14.99%	0.35%	0.90%	0.29%	1.69%	0.31%	0.93%	0.00%	0.01%	13.3
DistOM×G-E	0 56%	45 84%	1.94%	12.01%	0.36%	0.72%	0.25%	2 08%	0.72%	0.67%	0.01%	0,02%	36.3
DistOM#G-C	3.33%	85,70%	1.07%	4.85%	0.09%	0.25%	0.07%	0.29%	0.29%	0.43%	0.00%	0.00%	0.63
DistPt-E	0.56%	45.84%	1.94%	12.01%	0.36%	0.72%	0.25%	1 08%	0.22%	0.67%	0.01%	0.02%	36.3
DistPi-C	3 69%	85.76%	1.35%	5.76%	0.16%	0.40%	0.09%	0 50%	0.35%	0.80%	C.00%	0.01%	1.1
DistMS-C	3.69%	85.76%	1.35%	5.76%	0.16%	0.40%	0.09%	0,50%	0.35%	D.80%	0.00%	0.015	1.1
	3.09%	74.23%	3.52%	14.98%	D.20%	0.51%	0.22%	0.63%	D.31%	1.01%	0.00%	0.00%	1.2
OnSiPL-C OnSi-MR-C	3.13%	74.23%	3.52%	14.98%	0.20%	0.51%	0.22%	0.63%	0.31%	1.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00

Exhibit PQH-8

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Exhibit PQH-8A:	Number of Customers by Rate Class and Month
Exhibit PQH-88:	Development of Customer-Related Allocators
Exhibit PQH-8C:	Sendout by Rate Class and Month, mcf
Exhibit PQH-8D:	Sales by Rate Class and Month, mcf
Exhibit PQH-8E:	Sales-Related Allocators, mcf
Exhibit PQH-8F:	Winter Sales Allocator, mcf
Exhibit PQH-8G:	Design Day Sales, mcf
Exhibit PQH-8H:	Design Day Usage of Mains Allocator, mcf
Exhibit PQH-8I:	Write-Offs Allocator
Exhibit POH-81:	Account Aging Allocator
Exhibit POH-8K:	Service Costs Allocator
Exhibit PQH-8L:	Meter Installation Costs Allocator
Exhibit POH-8M	Meter Reading Costs Allocator
Exhibit PQH-8N:	Account 903 Allocator
Exhibit PQH-80:	Account 908 Allocator

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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Number of Customers by Rate Class and Month

Class	Use	09/2017	10/2017	11/2017	12/2017	01/2018	02/2018	03/2018	04/ 2018	05/2018	06/2018	07/2018	08/2018	Annual Total	Annual Average
Residential	Non-Heat	20,077	19,972	19,866	19,760	19,654	19,549	19,443	19,337	19,231	19,125	19,019	18,913	233,946	19,496
Residential	Heat	446,725	447,638	450,251	453,564	456,177	457,290	457,403	456,916	455,829	454,142	451,855	449,468	5,437,258	453,105
Commercial	Non-Heat	4,747	4,750	4,752	4,755	4,758	4,761	4,764	4,767	4,769	4,772	4,773	4,776	57,144	4,762
Commercial	Heat	20,077	20,113	20,151	20,187	20,226	20,264	20,301	20,339	20,379	20,416	20,455	. 20,492	243,400	. 20,283
Industrial	Non-Heat	177	177	177	177	177	177	177	177	177	177	177	177	2,124	177
Industrial	Heat	456	456	456	456	456	456	456	456	456	456	456	456	5,472	456
Municipal	Non-Heat	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	3,600	300
Municipal	Heat	568	568	568	568	568	568	568	568	568	568	568	568	6,816	568
РНА	GS	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	22,356	1,863
РНА	Rate 8	913	913	913	912	912	912	911	911	911	910	910	909	10,937	911
NGVS	Non-Heat	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	48	4
Interruptible	Sales	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	48	4
GTS/IT		425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	425	5,100	425

Notes:

The Average Customers allocator is a simple average of the monthly number of customers in each rate class.

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Development of Customer-Related Allocators

					Annual Average of	Select Customer	Groups		
Class	Use	Annual Average	All Excluding AC Customers	All Excluding Interruptible and GTS/IT	Residential and PHA GS (small customers)	Residential	Industrial	Commercial and Industrial	GTS/IT
Residential	Non-Heat	19,496	19,496	19,496	19,496	19,496			
Residential	Heat	453,105	453,105	453,105	453,105	453,105			
Commercial	Non-Heat	4,762	4,761	4,762				4,762	
Commercial	Heat	20,283	20,283	20,283				20,283	
Industrial	Non-Heat	177	177	177			177	177	
Industrial	Heat	456	456	456			456	456	
Municipal	Non-Heat	300	298	300					
Municipal	Heat	568	568	568					
РНА	GS	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863				
РНА	Rate 8	911	911	911					
NGVS	Non-Heat	4	4	4					
interruptible	Sales	4	4						
GTS/IT		425	425					425	425

Notes:

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Each allocator is the annual average number of customers in select Rate Classes.

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fulty Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Sendout by Rate Class and Month, mcf

Class	Use	09/2017	10/2017	11/2017	12/2017	01/2018	02/2018	03/2018	04/2018	05/2018	06/2018	07/2018	08/2018	Annual Sendout
Residential	Non-Heat	18,481	25,406	41,692	\$7,010	70,784	61,973	49,628	30,174	20,691	17,267	17,744	17,645	429,494
Residential	Heat	712,B17	1,636,094	3,585,024	5,482,495	7,271,558	6,375,686	4,698,808	2,302,476	1,056,510	680,364	699,639	696,086	35,197,557
Commercial	Non-Heat	78,871	99,254	138,308	179,658	216,163	190,534	161,193	109,023	84,945	75,835	78,586	78,673	1,491,044
Commercial	Heat	284,584	490,438	908,653	1,320,826	1,704,090	1,498,20 9	1,152,218	631,361	366,539	281,306	291,385	292,121	9,221,729
Industrial	Non-Heat	13,931	18,175	25,935	34,096	41,386	36,530	30,692	20,439	15,660	13,747	14,206	14,206	279,003
Industrial	Heat	16,230	29,132	55,491	81,202	105,045	92,097	70,071	37,517	20,909	15,630	16,151	16,152	555,627
Municipal	Non-Heat	5,642	9,820	18,985	28,009	36,394	31,894	24,095	12,664	6,811	5,166	5,500	5,736	190,716
Municipal	Heat	11,688	35,895	87,334	136,220	182,159	159,171	114,774	52,702	20,051	10,533	10,884	10,884	832,296
РНА	GS	3,432	8,001	17,5 80	26,765	35,357	30,933	22,753	11,103	5,037	3,216	3,323	3,323	170,821
PHA	Rate 8	11,979	25,006	52,084	78,155	102,500	89,740	66,754	33,681	16,576	11,330	11,707	11,694	511,206
NGVS	Non-Heat	511	529	511	529	529	477	529	511	529	511	529	529	6,223
Interruptible	Sales	1,418	1,465	1,418	1,465	1,465	1,323	1,465	1,418	1,465	1,418	1,465	1,465	17,248
GTS/IT		1,946,773	2,183,886	2,432,056	2,763,749	3,006,953	2,711,090	2,629,761	2,22 2,63 0	2,057,779	1,937,765	1,995,852	1,995,852	27,884,147

Notes:

The term "sales" refers to the amount of gas that arrives at the customer premises, while the term "sendout" is equal to sales plus system losses.

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The Sendout allocator is annual throughput volumes for each rate class, which represents volumes on mains.

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fuily Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Sales by Rate Class and Month, mcf

Class	Use	09/2017	1 0/2 017	11/2017	12/2017	01/2018	02/2018	03/2018	04/2018	05 /2018	06/2018	07/2018	08/2018	Annual Sales
Residential	Non-Heat	17,158	19,688	30,411	46,070	71,279	65,930	52,813	37,806	22,978	19,813	18,878	16,671	419,497
Residential	Heat	628,181	862,121	2,230,628	4,139,689	7,318,716	6,859,014	5,106,893	3,292,257	1,385,056	789,832	737,489	651,532	34,001,408
Commercial	Non-Heat	74,138	86,307	117,296	158,725	213,971	194,488	164,123	120,033	87,235	86,363	83,486	74,367	1,460,532
Commercial	Heat	263,925	377,355	713,572	1,125,493	1,596,866	1,552,137	1,197,744	760,232	406,291	323,024	310,023	275,989	9,002,651
Industrial	Non-Heat	13,142	16,747	23,661	31,682	40,503	36,276	30,450	21,099	15,619	15,654	· 15,114	13,421	273,370
Industrial	Heat	15,169	24,639	47,662	73,047	103,450	92,893	70,847	41,729	22,108	17,885	17,185	15,260	541,872
Municipal	Non-Heat	5,152	5,967	13,322	22,558	39,921	34,650	24,751	16,045	7,367	5,839	5,817	5,434	186,821
Municipal	Heat	9,972	15,336	56,825	106,888	202,017	174,753	118,905	71,742	23,629	11,972	11,580	10,283	813,902
РНА	GS	3,112	5,334	12,919	22,136	35,380	32,433	24,035	14,381	6,126	3,735	3,535	3,139	166,265
РНА	Rate 8	11,354	24,230	50,469	75,732	99,323	86,959	64,685	32 ,6 37	16,062	12,878	12,456	11,048	497,833
NGVS	Non-Heat	488	512	496	512	512	463	512	496	512	556	548	503	6,109
Interruptible	Sales	1,374	1,420	1,374	1,420	1,420	1,282	1,420	1,374	1,420	1,374	1,420	1,420	16,714
GTS/IT		1,917,144	2,147,930	2,387,384	2,709,817	2,945,483	2,655,719	2,579,983	2,184,450	2,025,733	1,908,416	1, 96 5,726	1,965,726	27,393,512

Notes:

The term "sales" refers to the amount of gas that arrives at the customer premises, while the term "sendout" is equal to sales plus system losses.

The Sales allocator is annual deliveries for each rate class.

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Sales-Related Allocators, mcf

					Sales to Select Cu	stomer Groups		
						•	Bundled	
		Total Annual	All Firm A	II Firm Customers	All Interruptible	Bundled Firm	Interruptible	All Bundled
Class	Use	Sales	Customers	Excluding AC	Customers	Customers	Customers	Customers
Residential	Non-Heat	419,497	419,497	419,497		419,497		419,497
Residential	Heat	34,001,408	34,001,408	34,001,408	-	34,001,408		34,001,408
Commercial	Non-Heat	1,460,532	1,460,532	1,455,568		961,243		961,243
Commercial	Heat	9,002,651	9,002,651	9,002,651		5,956,419		5,956,419
Industrial	Non-Heat	273,370	273,370	273,370		100,773		100,773
Industrial	Heat	541,872	541,872	541,872		276,702		276,702
Municipal	Non-Heat	186,821	186,821	185,117		127,984		127,984
Municipal	Heat	813,902	\$13,902	813,902		454,537		454,537
РНА	GS	166,265	166,265	166,265		166,265		166,265
РНА	Rate 8	497,833	497,833	497,833		43,384		43,384
NGVS	Non-Heat	6,109	6,109	6,109		1,766		1,766
Interruptible	Sales	16,714			16,714		15,714	16,714
GTS/IT		27,393,512			27,393,512			

Notes:

The term "sales" refers to the amount of gas that arrives at the customer premises, while the term "sendout" is equal to sales plus system losses. Each allocator is the annual delivery volumes in select rate classes.

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Philadelphia Gas Works
Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018
Winter Sales Allocator, mcf

Class	Use	12/2017	01/2018	02/2018	Winter Sales
Residential	Non-Heat	46,070	71,279	65,930	183,280
Residential	Heat	4,139,689	7,318,716	6,859,014	18,317,420
Commercial	Non-Heat	103,490	141,624	128,887	374,001
Commercial	Heat	740,139	1,150,123	1,057,374	2,947,636
Industrial	Non-Heat	13,230	18,819	16,952	49,001
Industrial	Heat	39,143	59,585	53,943	152,671
Municipal	Non-Heat	15,671	28,205	24,460	68,337
Municipal	Heat	58,861	109,959	95,175	263,995
PHA	GS	22,136	35,380	32,433	89,950
PHA	Rate 8	5,647	7,041	6,197	18,885
NGVS	Non-Heat	150	150	135	435
Interruptible	Sales	1,420	1,420	1,282	4,121
GTS/IT		0	0	0	0

Notes:

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The Winter Sales allocator is bundled delivery volumes during December-February.

Philadelphia Gas Works

Class	Use	Design Day Sales
Residential	Non-Heat	4,510
Residential	Heat	491,656
Commercial	Non-Heat	14,439
Commercial	Heat	114,016
Industrial	Non-Heat	2,667
Industrial	Heat	6,846
Municipal	Non-Heat	2,203
Municipal	Heat	12,837
PHA	GS	2,389
РНА	Rate 8	7,072
NGVS	Non-Heat	17
Interruptible GTS/IT	Sales	

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Design Day Sales, mcf

Notes:

The Design Day Sales allocator includes both bundled and transport only, firm deliveries for the design day.

Philadelphia Gas Works

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Allocated Class COS Study -- Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Design Day Usage of Mains Allocator, mcf

Class	Use	Design Day Usage of Mains [A]
Residential	Non-Heat	4,510
Residential	Heat	491,656
Commercial	Non-Heat	14,439
Commercial	Heat	114,016
Industrial	Non-Heat	2,667
Industrial	Heat	6,846
Municipal	Non-Heat	- 2,203
Municipal	Heat	12,837
PHA	GS	2,389
PHA	Rate 8	7,072
NGVS	Non-Heat	17
Interruptible	Sales	47
GTS/IT		101,381

Notes:

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[A]: Design Day Supply allocator + Interruptible

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018

Write-Offs Allocator

Classes	Use	Percentage of Revenue within Class [A]	Write-Off FY 2016	2016, \$ [C]		Write-Off FY 2015 by Base Class (S) [E]	2015, \$ [F]	FY 2015 % Write-Off [G]	Write-Off FY 2014 by Base Class (\$) [H]	2014, \$ [i]	FY 2014 % Write-Off [J]	Average Write- Offs, S W [X]	Average rite-Offs, % [L]
Residential Residential	Non-Heat Heat	1.8% 98.2%		(A) × (9) 897,441 48,857,114	1.7%		[A] x [E] 683,748 37,223,535	1.7% 94.8%	35,109,050	(A] × (H) 633,275 34,475,775	1.8%	738,155 40,185,475	1.7%
Commercial Commercial	Non-Heat Heat	14.9% 85.1%	2,035,986	302,704 1,733,282	D.6% 3.3%	1,271,144	188,990 1,082,154	0.5% 2.8%	907,061	134,859 772,202	0.4% 2.1%	208,851 1,195,879	0.5% 2.8%
Industriai Industriai	Non-Heat Heat	13.3% 86.7%	110,478 110,478	14,737 95,740	0.0% 0.2%		8,885 57,719	0.0% 0.1%		962 6,249	0.0% 0.0%	8,195 53,236	0.0% 0.1%
Municipal Municipal PHA PHA NGVS Interruptible GTS/IT	Non-Heat Heat GS Rate B Non-Heat Sales												
Total				51,901,020	100.0%	78,490,059	39,245,029	100.0%	72,045,643	36,023,322	100.0%	42,389,790	100.0%

Notes:

The Write-Offs allocator is the average of write-off amounts for fiscal years 2014-2016.

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Account Aging Allocator

Classes	Use	Write Off Allocator [A]	Current Accounts Aging by Base Class, \$ [8]	30 Days Accounts Aging by Base Class, \$ {C]	60 Days Accounts Aging by Base Class, \$ [D]		Current Accounts Aging, S [F] {A] × [8]	30 Days Accounts Aging, \$ [G] [A] x [C]	60 Days Accounts Aging, \$ [H] [A] ± [D]	•	Total Accounts Aging Over 60 Days Allocator, 5 [1] [H] + [1]
Residential	Non-Heat	1.74%	12,552,000	37,595,000	35,366,000	355,034,000	218,574	654,651	615,846	6,182,384	6,798,230
Residential	Heat	94.80%	12,552,000	37,595,000	35,366,000	355,034,000	11,899,282	35,640,019	33,526,929	336,571,842	370,098,772
Commercial	Non-Heat	0.49%	6,660,000	2,657,000	998,000	15,382,000	32,813	13,091	4,917	75,766	80,703
Commercial	Heat	2.82%	6,660,000	2,657,000	998,000	15,382,000	187,889	74,958	28,155	433,949	462,104
Industrial	Non-Heat	0.02%	1,762,000	434,000	103,000	1,299,000	341	84	20	251	271
Industrial	Heat	0.13%	1,762,000	434,000	103, 00 0	1,299,000	2,213	545	129	1,631	1,761
Municipal	Non-Heat										
Municipal	Heat										
PHA	G\$										
РНА	Rate 8										
NGVS	Non-Reat										
Interruptible	Sales										
ចាន/៣											
Total		100 00%	41,948,000	81,372,000	72,934,000	743,430,000	12,341,112	36,383,357	34,175,996	343,265,844	377,441,841

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Notes:

The Accounts Over 50 days allocator is the total accounts receivable over 60 days for fiscal years 2014-2016

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Philadeiphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fuily Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Service Costs Allocator

Class	Use	Service Type	Average Base Cost, \$	Factor	Average Cost, S	Average Number of Customers	Total, \$
			(A)	[8]	(C)	[D]	[E]
					[A] x (B)	.,	(C) × (D)
Residential	Non-Heat	1	1,806	1.0	1,806	19,496	35,202,676
Residential	Heat	1	1,806	1.0	1,806	453,105	818,163,292
Commercial	Non-Heat	1	1,806	1.5	2,709	4,762	12,897,987
Commercial	Heat	1	1,806	1.5	2,709	20,283	54,937,878
Industrial	Non-Heat	2	8,414	1.0	8,414	177	1,489,288
Industrial	Heat	2	5,414	1.0	8,414	456	3,836,809
Municipal	Non-Heat	· 1	1,806	1.5	2,709	300	812,557
Municipal	Heat	2	8,414	1.0	6,414	568	4,779,184
PHA	GS	1	1,806	1.0	1,806	1,863	3,363,986
РНА	Rate 8	2	8,414	1.0	8,414	911	7,668,710
NGVS	Non-Heat	2	8,414	1.0	8,414	4	33,656
Interruptible	Sales	2	8,414	3.0	25,242	4	100,969
GTS/IT		2	8,414	3.0	25,242	425	10,727,921

Notes:

The Services investment allocator is computed as the share of current service line replacement cost for each Rate Class.

Service Costs for 2015-2016

Line Size	Service Type	Total Cost	Quantity	Average Cost
1.25" and smaller-				
Replace	1	15,120,782	8,374	\$1,806
2 " and larger-				
Replace	2	757,265	90	\$8,414

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Source: PGW

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Meter Installation Costs Allocator

Class	Use	Meter Type	Base Meter Cost, \$	Factor	Meter Cost, S	Customers	Total Cost, \$	Total Cost Excluding Interruptible & GTS/IT Customers, \$
		[A]	(8)	[C]	(D) (8) × (C)	[E]	(F) (D) x (E)	(G)
Residential	Non-Heat	1	257	1.0	257	19,496	5,008,671	5,008,671
Residential	Heat	1	257	1.0	257	453,105	116,409,076	116,409,076
Commercial	Non-Heat	2	1,214	1.0	1,214	4,762	5,781,975	5,781,925
Commercial	Heat	Z	1,214	1.0	1,214	20,283	24,627,618	24,627,618
Industrial	Non-Heat	2	1,214	1.5	1,821	177	322,365	322,365
industrial	Heat	2	1,214	1.5	1,821	456	830,499	830,499
Municipal	Non-Heat	2	1,214	1.0	1,214	300	364,254	364,254
Municipal	Heat	2	1.214	1.5	1,821	568	1,034,481	1,034,481
РНА	GS	1	257	1.0	257	1,863	478,631	478,631
РНА	Rate 8	. 2	1,214	1.5	1,821	911	1,659,936	1,659,936
NGVS	Non-Heat	2	1,214	1.0	1,214	4	4,857	4,857
Interruptible	Sales	3	1,668	1.0	1,668	4	6,671	
GTS/IT		4	4,669	1.0	4,669	425	1,984,321	

Notes:

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The Meters investment allocator is calculated based in the replacement cost share for each Rate Class.

Installed Meters: FY 2016 Actual Costs

					Cost Per Mete	er, \$		
						τ	otal Cost per	
Meter Size	Meter Type	Design	Typical Rate Class	Number	Material	Labor	Meter, \$	Total Cost, \$
L250	1		Residential	26,372	64	189	253	6,667,369
L425	1		Residential	324	171	189	360	116,582
1630	1	Diaphragm	Residential	169	479	220	699	118,050
L800	2		Comm / Industrial	15	923	291	1,214	19,427
1M	3	Rotary	LBS / BPS	0			0	0
1.5M	3	Rotary	L B S / BPS	143	1,167	344	1,511	216,010
2M	3	Rotary	LBS / BPS	35	1,229	395	1,624	\$6,831
зм	3	Rotary	LBS / BPS	29	1,246	395	1,641	47,581
5M	3	Rotary	LBS / BPS	29	1,430	496	1,926	55,851
7M	3	Rotary	LBS / BPS	26	1,445	496	1,941	50,463
11M	3	Rotary	LBS / BPS	18	1,644	590	2,234	40,205
16M	4	Rotary	GTS	21	2,080	590	2,670	56,062
4" Turbo	4	Turbo	GTS	6	4,406	590	4,996	29,974
6" Turbo	4	Turbo	GTS	16	5,229	905	6,134	98,149
8" Turbo	4	Turbo	GTS	4	7,909	905	8.814	35,257
12" Turbo	4	Turbo	GTS	0			٥	0

Source: PGW

FY 2016 Average Meter Cost by Meter Type

		Total	
Meter Type	Total Cost, \$	Number	Average Cost, \$
1	6,902,001	26,865	257
2	19,427	16	1,214
3	466,942	280	1,668
4	219,443	47	4,669

Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Meter Reading Costs Allocator

Class	Use	Tariff Revenue Allocator [A]	Customer Average Allocator [B]	Scrap/Special Distributed by Tariff Revenue, S [C]	AMR Distributed by Customer Average Allocator, \$ [D]	Allocated Meter Reading Costs, \$ [E]
Residential	Non-Heat	1.29%	3.88%	4,192	17,852	22,043
Residential	Heat	77.30%	90. 20%	251,210	414,903	666,113
Commercial	Non-Heat	2.31%	0.95%	7,496	4,361	11,857
Commercial	Heat	13.96%	4.04%	45,374	18,573	63,947
Industrial	Non-Heat	0.36%	0.04%	1,183	162	1,345
Industrial	Heat	0.78%	0.09%	2,545	418	2,962
Municipal	Non-Heat	0.24%	0.05%	795	275	1,069
Municipal	Heat	D.98%	0.11%	3,190	520	3,710
PHA	GS	0.33%	0.37%	1,088	1,706	2,794
РНА	Rate 8	0.53%	0.18%	1,718	835	2,553
NGVS	Non-Heat	0.004%	0.001%	14	4	18
Interruptible	Sales	0.003%	0.001%	9	4	12
GTS/IT		1.90%	0.08%	6,186	389	6,575
Total		\$640,431,475	502,354	325,000	460,000	785,000

Sources:

[A]: Tariff Revenue Allocator

[B]: Average Customers Allocator

[C]: Meter Reading Scrap/Special x [A]

{D]: Meter Reading AMR x [B]

[E]: [C] + [D]

Notes:

The Meter Reading allocator represents the allocation of FERC Account 902 meter reading costs to each Rate Class.

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study - Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Account 903 Allocator

Account Description	Total, 5 Sub Allocator	Residential Non-Heat	Residential Heat	Commercial Non-Heat	Commercia) Hest	Industria) Non-Heat	industriai Heet	Municipel Non-Heat	Municipa) Heat	РНА (]\$	PHA Rate S	NGV5 Non-Haet	interruptible Sales	GTS/IT
Account Management	1,509,000 Cust_Res	62,249	1,446,751											
Account Management - 54														
Preparation Office	4,270,000 Cust_Avg	165,711	3,851,382	40,477	172,408	1.504	3,876	2,550	4,828	15,835	7,347	34	34	3,617
Account Management - Mail Receipts	1,409,000 Cust_Avg	54,581	1,270,855	13,356	56,891	496	1,279	841	1,593	5,225	2,556	11	11	1,192
Commercial Resource Center	1,276,000 Cust_Comm_Ind			232,779	991,503	8,652	22,290							20,775
Collection - Revenue - Bitl Paid Turn														
Ons & Dig Ups	-1,883,000 Dver60-Dci	-33,915	-1,846,367	-403	-2,305	-1	-8							
Collection - Field	155,000 Over60-0ei	2,792	151,985	33	190	- d	1		•					
Collection - Office	4,265,000 Over60-Doi	76,838	4,182,025	#17	5,227	3	20							
Customer Service - CRP Other														
Expenses	4,457,000 Doliverius_Firm	39,470	3,195,144	137,419	\$47,047	25,721	50,984	17,578	76,575	15,544	46,840	575		
Customer Service - Oktrict Offices														
Labor	1,767,000 Cust_rd	68,633	1,595,131	16,764	71,406	623	1,605	1,056	2,000	6,559	5,209	14		
Customer Service - Indirect Fleid														
Expenses	9,000 Curt_Avg	349	8,115	85	363	3	8	5	10	33	16	o	¢	6
Customer Service - Telephone Service	5,649,000 Clust_Avg	219,228	5,095,169	53 549	276,067	2,990	5,128	5,374	6,387	20,950	10,249	45	45	4,779
Field Services - Collections	312,000 Over60-Ool	5,620	305,930	67	342	٥	1							
field Services - Meter Investigating														
Unit (MRU)	161,000 MaterRead	4,521	136,617	2,432	13,115	276	605	219	761	\$73	524	4	3	1,349
VP Regulatory Compliance & Customer														
Programs - DRU	1,418,000 Cust_Ave	55,030	1,278,984	13,442	57,254	500	1,287	847	1,603	5,259	2,573	11	11	1,200
ABocator	Account903	721,185	20,675,755	510,913	2,441,562	39,768	87,079	28,470	93,761	70,078	73,714	674	104	32,915

Notes:

The Account903 allocator uses allocators from the COOSS to assign expenses to each Rate Class.

This allocator includes all accounts that are a part of FERC Account 903.

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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Account 908 Allocator

Description	Total, S Sub Alfocator	Residential	Residential	Commercial	Commercial	Industrial	industrial	Municipal	Municipal	PHA	PHA	NGVS Inte	emuplible	ভার/গ
- · · · ·		Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	Non-Heat	Heat	65	Rate 8	Non-Meat	Sales	
Marketing - Industrial/Major Accounts	574,000 Cust_ind					160,502	413,498							
Marketing - Industrial/Major Accounts														
Commercial Services Center	87,000 Cust_Ind					24,327	62,673							
Marketing - Marketing Services	1.510,000 Cust_xl	58,651	1,363,128	14,326	61,D21	532	1,372	903	1,709	5,605	2,742	12		
Marketing - Research	19,000 Cust_Avg	737	17,137	180	767	7	17	11	21	70	34	e	0	16
Marketing - Residential Sales	1,236,000 Cust_Res	50,987	1,185,013											
Marketing - Strategic initiatives	382,000 Cust_Avg	14,825	344,550	3,621	15,424	135	347	226	432	1,417	693	3	3	323
Marketing - Strategic Planning & Analysis	624,000 Cust_Avg	24,216	562,825	5,915	25,195	220	. 556	373	706	2,314	1,132	5	5.	. 528
Marketing - Technical Support	7,000 Cust_Avg	272	6,314	66	283	2	6	4	8	25	13	0	0	6
VP Regulatory Compliance & Customer Progra	1713													
· LIHEAP Program	1,037,000 Cust_Res	42,778	994,222											
Allecator	Account908	192,456	4,473,189	24,109	102,689	165,725	478,479	1,519	2,876	9,432	4,614	20	6	873

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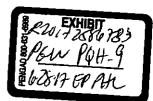
Notes:

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The Account908 ellocator uses ellocators from the CCOSS to assign expenses to each Rate Class

This allocator includes all accounts that are a part of FERC Account 908.

Exhibit PQH-9



Philadelphia Gas Works Aliocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-9: Proposed Delivery Charges

			Residential	Commercial	Industrial	PHA GS	Municipal/PHA	NGVS
COMPUTATION OF PROPOSED DELIVERY CHARGES								
Base Revenue at Current Rates	[1]		282,885,637	53,857,345	4,095,274	1,096,955	5,817,833	9,590
Proposed Increase	[2]		59,000,000	5,000,000	-400,000	400,000	500,000	0
Share of Increase	[3]		84%	7%	-1%	1%	1%	0%
Base Revenue with Proposed Increase	[4]	[1] + [2]	341,885,637	58,857,345	3,695,274	1,496,955	6,317,833	9,590
Number of Customers per Month	(5)		472,600	25,044	633	1,863	1,777	4
Customer-Months	[6]		5,671,204	300,532	7,596	22,356	21,329	48
Proposed Monthly Customer Charge, \$/month	[7]		18	27	75	18	27	35
Customer-Related Revenue	[8]	[6] x [7]	102,081,672	8,114,364	569,700	402,408	575,883	1,680
Current GPC Revenue	[9]		1,376,836	276,508	15,099	6,651	24,968	71
Current MFC Revenue	(10)		6,698,308	80,187	4,718	0	0	0
Current MFC and GPC Revenue	[11]	[9] + [10]	8,075,144	356,695	19,817	6,651	24,968	- 71
Left to Recover Via Delivery Charge	[12]	[4] - [8] - [11]	231,728,820	50,386,286	3,105,756	1,087,896	5,716,982	7,840
Firm Deliveries	[13]		34,420,905	10,458,219	815,242	166,265	1,496,852	6,109
Delivery Charge, \$/mcf	[14]	[12] / [13]	6.7322	4.8179	3.8096	6.5431	3.8193	1.2833
Change in GPC, \$/mcf	(15)		-0.0172	-0.0172	-0.0172	-0.0172	-0.0172	-0.0172
Change in MFC, \$/mcf	[16]		0.0219	0.0243	0.0098	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Net Change in GPC and MFC, \$/mcf	[17]	[15] + [16]	0.0047	0.0071	-0.0074	-0.0172	-0.0172	-0.0172
Delivery Charge Adjusted for Change in GPC and MFC, \$/mcf	[18]	(14) - [17]	6.7275	4.8108	3.8170	6.5603	3.8365	1.3005

Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-9A: Proposed Delivery Charges for Interruptible Transportation

		Total	ITA	ITB	ITC	пр	ITE	GTS	Supplier
COMPUTATION OF PROPOSED DELIVERY CHARG	រស្ត								
Revenue at Current Rates									
GTS Revenue	[1]	1,249,147						1,249,147	12,600
Interruptible Transport Revenue	[2]	10,928,669	991,699	1,156,780	1,466,634	2,343,002	4,970,553		
Total GTS/IT Revenue	[3]	12,190,416	991,699	1,156,780	1,466,634	2,343,002	4,970,553	1,249,147	12,600
Revenue with Proposed Increase									
Proposed Increase by Subclass	[4]	5,500,000	439,898	416,737	624,021	1,187,316	2,832,028		
Total GTS/IT Revenue with Proposed Increase	{5]	17,690,416	1,431,598	1,573,518	2,090,655	3,530,318	7,802,581	1,249,147	12,600
Proposed Rate Design									
Current Customer Charge	(6)		125	225	225	225	350		
Customer Months	[7]		1,260	1,284	1,164	936	300		
Customer Charge Revenue	[8]	1,023,900	157,500	288,900	261,900	210,600	105,000		
Left to Recover via Delivery Charge	[9]	15,404,769	1,274,098	1,284,618	1,828,755	3,319,718	7,697,581		
Deliveries, mcf	[10]		426,654	888,733	1,626,025	3,294,748	7,980,513		
Proposed Delivery Charge, \$/mcf	[11]		2.9863	1.4454	1.1247	1.0076	0.9645		
Current Delivery Charge, \$/mcf	[12]		1.88	0.91	0.71	0.63	0.61		
Percent Change	[13]		5 9%	59%	59%	59%	59%		

Sources and Notes:

Projected delivery volumes and customer counts provided by PGW.

Total ITA-ITE customer revenues are allocated to each subclass by the share of current revenue for each subclass.

[11]: [9] / [10]

Exhibit PQH-10

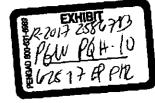
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Philadelphia Gas Works

Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-10: Computation of the Gas Procurement Charge

		Amount
Natural gas supply service, acquisition and management, and benefits, \$	[1]	503,587
Storage Gas Working Capital plus Cash Working Capital, \$	[2]	464,618
Total GPC Costs, \$	[3]	968,205
Annual firm sales service volumes, mcf	[4]	42,509,977
Gas Procurement Charge, \$/mcf	[5]	0.0228

Sources: [1]: PGW [2]: PGW [3]: [1] + [2] [4]: PGW

[5]: [3]/[4]

Exhibit PQH-11

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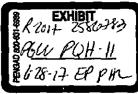
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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study -- Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-11: Computation of the Merchant Function Charge

		Total	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Municipal	РНА	interruptible Sales and GTS/IT
Non-gas revenue, \$	[1]	462,464,067	359,181,531	75,234,758	5,764,802	5,420,282	4,654,902	12,207,792
GCR revenue, \$	[2]	177,992,215	144,151,307	28,949,685	1,580,828	2,432,406	877,989	0
Total revenue, \$	[3]	640,456,282	503,332,838	104,184,443	7,345,629	7,852,687	5,532,891	12,207,792
Uncollectible Account 904, \$	[4]	16,494,951	15,924,430	546,617	23,904			•
Uncollectible Account 904 Share of Revenue, %	(5]		3.16%	0.52%	0.33%			
CRP Uncollectibles, \$	[6]	10,461,049						
Total Uncollectible, \$	[7]	26,956,000						
Adjustment Percent, %	(8)	163.42%						
Total Uncollectible Share of Revenue, %	[9]		5.17%	0.86%	0.53%			
Uncollectible GCR Expense, \$	[10]	-	7,453,009	248,215	8,407			
Annual firm sales service volumes, mcf	[11]	41,716,041	34,420,905	6,917,661	377,475			
Merchant Function Charge, \$/mcf	[12]		0.2165	0.0359	0.0223			

Sources:

[1]: [3] - [2] [2]-[3]: PGW [4]: PGW CCOSS [5]: (4] / [3] [7]: [4] + [6] [8]: [7] / [4] [9]: [5] x [8]

{10]: (9) x (2] [11]: FY 2018 Deliveries

[12]: [10] / (11]

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PGW St. No. 5-R

BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF

PHILIP Q. HANSER

ON BEHALF OF PHILADELPHIA GAS WORKS

Docket No. R-2017-2586783

Philadelphia Gas Works

General Rate Increase Request

Topics Addressed:

Cost of Service/Class Allocation

June 9, 2017

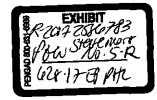


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IV.	COST TO SERVE THE GTS/IT CLASS AND THE RESULTING REVENUE ALLOCATION FOR THE GTS/IT CLASS	.10
V.	ALLOCATION OF THE PROPOSED REVENUE INCREASE	.13
VI.	OTHER COMMENTS RELATED TO THE CCOSS	.13
VII.	WEATHER NORMALIZATION	.14

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1 I.

INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY

- 2 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME.
- 3 A. My name is Philip Q. Hanser.

4 Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED IN THIS PROCEEDING?

- 5 A. Yes, I submitted direct testimony sponsoring Philadelphia Gas Works' ("PGW" or the
- 6 "Company") class cost of service study ("CCOSS"). The primary purpose of my
- 7 direct testimony was to describe the principles, methodology, and data used in the
- 8 company's CCOSS (the "Original CCOSS"). In my direct testimony I also provided a
- 9 recommendation regarding the appropriate level of "normal weather" for the purposes
- 10 of determining *pro forma* revenues.

11 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

- 12 A. In my rebuttal testimony I respond to the direct testimony of intervener witnesses, in
- 13 the following areas:
- 14 Customer-related costs and the appropriate customer charge.
- 15 The appropriate method for the allocation of mains-related costs.
- 16 The cost to serve and the corresponding revenue allocation for the GTS/IT class.
- The computation of the Merchant Function Charge ("MFC") and Gas
 Procurement Charge ("GPC").
- 19 Weather normalization method.

20 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE EXHIBITS THAT YOU ARE PRESENTING AS 21 PART OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY.

- 22 A. In my rebuttal testimony I present the following exhibits, which incorporate changes
- 23 to the MFC and GPC identified in the discovery process in this proceeding.

Exhibit PQH-9 (Revised)	Proposed Delivery Charges
Exhibit PQH-10 (Revised)	Computation of the Gas Procurement Charge
Exhibit PQH-11 (Revised)	Computation of the Merchant Function Charge

1Q.ARE YOU PRESENTING A NEW COST OF SERVICE STUDY AS PART OF2YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

3 No, I am not. The effect of the change in the MFC and GPC computation is relatively Α. 4 minor and is shown in Exhibit POH-9 (Revised). If required, I will present a revised 5 CCOSS based on the Commission's Order in this proceeding. 6 7 II. CUSTOMER-RELATED COSTS AND THE APPROPRIATE CUSTOMER 8 **CHARGE FOR EACH RATE CLASS** 9 **O**. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE OVERALL COMMENTS ON THE 10 **COMPUTATION OF CUSTOMER-RELATED COSTS AND THE PROPOSED CUSTOMER CHARGES.** 11

- 12 A. The Commission's Bureau of Investigation and Enforcement's ("I&E") witness Mr.
- 13 Apetoh (I&E St. 3) conducted what he described as a customer cost analysis that only
- 14 included what he defined as direct customer costs and indirect customer costs
- 15 previously approved by the Commission. While the results of Mr. Apetoh's analysis
- 16 show customer-related costs that are somewhat lower than those computed in my
- 17 Original CCOSS, the customer charges proposed by the Company are lower than the
- 18 customer-related costs computed by Mr. Apetoh on a per customer-month basis. That
- 19 is to say that, on a cost causation basis, PGW would be justified to propose customer
- 20 charges that are notably higher than the ones the Company is proposing.
- 21Pennsylvania Office of Consumer Advocate ("OCA") witness Mr. Mierzwa22(OCA St. 3) argues that the Company's proposed increase in residential customer
- 23 charges goes against the rate design principle of gradualism. OCA witness Mr. Colton
- 24 (OCA St. 4) contends that the proposed increase in the residential customer charge
- 25 places a disproportionate burden on low-income, disabled, and senior customers.

- 2 -

1		Philadelphia Industrial and Commercial Gas Users Group ("PICGUG")
2		witness Mr. Baudino (PICGUG St. 1) supports the notion that more revenues should
3		be collected via fixed charges.
4 5	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. APETOH'S APPROACH FOR THE COMPUTATION OF CUSTOMER-RELATED COSTS?
6	A.	Not entirely. Mr. Apetoh excludes a number of costs on the basis that they have not
7		previously been included by the Commission in the computation of customer-related
8		costs. I note that even if the Commission were to accept Mr. Apetoh's computation of
9		customer-related costs, the customer charges that would result are still higher than
10		those proposed by the Company.
11		While I do not wish to individually address each account that was excluded by
12		Mr. Apetoh, in my opinion this is an overly restrictive view. As cited by Mr. Apetoh,
13		the Pennsylvania Utility Commission v. Aqua Pennsylvania ¹ order states that portions
14		of indirect customer costs may be considered for inclusion in the computation of the
15		customer charge but that they should be evaluated on a case by case basis. I believe
16		that on an account by account basis the Commission's evaluation of the merits of
17		including additional indirect customer costs in the computation of customer charges
18		would support the CCOSS I submitted. In some cases, and after evaluation, the
19		Commission may find that it is appropriate to include certain indirect costs that have
20		not previously been included in the computation of the customer charge.
21 22 23	Q.	WHAT IS THE IMPACT OF MR. APETOH'S APPROACH TO THE COMPUTATION OF CUSTOMER-RELATED COSTS ON CUSTOMER CHARGES?

¹ Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission v. Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc., Docket No. R-00038805, Order entered August 5, 2004, p. 72.

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1 Α. Mr. Apetoh's customer cost analysis shows customer-related costs that are somewhat 2 lower than those computed in my Original CCOSS. However, the customer charges 3 that result from Mr. Apetoh's analysis are still higher than the customer charges 4 proposed by the Company for each Rate Class. I show this in Table 1 below.

5 6

Table 1: Comparison of I&E customer-related costs to Company proposed customer charges²

	I&E Customer- Related Costs	Company Proposed Customer Charge
Residential	30.87	18.00
Commercial	100.18	27.00
Industrial	317.67	75.00
PHA GS	30.33	18.00
Municipal / PHA (Rate 8)	162.37	27.00
NGVS	125.00	35.00
GTS/IT	393.53	125.00-350.00

7 8

DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. APETOH'S PROPOSED CUSTOMER Q. CHARGES FOR THE RESIDENTIAL CLASS? 9

I believe that Mr. Apetoh's proposal to increase the residential customer charge to 10 A.

11 \$15 per month is a step in the right direction. However, I would like to comment on a

12 number of statements made by Mr. Apetoh with which I do not fully agree.

- 13 First, Mr. Apetoh states that if the Company's recommendation were to be
- adopted, it would result in a higher customer charge for the residential class "than 14
- 15 appropriate." I take issue with this statement because the "appropriate" level of
- customer charges from a purely cost causation perspective equals the customer-16
- related costs allocated on a per customer-month basis. Even if the Commission 17
- considered it appropriate to exclude certain accounts as suggested by Mr. Apetoh, the 18

² I&E witness Apetoh does not report customer related costs for the Interruptible Sales Rate Class.

customer charges that are being proposed by the Company are notably lower than the
 customer-related costs on a per customer-month basis.

3 Second, Mr. Apetoh invokes the principle of gradualism as one of the reasons 4 for rejecting PGW's proposed increase in the residential customer charge. While I 5 support the notion of modifying rates on a gradual basis to avoid rate shock, I would 6 like to point out that PGW's customer charges have been fixed at the same, nominal, 7 level for many years. In the case of the residential class, for example, the customer charge of \$12 per month has been in place since 2001³. An increase of \$6 to be 8 9 implemented in 2018, as is requested by the Company, would imply an increase of 10 less than 2.6% per year. Had this increase been implemented on an annual basis it 11 would almost certainly conform to the principle of gradualism. 12 Third, Mr. Apetoh deems the proposed increases in residential customer 13 charges unreasonable on the basis that it is proportionately larger than the increase in 14 the usage rate. Increasing the customer charge by an amount that is proportionately 15 larger than the increase in the usage charge is appropriate if it helps to move towards

16 a rate structure that more accurately reflects cost causation.

17 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. MIERZWA ON THE DETERMINATION OF 18 THE RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMER CHARGE?

A. I do not. Similarly to Mr. Apetoh, Mr. Mierzwa invokes the principle of gradualism

- 20 to reject PGW's proposed increase in the residential customer charge. As noted,
- 21 PGW's residential customer charge has been fixed at \$12 per month since 2001. An
- increase of \$6 to be implemented in 2018, as is requested by the Company, would

19

³ Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission v. Philadelphia Gas Works, Docket Nos. R-00006042; R-00006042C0001 et al, Order entered October 4, 2001, Ordering par. 8.

1		imply an increase of less than 2.6%. Had this increase been implemented on an
2		annual basis it would almost certainly conform to the principle of gradualism. I will
3		again note that the customer charges that are being proposed by the Company are
4		notably lower than the customer-related costs on a per customer-month basis. Mr.
5		Mierzwa contends that a high fixed monthly customer charge is inconsistent with the
6		Commission's general goal of fostering energy conservation. Mr. Mierzwa claims
7		that as more revenue is collected through the fixed monthly charge, the less incentive
8		there is to conserve energy. However, Mr. Mierzwa provides no evidence to support
9		his contention that a higher fixed monthly charge will have a material impact on
10		customer's conservation efforts. Moreover, his claim does not evaluate the impact of
11		the \$6 increase in the charge proposed by PGW in this proceeding.
12 13	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. COLTON ON THE IMPACT THAT AN INCREASE IN THE CUSTOMER CHARGE WOULD HAVE ON CERTAIN
14		CUSTOMER GROUPS?
	A.	
14	A.	CUSTOMER GROUPS?
14 15	A.	CUSTOMER GROUPS? I do not. Mr. Colton's statement that the proposed increase in the residential customer
14 15 16	A.	CUSTOMER GROUPS? I do not. Mr. Colton's statement that the proposed increase in the residential customer charge places a disproportionate burden on low-income, disabled, and senior
14 15 16 17	A.	CUSTOMER GROUPS? I do not. Mr. Colton's statement that the proposed increase in the residential customer charge places a disproportionate burden on low-income, disabled, and senior customers is not accurate. Mr. Colton equates low-income with low consumption,
14 15 16 17 18	A.	CUSTOMER GROUPS? I do not. Mr. Colton's statement that the proposed increase in the residential customer charge places a disproportionate burden on low-income, disabled, and senior customers is not accurate. Mr. Colton equates low-income with low consumption, which is a notion that is not true in the case of PGW and has also found to be in error
14 15 16 17 18 19	А. Q.	CUSTOMER GROUPS? I do not. Mr. Colton's statement that the proposed increase in the residential customer charge places a disproportionate burden on low-income, disabled, and senior customers is not accurate. Mr. Colton equates low-income with low consumption, which is a notion that is not true in the case of PGW and has also found to be in error in other jurisdictions. This is discussed in greater detail by Company witness Peach in
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		 CUSTOMER GROUPS? I do not. Mr. Colton's statement that the proposed increase in the residential customer charge places a disproportionate burden on low-income, disabled, and senior customers is not accurate. Mr. Colton equates low-income with low consumption, which is a notion that is not true in the case of PGW and has also found to be in error in other jurisdictions. This is discussed in greater detail by Company witness Peach in PGW St. No. 11 at 23-24. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. BAUDINO THAT MORE COSTS SHOULD BE
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Q.	CUSTOMER GROUPS? I do not. Mr. Colton's statement that the proposed increase in the residential customer charge places a disproportionate burden on low-income, disabled, and senior customers is not accurate. Mr. Colton equates low-income with low consumption, which is a notion that is not true in the case of PGW and has also found to be in error in other jurisdictions. This is discussed in greater detail by Company witness Peach in PGW St. No. 11 at 23-24. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. BAUDINO THAT MORE COSTS SHOULD BE COLLECTED VIA THE FIXED MONTHLY CUSTOMER CHARGE?

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1		a rate structure that more accurately reflects cost causation. Accordingly, I would
2		support increasing the IT customer charge by the same percentage as the customer
3		charge increase approved for the Commercial and Industrial Rate Classes.
4		
5	III.	METHOD FOR THE ALLOCATION OF MAINS-RELATED COSTS
6 7	Q,	PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE OVERALL COMMENTS ON THE ALLOCATION OF MAINS-RELATED COSTS.
8	A,	I&E witness Mr. Apetoh and OCA witness Mr. Mierzwa disagree with the
9		Company's proposed classification of mains-related costs as 50 percent demand and
10		50 percent customer, often referred to as the demand/customer method. Instead, they
11		propose that distribution mains should be allocated 50 percent to the demand
12		classification and 50 percent to commodity, also known as the demand/commodity
13		method. As a result of their proposal, the amounts classified as demand would be
14		allocated based on a measure of peak demand, and the amounts classified as
15		commodity would be allocated on a volumetric basis.
16		PICGUG witness Mr. Baudino, however, agrees with the company's proposal
17		to classify mains-related costs using the demand/customer method.
18		Pennsylvania Office of Small Business Advocate ("OSBA") Mr. Knecht
19		(OSBA St. 1) recognizes the difficulty associated with determining cost causality
20		related to distribution mains, and that experts disagree when it comes to the method
21		used to allocate mains-related costs among different Rate Classes. However, Mr.
22		Knecht recognizes that the number of customers is a driver of mains-related
23		investment.

Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. APETOH AND MR. MIERZWA'S PROPOSED ALLOCATION OF MAINS-RELATED COSTS?

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- 7 -

1	A.	I do not. As discussed in my direct testimony, mains are used to connect customers
2		and are sized to meet the maximum level of demand by the customer. In their direct
3		testimony, both Mr. Apetoh and Mr. Mierzwa assert that distribution mains are sized
4		based on the loads placed upon them. These loads are captured in the portion that is
5		classified as demand. Because PGW has an obligation to reliably meet the demands
6		of customers at all times, the appropriate driver for deciding the size of mains
7		required to serve customers is the total demand placed at times of system peaks.
8 9	Q.	WHY IS IT NOT APPROPRIATE TO CLASSIFY MAINS-RELATED COSTS AS COMMODITY RELATED?
10	A.	Classifying mains as commodity related would necessitate that they are allocated
11		based on the volumes sold to, or delivered for, customers. Using volumes as a
12		measure to allocate mains-related costs shifts cost responsibility towards larger users,
13		but does not appropriately capture the variability in demand that PGW must consider
14		when planning and operating its system. The volume of gas transported in the system
15		is not what drives PGW's need for investment in distribution mains. Mr. Apetoh and
16		Mr. Mierzwa's statements that mains are sized to meet expected demand levels
17		support the notion that mains-related costs should be classified in such a way that
18		they are allocated based on a measure of peak demand, and not, as they propose, on a
19		volumetric basis.
20 21	Q.	WHY IS IT APPROPRIATE TO CLASSIFY MAINS-RELATED COSTS AS BOTH CUSTOMER AND DEMAND RELATED?
22	A.	Underlying the classification of costs into customer and demand components is the
23		notion that there is a minimally-sized system that must be built to meet the minimum
24		needs of a customer in a particular Rate Class. The amount classified as customer-
25		related is the portion of costs that would be incurred in order to serve that customer at

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- 8 -

1		that minimal level and any costs above that are considered to be driven by the need to
2		modify the connection or equipment in response to demand that exceeds the
3		customer's minimum requirements. As discussed in page nine of my direct testimony,
4		mains serve a dual purpose: (i) to connect customers and enable the customer to
5		receive a minimal level of service; and (ii) to provide adequate capacity for the
6		maximum demand level by the customer. It is appropriate to classify main-related
7		costs to both customer and demand, given the dual purpose they serve. Classifying a
8		portion of the cost of mains to demand allows for the use of a peak demand method in
9		the allocation step. Peak demand methods view cost responsibility as based on the
10		sizing of plant to reliably meet customer's needs. Since the utility is essentially the
11		sole supplier of distribution services, it must size its plant to be capable of reliably
12		meeting all of its customers' demands at all times.
		с. С
13 14 15	Q.	DO YOU AGREE THAT THE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS IN THE SYSTEM DOES NOT DRIVE THE REQUIRED INVESTMENT IN DISTRIBUTION MAINS?
14	Q. A.	DO YOU AGREE THAT THE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS IN THE SYSTEM DOES NOT DRIVE THE REQUIRED INVESTMENT IN DISTRIBUTION
14 15	-	DO YOU AGREE THAT THE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS IN THE SYSTEM DOES NOT DRIVE THE REQUIRED INVESTMENT IN DISTRIBUTION MAINS?
14 15 16	-	DO YOU AGREE THAT THE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS IN THE SYSTEM DOES NOT DRIVE THE REQUIRED INVESTMENT IN DISTRIBUTION MAINS? No. Just like the case in which if winter peak demand were to increase, the Company
14 15 16 17	-	DO YOU AGREE THAT THE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS IN THE SYSTEM DOES NOT DRIVE THE REQUIRED INVESTMENT IN DISTRIBUTION MAINS? No. Just like the case in which if winter peak demand were to increase, the Company may need to invest in expanding distribution mains capacity in order to meet this
14 15 16 17 18	-	DO YOU AGREE THAT THE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS IN THE SYSTEM DOES NOT DRIVE THE REQUIRED INVESTMENT IN DISTRIBUTION MAINS? No. Just like the case in which if winter peak demand were to increase, the Company may need to invest in expanding distribution mains capacity in order to meet this load, if the number of customers increases, it is possible that the Company may need
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A.	DO YOU AGREE THAT THE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS IN THE SYSTEM DOES NOT DRIVE THE REQUIRED INVESTMENT IN DISTRIBUTION MAINS? No. Just like the case in which if winter peak demand were to increase, the Company may need to invest in expanding distribution mains capacity in order to meet this load, if the number of customers increases, it is possible that the Company may need to expand distribution mains' capacities in order to serve additional customers. WHAT IS MR. KNECHT'S POSITION ON THE ALLOCATION OF MAINS-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	А. Q .	DO YOU AGREE THAT THE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS IN THE SYSTEM DOES NOT DRIVE THE REQUIRED INVESTMENT IN DISTRIBUTION MAINS? No. Just like the case in which if winter peak demand were to increase, the Company may need to invest in expanding distribution mains capacity in order to meet this load, if the number of customers increases, it is possible that the Company may need to expand distribution mains' capacities in order to serve additional customers. WHAT IS MR. KNECHT'S POSITION ON THE ALLOCATION OF MAINS- RELATED COSTS?
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	А. Q .	DO YOU AGREE THAT THE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS IN THE SYSTEM DOES NOT DRIVE THE REQUIRED INVESTMENT IN DISTRIBUTION MAINS? No. Just like the case in which if winter peak demand were to increase, the Company may need to invest in expanding distribution mains capacity in order to meet this load, if the number of customers increases, it is possible that the Company may need to expand distribution mains' capacities in order to serve additional customers. WHAT IS MR. KNECHT'S POSITION ON THE ALLOCATION OF MAINS- RELATED COSTS? Mr. Knecht recognizes the difficulty associated with determining cost causality

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1 needs to be installed to connect many small customers than to connect fewer large

- 2 customers.
- 3

4IV.COST TO SERVE THE GTS/IT CLASS AND THE RESULTING REVENUE5ALLOCATION FOR THE GTS/IT CLASS

6 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE OVERALL COMMENTS ON THE COST TO 7 SERVE THE GTS/IT CLASS AND THE CORRESPONDING ALLOCATION 8 OF THE REVENUE INCREASE.

9 A. In this section I address primarily the testimony of PICGUG witness Mr. Baudino, in

- 10 which he asserts that treating the GTS/IT Rate Class as a single class in my Original
- 11 CCOSS does not accurately reflect the cost responsibility of the GTS/IT class. His
- 12 claim that IT customers are subsidizing the GTS Rate Class by virtue of their
- 13 treatment as a combined class is simply not true, as explained below.

Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. BAUDINO'S ASSESSMENT THAT THE COMBINED CLASS RATE OF RETURN IS DUE TO THE INCLUSION OF GTS CUSTOMERS?

- 17 A. I do not. The rates paid by GTS customers (of which there were just three in the
- 18 COSS) are governed by bilateral contracts that reflect the characteristics of the GTS
- 19 customers, and their treatment as a combined class does not distort the results of the
- 20 CCOSS. Even if these Rate Classes were to be treated separately, the results of the
- 21 CCOSS would still reveal a significant revenue undercollection from the IT Rate
- 22 Class.
- 23 First, as noted, the GTS class is comprised of three customers for whom the
- 24 Company keeps separate accounts. One of these customers ceased operations in April
- 25 2017 and is, at the time of this writing, not expected to return. The GTS customers
- 26 that remain are not embedded inside PGW's distribution system in the same way as

1		other Rate IT distribution customers. As explained by Company witness Mr. Dybalski
2		in his rebuttal testimony, these GTS customers are served on a separate individual gas
3		main that was financed by those customers upon installation, and that is not part of
4		PGW's distribution system. Because these GTS customers are served on a separate
5		self-financed individual gas main, their distribution mains and supply costs are
6		directly assignable and, thus, they should not be assigned responsibility for
7		distribution system costs in the same way as other customers that receive service via
8		PGW's interconnected distribution system.
9		I currently lack the detailed data required to quantify the results of a CCOSS
10		that treats the GTS Rate Class separately from the IT Rate Class. I believe that such a
11		study would show that GTS customers impose limited mains-related costs on the
12		distribution system. The result would be quite similar to that presented in my Original
13		CCOSS and would demonstrate that Rate IT customers are not appropriately
14		contributing their share of system costs.
15 16 17	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. BAUDINO'S DEVELOPMENT OF A HYPOTHETICAL SCENARIO IN WHICH GTS CUSTOMERS ARE CHARGED SIMILAR RATES TO THOSE PAID BY IT CUSTOMERS?
18	A.	I do not, as this analysis is misguided. The rates of the GTS customers that remain in
19		PGW's system are governed by contracts and reflect the fact that these customers do
20		not receive service via PGW's interconnected distribution system, but rather are
21		served on a separate individual gas main that is not part of PGW's distribution
22		system. Thus, a hypothetical scenario that estimates the revenues and corresponding
23		rate of return that would result from the GTS class paying higher rates is not relevant.
24		A more appropriate measure is to consider the ratio of revenues obtained from
25-		each Rate Class and the costs that PGW incurs to serve each Rate Class. This simple

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1		equation (Revenues to COS = revenues / costs) provides a good measure of the extent
2		to which each class contributes to its cost responsibility. If we were to treat the IT
3		class separately from the GTS class, we would see that the numerator for the IT class
4		in the computation mentioned above would decrease by about 10%, which is the
5		contribution to revenue by the GTS class. The denominator, however, would remain
6		relatively unchanged for the IT Rate Class. This is because, as discussed above, the
7		GTS customers that will remain in PGW's system impose limited mains-related costs
8		on the distribution system. The result will be that the numerator decreases by about
9		10%, but the denominator stays relatively constant, continuing to exhibit a significant
10		level of undercollection for the IT Rate Class. The statement by Mr. Baudino that the
11		prices paid by GTS customers are responsible for the low rate of return of the
12		combined GTS/IT class is simply not correct.
13 14 15	Q.	DOES MR. BAUDINO ADDRESS THE ISSUE OF COST RESPONSIBILITY FOR IT CUSTOMERS WHO ARE EFFECTIVELY RECEIVING FIRM SERVICE?
16	A.	He does not. Mr. Baudino bases his entire argument on the notion that the treatment
17		of the GTS and IT as a combined class is responsible for the low rate of return metric
18		of the combined class. He does not, however, address the real issue, which is that
19		many large customers are receiving firm service at a steep discount and avoid a set of
20		other charges that apply to firm service customers. It would be more appropriate for
21		the rate paid by IT customers to better reflect the firm nature of the services that they
22		have received.

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1 V. <u>ALLOCATION OF THE PROPOSED REVENUE INCREASE</u>

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE REVENUE ALLOCATION PROPOSALS PRESENTED BY OTHER WITNESSES.

- 4 A. In Table 2 below I show the revenue allocation proposals of Mr. Apetoh, Mr.
- Baudino, Mr. Knecht, and Mr. Mierzwa, at the Company's requested increase of \$70
 million.
- 7

Table 2: Summary of Revenue Allocation Proposals

	PGW	BI&E	OCA	OSBA	PICGUG
Residential	59,000,000	53,562,000	53,175,000	59,000,000	63,000,000
Commercial	5,000,000	10,154,000	10,000,000	2,366,000	5,000,000
Industrial	(400,000)	926,000	910,000	170,000	(400,000)
PHA GS	400,000	263,000	265,000	270,000	400,000
Municipal / PHA (Rate 8)	500,000	2,520,000	2,200,000	1,610,000	500,000
NGVS	0	5,000	0	0	0
Interruptible Sales	0	0	0	0	0
GTS/IT	5,500,000	2,570,000	3,450,000	5,696,000	1,500,000
Total	70,000,000	70,000,000	70,000,000	69,112,000	70,000,000

- 8 9
- 10

11 VI. OTHER COMMENTS RELATED TO THE CCOSS

12 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODOLOGIES 13 USED BY MR. KNECHT IN HIS COST OF SERVICE STUDY?

14 A. I do not agree with all the assumptions and methodologies that Mr. Knecht uses in his

- 15 cost of service study, nor do I agree with what he describes as cost allocation issues
- 16 listed in section 4.6 of his rebuttal testimony. I do not wish to individually contest
- 17 them at this time, although I reserve the right to do so at a later time if one or more of
- 18 them were to become important in this proceeding.

19Q.DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. KNECHT'S COMMENTS RELATED TO THE20COMPUTATION OF THE MFC AND THE GPC?

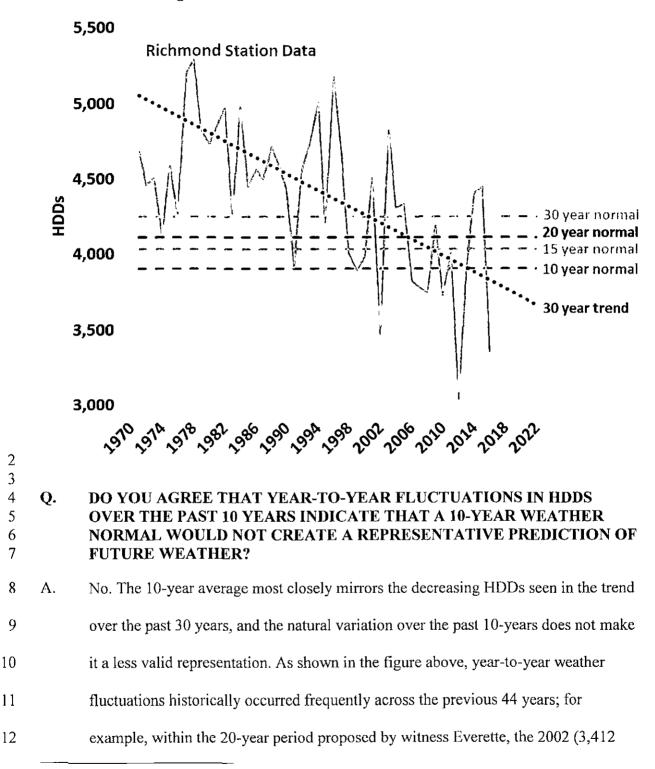
1	A.	I do. During the discovery process of the current proceeding, Mr. Knecht identified
2		one computational issue in my calculation of the Merchant Function Charge and one
3		in the computation of the Gas Procurement Charge. I include with this testimony
4		Exhibit PQH-10 (Revised) and Exhibit PQH-11 (Revised) with revised computations.
5		I note that these issues do not affect the results of the Original CCOSS, and have only
6		a small impact on the computation of rates as shows in Exhibit PQH-9 (Revised).
7		
8	VII.	WEATHER NORMALIZATION
9 10	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY OCA WITNESS EVERETTE DISAGREES WITH A 10-YEAR WEATHER NORMAL.
11	A.	OCA witness Everette (OCA St. 1) states that variations ("volatility") in the weather
12		over the past 10 years indicate that a 10-year normal may not be representative of
13		weather in the future. In support, witness Everette cites text from the Minnesota
14		Commission's approval of a 10-year weather normal, noting that an average based on
15		a fewer number of data points may be more susceptible to volatility (Everette direct
16		testimony page 9). She instead recommends the use of a 20-year weather normal.
17 18	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH THE RECOMMENDATION TO USE A 20-YEAR WEATHER NORMAL?
19	A.	No, the ideal weather normal is one that more accurately represents the current and
20		future heating degree days ("HDDs") in order to allow the company to plan and set
21		rates for the most likely conditions. ⁴ As shown in Figure 1 (page 28) in my direct
22		testimony, and modified below to include 15-year and 20-year normals, the use of a
23		30-year trended normal best approximates the recent climatic trends. Accordingly, the

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⁴ This is also noted in the Minnesota Commission's decision and cited by Witness Everette in her testimony on page 9, lines 19-25.

1	10-year normal is a reasonable second choice. The use of a 20-year normal would be
2	a less accurate representation of recent heating seasons and, if the trend from the past
3	30 years continues, would likely require PGW to over-forecast heating usage. ⁵ For the
4	most recent heating season, October 2016 through April 2017, 3,445 HDDs were
5	measured at Richmond Station. This is both below the 30-year trend prediction for
6	2016-17 and below the 10-year normal.

⁵ Systematic over forecasting of consumption would lead to artificially low volumetric-based rates, and customers would not receive the most direct economic signal with respect to usage and expected monthly billing.



⁶ The Richmond Station Heating Degree Day data was provided by PGW. The 30-year normal and 30year trended normal are based on the annual HDDs for 1986-2015. The 10-year normal is based on annual HDDs for 2006-2015. The annual HDDs corresponded PGW's fiscal year of September – August and included all months' HDDs.

1		HDDs) heating season had more than 1,000 HDDs fewer than either the 2001 (4,448
2		HDDs) or 2003 (4,789 HDDs) heating season.
3 4	Q.	HAVE YOU COMPILED A LIST OF OTHER UTILITIES THAT USE 10- YEAR WEATHER NORMALS?
5	Α.	Yes, in response to I&E set III, RS-28-D, I compiled lists of utilities which use 10-
6		year or 15-year weather normal for weather normalization. This group includes 12
7		utilities that use a 10-year average weather normal as well as 8 utilities that use
8		trended or rolling average weather normal. I have included my response to the above
9		referenced interrogatory as Exhibit PQH-12.
10	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

11 A. Yes.

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Exhibit PQH-9 (Revised)



Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-9: Proposed Delivery Charges

		Residential	Commercial	Industrial	PHA GS	Municipal/PHA	NGVS
COMPUTATION OF PROPOSED DELIVERY CHARGES			-				
Base Revenue at Current Rates	[1]	282,885,637	53,857,345	4,095,274	1,096,955	5,817,833	9,590
Proposed Increase	[2]	59,000,000	5,000,000	-400,000	400,000	500,000	0
Share of Increase	[3]	84%	7%	-1%	1%	1%	0%
Base Revenue with Proposed Increase	[4] [1] + [2]	341,885,637	58,857,345	3,695,274	1,496,955	6,317,833	9,590
Number of Customers per Month	[5]	472,600	25,044	633	1,863	1,777	4
Customer-Months	[6]	5,671,204	300,532	7,596	22,356	21,329	48
Proposed Monthly Customer Charge, \$/month	[7]	18	27	75	18	27	35
Customer-Related Revenue	[8] [6] x [7]	102,081,672	8,114,364	569,700	402,408	575,883	1,680
Current GPC Revenue	[9]	1,376,836	276,508	15,099	6,651	24,968	71
Current MFC Revenue	[10]	6,698,308	80,187	4,718	0	0	0
Current MFC and GPC Revenue	[11] [9] + [10]	8,075,144	356,695	19,817	6,651	24,968	71
Left to Recover Via Delivery Charge	[12] [4] - [8] - [11]	231,728,820	50,386,286	3,105,756	1,087,896	5,716,982	7,840
Firm Deliveries	[13]	34,420,905	10,458,219	815,242	166,265	1,496,852	6,109
Delivery Charge, \$/mcf	[14] [12]/[13]	6.7322	4.8179	3.8096	6.5431	3.8193	1.2833
Change in GPC, \$/mcf	[15]	-0.0214	-0.0214	-0.0214	-0.0214	-0.0214	-0.0214
Change in MFC, \$/mcf	[16]	-0.0371	0.0145	0.0037	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Net Change in GPC and MFC, \$/mcf	[17] [15] + [16]	-0.0585	-0.0069	-0.0177	-0.0214	-0.0214	-0.0214
Delivery Charge Adjusted for Change in GPC and MFC, \$/mcf	[18] [14] - [17]	6.7907	4.8248	3.8273	6.5646	3.8408	1.3047

Exhibit PQH-10 (Revised)



Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-10: Computation of the Gas Procurement Charge

[1]	324,602
[2]	464,618
3]	789,219
[4]	42,509,977
5]	0.0186
	[3] [4] [5]

Sources: [1]: PGW [2]: PGW [3]: [1] + [2] [4]: PGW [5]: [3]/[4]

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Exhibit PQH-11 (Revised)



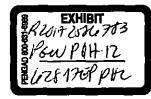
Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 Exhibit PQH-11: Computation of the Merchant Function Charge

		Total	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Municipal	РНА	Interruptible Sales and GTS/IT
Non-gas revenue, \$	[1]	462,464,067	359,181,531	75,234,758	5,764,802	5,420,282	4,654,902	12,207,792
GCR revenue, \$	[2]	177,992,215	144,151,307	28,949,685	1,580,828	2,432,406	877,989	0
Total revenue, \$	[3]	640,456,282	503,332,838	104,184,443	7,345,629	7,852,687	5,532,891	12,207,792
Uncollectible Account 904 at Current Rates, \$	[4]	16,494,951	15,924,430	546,617	23,904			
Uncollectible Account 904 Share of Revenue, %	[5]		3.16%	0.52%	0.33%			
Increase in Uncollectibles at Proposed Rates, \$	[6]	3,117,000						
Total Uncollectible, \$	[7]	19,611,951						
Adjustment Percent, %	[8]	118.90%						
Total Uncollectible Share of Revenue, %	[9]		3.76%	0.62%	0.39%			
Uncollectible GCR Expense, \$	[10]	-	5,422,468	180,590	6,116			
Annual firm sales service volumes, mcf	[11]	41,716,041	34,420,905	6,917,661	377,475			
Merchant Function Charge, \$/mcf	[12]		0.1575	0.0261	0.0162			

Sources:

[1]: [3] - [2] [2]-[3]: PGW [4]: PGW CCOSS [5]: [4] / [3] [7]: [4] + [6] [8]: [7] / [4] [9]: [5] × [8] [10]: [9] × [2] [11]: FY 2018 Deliveries [12]: [10] / [11]

Exhibit PQH-12



Response of Philadelphia Gas Works ("PGW") to the Interrogatories of the Bureau of Investigation & Enforcement ("I&E") Set III in Docket No. R-2017-2586783

Request: I&E RS-28-D	Reference PGW Volume II – Testimony & Exhibit. Reference the use of 10-year weather normal to calculate normal degree days to project proforma revenues discussed on PGW Statement No. 5, pages 27-29. Please provide the following:					
	A.	Is the City aware of any instances where the use of the 10-year weather normal average has been approved?				

B. If the response in part A above is affirmative, please provide the name of said utilities.

Response:

A. Yes, and I have provided the information in part B of this question.

B. Pike County Light and Power (Gas), in its last base rate case (R-2013-2397353), defined normal weather as the 10-year monthly average of heating degree days. In its prehearing memo, OCA generally noted that it would review the "sales forecast utilized by the Company in order to project future test year sales and revenues, including the proposed normalization of future year sales." But, it did not specifically mention the use of the 10-year monthly average. The original opposition to the 10-year average was not discussed in the Settlement Agreement, Recommended Decision or PUC Opinion and Order, and – importantly - those documents did not modify Pike County's original proposal.

I have identified an additional 12 utilities with commission approved use of ten-year weather normals shown in Figure 1 below; this set includes 9 natural gas or combined utilities and 3 electric utilities. I have also provided examples of seven additional utilities that endogenously incorporate weather trends. The first group uses rolling averages to compute normal weather; rolling averages incorporate trends in the weather by updating on an annual basis to include the most recent conditions. I have identified three utilities that have used commission approved 10year rolling average weather normals, one utility that with a 12-year rolling average weather normal and two utilities with a 15-year rolling average weather normal. The second group uses trended normal through the use of Hinge Fits. Hinge Fits are a statistical regression approach, which by their construction incorporate weather trends, and I have identified two utilities with commissions approved use of Hinge Fits.

In Figure 1, I identified PPL Electric utility as using commission approved 10-year weather normal because the PA PUC accepted PPL's use of a 10-year rolling weather normal as reasonable and accurate for Act 129 purposes. Among other things, Act 129 of 2008 (Act 129) requires an EDC with at least 100,000 customers to adopt an energy efficiency and conservation plan (EE&C plan), approved by the Commission, to reduce electric consumption by a specified

Response of Philadelphia Gas Works ("PGW") to the Interrogatories of the Bureau of Investigation & Enforcement ("I&E") Set III in Docket No. R-2017-2586783

percentage of its expected consumption, adjusted for weather and extraordinary loads.¹ Failure to achieve the required reductions in consumption may result in a penalty.²

Figure 1: Weather Normalization Approaches for a Select Set of Utilities

Entity	Weather Normal Horizon	industry
[1] CenterPoint (Minnesota)	10 year	Gas
[2] CenterPoint (Louisiana)	10 Year	Gas
[3] CenterPoint (Oklahoma)	10 Year	Gas
[4] CenterPoint (Mississippi)	10 Year	Gas
[5] Central Illinois Light Company (Illinois)	10 Year	Electric
[6] Chesapeake Utilities Corporation (Delaware)	10 Year	Gas
[7] Consolidated Edison Company (New York)	10 Year	Electric
[8] Northern Illinois Company (Illinois)	10 Year	Gas
[9] PPL Electric Utilities Corporation (Pennsylvania)	10 year	Electric
(10) Duke Energy (Ohio)	10 Year	Gas
[11] Vermont Gas (Vermont)	10 Year	Gas
[12] Orange and Rockland Utilities (New York)	10 Year	Gas
[13] Central Hudson Gas & Electric (New York)	10 Year rolling	Gas
[14] Entergy Gulf States (Louisiana)	10 Year rolling	Gas
[15] Black Hills/Nebraska Gas Utility Company (Nebraska)	10 Year rolling	Gas
(16) SourceGas (Nebraska, merged with Black Hills 2/12/2016)	12 Year rolling	Gas
[17] Michigan Consolidated (Michigan)	15 Year rolling	Gas
[18] SEMCO Energy (Michigan)	15 Year rolling	Gas
[19] Consumers Energy (Michigan)	Hinge Fit	Gas
[20] MidAmerican (Illinois)	Hinge Fit	Gas

Sources and Notes:

- 1. Direct Testimony of Mr. Craig Brown January 15, 2016, supported by Final Order November 9, 2016, Docket Number G-008/GR-15-424
- 2. CenterPoint Energy Louisiana Weather Normalization Adjustment Rider, Effective January 1, 2007
- 3. CenterPoint Energy Oklahoma Weather Normalization Adjustment Rider, Effective November 4, 2015
- 4. CenterPoint Energy Mississippi Weather Normalization Adjustment Rider, Effective 2012
- 5. Central Illinois Light Company d/b/a Ameren CILCO Proposed general increase in electric delivery service rates, November 2, 2007, Docket Number: 07-0585
- Delaware Public Service Commission Docket No. 09-398F; Order No. 7837 (September 7, 2010); 2010 Del. PSC LEXIS 85
- 7. State of New York Public Service Commission, Order Approving Electric, Gas, and Steam Rate Plans in Accord with Joint Proposal, February 21, 2014, Docket Number: 12-E-0030 et. Al.
- 8. Northern Illinois Gas Company d/b/a Nicor Gas Company Proposed general increase in natural gas rates. (Tariffs filed on November 4, 2004), Docket Number: 04-0779
- PPL Electric Utilities Corporation, Commission approved electricity consumption forecast for the period of June 1, 2019 - May 31, 2010
- Direct Testimony of Jose Merino on Behalf of Duke Energy Ohio, July 20, 2012, supported by Final Order November 13, 2013, Docket Number: 12-1685-GA-AIR
- 11. State of Vermont Public Service Board Final Order, August 21, 2012, Docket Number: 7843

¹ See 66 Pa.C.S. § 2806.1(c), (d).

² See 66 Pa.C.S. § 2806.1(f)(2).

PGW St. No. 5-SR

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BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF

PHILIP Q. HANSER

ON BEHALF OF PHILADELPHIA GAS WORKS

Docket No. R-2017-2586783

Philadelphia Gas Works

General Rate Increase Request

Topics Addressed:

Cost of Service/Class Allocation

June 22, 2017



{L0691139.1}

I Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME.

2 A. My name is Philip Q Hanser.

3	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED IN THIS PROCEEDING?
4	A.	Yes, I submitted direct testimony sponsoring Philadelphia Gas Works' ("PGW" or the
5		"Company") class cost of service study ("CCOSS"). I have also submitted rebuttal
6		testimony to address a number of issues raised in the direct testimony of non-
7		Company witnesses in this proceeding.
8 9	Q.	DO YOU HAVE ANY CONCERNS ABOUT THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY SUBMITTED BY THE OTHER PARTIES IN THIS PROCEEDING?
10	A.	Yes, I will respond to Messrs. Mierzwa, Knecht, and Baudino on some specific
11		issues. In particular, I will respond to Messrs. Mierzwa and Knecht on a cost
12		allocation issue, namely their opposition to the demand/customer split that we have
13		used. I will also respond to Mr. Knecht regarding an issue about the inclusion of
14		certain GTS customer volumes in my response to the OCA request OCA-VII-7. I will
15		respond to Mr. Baudino about the proposed allocation of costs to the IT customers.
16		Finally, I will respond to Mr. Mierzwa's computation of the rate of return.
17 18	Q.	ARE YOU PRESENTING A NEW COST OF SERVICE STUDY AS PART OF YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
19	A.	No, I am not.
20	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR CONCERN ABOUT MESSRS. MIERZWA AND KNECHT?
21	Α.	My concern is their advocacy for Peak and Average in the case of Mr. Mierzwa, and
22		Average and Excess in the case of Mr. Knecht for the allocation of mains accounts.
23		Specifically, neither the Peak and Average advocated by Mr. Mierzwa, nor the

1 Average and Excess Method advocated by Mr. Knecht provide the best representation 2 of cost causation for these accounts.

3 PLEASE EXPLAIN. **O**.

4 Α. I chose to use the Demand and Customer approach to allocating mains because these 5 two elements, demands and customers, best represent the cost drivers for mains 6 investments. PGW's mains investments are determined by the requirement to reliably 7 provide service to its customers. Clearly, then, mains investments are related to the 8 maximum levels of demands of customers and a proportion of those costs should be 9 allocated on the basis of customer demands. However, some portion of those mains 10 investments would occur merely if a customer wishes to connect to PGW's system 11 and have the option of obtaining some minimal level of gas to be delivered to her. 12 These investments are a function of the number of customers on the system and do 13 not vary with their demand. This serves as the rationale for using Demand and 14 Customers as an allocator.

15

PLEASE COMMENT ON THE PEAK AND AVERAGE ALLOCATOR AS Q. 16 PROPOSED BY MR. MIERZWA.

17 The Peak and Average allocator is a maximum demand and volume allocator. It is Α. 18 based on the rationale that the system is planned not only on reliably meeting the 19 system's maximum demands, but also on the average level of demand. That, however, creates an unnecessary redundancy. Any investment to meet maximum 20 21 demands must also meet the requirements for average demands since the average is 22 always less than or equal to the maximum. Peak and Average's sole justification is 23 that the cost allocation should account for the class's intensity of use and thus is 24 rooted in a fairness of apportionment argument, not cost causation. That will

1		inevitably translate into higher rates for the higher intensity of use classes, usually the
2	2	largest commercial and industrial customers. However, customers whose use is more
3	i	intense than others provide a benefit to lower intensity users through their relatively
4		larger contribution to fixed costs on a per unit basis. Using Peak and Average as an
5		allocator merely increases the transfer of costs between rate classes without a clear
6	•	cost causation basis.

Q. MR. MIERZWA ASSERTS THAT THE PGW'S OWN LINE EXTENSION POLICY UNDERMINES THE LOGIC OF USING DEMAND AND CUSTOMERS AS AN ALLOCATOR.¹ DO YOU AGREE?

No. Mr. Mierzwa misinterprets PGW's mains extension policy arguing it differs from 10 A. 11 that of electric distribution companies (EDCs). PGW's line extension policy is similar 12 to that of other gas utilities, which are also similar to that of EDCs. Both PGW's and 13 other gas utilities' mains extension policies, as well as those of the EDCs, have been 14 put into place to protect customers. The aim is to avoid PGW incurring extraordinary 15 costs for a portion of its customer costs which are then subsidized by other customers. 16 In particular, PGW seeks to avoid extraordinary costs for that portion of customer costs arising merely from connecting a customer to its system. If a customer wishes 17 18 service and it exceeds what PGW customarily incurs for connecting a customer, then 19 it will go to the customer and ask for a payment for the difference between its 20 customary connection costs and what is required to serve the customer. This avoids 21 the problem of cross-subsidization. The vast majority of the time this occurs for 22 customers wishing service at some distance from the system. The point of this is that

¹ OCA Statement No. 3-R at 4.

PGW recognizes in its mains' costs that some portion of those costs is strictly a
 function of the number of customers and not demand-related per se.

Q. WHAT ABOUT THE AVERAGE AND EXCESS ALLOCATOR SUGGESTED BY MR. KNECHT?

5 Α. The Average and Excess Demand allocator suffers from similar difficulties. The 6 Average and Excess Demand allocator begins with the premise that if every customer 7 class had the same average demand, then capacity costs would be uniformly spread 8 across the classes. Those customer classes that consume in excess of the average. 9 then, should be charged with the incremental costs of meeting their excess demands, 10 thus the name Average and Excess Demand. What matters for reliability purposes is a 11 class's contribution to maximum demands at the time the system is at or near a 12 maximum. However, if one follows the procedure of the AGA Handbook in 13 computing the Average and Excess Demand one will find that it suggests using not 14 the excess demands computed at the times of system peaks, but rather the class peaks 15 that do not coincide with the system's peaks. That is because if one applies the 16 formula using the class annual load factors as AGA suggests and bases the excess 17 demand on the class's peaks coincident with the system, one ends up with the class's maximum demand as the allocator.² Thus, the logic that drove the Average and 18 19 Excess Demand allocator leads back to the Demand allocator I used. It is only by 20 using demands that do not serve as a basis for driving costs that the Average and 21 Excess Demand allocator can be applied. As a result, this allocator does not have a 22 cost causation basis because non-coincident peak demands do not drive system costs.

² This issue has also been pointed out in the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioner's Electric Utility Cost Allocation Handbook at p50.

Q. DOES MR. KNECHT'S SUGGESTION OF USING A 50/50 SPLIT RESOLVE 1 **THE PROBLEM?** 2

3	A.	No, it does not. First, as I understand what he is suggesting, Mr. Knecht would follow
4		the AGA manual and use non-coincident peak demands, thus, continuing the logical
5		difficulty above, namely the lack of cost causation. Second, his use of the 50/50 split
6		instead of the annual system load factor is purely arbitrary, as he admits himself. ³ The
7		logic of using the annual load factor comes about because the load factor measures
8		the relationship between the average level of demand and the system's peak. Even
9		empirically the 50/50 split bears no relationship to PGW's load factor which over the
10		heating season is about 36% and only 27% over the entire year, a much smaller
11		number than Mr. Knecht's 50%.
12 13 14	Q.	WOULD YOU LIKE TO RESPOND TO MR. KNECHT'S COMMENTS ON THE PEAK AND AVERAGE SIMULATIONS PERFORMED IN RESPONSE TO OCA AND I&E REQUESTS?
15	A.	Yes. Mr. Knecht correctly identified an inconsistency related to the inclusion of
16		volumes that correspond to certain GTS customers for which mains costs are directly
17		assigned. This has been addressed since the submission of Mr. Knecht's rebuttal
18		testimony. In response to the Office of Consumer Advocate Request OCA-XVII-2 I
19		conducted a run of the COS study in which the costs associated with mains are
20		classified 50% to demand and 50% to commodity. See a summary of the results in
21		Exhibit PQH-13. The portion classified to demand is allocated based on design-day
22		mains and the portion classified to commodity is allocated based on throughput,
23		exclusive of the throughput of GTS customers B and C (per PGW St. No. 6-R, page
24		2, lines 11-14). In that response, I also updated Exhibits PQH-9, PQH-10, and PQH-

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OSBA Statement No. 1-R at 2.

1		11 to address one computational issue in my calculation of the Merchant Function
2		Charge and one in the computation of the Gas Procurement Charge, both identified
3		during discovery. No other changes were made relative to the original COS study.
4		I do note that a classification of mains as 50% demand and 50% commodity is not
5		appropriate, and that I submitted studies with such classification in response to
6		discovery requests. Such a classification implies that the costs in these accounts vary
7		with the amount of natural gas sold to, or transported for, customers.
8	Q.	DO YOU HAVE CONCERNS ABOUT MR. BAUDINO'S TESTIMONY?
9	A.	Yes. Mr. Baudino asserts that the suggested increase in rates proposed by PGW lacks
10		a basis in cost causation and, therefore, is inappropriate.
11	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN.
12	A.	Mr. Baudino argues that assigning mains related costs to interruptible customers on a
13		demand basis is not appropriate because they would likely be interrupted on the
14		design day. This is simply not correct because interruptibility does not affect
15		allocation of costs on the design day, as IT customers do make use of mains on the
16		design day as well as on other high use days. PGW avoids certain supply and storage
17		costs due to the fact that certain customers take service under Rate IT. This is
18		
		reflected in my Original CCOSS by the fact that the accounts that reflect the above
19		reflected in my Original CCOSS by the fact that the accounts that reflect the above referenced cost savings are allocated using the Design Day Supply allocator. This
19 20		

Furthermore, a reasonable argument can be made that in fact some portion of 21 supply and storage costs should be allocated to Rate IT customers. PGW's Tariff 22 provides that PGW has the right to interrupt Rate IT customers at the Company's sole 23

discretion.⁴ While IT customers plan for some minimum level of interruptibility, the
level of interruption to which PGW is entitled based on its tariff far exceeds the IT
customer's capability to manage their business beyond a certain level of interruption
frequency and duration. This means that there are bounds to the ability that PGW has
to actually interrupt customers, and for this reason, PGW includes Rate IT customers
in its supply and distribution system planning. This is further discussed by Company
witness Moser in his rebuttal testimony.⁵

8 Q. HAVE YOU DONE A COMPUTATION OF THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE 9 COMPANY RECOVERS THE COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH SERVING THE 10 IT RATE CLASS?

11 A. I have. Exhibit PQH-1 submitted with my Original CCOSS shows the revenue at

12 current rates, the Tariff Revenue Requirement allocated on a cost of service basis, and

13 the relative return for each Rate Class. Line [7] shows a significant level of under-

14 collection from the GTS/IT class, while line [3] shows a return on rate base below

15 1.00. These metrics reveal that the GTS/IT Rate class is costing the system more than

16 they are contributing in revenue. Mr. Baudino argues that the treatment of the GTS

17 and IT as a combined class is responsible for the low rate of return metric of the

18 combined class. I refute this notion in my rebuttal testimony, where I also discuss that

19 Mr. Baudino does not address the fact that many large IT customers are receiving

20 virtually firm service at a steep discount, and thus do not contribute their appropriate

21 share of costs.

See Philadelphia Gas Works Supplement No. 104 to Gas Service Tariff – Pa P.U.C. No. 2. Original Pg. No. 112. "The Company may curtail (reduce) or interrupt deliveries to the Customer whenever, at the Company's sole discretion, it determines that the available capacity in all or a portion of its system is projected to be insufficient to meet the requirements of all Customers or in the event a NGS fails to meet delivery obligations."

⁵ PGW Statement No. 7-R at 8-9.

1Q.DO YOU HAVE CONCERNS ABOUT MR. MIERZWA'S RATE OF RETURN2COMPUTATIONS?

A. Yes. Mr. Mierzwa's Rate of Return calculation⁶ is incorrect, both because it is based
upon an incorrect method of allocation of mains, and because it does not take risk into
account. Removing write offs from revenue by customer class in the rate of return
calculation develops a risk-reflective rate of return. In the following table, I show the
rate of return I calculated in my original filing based on the 50% customer/50%
demand mains allocation method, as well as the rate of return that results when write
offs are deducted from revenue.

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Table 1: Comparing Rates of Return

Class	Rate of Return	Rate of Return, reduced by Write Offs
Residential	3.7%	2.0%
Commercial	12.3%	12.0%
Industrial	12.9%	12.7%
PHA GS	3.9%	3.9%
Municipal/PHA	4.1%	4.1%
NGVS	13.4%	13.4%
Interruptible	-16.4%	-16.4%
GTS/IT	1.7%	1.7%
Total	4.7%	3.3%

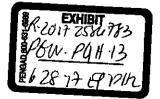
11

A. The result is a rate of return that is significantly lower for the Residential class, and
 only marginally lower for the Commercial and Industrial classes. This is explained by
 the fact that the residential class accounts for the majority of uncollectible amounts.
 DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

16 A. Yes.

⁶ OCA Statement No. 3-R at 2.

Exhibit PQH-13



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Philadelphia Gas Works Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 - OCA-XVII-2 Exhibit PQH-1: Summary of Allocation Results

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Dollars in Thousands		Total	Residentia!	Commercial	Industrial	PHA GS	Municipal/PHA	NGVS	Interruptible	GTS/IT
AT CURRENT RATES										공간적
Total Revenue	[1]	491,318	385,283	77,377	5,904	1,499	8,861	20	18	12,356
Share of Revenue, by Class	[2]	100.0%	78.4%	15.7%	1.2%	0.3%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%
Total Operating Expenses	[3]	435,418	333,351	66,363	5,261	1,305	9,007	21	35	20,075
Share of Operating Expenses, by Class	[4]	100.0%	76.6%	15.2%	1.2%	0.3%	2.1%	0.0%	0.0%	4.6%
Income Before Interest & Surplus	[5] [1] - [3]	55,899	51,932	11,014	643	194	(146)	(1)	(18)	(7,719)
Interest & Surplus	[6]	125,013	93,631	17,628	1,290	401	2,609	5	13	9,436
Current Revenue Over (Under) Requirements	[7] [5] - [6]	(69,114)	(41,699)	(6,614)	(647)	(207)	(2,755)	(6)	(31)	(17,155)
Total Revenue Requirement*	[8] [1]-[7]	560,431	426,982	83,991	6,551	1,706	11,616	26	49	29,511
Revenue Increase for Full Cost of Service	[9]	14.1%	11%	9%	11%	14%	31%	29%	175%	139%
Rate Base	[10]	1,188,371	890,055	167,567	12,264	3,809	24,800	50	126	89,699
Return on Rate Base Before Interest & Surplus	[11] [5]/[10]	4.7%	5.8%	6.6%	5.2%	5.1%	(0.6%)	(1.1%)	(14.0%)	(8.6%)
Relative Return	[12]	1.00	1.24	1.40	1.11	1.08	(0.13)	(0.24)	(2.98)	(1.83)
Revenues Relative to COS	[13] [1]/[8]	0.88	0.90	0.92	0.90	0.88	0.76	0.78	0.36	0.42
Relative to Total for all Classes	[14]	1.00	1.03	1.05	1.03	1.00	0.87	0.89	0.41	0.48
AFTER PROPOSED INCREASE						nyn og start	4			
Proposed Increase (decrease)	[15]	70,000	59,000	5,000	(400)	400	500	0	0	5,500
Share of Proposed Increase, by Class	[16]	100.0%	84.3%	7.1%	-0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	7.9%
Total Distribution Revenue with Increase	[17] [1] + [15]	561,318	444,283	82,377	5,504	1,899	9,361	20	18	17,856
Increase (Decrease) %	[18] [15] / [1]	14.2%	15.3%	6.5%	-6.8%	26.7%	5.6%	0.0%	0.0%	44.5%
Income Before Interest & Surplus	[19] [5] + [15]	125,899	110,932	16,014	243	594	354	(1)	(18)	(2,219)
Return on Rate Base Before Interest & Surplus	[20] [19]/[10]	10.6%	12.5%	9.6%	2.0%	15.6%	1.4%	(1.1%)	(14.0%)	(2.5%)
Relative Return	[21]	1.00	1.18	0.90	0.19	1.47	0.13	(0.11)	(1.32)	(0.23)
Revenues Relative to COS	[22] [17] / [8]	1.00	1.04	0.98	0.84	1.11	0.81	0.78	0.36	0.61
Relative to Total for all Classes	[23]	1.00	1.04	0.98	0.84	1.11	0.80	0.78	0.36	0.60

The Total Revenue Requirement is equal to the Tariff Revenue Requirement plus the revenues that PGW collects from customer installations, interest income, and certain LNG sales.

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Philadeiphia Gas Works

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Allocated Class COS Study — Fully Projected Future Test Year Ended August 31, 2018 - OCA-XVII-2 Exhibit PQH-2: Summary of Allocation Results by Functional Classification

Dollars in Thousands		Total	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	PHA GS	Municipal/PHA	NGVS	Interruptible	GTS/I
SUPPLY										
Demand Costs	[1]	26,025	19,572	4,658	344	91	775	1	1	584
Cammodity Costs	[2]	(2,484)	(2,023)	(406)	(22)	(10)	(37)	(0)	14	
Supply Total	[3]	23,542	17,548	4,252	322	81	739	1	15	584
STORAGE										
Demand Costs	[4]	29,490	22,190	5,435	402	105	916	1	1	44;
Storage Total	[5]	29,490	22,190	5,435	402	105	916	1	1	442
DISTRIBUTION										
Demand Costs	[6]	83,744	56,011	13,821	1,082	272	2,296	2	6	10,253
Commodity Costs	[7]	75,353	46,986	12,896	989	228	1,865	7	13	12,369
Customer Costs	[8]	110,725	93,377	10,570	778	329	1,665	4	10	3,993
Distribution Total	[9]	269,823	196,375	37,286	2,849	828	5,826	13	30	26,615
ONSITE										
Customer Costs	[10]	158,910	128,840	23,658	1,964	464	2,273	5		1,704
Onsite Total	[11]	158,910	128,840	23,658	1,964	464	2,273	5	3	1,704
USEC										
Customer USEC Costs	[12]	53,460	38,851	11,805	920	188	1,690	7	0	
USEC Total	[13]	53,460	38,851	11,805	920	188	1,690	7	0	(
TARIFF REVENUE REQUIREMENT										
Demand Costs	[14]	139,260	97,772	23,914	1,828	468	3,988	4	8	11,278
Commodity Costs	[15]	72,870	44,963	12,490	967	218	1,828	6	27	12,369
Customer Costs	[16]	269,636	222,217	a - 34,227,	2,742	793	3,938	··· 8	· 13 .	5,697
Customer USEC Costs	[17]	53,460	38,851	11,805	920	188	1,690	. 7	0	
Tariff Revenue Requirement	[18]	535,225	403,803	82,436	6,457	1,666	11,444	26	48	29,345
Customer Months	[19]	6,028,249	5,671,204	300,544	7,596	22,356	21,353	48	48	5,100
Customer-Related Costs, \$/month	·····		ີ ຄຸມວິດີ 39 18 - ຈ	W	360.92	35.45	184.41	176 51" 1	271.83	1 1 1 7 15

BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission	:	R-2017-2586783
Office of Consumer Advocate	:	C-2017-2592092
Office of Small Business Advocate	:	C-2017-2593497
Philadelphia Industrial & Commercial	;	
Gas Users Group	:	C-2017-2595147
William Dingfelder	:	C-2017-2593903
	:	
v .	:	
	:	
Philadelphia Gas Works	:	

VERIFIED STATEMENT

I, Philip Q. Hanser, hereby state that the facts set forth below are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief and I understand that the statements herein are made subject to the penalties of 18 Pa. C.S. § 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification to authorities).

- 1. I have submitted testimony in this proceeding on behalf of Philadelphia Gas Works and am authorized to make this statement on its behalf.
- 2. I prepared PGW St. No. 5 which includes Appendix A and Exhibits PQH-1, PQH-2, PQH-3, PQH-4, PQH-5, PQH-6, PQH-7A, PQH-7B, PQH-7C, PQH-8, PQH-9, PQH-10 and PQH-11 and was served on the parties in this proceeding on February 27, 2017.
- 3. I prepared PGW St. No. 5-R which includes Exhibits PQH-9 (Revised), PQH-10 (Revised), PQH-11 (Revised), and PQH-12 and was served on the parties in this proceeding on June 9, 2017.
- 4. I prepared PGW St. No. 5-SR which includes Exhibit PQH-13 and was served on the parties in this proceeding on June 22, 2017.
- 5. I do not have any corrections to any of this testimony.
- 6. If I were asked the same questions set forth in each of these statements today, my answers would be the same.

Date: June 26, 2017

Philip Q. Hanser