BURKE VULLO REILLY ROBERTS

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

1460 Wyoming Avenue Forty Fort, PA 18704 Phone (570) 288-6441 + Fax (570) 288-4598

> Formerly Burke & Burke Thomas F. Burke, Sr. (1932-1972)

JOSEPH L. VULLO ilvullo@byrrlaw.com

www.bvrrlaw.com

October 6, 2020

via Electronic Mail

Rosemary Chiavetta, Secretary Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission 400 North Street, 2nd Floor P.O. Box 3265 Harrisburg, PA 17105-3265

RE: <u>Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission v. Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania, Inc.</u>
Docket No. r-2020-3018835

Dear Secretary Chiavetta:

Per Administrative Law Judge Katrina L. Dunderdale's Post-Hearing Order issued on September 25, 2020, enclosed for electronic filing please find the following *Pre-Served Testimony and Verification of Community Action Association of Pennsylvania (CAAP)* witness in the above-captioned proceeding which were admitted into the record during the evidentiary hearing held in this case on September 24, 2020:

- CAAP Statement No. 1 the Direct Testimony of Susan A. Moore;
- CAAP Statement No. 1-R the Rebuttal Testimony of Susan A. Moore; and
- Verification of Susan A. Moore.

Copies of this letter are being served on the parties of record as evidenced in the attached Certificate of Service. Pursuant to the Commission's Emergency Order issued on March 20, 2020, and as indicated on the attached Certificate of Service, service on the parties was accomplished by email only.

Respectfully,

Joseph L. Vullo

JLV/jar encls.

cc: Certificate of Service

BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission

:

Docket No. R-2020-3018835

:

Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania, Inc.

v.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned certified that he served a copy of the CAAP Preserved Testimony Cover Letter upon the following participants this 6th day of October, 2020, via electronic mail:

The Honorable Katrina L. Dunderdale Administrative Law Judge Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission Piatt Place 301 5th Avenue, Suite 220 Pittsburgh, PA 15222 kdunderdal@pa.gov

Steven C. Gray
Office of Small Business Advocate
Forum Place
555 Walnut Street, 1st Floor
Harrisburg, PA 17101
sgray@pa.gov

Erika L. McLain, Esquire
PA Public Utility Commission
Bureau of Investigation & Enforcement
Commonwealth Keystone Building
400 North Street
Harrisburg, PA 17120
ermclain@pa.gov

Thomas J. Sniscak Whitney E. Snyder Hawke, McKeon & Sniscak 100 North Tenth Street Harrisburg, PA 17101 tjsniscak@hmslegal.com wesnyder@hmslegal.com Laura Antinucci, Esquire
Barrett Sheridan, Esquire
Darryl Lawrence, Esquire
Office of Consumer Advocate
555 Walnut Street
5th Floor – Forum Place
Harrisburg, PA 17101
dlawrence@paoca.org
lantinucci@paoca.org
bsheridan@paoca.org

Michael W. Hassell, Esquire Lindsay A. Berkstresser, Esquire Post & Schell, PC 12th Floor 17 North 2nd Street Harrisburg, PA 17101-1601 mhassell@postschell.com lberkstresser@postschell.com

Amy E. Hirakis, Esquire NiSource Corporate Services Company 800 North 3rd Street, Suite 204 Harrisburg, PA 17102 ahirakis@nisource.com

Meagan B. Moore, Esquire NiSource Corporate Services Company 121 Champion Way, Suite 100 Canonsburg, PA 15317 mbmoore@nisource.com John Sweet, Esquire Pennsylvania Utility Law Project 118 Locust Street Harrisburg, PA 17101 pulp@palegalaid.net

JOSEPH L. VUILO, ESQUIRE

I.D. No. 41279

1460 Wyoming Avenue

Forty Fort, PA 18704

(570) 288-6441

e-mail: jlvullo@bvrrlaw.com

Attorney for Community Action Association

of Pennsylvania

COMMUNITY ACTION ASSOCIATION OF PENNSYLVANIA

CAAP Statement No. 1

Direct Testimony of Susan A. Moore

In Re: Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission v. Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania, Inc.

Docket Number: R-2020-3018835

- Q. Please state your name, title, and business address.
- 2 A. My name is Susan A. Moore, Chief Executive Officer, Community Action Association of
- 3 Pennsylvania, 222 Pine Street, Harrisburg, PA 17101.

4

5

1

- Q. On whose behalf are you testifying?
- 6 A. The Community Action Association of Pennsylvania (CAAP), a statewide association of
- 7 local Community Action Agencies in Pennsylvania.

8

- Q. What is your relevant experience in this case before the Commission?
- 10 A. CAAP's membership covers each of the counties in the Company's service territory.
- 11 CAAP was incorporated in 1975 and, as an integral part of its mission, has advocated for the
- low-income population of Pennsylvania. I have been the CEO of this agency for eleven years.
- Prior to that, I worked as the CEO for The Florida Patient Safety Corporation, an organization
- dedicated to the continuous improvement of patient safety in Florida by serving as a learning and
- research organization, created and funded by the Florida Legislature in recognition of the need to
- improve patient safety and address skyrocketing liability insurance premiums in Florida. I also
- served on the Board of Directors for the Pennsylvania Hunger Action Center, an organization
- advocating against hunger insufficiency on a statewide basis. On behalf of our member agencies,
- 19 CAAP has intervened in numerous rate and restructuring cases before the PUC including
- Peoples' Natural Gas rate case (R-2012-2285985) as well as the rate cases of Duquesne Light
- 21 Company (R-2018-3000124) and PECO Energy Company (R-2018-3000164). CAAP also
- intervened in Columbia Gas' 2016 and 2018 rate cases. (R-2016-2529660, R-2018-2647577).

Q. What is the interest of CAAP in this proceeding?

A. The interest of CAAP in this proceeding is basically the same as it has been in those prior proceedings I mentioned above. Our general concern is the impact of the Company's proposals on low-income customers. We are concerned about the impact of the Company's proposed rate design on residential customers, particularly low-income customers and we are concerned with the proposed rate design's impact on the ability and motive of low-income customers to conserve energy. We are also in this case to address the availability, design and funding of the Company's low-income, or universal service programs. We want to ensure that the legislature's directive in the Natural Gas Customer Choice and Competition Act Gas Restructuring Act that universal service programs are 'appropriately funded and available' is followed.

Q. Apart from universal service, does CAAP take a position on whether the Company's rate increase should be granted?

A. I do not believe that CAAP has ever taken a position before in any rate cases regarding whether a requested rate increase should be granted. But these are extraordinary times due to the COVID-19 crisis. Pennsylvania Department of Labor statistics indicate that 1,907,863 people have filed for unemployment benefits between March 15 and July 12, 2020. Although most counties in Pennsylvania have resumed most economic activities there remains limits on significant sectors of our economy. There is also great economic uncertainty going forward with the increased spread of the virus in other parts of the country and the persistent presence of the virus in Pennsylvania. Further, although all are negatively impacted by this downtown, the virus and the resulting economics have particularly negatively impacted low-income people.

Based upon that, I do not believe that any rate increase should be granted. However, should a rate increase be granted it should be a condition of any rate increase that the Company be required to assist its most vulnerable rate payers.

Under the Company proposal a typical residential customer using an average of 70 therms per month will see their bill increase from \$87.57 to \$103.19, an increase of 17.84%. That is a significant increase under any economic conditions. Further, the Company has 404,910 residential customers and estimates that nearly 25% of them, or 97,268 are low-income. The effect of this increase on a significant portion of customers is compounded further by the Company's rate design proposals that lessen a residential customer's ability to reduce their bill through conservation.

Q. Please address those rate design issues?

A. Initially I want to address the Company's proposal to increase the fixed monthly customer charge for residential customers. The Company is proposing to increase the fixed monthly charge from \$16.75 to \$23, an increase of over 37%. CAAP opposes any increase to the fixed monthly customer charge and certainly opposes such a significant increase.

Q. Why does CAAP oppose an increase to the fixed monthly customer charge?

A. The more a consumer's bill is comprised of fixed charges, the less motive, and opportunity, the consumer has to reduce consumption and therefore save money. One of the only defenses a family, particularly a poor family, has against increases in energy costs is to conserve – lower the thermostat, seal air leaks, change filters regularly, add more insulation, get a more

https://www.uc.pa.gov/COVID-19/Pages/yC-Claim-Statistics.aspx

efficient heating unit, etc. The Company's proposal to increase that fixed cost would negatively impact a customer's motive to conserve and the ability to save money. For reasons explained below that negative impact on a customer's motive to conserve and the ability to save money would be compounded should the Company's proposed Revenue Normalization Adjustment (RNA) be approved.

Q. Turning now to rate design, do you support the Company's proposed Revenue

8 Normalization Adjustment Rider (RNA)?

A. I do not support the RNA for many of the same reasons why I oppose an increase to the fixed monthly customer charge-I believe that it will have a negative impact on a low-income customers' ability and motive to conserve. The RNA would allow the Company to recover revenue on a per customer basis and not on a usage basis and that would lessen a low-income customer's ability and motive to reduce their bill through conservation. Additionally, because of the 'lag time' in the adjustment to rates a customer would not see the connection between reducing consumption and a reduced bill. For example, a customer may see his bill increase due to a revenue normalization adjustment even after making efforts at conserving or after having conservation measures installed. Further, low usage residential customers would be in part subsidizing high usage residential customers and that would have a negative impact on low-income customers trying to reduce their bills through conservation efforts.

I do not believe that the Commission should allow an increase in rates, allow an increase in the fixed monthly customer charge and a change in rate design that impacts a customer's ability and motive to conserve. Should a rate increase be granted along with those changes in rate

design there should be an increase in universal service funding that would allow relief to low-1 2 income customers. For a typical residential customer, a 17% increase is substantial, but for a low-income customer, the effects can be dramatic. High utility costs are not the only challenge 3 for a poor person. Our members have been helping low-income people for years and know 4 firsthand that they face financial challenges on many fronts -- housing, energy costs, food and 5 health care -- and a dramatic increase in any of those areas can have a devastating impact. That 6 7 negative impact goes beyond just an increase in rates in this case because the increase in the fixed monthly charge makes it more difficult for a consumer to lessen the impact of an increase 8 in rates through conservation. The (RNA) has a similar impact. Accordingly, the company's 9 proposals in this proceeding should be accompanied by greater measures to help its low-income 10 customers deal with those proposals. 11

12

13

Turning now to universal service programs what issues would you like to address? Q.

I want to address the Company's low-income usage reduction program (LIURP), A. 14 WarmWise. Annual funding for WarmWise for the years 2020 and 2021 is set at \$4,875,000. 15 Pursuant to the settlement reached in its 2018 rate case the parties agreed not to propose any 16 increase in the LIURP budget prior to the end of the 2021 program year and CAAP will certainly 17

abide by that agreement.

However, for period beyond 2021 CAAP believes that should a rate increase be granted then more funding is needed to begin to address the great need for LIURP services in the Company's service territory.

22

23

21

18

19

20

Are there additional reason why is CAAP proposing increased funding for LIURP? Q.

A. We are proposing greater funding for LIURP because there is an unmet need for LIURP services. In its most recent Universal Service and Energy Conservation Plan filing (M-2018-2645401) the Company estimates that it serves 101,375 low-income households with 67.659 confirmed as low-income. In discovery responses in this case the Company estimates that it serves 97,268 low-income households with 68,534 confirmed as low-income as of May 2020. In its USECP the Company estimated that there were 18,647 households eligible for LIURP services. The Company completed 497 LIURP jobs in 2019 and 94 jobs from January to March 2020.

This combination of over 18,000 customers eligible for LIURP and what may be a significant rate increase, requires an increase in LIURP funding. Further, the current level of LIURP funding did not account for this anticipated rate increase.

Q: Do you have any recommendations regarding the funding level for LIURP?

A: Yes. With over 18,000 customers in need of LIURP services it is clear that there is a great need for those services. I am recommending that should a rate increase be granted then the number of customers served annually be increased from the 540 targeted to 600 and with an average LIURP cost of approximately \$7,000, I am recommending additional annual LIURP funding of \$420,000 beginning in the 2022 program year.

Q: Do you have any other recommendations regarding the LIURP program?

A: Yes. The increased funding for LIURP and the increased number of households targeted represents a need to 'ramp up' the LIURP program. CAAP believes that there will be a need for more partnerships with agencies experienced in the providing of services to poor people,

1 including weatherization services. Our member agencies have the expertise in developing and 2 operating programs that benefit people and communities. These organizations serve thousands of 3 low income and disadvantaged members of the community; they have direct knowledge of the 4 barriers and impediments to self-sufficiency, and continually innovate and evolve the service 5 delivery system to better meet the needs of the population they serve. Community based 6 organizations are governed by volunteer Boards of Directors; accountable to the communities they serve, and are not conflicted by a duty to shareholders and investors. The focus and active 7 experience of community-based organizations make them singularly suited to speak for the needs 8 of the community. As such, the development and evolution of these programs should occur on a 9 10 community level, by organizations that are experienced in these programs not on a utility staff level. These are "people" programs and community based organizations are best qualified to 11 implement them. I am recommending that the Company partner with our member agencies in the 12 administration and implementation of its LIURP program. Our member agencies are located 13 throughout the Company's service territory, have experience in the administration and 14 implementation of LIURP programs and are needed because of the expansion of the Company's 15 LIURP funding. 16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

Q. Are there any other universal service topics that you want to address?

A. Yes. CAAP recommends that the Company's hardship fund be increased from \$675,000 to \$800,000 annually with the Company contributing what is necessary to reach that funding level after customer contributions. Although modest in comparison to other universal service funding, the proposal will help customers deal with a rate increase in these difficult economic times.

1		I also	recommend that hardship funding be distributed in accordance with the percentage
2	of low-income customers in the counties served by the Company.		
3			
4			
5			
6	Q.	Can	you please summarize your recommendations?
7	A.	Yes.	CAAP is recommending the following:
8		1.	That the Company's request for a rate increase be denied;
9		2.	That the Company's request to increase its fixed residential monthly customer
10	charge be denied;		
11		3.	Should a rate increase be granted that annual funding for LIURP be increased
12	begin	ning in	program year 2022 to \$5,295,000 annually and that any unused funds be carried
13	over a	ınd add	led to the following year's funding;
L 4		4.	That the Company partner with member agencies of the Community Action
1.5	Assoc	iation	of Pennsylvania in the development, implementation and administration of its
16	LIURP program;		
L 7		5.	That the Company's funding for its Hardship program be increased to \$800,000
18	and distributed in accordance with the percentage of low-income customers in the counties		
L 9	serve	d by the	e Company; and
20		6.	That the Company's RNA proposal be denied.
21			
22			
23	Q.	Does	this conclude your testimony?

A. Yes

BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission

•

v. : Docket No. R-2020-3018835

:

Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania, Inc.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned certified that he served a copy of the foregoing Community Action Association of Pennsylvania's CAAP Statement No. 1 – Direct Testimony of Susan A. Moore upon the following participants this 28th day of July, 2020, via electronic mail:

The Honorable Katrina L. Dunderdale Administrative Law Judge Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission Piatt Place 301 5th Avenue, Suite 220 Pittsburgh, PA 15222 kdunderdal@pa.gov

Daniel G. Asmus Office of Small Business Advocate Forum Place 555 Walnut Street, 1st Floor Harrisburg, PA 17101 dasmus@pa.gov

Erika L. McLain, Esquire PA Public Utility Commission Bureau of Investigation & Enforcement Commonwealth Keystone Building 400 North Street Harrisburg, PA 17120 ermclain@pa.gov

Thomas J. Sniscak Whitney E. Snyder Hawke, McKeon & Sniscak 100 North Tenth Street Harrisburg, PA 17101 tjsniscak@hmslegal.com wesnyder@hmslegal.com Laura Anbtinucci, Esquire Barrett Sheridan, Esquire Darryl Lawrence, Esquire Christy Appleby, Esquire Office of Consumer Advocate 555 Walnut Street 5th Floor – Forum Place

5th Floor – Forum Plac Harrisburg, PA 17101 dlawrence@paoca.org lantinucci@paoca.org bsheridan@paoca.org cappleby@paoca.org

Michael W. Hassell, Esquire Post & Schell, PC 12th Floor 17 North 2nd Street Harrisburg, PA 17101-1601 mhassell@postschell.com

Amy E. Hirakis, Esquire
NiSource Corporate Services Company
800 North 3rd Street, Suite 204
Harrisburg, PA 17102
ahirakis@nisource.com

Meagan B. Moore, Esquire
NiSource Corporate Services Company
121 Champion Way, Suite 100
Canonsburg, PA 15317
mbmoore@nisource.com

Elizabeth R. Marx, Esquire Ria M. Pereira, Esquire John Sweet, Esquire Pennsylvania Utility Law Project 118 Locust Street Harrisburg, PA 17101 emarxpulp@palegalaid.net

Charis Mincavage, Esquire
Kenneth R. Stark, Esquire
McNees Wallace & Nurick, LLC
100 Pine Street
P.O. Box 1166
Harrisburg, PA 17108-1166
cmincavage@mcneeslaw.com
kstark@mcneedslaw.com

Dr. Richard Collins
440 Monmouth Drive
Cranberry Township, PA 16066-5756
richardcollins@consolidated.net

Ionut R. Ilie 255 McBath Street State College, PA 16801 Ionut.john.ilie@gmail.com

JOSEPH L. VULLO, ESQUIRE

I.D. No. 41279

1460 Wyoming Avenue Forty Fort, A 18704

(570) 288-6441

e-mail: jlvullo@aol.com

Attorney for Community Action Association

of Pennsylvania

COMMUNITY ACTION ASSOCIATION OF PENNSYLVANIA

CAAP Statement No. 1-R

Rebuttal Testimony of Susan A. Moore

In Re: Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission v. Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania, Inc.

Docket Number: R-2020-3018835

- Q. Please state your name, title, and business address.
- 2 A. My name is Susan A. Moore, Chief Executive Officer, Community Action Association of
- Pennsylvania, 222 Pine Street, Harrisburg, PA 17101.

4

1

- 5 Q. Have you submitted direct testimony in this case?
- 6 A. Yes. I submitted direct testimony, CAAP Statement No. 1.

7

- 8 Q. What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
- 9 A. In my direct testimony I opposed a rate increase in this case. However, I also stated that
- should a rate increase be granted that it should be a condition of any rate increase that measures
- be required to help low-income customers address that rate increase. The purpose of my rebuttal
- testimony is to support certain measures that have been recommended in the testimony offered by
- other parties in this case.

14

15

- Q. What recommendations would you like to address?
- 16 A. Initially, The Coalition for Affordable Utility Services and Energy Efficiency in
- Pennsylvania submitted CAUSE-PA Statement No. 1, the direct testimony of Michell Miller. Mr.
- Miller also opposes this rate increase but recommended that should this increase be granted that
- certain measure be enacted to alleviate the impact of a rate increase. One such recommendation
- was to increase the LIURP Health and Safety Pilot Program budget by \$600,000 per year and to
- extend the program until 2023. I support that recommendation.

- 1 Q. Why do you support Mr. Miller's recommendation to increase the LIURP Health
- and Safety Pilot Program budget by \$600,000 per year?
- 3 A. Because I agree with Mr. Miller that oftentimes LIURP services must be deferred for
- issues related to substandard housing. When those dangerous issues are present it is to everyone's
- 5 benefit to address those issues and to allow those low-income customers to obtain the benefit of
- 6 LIURP measures. The impact of any rate increase in this case would be particularly difficult for
- those high usage low-income customers living in efficient homes; Mr. Miller's recommendation
- 8 to increase the LIURP Health and Safety Pilot Program budget by \$600,000 per year and to
- 9 extend the program would help alleviate any rate increase for those low-income customers.

10

- 11 Q. Are there other recommendations that you want to address here?
- A. Both the Office of Consumer Advocate, through the testimony of Roger D. Colton (OCA
- Statement No. 5) and CAUSE, through Mr. Miller, recommend that universal costs be borne by
- all rate classes and not just the residential class. I support those recommendations.
- O. Why do you support the recommendations that universal service costs be spread
- among the rate classes?
- A. Because I believe, as those witnesses do, that low-income customers struggling to pay
- their utility bills is not just a 'residential class' problem; but that all ratepayers benefit from rates
- that are affordable for all classes. Further, the burden of universal service costs on just the
- 20 residential class may lead to more ratepayers who are not low-income struggling to meet their
- 21 utility costs.

1	Q.	Should your support of the above described recommendations be taken as your non-		
2	support for other recommendations?			
3	A.	No. I have simply chosen to address those two recommendations without addressing		
4	others.			
5				
6	Q.	Does this conclude your testimony?		
7	A.	Yes.		
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				

BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission :

:

v. : Docket No. R-2020-3018835

:

Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania, Inc.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned certified that he served a copy of the foregoing Community Action Association of Pennsylvania's CAAP Statement No. 1-R – Rebuttal Testimony of Susan A. Moore upon the following participants this 26th day of August, 2020, via electronic mail:

The Honorable Katrina L. Dunderdale Administrative Law Judge Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission Piatt Place 301 5th Avenue, Suite 220 Pittsburgh, PA 15222 kdunderdal@pa.gov

Daniel G. Asmus
Office of Small Business Advocate
Forum Place
555 Walnut Street, 1st Floor
Harrisburg, PA 17101
dasmus@pa.gov

Erika L. McLain, Esquire
PA Public Utility Commission
Bureau of Investigation & Enforcement
Commonwealth Keystone Building
400 North Street
Harrisburg, PA 17120
ermclain@pa.gov

Thomas J. Sniscak Whitney E. Snyder Hawke, McKeon & Sniscak 100 North Tenth Street Harrisburg, PA 17101 tjsniscak@hmslegal.com wesnyder@hmslegal.com Laura Antinucci, Esquire
Barrett Sheridan, Esquire
Darryl Lawrence, Esquire
Christy Appleby, Esquire
Office of Consumer Advocate
555 Walnut Street
5th Floor – Forum Place
Harrisburg, PA 17101
dlawrence@paoca.org
lantinucci@paoca.org
bsheridan@paoca.org
cappleby@paoca.org

Michael W. Hassell, Esquire Post & Schell, PC 12th Floor 17 North 2nd Street Harrisburg, PA 17101-1601 mhassell@postschell.com

Amy E. Hirakis, Esquire NiSource Corporate Services Company 800 North 3rd Street, Suite 204 Harrisburg, PA 17102 ahirakis@nisource.com

Meagan B. Moore, Esquire NiSource Corporate Services Company 121 Champion Way, Suite 100 Canonsburg, PA 15317 mbmoore@nisource.com Elizabeth R. Marx, Esquire Ria M. Pereira, Esquire John Sweet, Esquire Pennsylvania Utility Law Project 118 Locust Street Harrisburg, PA 17101 emarxpulp@palegalaid.net

Charis Mincavage, Esquire
Kenneth R. Stark, Esquire
McNees Wallace & Nurick, LLC
100 Pine Street
P.O. Box 1166
Harrisburg, PA 17108-1166
cmincavage@mcneeslaw.com
kstark@mcneedslaw.com

Dr. Richard Collins 440 Monmouth Drive Cranberry Township, PA 16066-5756 richardcollins@consolidated.net

Ionut R. Ilie 255 McBath Street State College, PA 16801 Ionut.john.ilie@gmail.com

s/ JOSEPH L. VULLO

JOSEPH L. VULLO, ESQUIRE
I.D. No. 41279
1460 Wyoming Avenue
Forty Fort, PA 18704
(570) 288-6441
e-mail: jlvullo@bvrrlaw.com
Attorney for Community Action Association
of Pennsylvania

VERIFICATION

- I, SUSAN A. MOORE, hereby state and verify the following:
- 1. I am the Executive Director of Community Action Association of Pennsylvania.
- 2. I have submitted in this proceeding, through counsel, written direct testimony, CAAP Statement No. 1 and rebuttal testimony, CAAP Statement 1-R.
- 3. In lieu of my appearance at hearing in this matter, I am offering CAAP Statement No. 1 and CAAP Statement 1-R into evidence at hearing through the statements set forth in this Verification.
- 4. If I were called to testify at hearing, the answers to the questions I gave in those Statements would be the answers given by me at hearing in response to those same questions.
- 5. The facts set forth in my answers contained in CAAP Statement No. 1 CAAP and CAAP Statement 1-R are true and correct and represent my answers to those questions.
- 6. There are no additions, corrections or deletions I would propose to CAAP Statement No. 1 or CAAP Statement 1-R.

SUSAN A. MOORE

Date: September 23_, 2020