

Exhibit B-8

**COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
BUREAU OF SAFE DRINKING WATER
PLANNING AND CONSERVATION DIVISION**

**Primary Facility Report for CONNEAUT LAKE PARK INC (19093)
REPORT FOR CALENDAR YEAR JAN 1 TO DEC 31, 2019**

Client: CONNEAUT LAKE PARK INC

PRIMARY FACILITY NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS

Name and Address:	CONNEAUT LAKE PARK INC 12382 CENTER ST CONNEAUT LAKE, PA 16316-4804
Contact Information:	CHRISTOPHER R GREENBERG OPERATOR
Phone:	724-376-7013
Facility e-mail:	GREENC3458@YAHOO.COM

PEAK DAY WATER USE FOR REPORT YEAR 2019

Date:	05/24/2019 (mm/dd/yyyy)
Gallons Per Day:	186,181

MINIMUM DAY WATER USE FOR REPORT YEAR 2019

Date:	01/08/2019 (mm/dd/yyyy)
Gallons Per Day:	0

POPULATION SERVED

Population Served:	250
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AVERAGE DAILY WATER USE

<u>Type</u>	<u>Metered Connections</u>		<u>Unmetered Connections</u>	
	<u>Number</u>	<u>Water Use (GPD)</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Water Use (GPD)</u>
Domestic	0	0	185	21,348
Commercial	0	0	15	18,366
Industrial	0	0	0	0
Institutional	0	0	0	0
Bulk Sales to other PWS	0	0	0	0
Oil and Gas	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	1	6,201
Water Losses				1,420
Total	0	0	201	47,335
Explain 'Other' Connections:	Hydrant Flushing			

BREAKDOWN OF WATER LOSSES FOR THE SYSTEM

Type	Water Use (GPD)
Apparent Losses	1,420
Real Losses	0
Total Water Losses	1,420

PRESENT NUMBER OF CONNECTIONS SERVED

Municipality Name	Present Number of Connections						% Pop Served	Multiple Unit Connections	
	Dom	Comm	Ind	Inst	Oil Gas	Other		No. Conn	No. Units
SADSBURY TWP (CRAWFORD)	63	1	0	0	0	0	34	64	64

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PRESENT NUMBER OF CONNECTIONS SERVED

Municipality Name	Present Number of Connections						% Pop Served	Multiple Unit Connections	
	Dom	Comm	Ind	Inst	Oil Gas	Other		No. Conn	No. Units
SUMMIT TWP (CRAWFORD)	122	14	0	0	0	1	66	138	138
TOTAL	185	15	0	0	0	1		202	202

METERING, WATER CONSERVATION AND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

What is the average age of existing meters?	3 Years
Are you currently installing meters at new connections?	YES
Are you currently installing meters at unmetered connections?	NO
Is there an active meter replacement program for your water system?	NO
How many meters did you replace during the report year?	0
Did you provide water conservation information to your customers during the report year?	NO
What is the type, size (inches), and length of new pipe installed as an extension to your present system during the report year?	
What is the frequency of flushing the distribution system during the past year?	12
Did you work your hydrants during the report year?	YES
Did you work the valves in the system during the report year?	YES
Does your system have an active leak detection program?	NO
What type of equipment or methods do you use for leak detection?	
Does your system have a cross-connection control program?	NO
Has the water pressure been inadequate in any part of the system?	NO
If yes, explain	
Service Area Boundary Map: The box contains the date of the latest submitted service area boundary map for your system. If this date is older than 5 years, blank, or there has been a change in the area since then, please use the online service area boundary mapping tool to review and submit a current map. (See Instructions)	01/01/2003
Describe major system changes such as purchases and transfers:	

REPORT CONTACT INFORMATION

Report Preparer:	CHRISTOPHER GREENBERG CONNEAUT LAKE PARK INC 2405 GEORGETOWN RD. SANDY LAKE, PA 16145 Phone: (724)376-7013 Email Address: GREENC3458@YAHOO.COM
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2018 ANNUAL DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT

PWSID #: 6200018 NAME: Conneaut Lake Park

Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, ó hable con alguien que lo entienda. (This report contains important information about your drinking water. Have someone translate it for you, or speak with someone who understands it.)

WATER SYSTEM INFORMATION:

This report shows our water quality and what it means. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Chris Greenberg at (724)376-7013. We want you to be informed about your water supply.

Although Conneaut Lake Park does not hold meetings concerning our drinking water, we welcome any questions or comments from our customers. You may contact us at 789 Bessemer St., Meadville, PA 16335, between the hours of 8am and 5pm or call 814-333-2299.

SOURCE(S) OF WATER:

Our water source(s) are:

Our water comes from main water wells Number 1 and Number 2, located at the North end of Conneaut Lake Park, adjacent to the Fish Commission on Henry Street. This report shows our water quality and what it means.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the *Safe Drinking Water Hotline* (800-426-4791).

MONITORING YOUR WATER:

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to federal and state laws. The following tables show the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2018. The State allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data is from prior years in accordance with the Safe Drinking Water Act. The date has been noted on the sampling results table.

DEFINITIONS:

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Minimum Residual Disinfectant Level (MinRDL) - The minimum level of residual disinfectant required at the entry point to the distribution system.

Level 1 Assessment – A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment – A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an *E. coli* MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Mrem/year = millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

ppm = parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

pCi/L = picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

ppq = parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter

ppb = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)

ppt = parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter

DETECTED SAMPLE RESULTS:

Chemical Contaminants								
Contaminant	MCL in CCR Units	MCLG	Level Detected	Range of Detections	Units	Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Arsenic	10	0	2.1	1.2-2.1	ppb	2018	N	Erosion of Natural Deposits
Chlorine	4	4	.49	.49-1.28	ppm	2018	N	Water Additive used to Control Microbes
Barium	2	2	.15	.15	ppm	2018	N	Erosion of Naural Deposits
Flouride	2	2	.1	.1	ppm	2018	N	Additive which promotes strong teeth
Haloacetic acids	60	N/A	5.6	5.6	ppb	2018	N	By-Product of Drinking Water Disinfection
Trihalomethanes	80	N/A	5.2	5.2	Ppb	2018	N	By-Product of Drinking Water Disinfection

*EPA's MCL for fluoride is 4 ppm. However, Pennsylvania has set a lower MCL to better protect human health.

Entry Point Disinfectant Residual							
Contaminant	Minimum Disinfectant Residual	Lowest Level Detected	Range of Detections	Units	Sample Date	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Chlorine	1.00	1.00	1.00-2.20	ppm	2018	N	Water additive used to control microbes.

Lead and Copper							
Contaminant	Action Level (AL)	MCLG	90 th Percentile Value	Units	# of Sites Above AL of Total Sites	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Lead	15	0	8	ppb	1	N	Corrosion of household plumbing.
Copper	1.3	1.3	.95	ppm	0	N	Corrosion of household plumbing.

Microbial (related to Assessments/Corrective Actions regarding TC positive results)					
Contaminants	TT	MCLG	Assessments/ Corrective Actions	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
Total Coliform Bacteria	Any system that has failed to complete all the required assessments or correct all identified sanitary defects, is in violation of the treatment technique requirement	N/A	See detailed description under "Detected Contaminants Health Effects Language and Corrective Actions" section	N	Naturally present in the environment.

Microbial (related to E. coli)					
Contaminants	MCL	MCLG	Positive Sample(s)	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
<i>E. coli</i>	Routine and repeat samples are total coliform-positive and either is <i>E. coli</i> -positive or system fails to take repeat samples following <i>E. coli</i> -positive routine sample or system fails to analyze total coliform-positive repeat sample for <i>E. coli</i> .	0	0	N	Human and animal fecal waste.
Contaminants	TT	MCLG	Assessments/ Corrective Actions	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
<i>E. coli</i>	Any system that has failed to complete all the required assessments or correct all identified sanitary defects, is in violation of the treatment technique requirement	N/A	See description under "Detected Contaminants Health Effects Language and Corrective Actions" section	N	Human and animal fecal waste.

Raw Source Water Microbial					
Contaminants	MCLG	Total # of Positive Samples	Dates	Violation Y/N	Sources of Contamination
<i>E. coli</i>	0	0	N/A	N	Human and animal fecal waste.

VIOLATIONS:

Failure to monitor for Nitrate/Nitrite in 4th quarter of 2017.

EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION:

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater run-off, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA and DEP prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA and DEP regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's *Safe Drinking Water Hotline* (800-426-4791).

Information about Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Conneaut Lake Park Water is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the *Safe Drinking Water Hotline* or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

OTHER INFORMATION:

Please feel free to contact Chris Greenberg (724)376-7013 with any questions or concerns about your water quality. However, calls concerning water leaks or billing should be directed to: EPACC Office (814)333-2299x224
