

**BEFORE THE
PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION**

Emily McAnally

v.

PECO Energy Company

:
:
:
:
:

F-2024-3049455

INITIAL DECISION

Before
Eranda Vero
Administrative Law Judge

INTRODUCTION

This decision denies the Formal Complaint of Emily McAnally because the Complainant failed to appear at the scheduled hearing and prosecute her Complaint.

HISTORY OF THE PROCEEDING

On May 23, 2024, Emily McAnally (Ms. McAnally or Complainant) filed a Formal Complaint (Complaint) with the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission (Commission) against PECO Energy Company (PECO, the Company, or Respondent) alleging that the utility is threatening to terminate or has already terminated her electric service; that she is unable to pay her electricity bills to PECO; and that there are incorrect

charges on her bills from PECO.¹ As relief, Ms. McAnally seeks the Commission’s assistance in rectifying the situation and in establishing a payment arrangement for her.

On June 26, 2024, the Respondent filed an Answer denying all material allegations of fact and conclusions of law in the Complaint.

A Call-In Telephone Hearing Notice dated June 28, 2024, notified the parties that an initial call-in telephone hearing would be held on September 3, 2024, at 10:00 a.m. The Hearing Notice stated, “You may lose the case if you do not take part in this hearing and present evidence on the issue(s) raised.”

On August 12, 2024, I issued a Prehearing Order. The Prehearing Order directed the parties to comply with various procedural requirements and warned in bold type: **“You may lose the case if you do not take part in this hearing and present evidence on the issues raised.”**

The Hearing Notice and the Prehearing Order were eServed on the Complainant at the email address registered with the Commission by the Complainant.²

¹ The Complaint is a timely appeal from the determination of the Commission’s Bureau of Consumer Services (BCS), at BCS No. 3967618, which dismissed Complainant’s informal complaint. A timely BCS appeal is subject to de novo review. 52 Pa. Code § 56.173(a).

² On her Complaint form, the Complainant selected all three methods of service to receive Commission documents: eService, email, and First-Class Mail. Notwithstanding the above, when Complainant registered for an eFiling account she agreed to the following terms and conditions:

I agree that I will accept electronic service in the Commission proceeding in which I am a party of record. By creating this account, notification of filings via electronic mail shall constitute valid service of Commission documents. I understand that such electronic service of any and all documents will be substituted for service by mail. I agree to be served via email with all subsequent

None of the emails sent by the Commission to the Complainant were returned as undeliverable.

The hearing convened as scheduled on September 3, 2024. Khadijah Scott, Esq. appeared representing the Respondent. The Complainant failed to call in to the hearing. The Complainant was given an additional 15 minutes to call in but failed to do so.

At the hearing, counsel for the Company moved that the Complaint be dismissed for lack of prosecution pursuant to 52 Pa. Code § 5.245. That Motion is granted pursuant to the ordering paragraphs below.

The Complainant has not contacted the Commission to explain why her failure to appear at the hearing was unavoidable.

The record in this matter closed on October 3, 2024, upon receipt of the hearing transcript.

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. The Complainant is Emily McAnally.

filings. I agree that email notices will be sent on the same day the document is posted.

By clicking on the 'Create Account' button below, [I am] agreeing to all the Terms and Agreements listed above.

eFiling Registration Page, <https://efiling.puc.pa.gov/Accounts/Create?accountType=I> (last visited Jan. 2, 2025).

2. The Respondent is PECO Energy Company.

3. On May 23, 2024, Ms. McAnally filed a Complaint alleging that the utility is threatening to terminate or has already terminated her electric service; that she is unable to pay her electricity bills to PECO; and that there are incorrect charges on her bills from PECO.

4. As relief, Ms. McAnally seeks the Commission's assistance in rectifying the situation and in establishing a payment arrangement for her.

5. On June 26, 2024, the Respondent filed an Answer denying all material allegations of fact and conclusions of law in the Complaint.

6. A Call-In Telephone Hearing Notice dated June 28, 2024, notified the parties that an initial call-in telephone hearing would be held on September 3, 2024, at 10:00 a.m.

7. The June 28, 2024, Hearing Notice stated, "You may lose the case if you do not take part in this hearing and present evidence on the issue(s) raised."

8. A Prehearing Order issued on August 12, 2024, directed the parties to comply with various procedural requirements and warned in bold type: "**You may lose the case if you do not take part in this hearing and present evidence on the issues raised.**"

9. The Hearing Notice and the Prehearing Order were eServed upon the Complainant at the email address she provided to and registered with the Commission.

10. Neither the Hearing Notice nor the Prehearing Order were returned as undeliverable.

11. The Complainant failed to appear at the September 3, 2024, hearing.

12. The Complainant did not request a continuance, withdraw the Complaint, or otherwise notify the Commission to explain why her failure to appear at the hearing was unavoidable.

DISCUSSION

In her Complaint, Ms. McAnally alleged that the utility is threatening to terminate or has already terminated her electric service; that she is unable to pay her electricity bills to PECO; and that there are incorrect charges on her bills from PECO. As relief, Ms. McAnally seeks the Commission's assistance in rectifying the situation and in establishing a payment arrangement for her.

As the party seeking affirmative relief from the Commission, the burden of proof rests on the Complainant. 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(a).

Administrative agencies, like the Public Utility Commission, are required to provide due process to the parties appearing before them. This requirement is satisfied when the parties are afforded notice and the opportunity to appear and be heard. *Schneider v. Pa. Pub. Util. Comm'n*, 479 A.2d 10 (Pa. Cmwlth. 1984). Both the Hearing Notice and Prehearing Order were eServed to the email address registered with the Commission by the Complainant. Neither was returned to the Commission as undeliverable. Accordingly, it must be presumed that these documents sent to Complainant were received by Complainant. *Skow v. Metro. Edison Co.*, Docket No. F-2023-3042228 (Final Order entered May 7, 2024); *Hu v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No.

C-2019-3012075 (Order entered Dec. 19, 2019) (*Hu*); *Zirkel v. Phila. Gas Works*, Docket No. C-2016-2561176 (Final Order entered Apr. 7, 2017) (*Zirkel*); *Morella v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2016-2553416 (Final Order entered Jan. 31, 2017) (*Morella*).

As the Commission noted in *Strydio v. PPL Electric Utilities Corp.*, Docket No. C-2017-2633043 at 6 (Opinion and Order entered July 18, 2018), "[o]nce notice of a hearing and the opportunity to be heard have been provided by the Commission, it is the responsibility of the parties to appear and participate in the hearing." (citing, *Mumma v. PPL Elec. Utils. Corp.*, Docket No. C-00014869 (Opinion and Order entered Jan. 24, 2002)); *Sentner v. Bell Tel. Co. of Pa.*, Docket No. F-00161106 (Opinion and Order entered Oct. 25, 1993).

The Complainant was notified of the scheduled hearing and did not appear for the hearing. Additionally, the June 28, 2024, Hearing Notice, and the August 12, 2024, Prehearing Order advised the Complainant that the case could be dismissed for failure to call in and participate in the hearing. Both the Public Utility Code and the Commission's regulations provide that, after being notified, a party who fails to appear at a scheduled hearing shall be deemed to have waived the opportunity to participate in the hearing and shall not be permitted to later reopen the matter or be permitted to recall excused witnesses. 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(f); 52 Pa. Code § 5.245(a). Thus, the Complainant has waived the opportunity to participate in the hearing by failing to appear. 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(f); 52 Pa. Code § 5.245(a); *Jefferson v. UGI Utils., Inc.*, Docket No. Z-00269892 (Opinion and Order entered Dec. 26, 1995).

Additionally, Section 332(a) of the Public Utility Code, 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(a), places the burden of proof upon the proponent of any request for relief. By failing to appear and proffer any evidence to support the Complaint, the Complainant has failed to meet this burden. Consequently, the Complaint will be dismissed on this basis as well. *Jefferson v. UGI Utils., Inc.*, Docket No. Z-00269892 (Opinion and Order

entered Dec. 26, 1995); *El-Ayazra v. W. Penn Power Co.*, Docket No. F-2015-2509292 (Opinion and Order entered June 30, 2016); 52 Pa. Code § 5.245.

Finally, the party who failed to appear at the hearing has the burden of explaining why her failure to appear was unavoidable. 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(a); *Herr v. West Penn Power Co.*, Docket No. C-2021-3028202 (Opinion and Order entered Sept. 15, 2022). When there are no facts in the record that the party's failure to appear was unavoidable, the complaint should be dismissed. *Brown v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2019-3009486 (Opinion and Order entered Apr. 22, 2022); *Little v. Pittsburgh Water & Sewer Auth.*, Docket No. F-2021-3027107 (Opinion and Order entered Feb. 7, 2022); *Williams v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2018-3000734 (Opinion and Order entered Mar. 14, 2019); *Jefferson v. UGI Utils., Inc.*, Docket No. Z-00269892 (Opinion and Order entered Dec. 26, 1995); 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(f); 52 Pa. Code § 5.245(a). There are no facts on the record that suggest that Complainant's failure to appear was unavoidable. Therefore, the Complaint will be dismissed.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. The Commission has jurisdiction over the subject matter of and the parties to this proceeding. 66 Pa.C.S. § 701.

2. The Complainant received notice of the hearing. *Skow v. Metro. Edison Co.*, Docket No. F-2023-3042228 (Final Order entered May 7, 2024); *Hu v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2019-3012075 (Order entered Dec. 19, 2019); *Zirkel v. Phila. Gas Works*, Docket No. C-2016-2561176 (Final Order entered Apr. 7, 2017); *Morella v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2016-2553416 (Final Order entered Jan. 31, 2017).

3. The due process rights of the Complainant have been fully protected in this proceeding and Complainant's failure to appear was not unavoidable. *Schneider v. Pa. Pub. Util. Comm'n*, 479 A.2d 10 (Pa. Cmwlth. 1984); 52 Pa. Code § 5.245(a).

4. As the party seeking affirmative relief from the Commission, the Complainant bears the burden of proof. 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(a).

5. The Complainant did not participate in the hearing, failed to appear for the hearing, did not present any evidence and, therefore, failed to meet the Complainant's burden of proving eligibility for the relief sought from the Commission. 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(a).

6. If there are no facts in the record that a party's failure to appear at a hearing was unavoidable, the complaint should be dismissed. *Brown v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2019-3009486 (Opinion and Order entered Apr. 22, 2022); *Little v. Pittsburgh Water & Sewer Auth.*, Docket No. F-2021-3027107 (Opinion and Order entered Feb. 7, 2022); 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(f); 52 Pa. Code § 5.245(a).

ORDER

THEREFORE,

IT IS ORDERED:

1. That the Motion of PECO Energy Company to dismiss the Formal Complaint filed by Emily McAnally at Docket No. F-2024-3049455 is granted.

