

Comment by Leann Turley, Bedford

Re: Docket No. M-2025-3054271

This jump into AI and data centers is very concerning. They run mostly independently so there won't be many jobs created. If the state gives tax breaks then there won't be revenue to state and localities, only cost. If they take energy from the grid it will raise our utility bills. They must provide their own energy apart from the grid, and it must be renewable not polluting carbon fuels. I don't think we should jump into many sites until we see the results and impacts of one or two.

I support the following statement from the Better Path Coalition and No False Climate Solutions PA. "The problems being addressed in PUC's tentative order are largely manufactured ones resulting from the state's rush to get into the data center business before the boom goes bust. As is too often the case, the public is only engaged after the big decisions are made. Our first opportunity to comment comes when the only things left to decide are how to deal with the new project/business/industry. At that point, advancement of the thing under consideration is taken to be an inevitability when it really isn't. Therefore, we feel it is important to state up front that we oppose the approval of hyperscale data centers in Pennsylvania based on many well-documented concerns about their environmental, health, safety, climate, quality of life, economic, and ethical impacts that scattershot regulations across agencies, in this case tariffs, cannot address. Our regulatory agencies should be our advocates, using their expertise to stop the state from creating preventable problems rather than resigning themselves to managing them."

Electricity generation is not regulated in Pennsylvania, so the tariff only pertains to distribution costs. If approved, the tariff would not protect the public from generation costs which account for roughly 45% of consumer energy bills. Carnegie Mellon and its research partners projected that electricity generation costs will increase by as much as 25% by 2030.

Natural gas would be used to power data centers. Methane leaks occurring at every step of natural gas production, transmission, and distribution exacerbate climate change. Hundreds of thousands of legacy wells leaking methane unchecked further add to the state's contribution to the climate crisis. Continued and even increased natural gas production to power data centers is unacceptable.

PUC's order requires Large Load Customers to contribute to the utility's hardship fund, but provides no relief for residential customers ; this is unfair, especially given the stunning figure cited by Commissioner Barrow that, according to U.S. Census Bureau data, "nearly a quarter of all Pennsylvanians have been unable to pay an energy bill in full in the last 12

months.” The fact that there is no agreement on contributions to the hardship fund among all of the commissioners is extremely concerning., Throughout the discussion of the tentative order, the PUC’s disposition fell short of imposing the most stringent requirements on large load customers. Therefore, the tentative order is weak and inadequate.

There have been studies that look at the wild growth into overvaluation in the stock market that looks like a bubble is about to burst. That would leave us holding the losses if we rush into this. I suggest doing one or two and see real life consequences.