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April 7, 2026

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING

Matthew Homsher, Secretary
Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission
Commonwealth Keystone Building
400 North Street
Harrisburg, PA 17120

Re: Joint Application of Charter Communications, Inc., et al. for Approval of an Indirect Transfer of Control; Docket Nos. A-2025-3056812 et al.

Dear Secretary Homsher:

Pursuant to the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission's ("Commission") November 20, 2025 Order approving the Transaction described in the above-referenced Joint Application (the "November 20 Order"),¹ the Joint Applicants² hereby notify the Commission that the New York Public Service Commission ("NYPSC") and the Connecticut Public Utilities Regulatory Authority ("CTPURA") have each approved, subject to conditions, certain changes of ownership involving the Charter and Cox operating affiliates in those states and arising out of the same Transaction. The Joint Applicants accepted the conditions in the NYPSC's approval on March 25, 2026, and CTPURA approved the Transaction on March 3, 2026.³ Copies of the relevant orders are attached as Attachment A (NYPSC) and Attachment B (CTPURA). In addition, for informational purposes, the Joint Applicants also advise the Commission that the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") approved the Transaction on February 27, 2026; the FCC's order is attached as Attachment C.

The NYPSC and CTPURA proceedings did not involve the same Charter and Cox affiliates that were the subject of the Commission's November 20 Order; however, the Joint Applicants provide this notice pursuant to the provision in that Order requiring Joint Applicants to notify the Commission and "offer to Pennsylvania their agreement to or acceptance of the same condition(s), or reasonably comparable condition(s) for Pennsylvania, *as appropriate.*" (emphasis added).

¹ Capitalized terms have the same meaning as in the Joint Application unless otherwise noted.

² Charter Communications, Inc. ("Charter") and its subsidiaries Time Warner Cable Information Services (Pennsylvania), LLC ("TWCIS PA") and Time Warner Cable Business LLC ("TWC Business" and together with TWCIS PA, the "Charter Licensees"), Cox Enterprises, Inc. ("CEI"), Cox Communications, Inc. ("Cox"), and Cox's subsidiaries Lumos Networks of West Virginia Inc. ("Lumos") and Fibernet Telecommunications of Pennsylvania, LLC ("Fibernet" and together with Lumos, the "Segra Licensees") (collectively, the "Joint Applicants").

³ The Joint Applicants acknowledge that this notice is being provided more than ten days after the acceptance of the New York conditions and approval of the Connecticut conditions, but note that the Transaction has not yet been consummated because it is awaiting final approval in one jurisdiction. The Joint Applicants will timely notify the Commission of any approval conditions in the one jurisdiction that has not yet approved the Transaction (California) when issued.

Extending the New York and Connecticut conditions to Pennsylvania is not appropriate, however, because the NYPSC and CTPURA conditions largely concern residential, mass-market cable video and broadband internet access services offered by Charter's and Cox's respective cable video affiliates operating in New York (with respect to Charter) and Connecticut (with respect to both companies), as well as residential wireline Voice-over-Internet-Protocol services (hereinafter "residential VoIP") offered by Charter's (in New York) and Cox's (in Connecticut) regulated telecommunications affiliates,⁴ that are not regulated in Pennsylvania.⁵ The conditions, as set forth in Attachments A and B, include (*inter alia*) certain customer service and consumer protection requirements related to Charter's and Cox's mass-market cable video, broadband internet access, and residential VoIP service offerings; workforce conditions in connection with those same services (including, in Connecticut, with respect to Charter's headquarters); conditions related to investments in and reporting on Charter's broadband network investment; broadband affordability (in New York) and broadband literacy (in Connecticut); as well as various regulatory reporting conditions.

Those conditions are all tied to regulatory regimes, services, and customer relationships that are not present in the Joint Applicants' Pennsylvania operations. In New York, Charter offers cable video and broadband internet access services through cable affiliates regulated by the NYPSC, and offers residential VoIP services through an NYPSC-regulated telecommunications affiliate; the NYPSC has statutory authority to regulate investments in each of those affiliates.⁶ In addition, New York has state-specific statutory requirements governing low-income broadband offerings.⁷ In Connecticut, both Charter and Cox offer cable video and broadband internet access services through cable affiliates regulated by CTPURA, and Cox offers residential VoIP service through a CTPURA-regulated telecommunications affiliate; CTPURA has statutory authority to approve transfers of control among each of those providers.⁸ The NYPSC and CTPURA conditions arose in connection with those regulated Charter and Cox affiliates, or relate to services that are regulated by those agencies.

The Joint Applicants' Pennsylvania operations are factually and legally distinct from the relevant operations in New York and Connecticut:

- Charter's affiliates that offer cable video, mass-market broadband services, and residential VoIP services in Pennsylvania are not utilities regulated by the Commission and were not parties to the Joint Application;⁹

⁴ In New York, Charter's regulated telecommunications affiliate Time Warner Cable Information Services (New York), LLC offers residential voice services throughout almost the entirety of its footprint, and in Connecticut, Cox's regulated telecommunications affiliate Cox Connecticut Telecom, LLC does the same.

⁵ VoIP and internet protocol-enabled services are exempt from regulation of rates, terms and conditions, subject to certain limited exceptions. See 73 Pa. Cons. Stat. § 2251.4.

⁶ See N.Y. Pub. Serv. Law §§ 99, 100, 222.

⁷ N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law § 399-zzzzz.

⁸ See Conn. Gen. Stat. § 16-47.

⁹ See 66 Pa. Cons. Stat. § 102 (cable providers not listed under the definition of "public utility" regulated by the Commission); see also n.5 *supra*. In Pennsylvania, cable and broadband services are offered by Charter's non-utility affiliate Spectrum Mid-America, LLC and residential VoIP services are offered by Charter's non-utility affiliate Spectrum Advanced Services, LLC.

- In the limited portions of Pennsylvania where Charter Licensee TWCIS PA offers residential voice service, it does so as a VoIP service whose rates, terms, and conditions are not Commission-regulated. TWCIS PA offers residential VoIP services only to Lifeline customers in the small number of areas in Pennsylvania where it is designated as an eligible telecommunications carrier by the Commission by Order issued on July 15, 2021 in Docket No. P-2021-3023594 and consistent with its obligations as a recipient of Rural Digital Opportunity (“RDOF”) support from the FCC;
- The Cox Licensees have no Pennsylvania residential presence of any kind, whether cable video, mass-market broadband, or voice;
- Cox’s Commission-regulated Segra Licensee affiliates, and Charter Licensee TWC Business, exclusively serve the enterprise market in Pennsylvania and do not offer any services to residential end-users; and
- None of the conditions imposed in Connecticut or New York relate to any service offered by Cox’s Commission-regulated Segra Licensee affiliates, or Charter Licensee TWC Business, and therefore extending those conditions to those licensees in Pennsylvania cannot be considered “appropriate” within the meaning of the November 20 Order.

In other comparable transactions, the Commission has not required parties to apply conditions imposed by other states to the parties’ Pennsylvania operations when such conditions were not relevant or applicable to the parties’ Pennsylvania operations. For example, in Charter’s 2016 merger with Time Warner Cable, the Commission’s approval did not require Charter to apply other states’ conditions in Pennsylvania.¹⁰ In the Commission’s 2024 approval of a change of control of Consolidated Communications (a provider of regulated local exchange service), the Commission reviewed a number of conditions imposed by the Maine Public Utilities Commission, Minnesota Public Utilities Commission, Illinois Commerce Commission, New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, Kansas Corporation Commission, and the New York Public Service Commission, and Commission Staff issued a letter agreeing with the applicants’ “claim that the subject conditions are not applicable or appropriate for Pennsylvania or are already in place for Pennsylvania.”¹¹ Similar treatment of the conditions imposed in New York and Connecticut is warranted here, because (as discussed above) those states were reviewing substantially different aspects of the Transaction from the Commission, and the mass-market residential services offered by the regulated Charter and Cox affiliates in those jurisdictions are substantially broader than the limited regulated operations of the Charter Licensees and Segra Licensees in Pennsylvania that were the subject of the Joint Application.

In addition, although Charter offered several voluntary commitments and described certain forward-looking plans to the federal government as part of the FCC’s proceeding, Charter’s voluntary commitments to the FCC either pertain to FCC-specific obligations or will have national

¹⁰ *Joint Application of Charter Communications, Inc., Time Warner Cable Inc., Time Warner Cable Information Services (Pennsylvania), LLC, and Time Warner Cable Business LLC for approval of the transfer of control of Time Warner Cable Information Services (Pennsylvania), LLC, and Time Warner Cable Business LLC*, Docket Nos. A-2015-2491623 and A-2015-2491624 (PAPUC 2015).

¹¹ Secretarial Letter, *Joint Application of Consolidated Communications of Pennsylvania Company, LLC and Consolidated Communications Enterprise Services, Inc. for Authority to Complete a General Rule Transaction*, Docket Nos. A-2024-3045198 and A-2024-3045199 (PAPUC 2024) (Oct. 30, 2024).

Stevens & Lee

Page 4

impact, obviating the need for duplicative commitments in Pennsylvania. These include commitments related to RDOF funding (a federally-administered program); Charter's plans to upgrade Cox's network; Charter's plans to onshore the combined company's sales and customer service functions; and commitments related to certain non-discrimination principles. These are national commitments and plans and will benefit Pennsylvania without the need for duplicative Pennsylvania conditions.

For the reasons set forth above, the Joint Applicants respectfully submit that no additional Pennsylvania conditions are warranted based on the NYPSC and CTPURA orders. The Joint Applicants' Pennsylvania operations remain subject to Pennsylvania law, Commission regulations, and the Commission's jurisdiction. The Joint Applicants will continue to comply with all applicable Pennsylvania requirements and remain subject to the Commission's oversight and enforcement authority. The Commission's approval of the Transaction, as issued, provides the appropriate regulatory framework for the Joint Applicants' Pennsylvania operations.

If you have any questions regarding this notice, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Respectfully submitted,

STEVENS & LEE



Michael A. Gruin, Esq.

Attachments:

Attachment A – New York Public Service Commission Order dated March 20, 2026

Attachment B – Connecticut Public Utilities Regulatory Authority Settlement Agreement dated January 28, 2026, and Final Decision dated March 3, 2026

Attachment C – FCC Order dated February 27, 2026

cc: Paul Diskin, Director, Bureau of Technical Utility Services (via email only)

ATTACHMENT A

STATE OF NEW YORK
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

At a session of the Public Service
Commission held in the City of
Albany on March 19, 2026

COMMISSIONERS PRESENT:

Rory M. Christian, Chair
James S. Alesi
David J. Valesky
John B. Maggiore
Uchenna S. Bright
Denise M. Sheehan
Radina R. Valova

CASE 25-M-0466 - Joint Petition of Charter Communications, Inc. and Cox Enterprises, Inc. for Approval to Acquire Indirect Ownership Interest in Charter Fiberlink NY-CCO, LLC; Time Warner Cable Information Services (New York), LLC d/b/a Time Warner Cable; Time Warner Cable Business, LLC d/b/a Time Warner Cable; Spectrum Northeast, LLC; and Spectrum New York Metro, LLC.

ORDER GRANTING JOINT PETITION
SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS

(Issued and Effective March 20, 2026)

BY THE COMMISSION:

INTRODUCTION

By Joint Petition filed on August 1, 2025, amended on September 23, 2025, and supplemented on February 26, 2026,¹ Charter Communications, Inc. (Charter Parent), on behalf of its

¹ A Supplement to the Joint Petition and an Additional Supplement to the Joint Petition were both filed on February 26, 2026. The Additional Supplement to the Joint Petition includes a non-substantive correction to the initial list of Local Franchising Authorities (LFAs) attached to the Joint Petition.

certificated subsidiaries, Charter Fiberlink NY-CCO, LLC (Fiberlink-NY), Time Warner Cable Information Services (New York), LLC d/b/a Time Warner Cable (TWCIS-NY), and Time Warner Cable Business LLC d/b/a Time Warner Cable (TWCB) (together, with Fiberlink-NY and TWCIS-NY, Charter Telecom Licensees) and its franchised cable television subsidiaries Spectrum Northeast, LLC (Spectrum Northeast) and Spectrum New York Metro, LLC (Spectrum Metro) (together, with Spectrum Northeast, Charter Cable Franchisees) (collectively with Charter Parent and the Charter Telecom Licensees, Charter), and Cox Enterprises, Inc. (CEI) (collectively with Charter, the Petitioners), request Commission approval pursuant to Public Service Law (PSL) §§99, 100, and 222 to transfer an indirect, non-controlling ownership and voting interest in both the Charter Telecom Licensees and the Charter Cable Franchisees to CEI (Transaction).

By this Order, the Commission determines, pursuant to PSL §§99, 100, and 222, that the Transaction is in the public interest, provided the Petitioners unequivocally accept all the conditions outlined below including, but not limited to, the commitments to invest \$100 million to upgrade Charter's fiber-based high-speed broadband network throughout its service territories in the State; upgrade outdoor Wi-Fi access points, to which it will provide free non-customer access; fund digital inclusion and community initiatives; protect against discrimination; and enhance service quality and network reliability. When considering the potential risks associated with the Transaction, these conditions strike a fair and appropriate balance and ensure that the Transaction is in the public interest, while maintaining the Petitioners' plans for future strategic and financial goals.

BACKGROUND

Charter Communications, Inc.

Charter Parent is a public traded Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at 400 Washington Blvd, Stamford, Connecticut 06902. Charter Parent is a holding company whose operating subsidiaries provide voice, broadband, and video services to both residential and business customers. Charter Parent is the ultimate corporate parent of the Charter Telecom Licensees and the Charter Cable Franchisees in New York.

Charter Telecom Licensees

In New York, Charter is authorized to provide regulated telecommunications services through three Charter Telecom Licensees with the following certifications:

- Charter Fiberlink NY-CCO, LLC is a Delaware corporation with its principal address at 12405 Powerscourt Drive, St. Louis, Missouri 63131. Fiberlink-NY is authorized as a facilities-based provider and reseller of telephone service with authority to provide local exchange service, pursuant to a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity (CPCN) granted by the Commission.² It provides inter- and intrastate telecommunications services to business customers along the northern and eastern borders of New York.
- Time Warner Cable Information Services (New York), LLC d/b/a Time Warner Cable is a Delaware corporation with its principal address at 12405 Powerscourt Drive, St. Louis, Missouri 63131. TWCIS-NY is authorized to resell all forms of telephone services pursuant to a CPCN

² Case 03-C-1765, Petition of Charter Fiberlink NY - CCO, LLC for an Original Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity for Authority to Provide Switched Local Exchange and Intrastate Interexchange Telecommunications Services in the State of New York, Letter Approving CPCN by Operation of Law (dated April 28, 2004).

granted by the Commission.³ It offers competitive voice service using Voice over Internet Protocol technology to residential and business customers throughout its territory in New York, except for areas served by Fiberlink-NY.

- Time Warner Cable Business LLC d/b/a Time Warner Cable is a Delaware corporation with its principal address at 12405 Powerscourt Drive, St. Louis, Missouri 63131. It is authorized to provide facilities-based and resold telephone services pursuant to a CPCN granted by the Commission.⁴ It offers high-capacity transmission services, such as Metro Ethernet and cell tower backhaul services to both commercial and wholesale customers.

Charter Cable Franchisees

In New York, Charter provides cable television service through two Charter Cable Franchisees to approximately 1,150 municipalities through franchises granted by local governments and pursuant to the Certificates of Confirmation granted by the Commission:⁵

- Spectrum New York Metro, LLC is a Delaware corporation with its principal address at 12405 Powerscourt Drive,

³ See, Case 98-C-0593, Time Warner Communications Holdings, Inc., Time Warner Entertainment Co., L.P., Time Warner Entertainment-Advance/Newhouse, Time Warner AxS of Albany, L.P., Time Warner AxS of Rochester, L.P., Time Warner AxS of New York City, L.P., and Time Warner Integrated Services Company d/b/a Time Warner Connect, Order Granting the Transfers and Rescissions of Certain Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity (issued May 12, 1998) and Case 93-C-0569, Petition of Time Warner AxS Rochester L.P. for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to Provide Switched and Non-Switched Telecommunications Services on an IntraLATA, InterLATA, Inter and Intra-City Basis Within the State of New York, Order Approving CPCN (issued December 31, 1993).

⁴ Matter 13-01705, Petition of Time Warner Cable Business LLC d/b/a Time Warner Cable for an Original Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity, Letter approving CPCN by Operation of Law (dated November 6, 2013) and Letter Approving Amended CPCN by Operation of Law (dated November 27, 2013).

⁵ A list of the New York cable television franchises held by Charter is attached hereto as Appendix A.

St. Louis, Missouri 63131. Spectrum Metro holds Charter's cable franchises in New York City and in Mt. Vernon, Westchester County, New York.

- Spectrum Northeast, LLC is a Delaware corporation with its principal address at 12405 Powerscourt Drive, St. Louis, Missouri 63131. Spectrum Northeast holds the remainder of Charter's cable franchises throughout its territory in New York outside of New York City and Mt. Vernon.

Cox Enterprises, Inc.

CEI is a privately held Delaware corporation with its headquarters and principal place of business at 6205-A Peachtree Dunwoody Road, Atlanta, Georgia 30328. CEI is a holding company whose primary operating subsidiary, Cox Communications, Inc. (Cox), provides communications and technology products, including voice, broadband, video, and wireless services to both residential and business customers in 35 states. Cox does not currently provide any telecommunications or cable services in New York.

JOINT PETITION AND SUPPLEMENT

The Petitioners request Commission approval pursuant to PSL §§99, 100, and 222 for CEI to acquire approximately 24 percent, and up to 30 percent, indirect, non-controlling ownership and voting interest in the Charter Telecom Licensees and Charter Cable Franchisees.⁶ On May 16, 2025, Charter, Charter's subsidiary Charter Communications Holdings, LLC (Charter Holdings), and CEI entered into an agreement (Transaction Agreement) that will result in a combination of Charter and CEI's subsidiary, Cox, to be placed under common ownership. Following the Transaction, Cox and its subsidiaries

⁶ In the Joint Petition, the Petitioners request Commission approval under PSL §§100 and 222. On September 23, 2025, the Petitioners amended the Joint Petition to also seek Commission approval pursuant to PSL §99.

will become subsidiaries of Charter, and CEI, the current owner of Cox, will receive a combination of cash and equity in Charter Holding exchangeable for Charter common stock, with commensurate voting rights in Charter, under the Transaction Agreement.⁷

According to the Joint Petition, Charter will acquire Cox and its subsidiaries that operate Cox's residential broadband, video, voice, mobile, and enterprise businesses, as well as the subsidiaries that operate Cox's commercial fiber and managed IT businesses operating under the Segra brand, which do not currently operate in New York. As consideration for the Transaction, the Petitioners explain, CEI will receive a combination of equity in Charter Holdings and \$4 billion in cash compensation. The equity in Charter Holdings will be a combination of approximately 33.6 million common units, which are exchangeable for common stock in Charter and have an implied value of \$11.9 billion, and 6 billion preferred units, which are convertible to Charter common stock.

According to the Petitioners, the Transaction will result in CEI becoming one of Charter's investors and thereby acquiring a minority interest in both the Charter Telecom Licensees and the Charter Cable Franchisees. CEI's equity in Charter Holdings, if converted and exchanged into Charter common stock, will equate to approximately 24 percent of Charter's outstanding stock as of June 30, 2025.

The Petitioners assert that the Transaction will not result in the change of ownership or control of the Charter Telecom Licensees and Charter Cable Franchisees, except to the extent that CEI will receive non-controlling ownership and voting interest as part of the Transaction. The Petitioners add that because Charter and its subsidiaries will continue to

⁷ Pre- and post-Transaction organizational charts are attached hereto as Appendix B.

operate under their existing authorizations and franchises, the Transaction will not result in any change to New York residential, business, or enterprise customers' telecommunications or cable services, or their service provider.

Public Interest Statement

The Petitioners state that the Transaction is in the public interest because CEI will bring assets and experience as an established provider of residential, phone, broadband, and video services to the combined company. The Petitioners contend that the Transaction will not result in any reduction in competition in New York because Cox does not have any operations in the State and does not compete with Charter for customers in New York. The Petitioners further note that although CEI does not currently operate in New York, the Transaction will increase competition in the commercial enterprise marketplace by bringing more competitive service options to New York businesses by strengthening the combined company's position in the commercial enterprise marketplace, improving public safety and resiliency, and bolstering Charter as a competitor generally, which will benefit the full range of services it offers in New York.

According to the Joint Petition, the Transaction will strengthen the combined company through increased scale and geographic scope and bolster competition across all relevant services, which will also benefit Charter's services. The Petitioners state that Charter's operating strategy combined with Cox's enterprise acumen will enhance the combined company's ability to deliver fast, secure, innovative, and responsive products and services. The Petitioners also note that the combined company's greater scale and capabilities will place competitive pressure on other providers, which will help to improve customer service and the overall availability, quality,

and pricing of broadband, mobile, video, voice, and enterprise products and services throughout the expanded footprint.

In addition, the Petitioners indicate that the combined company will have greater resources collectively than Cox and Charter have individually and plans to adjust its long-term target leverage ratio post-closing to 3.5 to 4.0 times adjusted EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization), which is expected to enable the combined company to access capital markets on advantageous terms and improve its long-term ability to obtain favorable financing for future initiatives.

In terms of cable operations, the Petitioners assert that Charter will continue to possess the requisite legal, technical, and managerial qualifications to provide reliable cable television service in New York following the closing of the Transaction. The Petitioners note CEI's long history of owning and controlling Cox and state that the experience that both CEI and Cox personnel will bring to the combined company, including CEI's contributions to Charter's leadership through the planned appointments to Charter's Board of Directors, will only enhance the combined company's qualifications to operate a successful, high quality cable and communications company that benefits consumers.

According to the Joint Petition, any review or approval requirements at the local level prescribed in the terms of the vast majority of Charter's cable television franchises with New York municipalities are not triggered by the proposed Transaction because the holder of each New York franchise remains the same, the immediate parent of the holder of each New York franchise remains the same, and the ultimate majority control over the Charter Cable Franchisees exercised by Charter remains intact. The Petitioners note, however, that the

provisions of a small number of Charter's New York cable television franchise agreements may warrant municipal review in connection with the Transaction and the Petitioners will, therefore, submit Form 394 to those identified municipalities.⁸

Lastly, the Petitioners assert that the Transaction will be seamless to customers because it will not result in a change of any New York residential, business, or enterprise customers' telecommunications or cable services, or their service provider. Moreover, they state that while Charter Parent will ultimately change its name to Cox Communications, Inc. post-Transaction, the consumer-facing brand will remain as Spectrum in the legacy Charter areas, as it is today. Accordingly, the Petitioners posit, no customer notification is required.

Supplement to the Joint Petition

On February 26, 2026, the Petitioners filed the Supplement to the Joint Petition providing additional benefits to which they will commit if the Transaction is ultimately approved.

These commitments include investing at least \$100 million to upgrade Charter's network to be capable of offering symmetric internet access service with upload/download speeds up to 1/1 Gigabit-per-second (Gbps) throughout its New York service territory; upgrading at least 500 outdoor Wi-Fi access points in the State and offering free, non-customer access to such access points; foregoing fees to residential cable service customers swapping or returning equipment when a consumer requests an upgrade or downgrade of service; offering at least one battery

⁸ The Petitioners plan to send an FCC Form 394 to the following municipalities: Kenmore, Brooklyn, N. Manhattan, S. Manhattan, Queens, Staten Island, Maybrook Village, and Shandaken, as shown in Exhibit E to the Joint Petition.

backup option that provides 24-hour standby time to all new residential wireline voice service customers; ensuring that no rates or charges will be established for New York consumers for costs related to the process of obtaining approval for the Transaction; extending the time for suspension of voice service lines of customers who are blind, disabled, or 70 years of age or older; offering Spectrum Internet Assist to all eligible customers in New York without diminishment of eligibility criteria or the current speed of 50 Megabits-per-second (Mbps) download and 10 Mbps upload; investing an equivalent of \$3 million in capital expenditures and/or through the provision of in-kind services to bring broadband access to currently unserved shelter locations within New York serving homeless or other vulnerable populations; investing \$20 million in support of Charter's Broadband Field Technician Apprenticeship Program for newly hired field technicians in New York, which is a program that targets veterans; and maintaining a specified annual customer complaint rate with mandatory investments if performance fails to meet the established standard.

Regarding service quality, for three full calendar years following the closing of the Transaction, the Petitioners will commit to Charter maintaining a combined video/telephone annual escalated complaint rate that is at or below 30 escalated complaints per year. If Charter fails to meet this commitment, the Petitioners will commit to invest \$2 million in incremental customer service improvements in New York State for each year that it fails to meet this obligation.

The Petitioners further recognize that they will be bound by, must obey, and will continue to implement federal and New York State non-discrimination laws, cooperate with any New York agency investigating any allegations of discrimination, and

report to the Commission with regard to discrimination complaints.

NOTICE FOR COMMENTS

In conformance with the State Administrative Procedure Act (SAPA) §202(1), a Notice of the Joint Petition was published in the State Register on October 22, 2025 [SAPA No. 25-M-0466SP1]. The period for submitting comments in response to the SAPA Notice expired on December 22, 2025. Five comments were received from the following organizations: Southern Queens Park Association, Inc.; the YWCA of Syracuse & Onondaga County, Inc.; the Albany Branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People; Mobilizing Preachers and Communities; and LIFE Camp, Inc. Each commenter was generally supportive of the Transaction and stated that the combined financial power of Charter and CEI should help Charter continue to invest in their respective local community. Additionally, one member of the public filed a comment on January 19, 2026, after the comment period expired. The comment opposed the Transaction, citing pricing and competitive concerns.

Following the filing of the Supplement to the Joint Petition, a Notice Soliciting Comments was issued by the Secretary to the Commission on February 26, 2026, seeking comments on the Transaction in light of the public benefit commitments described by the Petitioners therein. The period for submitting comments in response to the Secretary's Notice expired on March 12, 2026. Five comments were received. Two comments from Police Athletic League of Buffalo and YWCA-Ulster County support the Transaction. The National Institute for Workers' Rights and LatinoJustice PRLDEF filed joint comments that oppose the Transaction as currently structured and urge the Commission to require stronger conditions regarding

nondiscrimination and equal-opportunity efforts. Further, Zevin Asset Management filed comments that urge the Commission to ensure Charter's equitable treatment of workers, inclusion of underrepresented communities in broadband access, and accountability to the communities it serves. Lastly, the National Partnership for Women and Families urge the Commission to condition its approval on enforceable and independently audited commitments by Charter that center on equity and broadband affordability in order to serve the public interest.

LEGAL AUTHORITY

Pursuant to PSL §§99 and 100, the Commission must find that a transaction is in the public interest in order to grant its approval. PSL §99(2) requires the consent of the Commission for any proposed transfer of a telephone corporation's "works or system." As the Commission has noted, "[a]lthough PSL §99(2) does not specify a standard of review, all such utility transfers have been interpreted as requiring an affirmative public interest determination by the Commission."⁹

PSL §100(1) and (3) require the Commission's consent for the acquisition of the stock of a telephone corporation. Unlike §99(2), however, these provisions expressly bar the Commission from giving its consent unless the applicant has shown, in the first instance, that the acquisition is within the public interest.

According to PSL §§99 and 100, an application is deemed approved within 90 days unless the Commission or its designee notifies a petitioner in writing that the public interest

⁹ See, e.g., Case 05-C-0237, Joint Petition of Verizon Communications Inc., et al., Order Asserting Jurisdiction and Approving Merger Subject to Conditions (issued November 22, 2005), n.46.

requires the Commission's review and its written order. The Petitioners were notified by letter dated September 26, 2025, that the public interest required a more detailed review of the Joint Petition and that the Commission would review and issue a written order in this proceeding.¹⁰

Pursuant to PSL §222, no transfer of a cable franchise, a certificate of confirmation, or facilities is effective without the approval of the Commission. Moreover, PSL §222(2) and the Commission's regulations at 16 NYCRR §897.4 require that an application for a transfer of control of a franchise or cable television system contain specific information, including:

- (1) the applicant's name, address and telephone number;
- (2) whether the proposed transfer is an asset transfer or stock transfer, and, in either case, a list of each franchise, including the name of the municipality that granted the franchise and the date thereof;
- (3) a copy of the purchase and sale agreement;
- (4) whether, pursuant to the franchise terms, the proposed transfer requires municipal approval(s) and, if so, a statement that the applicant has requested or will request approval by the municipality and will provide a copy of any municipal resolution adopted relative to such request; and
- (5) a copy of Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Form 394.

Further, PSL §222(3) and (4) explain that failure to conform to standards established in Commission regulations does not preclude Commission approval if the Commission finds that approval would serve the public interest, and the Commission may approve the application contingent upon compliance with statutory and regulatory standards.

¹⁰ Case 25-M-0466, Joint Petition of Charter Communications, Inc. et al., Letter from Brian Ossias, Director, Office of Telecommunications (dated September 26, 2025).

Under the Federal Cable Act, as amended 47 USC §537, cable television asset transfers are deemed approved if no action is taken within 120 days from the date of application, unless the parties agree to an extension. In this proceeding, the 120-day deadline of November 29, 2025, by federal operation of law, was extended twice in letters dated November 25, 2025, and February 2, 2026, wherein the Petitioners agreed to extend the deadline for Commission action to March 1, 2026, and March 25, 2026, respectively.

DISCUSSION

To approve a proposed merger or acquisition of a telephone or cable company under PSL §§99, 100, and 222, the Commission must determine that such transaction is in the public interest. The public interest standard pursuant to PSL §§99 and 100 will be determined in a manner designed to benefit and protect customers without unduly restricting the flow of capital.¹¹ The public interest standard under PSL §222 will be determined by whether such transaction conforms to the Commission's regulatory requirements or violates the Commission rules or the public interest.

As an initial matter, the Commission determines that the Transaction and resulting indirect, non-controlling interests in Charter's cable television systems, certificates, and franchises to CEI is not in violation of any law or Commission regulation or standard. The Petitioners have filed the requisite information in accordance with PSL §222 and 16 NYCRR §897(4) and the Commission is advised that a small number of Charter's New York cable television franchise agreements may

¹¹ See, e.g., Case 14-C-0308, Joint Petition of Brick Skirt Holdings et al., Order Approving Transfer of Control with Conditions (issued December 12, 2014).

warrant LFA approval in connection with the Transaction and that the Petitioners will, therefore, submit FCC Form 394 to those identified municipalities notifying them of the Transaction.

If additional municipal approvals are required under the respective franchise agreements' terms and conditions, the Petitioners are obligated to obtain such consents consistent with the provisions in those respective franchise agreements and State and federal laws. The Commission notes, however, that because each individual cable franchise is unique and municipal approval is not always required for transactions where cable franchises are being transferred, the Commission will not opine here on the obligations placed on the parties through the terms and provisions of each respective franchise agreement impacted by the Transaction.

The Petitioners state that the Transaction is in the public interest because it will facilitate infrastructure investment and encourage technological and economic expansion without presenting any competitive concerns. Moreover, according to the Petitioners, the Transaction will be generally transparent to customers and will not result in a change of any New York residential, business, or enterprise customers' telecommunications or cable services or service provider, nor will it result in any reduction in service quality. However, as the Commission has previously stated in many other cases of this type, while there is no inherent reason why an acquisition or merger should result in harm, the substantial increased indebtedness of Charter Parent in assuming Cox debt, the pledging of New York assets, and the issuance of new debt,

combined with potential efficiency gains sought by the Petitioners through the instant Transaction cannot be ignored.¹²

After reviewing the Joint Petition and Supplement, the Commission determines that the Transaction does present some potential risks, as described below. Therefore, provided the Petitioners unconditionally accept all conditions discussed in this Order, including, but not limited to, the commitments to invest \$100 million to upgrade Charter's fiber-based high-speed broadband network throughout its service territories in the State; upgrade outdoor Wi-Fi access points, to which it will provide free non-customer access; fund digital inclusion and community initiatives; commit to protection against discrimination; and enhance service quality and network reliability, the Commission expects the Transaction to satisfy the public interest standard and result in benefits to New York customers that strike an appropriate balance against the identified potential risks.

Competitive Analysis

The Petitioners state that the Transaction is not expected to diminish competition or eliminate any telecommunications or cable service providers in New York as Cox does not compete with Charter for customers in New York.¹³ The Petitioners also posit that the Transaction will improve

¹² See, e.g., Case 15-M-0388, Joint Petition of Charter Communications et al., Order Granting Joint Petition Subject to Conditions (issued January 8, 2016) (Charter Approval Order), and Case 15-M-0647, Joint Petition of Altice N.V. et al., Order Granting Joint Petition Subject to Conditions (issued June 15, 2016).

¹³ In response to Interrogatory DPS-03-9a, Petitioners state that Cox neither provides telecommunication services to end users in New York State nor does it have any facilities in public rights-of-way. Cox does not provide last mile connectivity to terminate any voice or data traffic to residential or business customers in New York State.

competition and the competitive choices available to New York enterprise customers by strengthening the combined company's post-Transaction position in the enterprise marketplace, and bolstering Charter as a competitor generally, which will benefit the full range of services it offers in New York State.¹⁴ Finally, the contractual agreements associated with the Transaction do not contain any exclusive service arrangements that would undermine competition.¹⁵ Based on the foregoing, the Commission agrees that the Transaction is not expected to negatively impact competition in the State.

Risk/Benefit Analysis

The Commission also assesses merger-related financial risks and reviews the credit ratings issued by Moody's Investor Service (Moody's) and Standard and Poor's (S&P). This data provides a foundation for determining whether any potential financial risks exist for New York consumers. As described in the Joint Petition, Charter is acquiring \$12 billion of Cox's outstanding debt and raising \$4 billion in new debt to finance the cash component of the Transaction. Moreover, Charter anticipates that Cox's debt will likely be subject to collateral and guarantees similar to that of Charter's existing debt and is, therefore, expected to involve the pledging of New York assets. Charter also has non-investment grade (junk) credit ratings with Moody's and S&P compared to Cox's investment grade ratings with Moody's and S&P. Over time, Charter is expected to refund Cox's existing debt with new debt at Charter's credit ratings, which may result in higher borrowing costs.

Notably, the combined company, post-Transaction, is expected to have a lower leverage ratio (Debt/EBITDA) than

¹⁴ Joint Petition, p. 15.

¹⁵ Petitioners' response to Interrogatory DPS-02-9.

Charter's current standalone leverage ratio. This should have a positive short-term impact, but the long-term impact cannot yet be identified.

Accordingly, while the Commission acknowledges that Charter's expected lower leverage ratio is beneficial to New York customers, there are still potential risks associated with the Transaction due to additional indebtedness, higher borrowing costs, and pledging of New York assets. To balance these risks, mitigate the potential harm to New York customers, and ensure consistency and continuity of Charter's provision of service in New York State, the Commission will condition its approval on, among other things, ensuring that certain service quality, network reliability, and consumer service protections are in place, along with other important investments in broadband and digital equity, as described in more detail as follows.

1. Service Quality

For three full calendar years following the closing of the Transaction, beginning on January 1 of the calendar year immediately following the closing of the Transaction, Charter shall maintain an annual escalated PSC Complaint Rate (for telephone and cable combined) that is at or below 30 escalated complaints per year as reported by the Department of Public Service's (Department) Office of Consumer Services.¹⁶

If Charter fails to meet this commitment, the Petitioners shall invest \$2 million in incremental customer service improvements in New York State for each year that Charter fails to meet this obligation. Such incremental improvements will be determined in consultation with Department staff. The Petitioners shall within 30 days after the end of

¹⁶ Nothing herein precludes the Commission from instituting service quality proceedings against Charter at any time going forward.

each calendar year file the combined PSC Complaint Rate data (for telephone and cable) with the Secretary to the Commission.

2. Consumer Protections

Charter shall not charge fees to residential cable television service customers to exchange equipment when a consumer requests an upgrade or downgrade of service or chooses to return rented equipment for such cable television service (such as, they elect to stop receiving service at an "additional outlet," i.e., a secondary or tertiary television set in the home). Nothing herein shall preclude Charter from charging customers to return or exchange equipment by mail or other similar delivery means, or for any installation charge or service call requested by the customer for the purpose of performing such equipment exchange.

Charter shall make available to all new residential wireline voice service customers in New York State access to at least one battery backup option that provides 24 hours of standby time. Charter shall provide an annual notice to all residential wireline voice service customers in New York State disclosing relevant information regarding battery backup solutions.

Charter and/or any of its operating affiliates shall not be permitted to charge New York State customers of Commission-regulated services for costs specifically and directly incurred by the Company associated with the process of obtaining approval for the Transaction.

In cases where Charter provides Commission-regulated wireline voice service to residential customers in New York State who have confirmed in writing to Charter that they are blind, disabled, or 70 years of age or older, and all the remaining residents of the household are blind, disabled, 70 years of age or older, or 18 years of age or younger, Charter

shall not suspend service for an additional 20 days after the date of suspension as stated on the notice of suspension, and shall make a diligent effort to contact an adult resident at the customer's premises at least eight days prior to the date on which suspension of service may occur for the purpose of devising a payment plan. Charter shall, at least annually, provide a plain-language notification to any residential customers of Commission-regulated wireline voice services of the protection available under this provision. A person shall be considered "disabled" if the person has (a) a physical, mental or medical impairment resulting from anatomical, physiological, genetic or neurological conditions that prevent the exercise of a normal bodily function or is demonstrable by medically accepted clinical or laboratory diagnostic techniques and (b) has a documented record of such an impairment.

Additionally, all Charter door-to-door sales employees, including contractors, shall carry identification stating their affiliation with the Company when approaching a consumer's residence.

The commitments identified under this section shall continue for three years following the closing of the Transaction. To ensure compliance, the Petitioners shall file a report with the Secretary to the Commission 12 months from the closing of the Transaction and continuing every 12 months for two additional years thereafter, detailing the activities, expenditures, and schedules related to the conditions imposed herein, to the extent necessary, to verify that these activities, outcomes, and notifications are occurring in a timely manner.

3. Employment

The Petitioners shall sustain a workforce adequate to provide responsive and reliable customer service in the State

for a period of no less than five years from the closing of the Transaction. Accordingly, the Petitioners shall be required to file annually with the Secretary to the Commission details of all Charter employees in New York, in a format provided by Department staff, beginning no later than 30 days after the closing of the Transaction, and continuing with annual updates for five years thereafter.

Additionally, the Petitioners shall invest at least \$20 million, over three years from the closing of the Transaction, in support of Charter's Broadband Field Technician Apprenticeship Program for newly hired field technicians in the State.¹⁷ To ensure compliance, the Petitioners shall file a report with the Secretary to the Commission 12 months from the closing of the Transaction and continuing every 12 months for two additional years, that includes, but shall not be limited to, a list of investments made under the program that details at a minimum, the date of investment, description of the investment, the amount of investment, and supporting documentation, including journal entries, of the investments for the reporting cycle.

4. Broadband Investments

The Petitioners shall be required to invest at least \$100 million within three years of the issuance of this Order, to upgrade Charter's network to be capable of offering symmetric internet access service with download/upload speeds up to 1/1 Gbps throughout Charter's service territories in New York State. The Petitioners shall complete at least 35 percent of this

¹⁷ According to the Petitioners, in addition to providing classroom, hands-on, and on-the-job training, this program allows employees to earn a U.S. Department of Labor certification. The Program targets veterans, who can collect VA benefits under the GI Bill alongside their paycheck for a smoother transition to civilian life.

network upgrade by the end of year one, 70 percent by the end of year two, and 100 percent by the end of year three. For purposes of determining whether good cause exists for an extension of the above timeframes, the Commission may consider: (a) force majeure events, including but not limited to severe weather events, labor shortages, and delays caused by third parties, including pole or conduit owners or their contractors, and (b) any other relevant factors.

To ensure that the Petitioners are meeting their network upgrades in a timely manner, the Petitioners shall file a report with the Secretary to the Commission every six months, beginning six months from the issuance of this Order. The report shall list investments made under this capital investment program to date with details including, at a minimum, location, date, description, amount, and supporting documentation, including journal entries, of the investments for each reporting cycle.

Additionally, no later than June 30, 2027, the Petitioners shall upgrade at least 500 outdoor Wi-Fi access points in New York State and offer free, non-customer internet access from those locations for 30 minutes per month through a Spectrum Free Trial SSID for at least two years thereafter.¹⁸ To ensure that the Petitioners are meeting this commitment in a timely manner, the Petitioners shall be required to file a report with the Secretary to the Commission within 30 days of the closing of the Transaction that includes the list of 500 outdoor Wi-Fi access points to be upgraded under this program.

¹⁸ Currently, Spectrum Mobile customers have unlimited access to Spectrum Wi-Fi access points nationwide and Spectrum Internet customers who do not have Spectrum Mobile can take advantage of a 30-minute free trial of access point Wi-Fi services once per month. <https://www.spectrum.net/support/internet/spectrum-wifi-faq>.

Thereafter, Petitioners shall file a final report by July 31, 2027, with the Secretary to the Commission that includes, at a minimum, the list of access points upgraded and the status of each replacement. And, for two years following the completion of the upgrades, the Petitioners shall annually certify that Charter offers free, non-customer access for 30 minutes per month through a Spectrum Free Trial SSID from those locations.

5. Broadband Affordability and Digital Inclusion

Regardless of the status of the Affordable Broadband Act,¹⁹ the Petitioners shall be required to, for a period of at least five years following the closing of the Transaction, provide the Spectrum Internet Assist offering to all eligible customers in Charter's New York service territories without diminishment in eligibility criteria or current download/upload speed of 50/10 Mbps that Charter offers in New York State as of the closing of the Transaction. The Petitioners shall file an attestation with the Secretary to the Commission annually for five years following the closing of the Transaction certifying that this offering remains publicly available.

Further, the Petitioners shall be required to, within three years of the closing of the Transaction, invest a total of \$3 million either in the form of capital expenditure and/or through the provision of in-kind services (including installation, equipment usage, and monthly recurring service costs) to bring high-speed broadband service to currently unserved shelter locations within the State serving homeless or other vulnerable populations. Identification of the shelters for this total contribution of \$3 million shall be mutually determined by Department staff and Charter and located within areas of the State currently served by Charter. Once the

¹⁹ General Business Law §399-zzzzz.

shelters are identified, Charter shall offer the selected shelters the necessary installation and equipment to provide free broadband service with a minimum download/upload speed of 100/20 Mbps for a period of at least five years. For the purposes of this condition, the value of the free service will be \$20 per month per shelter unit within each shelter, and the cost of installation will vary based on the needs of each location. The identification of shelters will seek cost effective projects, with a goal to reach at least 1,600 shelter units through this initiative. All locations built out for this initiative shall commence the five-year free service within three years of the closing of the Transaction. Moreover, should any participating shelters terminate their service before the five-year free service offer is completed, Charter shall transfer the remaining free months of service to other participating shelters until the \$3 million investment has been made in full.

To ensure that the Petitioners are meeting this obligation in a timely manner, the Petitioners shall be required to file a report with the Secretary to the Commission, every six months, beginning six months from the closing of the Transaction. The report must document, at a minimum, the locations, amount of the investments, the timing of such, the recipients, and supporting documentation, including journal entries, of the investments.²⁰

6. Nondiscrimination

Anti-discrimination laws provide essential safeguards to ensure that all individuals are treated fairly and without bias. The Petitioners' commitment to comply with the following

²⁰ As requested by certain commenters, the conditions described herein are enforceable and can be independently audited by Department staff.

State and federal non-discrimination laws is intended to strengthen public confidence in their operations and to ensure accountability for upholding the protections guaranteed by these laws. The Petitioners shall be bound by, must obey, and will continue to implement the following federal and New York State non-discrimination laws:

- a. Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended (42 United States Code §2000e, et seq.) including but not limited to 42 U.S.C. §2000e-2 (unlawful employment practices), 42 U.S.C. §2000e-3 (other unlawful employment practices), the Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-2);
- b. The Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. §626 et seq.);
- c. The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. § 12111 et seq.), the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. §§791, 794);
- d. The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.);
- e. The Pregnant Workers Fairness Act of 2022 (42 U.S.C. §§2000gg-2000gg-6), the Pregnancy Discrimination Act of 1978 (42 U.S.C. §2000e(k));
- f. The Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. §203), and the Equal Pay Act of 1963 (29 U.S.C. §206(d)), inclusive of amendments thereto, e.g., the Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-2);
- g. New York State Executive Law §296;
- h. New York State Labor Law §194; and
- i. any other federal and New York State non-discrimination laws.

The Petitioners shall not discriminate in violation of any federal or New York State non-discrimination laws against any prospective or existing employees or any prospective or existing customers with respect to any wireline communications service it offers in New York. They shall further cooperate with any New York agency investigating any allegations of discrimination. Moreover, the Petitioners shall be subject to

separate penalties or enforcement for two years for any repeated failure(s) to comply.

On or before January 31 of each year beginning in 2027 and for a period of five years following the closing of the Transaction, Charter shall submit a copy of its federal EEO-1 report, in New York State, and describe the policies or activities that ensure equal opportunity and nondiscrimination in recruitment and hiring during the preceding calendar year.²¹

Acceptance of Conditions and Enforcement

The Petitioners and their successors in interest shall unconditionally accept and agree to comply with all the conditions and commitments set forth in the body of this Order. If the Petitioners do not unconditionally accept such, within seven business days of the issuance of this Order, this Order shall constitute a denial of the Joint Petition.

The conditions and commitments adopted in this Order shall be binding and enforceable by the Commission upon the Petitioners as described above. Section 25 of the PSL requires that the Petitioners "comply with ... every order or regulation ... adopted"²² pursuant to the PSL, and that any failure to comply with this Order may result in Petitioners to "forfeit to the people of the state of New York a sum not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars constituting a civil penalty for each and every offense and, in the case of a continuing violation, each day shall be deemed a separate and distinct offense."²³

²¹ With regard to comments seeking stronger commitments on nondiscrimination and equal access, the Commission finds that the condition described herein will ensure the Petitioners are adhering to all State and federal anti-discrimination laws.

²² PSL §25(1).

²³ PSL §25(2).

In the event that the Petitioners fail to comply with the conditions contained herein, pursuant to PSL §26, "the [C]ommission may direct counsel to the [C]ommission to commence an action or special proceeding in the supreme court in the name of the [C]ommission for the purpose of having such violations or threatened violations stopped and prevented."²⁴

CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing, the Commission finds that with the enforceable conditions and commitments adopted herein, approval of the Transaction is in the public interest pursuant to PSL §§99, 100, and 222. The Commission notes, however, that its conditional approval is based upon the specific and unique set of facts presented in the instant case. The Commission will continue to evaluate all future mergers and acquisitions on a case-by-case basis.

The Commission orders:

1. The Joint Petition and the Supplement to the Joint Petition to transfer an indirect, non-controlling ownership and voting interest of approximately 24 percent, but no more than 30 percent, in Charter Communications Holdings, LLC (Charter Holdings), its certificated telecommunications subsidiaries, Charter Fiberlink NY-CCO, LLC (Fiberlink-NY), Time Warner Cable Information Services (New York), LLC d/b/a Time Warner Cable (TWCIS-NY), and Time Warner Cable Business LLC d/b/a Time Warner Cable (TWCB) (together, with Fiberlink-NY and TWCIS-NY, Charter Telecom Licensees) and its franchised cable television subsidiaries Spectrum Northeast, LLC (Spectrum Northeast) and Spectrum New York Metro, LLC (Spectrum Metro)

²⁴ PSL §26.

(together, with Spectrum Northeast, the Charter Cable Franchisees) (collectively, with Charter Parent and Charter Telecom Licensees, Charter), to Cox Enterprises, Inc. (CEI) (together with Charter, Petitioners) (Transaction), pursuant to Public Service Law §§99, 100, and 222 is approved, subject to the conditions discussed in the body of this Order, and upon receipt by the Commission of certification by the Petitioners that they, and their successors in interest, unequivocally accept and agree to comply with the conditions and commitments set forth in the body of this Order. Such certification shall be submitted within seven business days of the issuance of this Order. If the Petitioners do not unconditionally accept within seven business days of the issuance of this Order, this Order shall constitute a denial of the Joint Petition.

2. Within 60 days after the closing of the Transaction, the Petitioners shall notify the Secretary to the Commission in writing that the Transaction has been successfully executed. If the Transaction contemplated herein is not consummated within one year of the date of this Order, the Commission may rescind the approval granted herein.

3. For three full calendar years following the closing of the Transaction, beginning on January 1 of the calendar year immediately following the closing of the Transaction, Petitioners shall maintain an annual escalated PSC Complaint rate (for telephone and cable complaints combined) that is at or below 30 escalated complaints per year as reported by the Department of Public Service's (Department) Office of Consumer Services. If Charter fails to meet this commitment, the Petitioners shall invest \$2 million in incremental customer service improvements in New York State for each year that they fail to meet this obligation. Such incremental improvements will be determined in consultation with Department staff.

4. The Petitioners shall within 30 days after the end of each calendar year file the combined PSC Complaint rate (for telephone and cable) data with the Secretary to the Commission.

5. Charter shall not charge fees to residential cable television service customers to exchange equipment when a consumer requests an upgrade or downgrade of service or chooses to return rented equipment for such cable television service (such as, they elect to stop receiving service at an "additional outlet," i.e., a secondary or tertiary television set in the home). Nothing herein shall preclude Charter from charging customers to return or exchange equipment by mail or other similar delivery means, or for any installation charge or service call requested by the customer for the purpose of performing such equipment exchange.

6. Charter shall make available to all new residential wireline voice service customers in New York State access to at least one battery backup option that provides 24 hours of standby time. Charter shall provide an annual notice to all residential wireline voice service customers in New York State disclosing relevant information regarding battery backup solutions.

7. Charter and/or any of its operating affiliates shall not be permitted to charge New York State customers of Commission-regulated services for costs specifically and directly incurred by the Company associated with the process of obtaining approval for the Transaction.

8. Where Charter provides Commission-regulated wireline voice service to residential customers in New York State who have confirmed in writing to Charter that they are blind, disabled, or 70 years of age or older, and all the remaining residents of the household are blind, disabled, 70

years of age or older, or 18 years of age or younger, Charter shall not suspend service for an additional 20 days after the date of suspension as stated on the notice of suspension, and shall make a diligent effort to contact an adult resident at the customer's premises at least eight days prior to the date on which suspension of service may occur for the purpose of devising a payment plan. Charter will, at least annually, provide a plain-language notification to any residential customers of Commission-regulated wireline voice services of the protection available under this provision. A person shall be considered "disabled" if the person has (a) a physical, mental or medical impairment resulting from anatomical, physiological, genetic or neurological conditions that prevent the exercise of a normal bodily function or is demonstrable by medically accepted clinical or laboratory diagnostic techniques and (b) has a documented record of such an impairment.

9. All Charter door-to-door sales employees, including contractors, shall carry identification stating their affiliation with the Company when approaching a consumer's residence.

10. Any commitment identified under Ordering Clauses 5 through 9 shall continue for three years following the closing of the Transaction.

11. To ensure compliance with Ordering Clauses 5 through 9, the Petitioners shall file a report with the Secretary to the Commission 12 months from the closing of the Transaction and continuing every 12 months for two additional years thereafter, detailing the activities, expenditures, and schedules related to the conditions imposed herein, to the extent necessary, to verify that these activities, outcomes, and notifications are occurring in a timely manner.

12. The Petitioners shall sustain a workforce

adequate to provide responsive and reliable customer service in the State of New York for a period of no less than five years from the closing of the Transaction.

13. To ensure compliance with Ordering Clause 12, the Petitioners shall be required to file annually with the Secretary to the Commission details of all Charter employees in New York, in a format provided by Department staff, beginning no later than 30 days after the closing of the Transaction, and continuing with annual updates for five years thereafter.

14. The Petitioners shall invest at least \$20 million, over three years from the closing of the Transaction, in support of Charter's Broadband Field Technician Apprenticeship Program for newly hired field technicians in New York.

15. To ensure compliance with Ordering Clause 14, the Petitioners shall file a report with the Secretary to the Commission 12 months from the closing of the Transaction and continuing every 12 months for two additional years, that includes, but shall not be limited to, a list of investments made under the program that details at a minimum, the date of investment, description of the investment, the amount of investment, and supporting documentation, including journal entries, of the investments for the reporting cycle.

16. The Petitioners shall invest at least \$100 million within three years to upgrade Charter's network to be capable of offering symmetric internet access service with download/upload speeds up to 1/1 Gigabit-per-second throughout Charter's service territories in New York State, completing at least 35 percent of its network upgrade by the end of year one from the Order approving the Transaction; 70 percent by the end of year two; and 100 percent by the end of year three.

17. The Petitioners shall file a report with the Secretary to the Commission every six months, beginning six months from the issuance of this Order, that includes a list of investments made under this capital investment program with details including, at a minimum, location, date, description, amount, and supporting documentation, including journal entries, of the investments made for each reporting cycle.

18. No later than June 30, 2027, the Petitioners shall upgrade at least 500 outdoor Wi-Fi access points in New York State and offer free, non-customer internet access from those locations for 30 minutes per month through a Spectrum Free Trial SSID for at least two years thereafter.

19. Within 30 days of the closing of the Transaction, the Petitioners shall file a report with the Secretary to the Commission that includes the list of 500 outdoor Wi-Fi access points to be upgraded under this program. Thereafter, Petitioners shall file a final report by July 31, 2027, with the Secretary to the Commission that includes, at a minimum, the list of access points being upgraded under the program and status of each replacement. And, for two years following the completion of the upgrades, the Petitioners shall annually certify that Charter offers free, non-customer access for 30 minutes per month through a Spectrum Free Trial SSID from those locations.

20. Regardless of the status of the Affordable Broadband Act, the Petitioners shall commit to, for a period of at least five years following the closing of the Transaction, continue to offer Spectrum Internet Assist to all eligible customers in Charter's New York service territories without diminishment in eligibility criteria and current speed offering of 50/10 Megabits-per-second that Charter offers in New York as of the closing of the Transaction.

21. To ensure compliance with Ordering Clause 20, the Petitioners shall file an attestation with the Secretary to the Commission annually for five years following the closing of the Transaction certifying that Spectrum Internet Assist offering remains publicly available consistent with the discussion in the body of this Order.

22. The Petitioners shall, within three years of the closing of the Transaction, invest a total of \$3 million either in the form of capital expenditure and/or through the provision of in-kind services (including installation, equipment usage, and monthly recurring service costs) to bring broadband service to currently unserved shelter locations within the State serving homeless or other vulnerable populations. The value of the free service will be \$20 per month per shelter unit within each shelter, and the cost of installation will vary based on the needs of each location. The identification of shelters will seek cost effective projects, with a goal to reach at least 1,600 shelter units through this initiative. All locations built out for this initiative shall commence the five-year free service within three years of the closing of the Transaction. Moreover, should any participating shelters terminate their service before the five-year free service offer is completed, Charter shall transfer the remaining free months of service to other participating shelters until the \$3 million investment has been made in full.

23. Identification of the shelters for this total contribution of \$3 million in direct investments and/or in-kind services shall be mutually determined by Department staff and Charter and located within areas of the State currently served by Charter.

24. To ensure compliance with Ordering Clause 22, the Petitioners shall be required to file a report with the

Secretary to the Commission, every six months, beginning six months from the closing of the Transaction, documenting, at a minimum, the locations, the amount of the investments, the timing of such, the recipients, and supporting documentation, including journal entries of the investments.

25. The Petitioners shall be bound by, must obey, and will continue to implement federal and New York State non-discrimination laws, will cooperate with any New York agency investigating any allegations of discrimination, and will report to the Commission with regard to discrimination complaints, consistent with the discussion in the body of this Order. Moreover, the Petitioners shall be subject to separate penalties or enforcement for two years for any repeated failure(s) to comply.

26. On or before January 31 of each year beginning in 2027 and for a period of five years following the closing of the Transaction, Charter shall submit a copy of its federal EEO-1 report, in New York State, and describe the policies or activities that ensure equal opportunity and non-discrimination in recruitment and hiring during the preceding calendar year.

27. In the Secretary's sole discretion, the deadlines set forth in this Order may be extended. Any request for extension must be in writing, including justification for the extension, and be filed at least three days prior to the affected deadline.

28. This proceeding is closed pending compliance with Ordering Clauses 1, 2, 3, 4, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 24, and 26.

By the Commission,

(SIGNED)

MICHELLE L. PHILLIPS
Secretary

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
City	Albany	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Altamont	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Berne	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bethlehem	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Coeymans	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Cohoes	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Colonie	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Colonie	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Green Island	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Guilderland	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Knox	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Menands	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	New Scotland	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Ravena	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Voorheesville	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Watervliet	Albany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Alfred	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Alfred	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Alma	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Almond	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Almond	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Amity	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Andover	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Andover	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Angelica	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Angelica	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Belfast	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Belmont	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bolivar	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Bolivar	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Burns	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Canadea	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Canaseraga	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Clarksville	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cuba	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cuba	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Friendship	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Genesee	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hume	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Richburg	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Rushford	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Scio	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wellsville	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Wellsville	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Willing	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wirt	Allegany	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Barker	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Binghamton	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Binghamton	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Chenango	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Conklin	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Dickinson	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Endicott	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fenton	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Johnson City	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Kirkwood	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lisle	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lisle	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Maine	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Nanitcoke	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Port Dickinson	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Triangle	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Union	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Vestal	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Whitney Point	Broome	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Allegany	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Allegany	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cattaraugus	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Coldspring	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Conewango	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Dayton	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Delevan	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ellicottville	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Ellicottville	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Franklinville	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Franklinville	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Freedom	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Gowanda	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Great Valley	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hinsdale	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ischua	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Machias	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Mansfield	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	New Albion	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Olean	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Olean	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Perrysburg	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Persia	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Portville	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Portville	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Randolph	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	South Dayton	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Yorkshire	Cattaraugus	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Auburn	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Aurelius	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Aurora	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Brutus	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cato	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cato	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Village	Cayuga	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Fair Haven	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fleming	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ira	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ledyard	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Mentz	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Meridian	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Niles	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Owasco	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Port Byron	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Scipio	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sempronius	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sennett	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Springport	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sterling	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Throop	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Union Springs	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Weedsport	Cayuga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Bemus Point	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Brocton	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Busti	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Carroll	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cassadaga	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Celeron	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Chautauqua	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cherry Creek	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Clymer	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Dunkirk	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Dunkirk	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ellery	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ellicott	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ellington	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Falconer	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Fredonia	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	French Creek	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Gerry	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hanover	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Harmony	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Jamestown	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Kiantone	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lakewood	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Mayville	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Mina	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	North Harmony	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Panama	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Poland	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pomfret	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Portland	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ripley	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Sheridan	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sherman	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Sherman	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Silver Creek	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Sinclairville	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Stockton	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Villanova	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Westfield	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Westfield	Chautauqua	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ashland	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Big Flats	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Catlin	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Chemung	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Elmira	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Elmira	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Elmira Heights	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Erin	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Horseheads	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Horseheads	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Millport	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Southport	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Veteran	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Wellsburg	Chemung	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Afton	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Afton	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bainbridge	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Bainbridge	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Coventry	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Earlville	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Greene	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Greene	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Guilford	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	New Berlin	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	New Berlin	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	North Norwich	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Norwich	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Norwich	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Otsellic	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Oxford	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Oxford	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pharsalia	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pitcher	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Plymouth	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Preston	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sherburne	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Sherburne	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Smithville	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Smyrna	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Smyrna	Chenango	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Altona	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	AuSable	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Beekmantown	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Black Brook	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Champlain	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Champlain	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Chazy	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Dannemora	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Dannemora	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ellenburg	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Keeseville	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Mooers	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Peru	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Plattsburgh	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Plattsburgh	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Rouses Point	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Saranac	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Schuyler Falls	Clinton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ancram	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Austerlitz	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Canaan	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Chatham	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Chatham	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Copake	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ghent	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hillsdate	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Kinderhook	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Kinderhook	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	New Lebanon	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Stuyvesant	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Valatie	Columbia	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cincinnatus	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Cortland	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cortlandville	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cuyler	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Homer	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Homer	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Marathon	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Marathon	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	McGraw	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Preble	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Scott	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Taylor	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Truxton	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Virgil	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Willett	Cortland	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Colchester	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Davenport	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Delhi	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Delhi	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Franklin	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Franklin	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hamden	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Harpersfield	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Hobart	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Kortright	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Masonville	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Meredith	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sidney	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Sidney	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Stamford	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Stamford	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Walton	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Walton	Delaware	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	LaGrange	Dutchess	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pleasant Valley	Dutchess	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Poughkeepsie	Dutchess	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Poughkeepsie	Dutchess	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Red Hook	Dutchess	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Red Hook	Dutchess	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Rhinebeck	Dutchess	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Rhinebeck	Dutchess	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Tivoli	Dutchess	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lancaster	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Akron	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Alden	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Alden	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Amherst	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Angola	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Aurora	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Blasdell	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Boston	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Brant	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Buffalo	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cheektowaga	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Clarence	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Colden	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Collins	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Concord	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Depew	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	East Aurora	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Eden	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Elma	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Evans	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Farnham	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Grand Island	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hamburg	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Hamburg	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Holland	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Kenmore	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
City	Lackawanna	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lancaster	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Marilla	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Newstead	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	North Collins	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	North Collins	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Orchard Park	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Orchard Park	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sardinia	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Sloan	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Springville	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Tonawanda	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Tonawanda	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wales	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	West Seneca	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Williamsville	Erie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Chesterfield	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Crown Point	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Elizabethtown	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Essex	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Jay	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lake Placid	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lewis	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Moriah	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	North Elba	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Schroon	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	St. Armand	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ticonderoga	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Westport	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wilmington	Essex	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Altamont	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bangor	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bombay	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Brighton	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Brushton	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Burke	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Burke	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Chateaugay	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Chateaugay	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Constable	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fort Covington	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Franklin	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Harriestown	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Malone	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Malone	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Moira	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Moriah	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Santa Clara	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Saranac Lake	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Tupper Lake	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Tupper Lake	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Waverly	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Westville	Franklin	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bleecker	Fulton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Broadalbin	Fulton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Broadalbin	Fulton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Caroga	Fulton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Gloversville	Fulton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Johnstown	Fulton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Johnstown	Fulton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Mayfield	Fulton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Mayfiled	Fulton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Northampton	Fulton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Northville	Fulton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Perth	Fulton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Alabama	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Alexander	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Alexander	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Batavia	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Batavia	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bergen	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Bergen	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bethany	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Byron	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Corfu	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Darien	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Elba	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Elba	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	LeRoy	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	LeRoy	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Oakfield	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Oakfield	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pavilion	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pembroke	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Stafford	Genesee	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Catskill	Greene	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hunter	Greene	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Hunter	Greene	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Jewett	Greene	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Tannersville	Greene	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Benson	Hamilton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hope	Hamilton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Inlet	Hamilton	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cold Brook	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Columbia	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Danube	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Dolgeville	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fairfield	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Frankfort	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Frankfort	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	German Flatts	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Herkimer	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Herkimer	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Ilion	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Litchfield	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Little Falls	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Little Falls	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Manheim	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Middleville	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Mohawk	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Newport	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Newport	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Poland	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Russia	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Salisbury	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Schuyler	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Stark	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Warren	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Webb	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	West Winfield	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Winfield	Herkimer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Adams	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Adams	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Alexandria	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Antwerp	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Antwerp	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Black River	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Brownville	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Brownville	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cape Vincent	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cape Vincent	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Carthage	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Champion	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Chaumont	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Clayton	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Clayton	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Deferiet	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Dexter	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ellisburg	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Ellisburg	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Evans Mills	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Glen Park	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Henderson	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Herrings	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hounsfield	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	LeRay	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lorraine	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Lyme	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Mannsville	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Orleans	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pamelia	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Philadelphia	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Philadelphia	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Rodman	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Rutland	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Sackets Harbor	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Theresa	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Theresa	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Watertown	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Watertown	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	West Carthage	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wilna	Jefferson	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	New York/Brooklyn	Kings	Spectrum New York Metro, LLC
Village	Castorland	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Constableville	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Copenhagen	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Croghan	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Croghan	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Denmark	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Diana	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Greig	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lewis	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Leyden	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lowville	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lowville	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lyons Falls	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lyonsdale	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Martinsburg	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	New Bremen	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pinckney	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Port Leyden	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Turin	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Turin	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Watson	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	West Turin	Lewis	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Avon	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Avon	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Caledonia	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Caledonia	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Conesus	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Dansville	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Geneseo	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Geneseo	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Groveland	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Leicester	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Leicester	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Lima	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lima	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Livonia	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Livonia	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Mt. Morris	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Mt. Morris	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	North Dansville	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Nunda	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Nunda	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Portage	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sparta	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Springwater	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	West Sparta	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	York	Livingston	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Brookfield	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Canastota	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cazenovia	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cazenovia	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Chittenango	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	DeRuyter	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	DeRuyter	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Eaton	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fenner	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Georgetown	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hamilton	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Hamilton	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lebanon	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lenox	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lincoln	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Madison	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Madison	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Morrisville	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Munnsville	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Nelson	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Oneida	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Smithfield	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Stockbridge	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sullivan	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Wampsville	Madison	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Brighton	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Brockport	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Chili	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Churchville	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Clarkson	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	East Rochester	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Fairport	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Gates	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Greece	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hamlin	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Henrietta	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Hilton	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Honeoye Falls	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Irondequoit	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Mendon	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ogden	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Parma	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Penfield	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Perinton	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pittsford	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Pittsford	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Riga	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Rochester	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Rush	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Scottsville	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Spencerport	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sweden	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Webster	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Webster	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wheatland	Monroe	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Ames	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Amsterdam	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Amsterdam	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Canajoharie	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Canajoharie	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Florida	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Fonda	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Fort Johnson	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Fort Plain	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Fultonville	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Glen	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Hagaman	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Minden	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Mohawk	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Nelliston	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Palatine	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Palatine Bridge	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Root	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	St. Johnsville	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	St. Johnsville	Montgomery	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	New York/Northern Manhattan	New York	Spectrum New York Metro, LLC
City	New York/Southern Manhattan	New York	Spectrum New York Metro, LLC
Village	Barker	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cambria	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hartland	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lewiston	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lewiston	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Lockport	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lockport	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Village	Middleport	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Newfane	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Niagara	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Niagara Falls	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	North Tonawanda	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pendleton	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Porter	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Royalton	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Somerset	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wheatfield	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wilson	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Wilson	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Youngstown	Niagara	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Yorkville	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Annsville	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Augusta	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ava	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Boonville	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Boonville	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bridegewater	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Camden	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Camden	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Clayville	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Clinton	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Deerfield	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Floyd	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Forestport	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Holland Patent	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Kirkland	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lee	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Marcy	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Marshall	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	New Hartford	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	New Hartford	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	New York Mills	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Oneida	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Oneida Castle	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Oriskany	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Oriskany Falls	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Paris	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Remsen	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Remsen	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Rome	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sangerfield	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Sherill	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Sylvan Beach	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Trenton	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Utica	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Vernon	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Vernon	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Verona	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Vienna	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Waterville	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Western	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Westmoreland	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Whitesboro	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Whitestown	Oneida	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Baldwinsville	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Camillus	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Camillus	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cicero	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Clay	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	DeWitt	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	East Syracuse	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Elbridge	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Elbridge	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fabius	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Fabius	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Fayetteville	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Geddes	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Jordan	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lafayette	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Liverpool	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lysander	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Manlius	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Manlius	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Marcellus	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Marcellus	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Minoa	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	North Syracuse	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Onondaga	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Otisco	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pompey	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Salina	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Skaneateles	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Skaneateles	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Solvay	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Spafford	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Syracuse	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Tully	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Tully	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Van Buren	Onondaga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Bloomfield	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bristol	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Canadice	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Canandaigua	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Canandaigua	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Clifton Springs	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	East Bloomfield	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Farmington	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Geneva	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Geneva	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Gorham	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Holcomb	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hopewell	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Manchester	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Manchester	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Naples	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Naples	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Phelps	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Phelps	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Richmond	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Seneca	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Shortsville	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	South Bristol	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Victor	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Victor	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	West Bloomfield	Ontario	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Blooming Grove	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Chester	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cornwall	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cornwall on Hudson	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Crawford	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Deerpark	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Goshen	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Goshen	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hamptonburgh	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Highland Falls	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Highlands	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Maybrook	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Middletown	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Montgomery	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Montgomery	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Mount Hope	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	New Windsor	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Newburgh	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Newburgh	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Otisville	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Port Jervis	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Walden	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wallkill	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Washingtonville	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wawayanda	Orange	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Albion	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Albion	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Barre	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Carlton	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Clarendon	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Gaines	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Holley	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Kendall	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lyndonville	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Medina	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Murray	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ridgeway	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Shelby	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Yates	Orleans	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Albion	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Amboy	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Central Square	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cleveland	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Constantia	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Fulton	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Granby	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hannibal	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Hannibal	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hastings	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lacona	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Mexico	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Mexico	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Minetto	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	New Haven	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Orwell	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Oswego	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Oswego	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Palermo	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Parish	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Parish	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Phoenix	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Pulaski	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Richland	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sandy Creek	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Sandy Creek	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Schroepfel	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Scriba	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Volney	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	West Monroe	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Williamstown	Oswego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Burlington	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Butternuts	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cherry Valley	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cherry Valley	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cooperstown	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Decatur	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Edmeston	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Exeter	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Gilbertsville	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Hartwick	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Laurens	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Laurens	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Maryland	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Middlefield	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Milford	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Milford	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Morris	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Morris	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	New Lisbon	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Oneonta	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Oneonta	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Otego	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Otego	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Otsego	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pittsfield	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Plainfield	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Richfield	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Richfield Springs	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Springfield	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Unadilla	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Unadilla	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Worcester	Otsego	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	New York/Queens	Queens	Spectrum New York Metro, LLC
Town	Berlin	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Brunswick	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Castleton on Hudson	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	East Greenbush	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	East Nassau	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Grafton	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hoosick	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Hoosick Falls	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Nassau	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Nassau	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	North Greenbush	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Petersburgh	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pittstown	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Poestenkill	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Rensselaer	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sand Lake	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Schaghticoke	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Schaghticoke	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Schodack	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Stephentown	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Troy	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Valley Falls	Rensselaer	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	New York/Staten Island	Richmond	Spectrum New York Metro, LLC
Town	Ballston	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Ballston Spa	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Charlton	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Clifton Park	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Corinth	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Corinth	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Day	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Edinburgh	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Galway	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Galway	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Greenfield	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hadley	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Halfmoon	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Malta	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Mechanicville	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Milton	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Moreau	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Northumberland	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Providence	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Round Lake	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Saratoga	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Saratoga	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Schuylerville	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	South Glens Falls	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Stillwater	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Stillwater	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Victory	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Waterford	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Waterford	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wilton	Saratoga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Delanson	Schenectady	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Duanesburg	Schenectady	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Glenville	Schenectady	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Niskayuna	Schenectady	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Princetown	Schenectady	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Rotterdam	Schenectady	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Schenectady	Schenectady	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Scotia	Schenectady	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Carlisle	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cobleskill	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cobleskill	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Esperance	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Esperence	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Jefferson	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Middleburgh	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Middleburgh	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Richmondville	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Richmondville	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Schoharie	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Schoharie	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Seward	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Sharon	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Sharon Springs	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Summit	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wright	Schoharie	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Dix	Schuyler	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Montour	Schuyler	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Montour Falls	Schuyler	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Odessa	Schuyler	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Reading	Schuyler	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Tyrone	Schuyler	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Watkins Glen	Schuyler	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Covert	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fayette	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Interlaken	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Junius	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lodi	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lodi	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ovid	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Ovid	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Romulus	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Seneca Falls	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Tyre	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Varick	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Waterloo	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Waterloo	Seneca	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Brasher	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Canton	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Canton	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Colton	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	DeKalb	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fowler	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Gouverneur	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Gouverneur	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hermon	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Heuvelton	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hopkinton	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lawrence	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lisbon	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Louisville	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Madrid	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Massena	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Massena	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Morristown	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Norfolk	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Norwood	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Ogdensburg	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Oswegatchie	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Parishville	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pierrepont	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Pitcairn	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Potsdam	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Potsdam	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Rensselaer Falls	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Richville	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Russell	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Stockholm	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Waddington	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Waddington	St. Lawrence	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Addison	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Addison	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Arkport	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Avoca	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Avoca	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bath	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Bath	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cameron	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Campbell	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Canisteo	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Canisteo	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Caton	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cohocton	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cohocton	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Corning	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Corning	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Dansville	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Erwin	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fremont	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Hammondsport	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hartsville	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hornby	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Hornell	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hornellsville	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Howard	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Jasper	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lindley	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	North Hornell	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Painted Post	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Prattsburgh	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pulteney	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Rathbone	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Riverside	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Savona	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	South Corning	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Thurston	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Troupsburg	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Tuscarora	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Urbana	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Wayland	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Wheeler	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Woodhull	Steuben	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bethel	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Bloomington	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Callicoon	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cochecton	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Delaware	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fallsburg	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Forestburgh	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fremont	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Highland	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Jeffersonville	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Liberty	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Liberty	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lumberland	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Mamakating	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Monticello	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Neversink	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Rockland	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Thompson	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Tusten	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wayland	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wayne	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Woodridge	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Wurtsboro	Sullivan	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Barton	Tioga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Candor	Tioga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Candor	Tioga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Newark Valley	Tioga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Newark Valley	Tioga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Nichols	Tioga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Nichols	Tioga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Owego	Tioga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Owego	Tioga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Tioga	Tioga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Waverly	Tioga	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Caroline	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cayuga Heights	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Danby	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Dryden	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Dryden	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Freeville	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Groton	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Groton	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Ithaca	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ithaca	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lansing	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lansing	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Newfield	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Village	Trumansburg	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ulysses	Tompkins	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Denning	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Ellenville	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Esopus	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Gardiner	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hurley	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Kingston	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Kingston	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lloyd	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Marbletown	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Marlborough	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	New Paltz	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	New Paltz	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Olive	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Plattekill	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Rochester	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Rosendale	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Saugerties	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Saugerties	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Shandaken	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Shawamgunk	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ulster	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wawarsing	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Woodstock	Ulster	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bolton	Warren	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Chester	Warren	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Glens Falls	Warren	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hague	Warren	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Horicon	Warren	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lake George	Warren	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Lake George	Warren	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lake Luzerne	Warren	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Queensbury	Warren	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Warrensburg	Warren	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Argyle	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Argyle	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Cambridge	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Cambridge	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Easton	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fort Ann	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Fort Ann	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Fort Edward	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Fort Edward	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Granville	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Granville	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Greenwich	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Greenwich	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Hampton	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

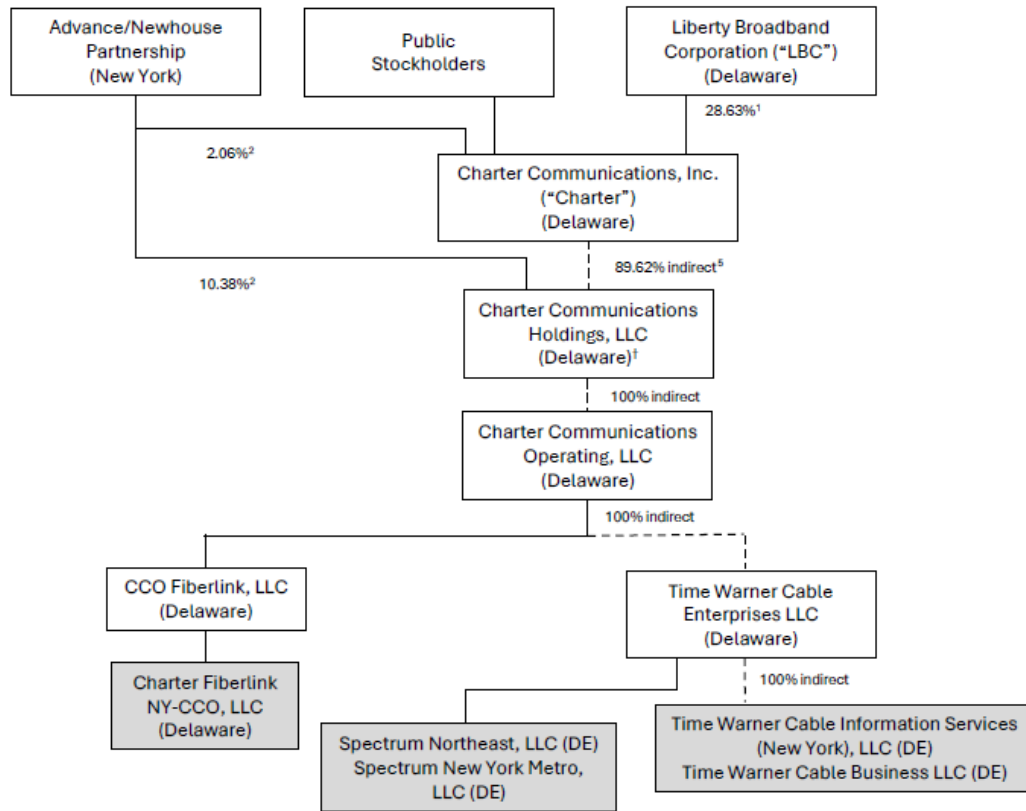
CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Hartford	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Hudson Falls	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Jackson	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Kingsbury	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Putnam	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Salem	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Whitehall	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Whitehall	Washington	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Arcadia	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Butler	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Clyde	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Galen	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Huron	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Lyons	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Macedon	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Marion	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Newark	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Ontario	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Palmyra	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Palmyra	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Red Creek	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Rose	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Savannah	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Sodus	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Sodus	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Sodus Point	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Walworth	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Williamson	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wolcott	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Wolcott	Wayne	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
City	Mt. Vernon	Westchester	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Arcade	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Arcade	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Attica	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Attica	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Bennington	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Castile	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Castile	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Covington	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Eagle	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Gainesville	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Gainesville	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Genesee Falls	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Java	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Middlebury	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Orangeville	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Perry	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Perry	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Pike	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

CHARTER CABLE FRANCHISES IN NEW YORK
(Listed Alphabetically by County)

Municipality Type	Name of Municipality	County	Charter Cable Franchisee
Town	Sheldon	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Silver Springs	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Warsaw	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Warsaw	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Wethersfield	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Wyoming	Wyoming	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Barrington	Yates	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Benton	Yates	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Dresden	Yates	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Dundee	Yates	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Italy	Yates	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Jerusalem	Yates	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Middlesex	Yates	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Milo	Yates	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Penn Yan	Yates	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Village	Rushville	Yates	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Starkey	Yates	Spectrum Northeast, LLC
Town	Torrey	Yates	Spectrum Northeast, LLC

PRE-TRANSACTION ORGANIZATION CHART



Notes

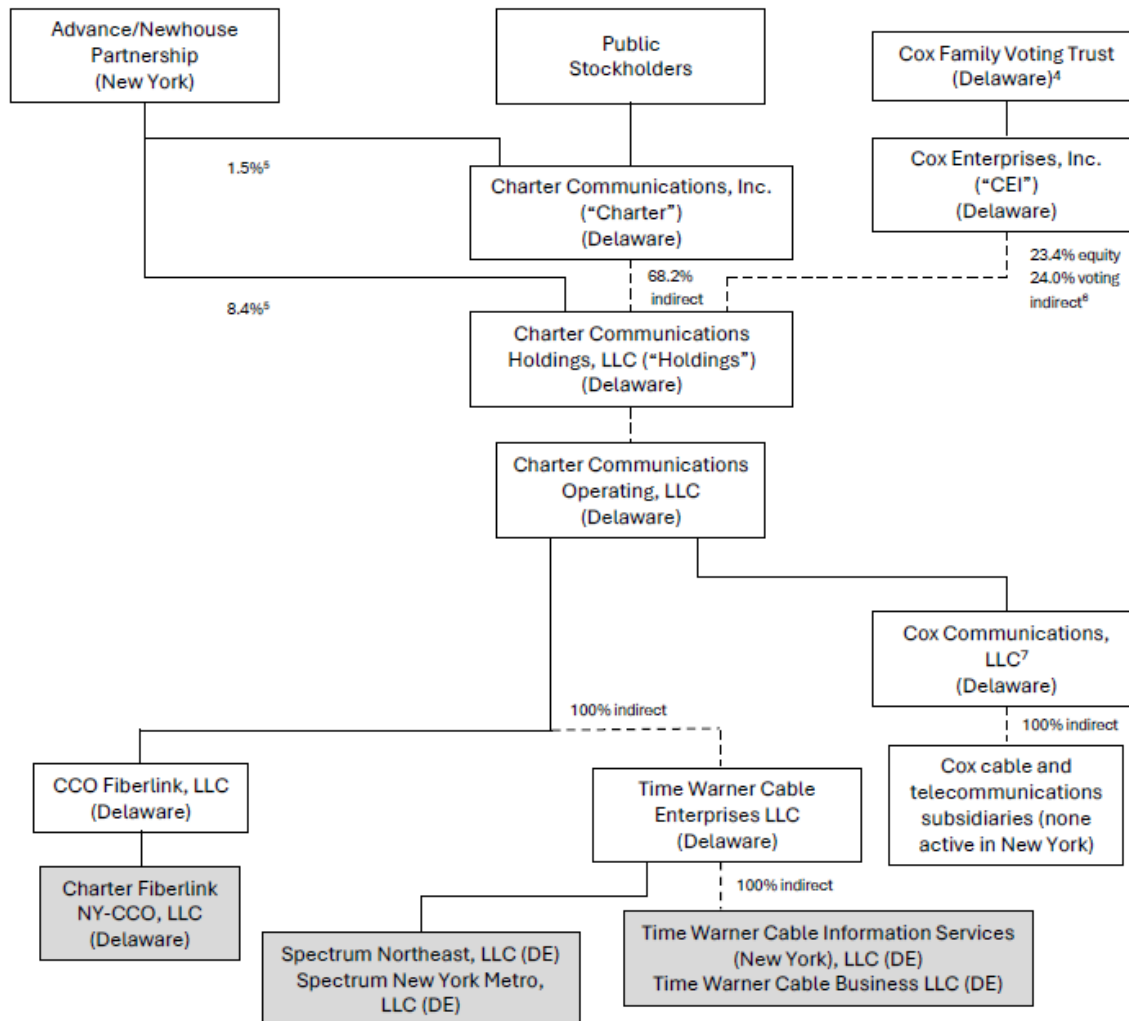
¹ As of June 27, 2025, LBC holds approximately 28.63% of the outstanding shares of Charter’s Class A common stock. Pursuant to agreement, LBC must vote and exercise rights to consent with respect to voting securities held in excess of 25.01% in the same proportion as all other votes cast by stockholders other than Advance/Newhouse Partnership and LBC on all matters other than certain excluded matters, giving it an effective voting power of 25.01%. In addition, as of January 31, 2025, John C. Malone beneficially owns shares representing the power to direct approximately 49% of the aggregate voting power in LBC. All LBC estimates are based on LBC’s proxy statement disclosures.

² Advance/Newhouse Partnership, as of June 27, 2025, holds a minority interest in Charter Communications Holdings, LLC convertible to approximately 10.38% in Charter, as well as a direct common stock interest in Charter of approximately 2.06%, which is, in the aggregate, equivalent on an as-exchanged basis to a 12.44% interest in Charter. A/NPC Holdings LLC, a Delaware LLC, holds a 99% direct interest in Advance/Newhouse Partnership. Newhouse Cable Holdings LLC, a New York limited liability company, holds a 61.24% direct interest in A/NPC Holdings LLC. Newhouse Broadcasting Corporation, a New York corporation, holds a 100% direct interest in Newhouse Cable Holdings LLC.

³ As of June 27, 2025.

⁴ Additional Charter entities operate in this state which are not subject to this transfer of control application.

POST-TRANSACTION ORGANIZATION CHART



Notes

⁴ The Cox Family Voting Trust, which controls 100% of the voting stock of CEI, is controlled by three trustees: Sanford H. Schwartz, James C. Kennedy, and Alex C. Taylor, each of whom is a U.S. citizen.

⁵ Advance/Newhouse Partnership ("A/N Partnership") owns approximately 3.1 million shares of Charter Class A common stock and one share of Charter Class B common stock, which is equivalent, economically, to the outstanding Charter Class A common stock but has a number of votes per share that reflect the voting power of the Holdings common units held by A/N Partnership on an as-exchanged basis. Including both these shares of Charter Class A common stock and A/N Partnership's 8.4% interest in Holdings, and based on Charter's diluted shares outstanding as of March 31, 2025, A/N Partnership will own an approximate 9.9% equity interest in Charter, on an as-exchanged and as-converted basis.

⁶ Based on Charter's diluted shares outstanding as of March 31, 2025, CEI will indirectly hold common and convertible preferred units in Holdings representing an approximately 23.4% equity interest and 24.0% voting interest in Charter. Charter also will issue to CEI one share of a new Class C common stock of Charter that will have a number of Charter stockholder votes equal to the voting power of the Holdings common and convertible preferred units on an as-converted, as-exchanged basis.

⁷ Formerly Cox Communications, Inc.

ATTACHMENT B



STATE OF CONNECTICUT

**PUBLIC UTILITIES REGULATORY AUTHORITY
TEN FRANKLIN SQUARE
NEW BRITAIN, CT 06051**

**DOCKET NO. 25-08-11 APPLICATION OF CHARTER
COMMUNICATIONS, INC. FOR APPROVAL OF
A CHANGE OF CONTROL**

March 3, 2026

By the following Commissioners:

David Arconti, Jr.

Janice A. Beecher

Holly H. Cheeseman

Everett Smith, III

DECISION

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. INTRODUCTION	1
A. SUMMARY.....	1
B. BACKGROUND OF THE PROCEEDING.....	1
C. PARTIES IN INTEREST.....	1
D. APPLICANT’S PROPOSAL	2
E. CONDUCT OF THE PROCEEDING	2
F. PARTIES AND INTERVENORS.....	3
G. SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT	3
H. PUBLIC COMMENT	3
II. STANDARD OF REVIEW.....	6
III. AUTHORITY ANALYSIS	8
A. JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS	8
B. FINANCIAL SUITABILITY AND RESPONSIBILITY	9
C. TECHNOLOGICAL SUITABILITY AND RESPONSIBILITY	10
D. MANAGERIAL SUITABILITY AND RESPONSIBILITY	10
1. Managerial Practices	11
2. Telecom Certification & Video Franchise Authority.....	12
E. PROVISION OF SAFE, ADEQUATE, AND RELIABLE SERVICE.....	13
F. PUBLIC INTEREST	15
1. Competitive Effects.....	15
2. Workforce Impact	15
3. Settlement Agreement	16
IV. CONCLUSION AND ORDERS	17
A. CONCLUSION.....	17
B. ORDERS	17

DECISION

I. INTRODUCTION

A. SUMMARY

The Public Utilities Regulatory Authority (Authority or PURA) approves the acquisition by Charter Communications, Inc. (Charter, Applicant, or Company) of certain subsidiaries of Cox Communications, Inc. The Authority finds that Charter possesses the requisite financial, technological, and managerial suitability, that the Company has demonstrated the ability to provide safe, adequate, and reliable service to the public, and that the proposed transaction is in the public interest, subject to compliance with the orders contained herein.

B. BACKGROUND OF THE PROCEEDING

On May 16, 2025, Cox Enterprises Inc. (CEI), Charter, and Charter Communications Holdings, LLC (Charter Holdings) entered into an agreement in which Charter will acquire Cox Communications, Inc. (Cox) and its subsidiaries, and in exchange CEI will receive cash and equity in Charter Holdings. Application, Aug. 5, 2025, Docket No. 25-08-11, Application of Charter Communications, Inc. for Approval of a Change of Control, p. 1 (Application). On August 5, 2025, pursuant to General Statutes § 16-47 and Conn. Agencies Regs. §§ 16-47-1 *et seq.*, Charter submitted the Application to the Authority requesting approval to acquire three Cox subsidiaries (Proposed Transaction), specifically Cox Connecticut Telcom, LLC; Cox Strategic Services, LLC; and CoxCom, LLC (collectively, Cox Licensees.) Id.

C. PARTIES IN INTEREST

Charter is a publicly traded Delaware corporation headquartered at 400 Washington Boulevard in Stamford, Connecticut 06902. Application, p. 3. Charter and its operating subsidiaries provide broadband and cable services to 31.2 million customers in 41 states, including Connecticut. Id. Charter's Connecticut subsidiaries include: (1) Charter Fiberlink CT-CCO, LLC which provides competitive local exchange and interexchange telecommunications services; (2) Spectrum Northeast, LLC which provides cable services; (3) Spectrum Advance Services, LLC and Charter Enabled IP Services, LLC provide Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) services; and (4) Spectrum Mobile, LLC provides mobile wireless services. Id., pp. 4–5. Charter provides services to approximately 115,000 customers in 37 communities across the state and employs nearly 2,000 individuals in Connecticut. Id., p. 5.

Cox is a Delaware corporation headquartered at 6205-B Peachtree Dunwoody Road in Atlanta, Georgia 30328. Application, p. 6. Cox, through its subsidiaries, provides broadband, video, voice, managed, and wireless services to 6.3 million customers across 35 states, including Connecticut. Id. Cox is a wholly owned subsidiary of CEI. Id. Cox's Connecticut subsidiaries, the Cox Licensees, are: (1) Cox Connecticut Telcom, which provides competitive local exchange and interexchange services; (2) Cox Strategic Services, which provides VoIP services; and (3) CoxCom, which provides video services. Id., p. 7.

D. APPLICANT'S PROPOSAL

In the Application, the Applicant seeks approval of the Proposed Transaction. Pursuant to the Transaction Agreement, dated May 16, 2025, Charter and Cox will merge under common ownership. Application, pp. 8–9. Charter will acquire CoxCom and its subsidiaries, including the Connecticut-based subsidiaries Cox Connecticut Telcom and Cox Strategic Services. Id., p. 9. In return, CoxCom's parent company, CEI, will receive a combination of equity in Charter's subsidiary Charter Holdings and \$4 billion in cash. Id.

The Charter Holdings equity received by CEI is in a combination of approximately 33.6 million common units, exchangeable for common stock in Charter with an implied value of \$11.9 billion, and \$6 billion in preferred units, which pay a 6.875% coupon and are convertible into common units. Application, p. 9. CEI will also receive one share of newly created Class C common stock of Charter, which grants CEI voting power equal to the equity it holds in Charter Holdings. Id. CEI's equity in Charter Holdings would represent approximately 24% of the Charter outstanding common stock, as of June 30, 2025. Id. CEI's ownership interest and voting power on the new board would be capped at 30%. Id., pp. 8–9.

As previously defined and used in this decision, the term "Proposed Transaction" refers exclusively to the transfer of control of the Cox Licensees from CEI to Charter, rather than to the broader previously described exchange of assets, equity, and cash of which the Cox Licensees transfer is a subset.

E. CONDUCT OF THE PROCEEDING

On August 5, 2025, the Applicant applied for approval of a change of control over the Cox Licensees pursuant to General Statutes § 16-47 and Conn. Agencies Regs. §§ 16-47-1 through 16-47-5. Application, p. 1. The Authority issued a Notice of Proceeding on August 22, 2025. See Notice of Proceeding. The Authority held a noticed virtual public comment hearing on September 19, 2025. The Authority held noticed evidentiary hearings on November 19 and 21, 2025, at PURA's Offices, 10 Franklin Square, New Britain, CT. The Authority also held a late-filed exhibit hearing on December 3, 2025.

Parties and intervenors filed 34 motions over the course of the proceeding.¹

Parties and intervenors had the opportunity to file briefs on or before December 22, 2025, and reply briefs on or before January 8, 2026.

On February 18, 2026, the Authority issued a proposed final Decision. All Parties were given the opportunity to file Written Exceptions to the proposed final Decision and to request Oral Argument.

¹ The commissioners have reviewed all of the motion filings, objections, and associated rulings. Any motions pending as of the issuance of this Decision are denied or moot.

The Authority received letters in lieu of Written Exceptions from the Applicants, the Connecticut Office of the Attorney General (OAG), and OCC. The Area 12 Advisory Council (AC12) submitted Written Exceptions.

The Authority cancelled Oral Arguments, originally scheduled for February 26, 2026, as no party or intervenor requested that Oral Argument be held.

F. PARTIES AND INTERVENORS

The Authority recognized the following as parties to this proceeding: Charter Communications, Inc. (Charter), 400 Washington Blvd., Stamford, CT 06902; Cox Communications, Inc. (Cox), 6205-B Peachtree Dunwoody Rd., Atlanta, GA 30328; Cox Enterprises, Inc. (CEI), 6205 Peachtree Dunwoody Road, Atlanta, GA 30328, OCC, 10 Franklin Square, New Britain, CT 06051; and the Commissioner of the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP), 79 Elm Street, Hartford, CT 06106.

The Authority granted intervenor status to the following: OAG; Area 10 Advisory Council (AC10), AC12, Area 15 Advisory Council (AC15), Area 17 Advisory Council (AC17), Area 19 Advisory Council (AC19), and Cable Advisory Council of Enfield (CACE).

G. SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

By motion dated January 28, 2026, Charter, CEI, Cox, OAG, and OCC (collectively, Settling Parties) requested that the Authority approve a settlement agreement negotiated between the Settling Parties. Motion No. 34, p. 1. The settlement represents the culmination of multiple rounds of discussions and contains thirty-eight numbered items imposing various obligations on the Settling Parties. See Motion No. 34, Ex. 1 (Settlement Agreement).

H. PUBLIC COMMENT

The Authority held one virtual public comment hearing on September 19, 2025, with approximately 15 individuals in attendance.² Testimony was received from ten of the attendees, all in support of the application. Hr'g. Tr., Sept. 19, 2025, 6:15–8:3, 8:6–10:9, 10:12–13:13, 13:18–15:1, 15:6–17:7, 17:12–18:21, 18:24–20:16, 20:19–21:22, 21:25–22:20, 22:25–23:19. Testifying attendees expressed their belief that the transaction will positively impact the Connecticut economy, create a stronger competitor to maintain low prices, generate job growth for the city of Stamford and the state, and expand Charter's community impact. Tr., 7:23–8:3, 14:11–16, 17:18–18:20, 20:11–15, 21:12–18, 22:16–19.

Peter Myers, representing the Connecticut Business & Industry Association (CBIA), supports the transaction and testified that Charter is a valued member and cornerstone of the Connecticut business community. Tr., 6:25–7:3; 7:25–8:2. Mr. Myers praised Charter's investments in workforce development, such as its \$5 million investment in Stamford TechHub, which provides free technology training to job seekers. Tr., 7:4–14. Mr. Myers argued that Charter, with nearly 2,000 Connecticut employees, is

² The number of hearing attendees includes members of the public, state agency staff, and Charter staff members.

a major employer and economic driver in the state. Tr., 7:15–22. Mr. Myers testified that in 2024, Charter invested \$134 million in Connecticut and contributed \$18 million in taxes and fees, while providing reliable service to 115,000 customers. Tr., 7:15–22. Mr. Myers urged PURA to approve the acquisition, arguing that it will benefit Connecticut's economy, business and residents. Tr., 7:23–8:3.

Peter Talbot, Councilman and Chair of the Cheshire Town Council, testified to Charter's efficiency and his belief that its price structure will produce cost savings for current Cox customers. Tr., 8:24–9:5.

Michael Moore, President of the Stamford Downtown Special Services District, supports the transaction and testified that Charter has had a positive impact on the city, both economically and within the community. Tr., 15:6–17:7. Mr. Moore cited Charter's \$500 million investment in its downtown headquarters and its partnership with Stamford TechHub and other nonprofits, such as the New Covenant Center, the Stamford Peace Youth Foundation and the Children's Learning Center of Fairfield County. Tr., 16:3–17:1.

Darrell Johnson, Executive Director of Stamford Partnership, echoed Mr. Moore's sentiments and argued that Charter understands that regional economic growth requires sustained investment in people and infrastructure, and Charter's efforts should be a nationwide model. Tr., 18:8–15.

Leah Kagan, Director of Economic Development for the City of Stamford, expressed full support for the transaction, and argued that Charter provides essential telecommunications and broadband services and has been an outstanding community partner. Tr., 20:22–21:7.

Through the close of the evidentiary record on December 3, 2025, the Authority received 25 written comments, with all but two commentators expressing support for the transaction. Written comments included letters from elected officials. Representative Jay Case supports the transaction, arguing that Charter is among Connecticut's largest employers and has driven economic growth since the relocation of its headquarters to Stamford in 2012. Rep. Case Corresp., Sept. 12, 2025. Deputy Minority Leader and Representative David Rutigliano supports the transaction, arguing that the merger will strengthen Charters' reliability, philanthropic support, and community investment. Rep. Rutigliano Corresp., Sept. 16, 2025. Deputy Speaker and Representative Joseph Gresko supports the transaction and believes it will create a stronger competitor that will be better positioned to invest while maintaining low prices. Rep. Gresko Corresp., Sept. 17, 2025. Representative Kerry Wood endorses the transaction, arguing that it will ensure continued investment, innovation and reliable services to families and businesses. Rep. Wood Corresp., Sept. 17, 2025. Assistant Minority Leader and Representative Bill Buckbee stated he is in support of the acquisition, asserting it will strengthen competition, expand consumer benefits, ensure job growth, and reinforce Connecticut's standing as a hub for corporate leadership and innovation. Rep. Buckbee Corresp., Sept. 17, 2025.

Majority Leader and Representative Jason Rojas favors the transaction and believes it will enhance affordable service options and will further develop job creation

and career development. Rep. Rojas Corresp., Sept. 18, 2025. Representative Steve Meskers claimed that Charter has been a major contributor to Connecticut's economy that is committed to workforce development, and the transaction will bring more jobs, training and connection across communities in Connecticut. Rep. Meskers Corresp., Sept. 18, 2025. Chief Minority Whip and Representative John Piscopo agrees that Charter has been an economic driver in the state that employs hundreds of residents and contributes to local nonprofits, which the merger will continue to positively impact. Rep. Piscopo Corresp., Sept. 18, 2025.

Several Senators³ from the Senate Republican Offices (SRO) cosigned joint written correspondence expressing support for the transaction, arguing it will deliver meaningful and immediate improvements to customers. SRO Corresp., Sept. 18, 2025. The signatory Senators expressed their belief that the acquisition will expand Charter's ongoing philanthropic initiatives and workforce development programs and will accelerate broadband upgrades. Id. A second letter cosigned by members from both chambers of the Connecticut General Assembly⁴ touted Charter's philanthropic footprint through its support for local nonprofits and investment in Tech Hub and Spectrum Community Assist, which the signatories believe will be benefit from this transaction. Conn. General Assembly Corresp., Sept. 18, 2025. The legislators also argued that the merger will increase local opportunities for career advancement and professional development, and that Charter's continued growth will further its positive economic impact in Stamford and the state. Id.

The Mayor of Stamford, Caroline Simmons, believes that Charter is an anchor corporate leader in Stamford that both provides vital broadband services and has acted as an outstanding community partner. Mayor Simmons Corresp., Sept. 15, 2025. Mayor Simmons believes the transaction will continue to benefit the state and Stamford by creating new job opportunities for residents and ensuring communities remain connected and competitive. Id.

Numerous nonprofits praised Charter's involvement in the community, including support for local food pantries, collaborating with college study programs, partnering with and donating to workforce development programs, supporting the development of Mill River Park, contributing to cleaning the local beaches and providing guest speakers to students for STEM careers. See SoundWaters Corresp., Sept. 8, 2025; Mill River Park Collaborative Corresp., Sept. 8, 2025; Beyond Limits Academics Corresp., Sept. 16, 2025; The Community Action Agency of Western Connecticut Corresp., Sept. 16, 2025; New Covenant Center Corresp., Sept. 16, 2025; and Stamford Health Corresp., Sept. 13, 2025. These nonprofits agree that the transaction will further broaden Charters' positive community impact throughout the state. See id. Additionally, both CBIA and the Stamford Chamber of Commerce (SCC) state that Charter has been a long-time contributor to the

³ The following legislators signed the correspondence: Senator Stephen Harding (30th), Senator Henri Martin (31st) Senator John Kissel (7th) and Senator Eric Berthel (32nd).

⁴ The following legislators signed the correspondence: Senator Patricia Miller (27th), Senator Ceci Maher (26th), Senator Fyan Fazio (36th), Representative Tom O'Dea (125th), Representative Hubert Delany (144th), Representative Corey Paris (145th), Representative Eilish Main (146th), Representative Jonathan Jacobson (148th) and Representative Tina Courpas (149th).

Connecticut economy and the merger will expand Charter's contributions. CBIA Corresp., Sept. 9, 2025, SCC Corresp., Sept. 15, 2025.

Conversely, Eric Prause, Chair of the Cox Cable Advisory Council 12 (Cox Council 12) for the Manchester franchise area, expressed concerns over Cox's customer service quality and noted problems with wait times and delays in bill issue resolution. Prause Corresp., Oct. 15, 2025, p. 1. Mr. Prause also claimed that Cox has not consulted with Cox Council 12 on community access policies, budgets, and equipment purchases, and has not been participating in Advisory Council meetings, despite its statutory obligations. *Id.*, pp. 1–2. Mr. Prause requests an audit of Charter's community access operations by OCC if noncompliance continues. *Id.*, p. 2. Gregory Davis, member of Charter Cable Advisory Council 19 (Charter Council 19), recommended various conditions of approval for the Proposed Transaction. See generally Davis Corresp., Sept. 19, 2025. Specifically, Mr. Davis requested conditions requiring Charter to divest any community access operations to an independent nonprofit provider, improve signal distribution transmission standards, provide community access programming to internet-only subscribers, and supply financial support for Charter Council 19 through a subscriber fee. See id.

II. STANDARD OF REVIEW

Under General Statutes § 16-47, no person may take any action that directly or indirectly causes a change of control over certain regulated companies, including regulated telecommunications companies and their holding companies, “without first making written application to and obtaining the approval of the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority” in a contested proceeding.

“Holding company” is defined as “any corporation, association, partnership, trust or similar organization, or person” with control over a regulated company. General Statutes § 16-47(a)(1).

The Authority interprets General Statutes § 16-47(a)(2) as defining control as a factual determination that may be found by the Authority under one of two alternative bases, which for convenience the Authority refers to as (1) presumptive control and (2) directive control.

Presumptive control applies when “a person directly or indirectly owns” a threshold percentage of the voting securities of a regulated company or holding company.⁵ General Statutes § 16-47(a)(2). Once possession of the threshold percentage is established, a presumption of control arises unless “rebutted by a showing that such ownership does not in fact confer control.” *Id.* As the Cox Licensees are telecommunications companies and a holding company thereof, the threshold percentage applicable to this proceeding is 40% of the voting securities. *Id.*

⁵ The threshold percentage is set by statute at 10% of the voting securities of a gas company, electric distribution company, water company, telephone company, community antenna television company; or 40% of the voting securities of a holder of a certificate of cable franchise authority, certified telecommunications provider, or certified competitive video service provider, or its holding company. General Statutes § 16-47(a)(2).

Directive control applies when a person possesses “the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a [regulated company] or a holding company, whether through ownership of its voting securities, the ability to effect a change in the composition of its board of directors or otherwise.” Id. The Authority interprets directive control as a factual determination that must be supported by evidence on the record demonstrating the ability to direct the company, but one that is not constrained to any specific definition of “the power to direct.”⁶

Upon receipt of an application for approval of change of control over a regulated company, the Authority “shall investigate and hold a public hearing . . . and thereafter may approve or disapprove any such application in whole or in part and upon such terms and conditions as it deems necessary or appropriate.” General Statutes § 16-47(d)(2). Specifically, the Authority shall evaluate the following:

- (1) the financial, technological, and managerial suitability and responsibility of the applicant; and
- (2) the legal, financial and technical ability of the subject of the application to provide safe, adequate, and reliable service to the public through the company's plant, equipment, and manner of operation if the application were to be approved.

Id.

The purpose of General Statutes § 16-47 is “to assure to the state of Connecticut its full powers to regulate its public service companies, to increase the powers of the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority and to promote local control of the public service companies of this state.” General Statutes § 16-11. Accordingly, where statutory interpretation is required, the Authority construes such statutes in a manner that furthers this legislative purpose.

As the Proposed Transaction involves “the transfer of ownership of assets or a franchise of a public service company,” General Statutes § 16-22 tasks the Applicant with “the burden of proving . . . that said transfer of assets or franchise is in the public interest.” Furthermore, because the Proposed Transaction concerns the provision of telecommunications services in the State of Connecticut, the Authority is statutorily required to regulate in a manner that fosters competition and protects the public interest. General Statutes § 16-247f(a).

⁶ Specifically, the Authority finds the use of the words “whether” and “otherwise” indicate legislative intent that the definition of direction not be limited in scope to the statutorily enumerated examples—in other words, these examples “do not constitute an exhaustive or exclusive list.” Casey v. Lamont, 338 Conn. 479, 492 (2021) (finding a list similarly inexhaustive where it used the phrase “including, but not limited to”); see also Sams v. DEEP, 308 Conn. 359, 385 (2013) (“or by any other suitable means”); State v. Jones, 51 Conn. App. 126, 137 (Conn. App. Ct. 1998) (“such as”).

Because the term “public interest” is not defined in Title 16, the Authority’s construction of the term is governed by General Statutes § 1-1(a).⁷ Public interest is commonly defined as “a specific public benefit or stake in something.”⁸ The Applicant must demonstrate that the Proposed Transaction provides a public benefit or advances the public’s stake. The purpose of public interest review under General Statutes §§ 16-22 and 16-247f(a) is therefore to ensure that the benefits of a transaction involving a public service company accrue not just to shareholders but to all stakeholders. Consequently, public interest review is distinct from the suitability analysis conducted under General Statutes § 16-47(d). See Aquarion Water Authority v. Public Utilities Regulatory Authority, Superior Court, judicial district of New Britain, Docket No. CV-25-6101571-S, p. 9 n. 2 (January 15, 2026) (rejecting the argument that section 16-22’s public interest analysis is “coextensive” with the factors in section 16-47(d)).

III. AUTHORITY ANALYSIS

Based on the evidence presented in the Application, responses to interrogatories, and pre-filed testimony, all of which was adopted by witnesses as testimony at the hearing, the Authority finds that Charter possesses the financial, technological, and managerial suitability and responsibility to manage and operate the Cox Licensees.

A. JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS

As previously defined, the term Cox Licensees refers collectively to CoxCom, LLC, Cox Strategic Services, LLC, and Cox Connecticut Telcom, LLC. CoxCom, LLC is authorized to provide statewide video service pursuant to a Certificate of Video Franchise Authority. Application, p. 7. CoxCom also holds three Certificates of Cable Franchise Authority to provide cable services. Cox Strategic Services, LLC is a registered voice over internet protocol provider. Id. Cox Connecticut Telcom, LLC is a certified telecommunications provider within the meaning of General Statutes §§ 16-1(a)(32) and 16-47. Id. As the parent company of Cox Connecticut Telecom, LLC and Cox Strategic Services, LLC, CoxCom, LLC is both a holding company and the holding company of a certified telecommunications provider within the meaning of General Statutes §§ 16-1(a)(32) and 16-47(a)(1). See Application, Ex. A, p. 1.

Under the terms of the Proposed Transaction, the Cox Licensees will become indirect subsidiaries of Charter. See Application, pp. 1–2, 6, 8–10; Application, Ex. A (Pre-Closing Ownership Structure). As the Cox Licensees will become wholly owned by Charter, the Proposed Transaction involves a transfer of voting securities that exceeds the threshold percentage for control over certified telecommunications providers or their holding company, and thus presumptive control was established without subsequent

⁷ General Statutes § 1-1(a) states “In the construction of the statutes, words and phrases shall be construed according to the commonly approved usage of the language; and technical words and phrases, and such as have acquired a peculiar and appropriate meaning in the law, shall be construed and understood accordingly.”

⁸ “Public interest.” Merriam-Webster.com. Merriam-Webster (August 1, 2021); see also, Black’s Law Dictionary (11th ed. 2019) (“1. The general welfare of a populace considered as warranting recognition and protection. 2. Something in which the public as a whole has a stake; esp., an interest that justifies governmental regulation.”)

rebuttal during this proceeding. See id.; General Statutes § 16-47(a)(2). Consequently, the Proposed Transaction would, if successful, cause Charter to acquire control over Cox Connecticut Telcom, LLC, a holding company with control over certified telecommunications providers, and thus Authority approval of the Proposed Transaction is required under General Statutes § 16-47(c)(2).

Based on the foregoing, the Authority finds that the Proposed Transaction falls under its jurisdiction as a change of control subject to review under General Statutes § 16-47.

B. FINANCIAL SUITABILITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

In accordance with General Statutes 16-47(d)(2), the Authority reviewed the financial suitability and responsibility of Charter. The Authority finds that Charter meets the financial suitability and responsibility requirements necessary to acquire the Cox Licensees.

Charter asserts that the acquisition of the Cox Licensees and the resulting increased access to resources will allow Charter to adjust its long-term target leverage ratio. Application, p. 29. At the close of the transaction, Charter expects its leverage ratio to drop from 4.13 times to 3.93 times, improving its ability to secure favorable long-term financing.⁹ Interrog. Resp. PURA-24, p. 1. Charter's current total debt of approximately \$95 billion is expected to increase to approximately \$112.6 billion at the close of the transaction. Hr'g Tr., Nov. 19, 2025, 191:22–192:24. Charter reports that its LTM cash flow is approximately \$5 billion, and the debt maturing in the next couple years is approximately half of the \$5 billion which indicates that Charter has sufficient cash-flow to manage its debt in the coming years. Tr., 195:5–195:24. Further, Charter has shown that it has successfully managed debt maturities by refinancing in advance of due dates. Id.

The Applicant indicated that both Charter and Cox “do not expect the assumption of Cox's approximately \$12.6 billion in outstanding net debt and finance leases to have any materially adverse impact on the operations of the combined company.” Interrog. Resp. PURA-26, p. 1. Charter and Cox expect there will be sufficient liquidity to operate the combined company, and that debt and equity financing will continue to be an option after completion of the transaction. Id. The Company also claims that there was unprecedented demand for their recent \$2 billion bond issuance in 2025 that demonstrates sufficient backing to ensure cash flow. Hr'g Tr., Nov. 19, 2025, 197:18–25.

The Authority finds that the Proposed Transaction will likely benefit Charter's financial position and financial ratios. Interrog. Resp. PURA-32 and PURA-33. The financial ratio analysis provided by the Company indicates improvement in all categories except for the return on assets and return on total capital ratios, which decrease by one percentage point each. Interrog. Resp. PURA-32, pp. 1–2. It is reasonable that both the

⁹ Computed by using Charter's last-twelve-months (LTM) adjusted EBITDA. The Company indicated it utilized the first quarter of 2025 net debt balances and the LTM adjusted EBITDA when calculating the expected leverage ratios. Interrog. Resp. PURA-24, p. 1.

return on assets ratio and return on total capital ratio would decline, since the Company would expand its balance sheet following the Proposed Transaction, reducing overall risk. Charter's credit worthiness was also received positively by Moody's, S&P, and Fitch, the three major credit rating agencies, after Charter and Cox announced the transaction. Interrog. Resp. PURA-33.

Based on the foregoing, the Authority finds that Charter meets financial suitability and responsibility requirements for the acquisition of the Cox Licensees. As a viable company with a market capitalization of approximately \$27 billion in calendar year 2025 and strong access to debt markets, the record indicates that Charter possesses the ability to cover near-term debt maturities and to access new capital as needed to cover future risk.

C. TECHNOLOGICAL SUITABILITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

In accordance with General Statutes § 16-47(d)(2), the Authority reviewed the technological suitability and responsibility of Charter. The Authority finds that Charter meets the technological suitability and responsibility requirements necessary to acquire the Cox Licensees.

Charter has developed a robust record that demonstrates its experience in providing communications, technology, information, and entertainment products to residential and commercial customers across the State. The foundation of this experience includes the extensive deployment of coaxial and fiber networks across the state. See Interrog. Resps. OCC-190 and OCC-49. In addition, both Charter and Cox subsidiaries have extensive and longstanding experience operating in the state, providing video and telecommunication services in Connecticut for decades under Certificate of Cable Franchise Authority (CCFA) and Certificate of Video Franchise Authority (CVFA) issued by the Authority. Charter Brief, Dec. 22, 2025, pp. 7-9 (Charter Brief).

Additionally, the record indicates that the transaction will likely produce technological benefits. Charter claims it was the first provider to deploy the latest generation of wireless, Wi-Fi 7. Application, p. 23. The new combined entity will be able to deploy Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification (DOCSIS) 4.0 technologies in Cox territory sooner than Cox would be able, absent the merger. Interrog. Resp. PURA-14. Cox will also benefit from economies of scale and will no longer need to rely on third-party vendors to provide modems and routers, instead utilizing Charter's scalable technologies that are tailored for broadband. Application, p. 27. Finally, Charter's infrastructure costs per mile are lower than Cox's, suggesting that Cox customers may benefit from investment efficiencies. Interrog. Resp. PURA-38.

Based on the foregoing, the Authority finds that Charter meets technological suitability and responsibility requirements for the acquisition of the Cox Licensees.

D. MANAGERIAL SUITABILITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

In accordance with General Statutes § 16-47(d)(2), the Authority reviewed the managerial suitability and responsibility of Charter. The Authority finds that Charter

meets the managerial suitability and responsibility requirements necessary to acquire the Cox Licensees.

1. Managerial Practices

Charter employs nearly 2,000 persons in Connecticut. Application, p. 5. Charter's largest employment centers are in Stamford and Newtown, although it also has employees in its North Windham and Willimantic locations. See Interrog. Resp. OCC-34. Because Charter's corporate headquarters are in Stamford, a large percentage of management employees who work at the Stamford headquarters are at or above the director level nationally. See Interrog. Resp. PURA-6. In a confidential response, Charter provided the total number of employees supporting its Connecticut operations, the number of employees who conduct field work and the ratio of management / supervisors to non-management personnel. Id. The Company also provided the ratio of customer service employees to supervisors at a national level as Charter's call centers are located outside of Connecticut. Id. The Authority reviewed the responses and finds the supervisor to employee ratios are reasonable. The Authority notes that Charter customers have 24/7 365 days a year live access to U.S based customer service employees and same-day technician dispatches (before 5pm) or next day dispatch after 5pm. Interrog. Resp. PURA-18.

Charter provided the names and biographies of selected current officers including the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary, the Executive Vice President, Field Operations, and Executive Vice President Chief Commercial Officer. Application, Ex. I. Charter also identified its key Northeast regional leadership personnel, including its principal State Government Affairs contact for Connecticut and provided a description of the scope for its network field, customer service, and network technology operations. Interrog. Resp. OCC-32. Charter designated Connecticut as part of the Northeast region that spans from Maine to New York. Id. Charter provided the name of the Area Manager for the New England Region that includes Connecticut. Interrog. Resp. OCC-34. The Company indicated that following the transaction, Charter would have access to a larger pool of personnel and critical equipment from each individual company than it does today. Id.

The Authority reviewed the experience of Charter's officers and leadership personnel and finds that the individuals, collectively, have extensive work experience in their respective disciplines, both within the industry and within the Company. Charter's leadership team appears to be well-qualified in their current roles. Charter and Cox have not yet determined a final structure for its combined Connecticut operations. Interrog. Resp. OCC-32. Although the post-merger leadership structure has not been finalized, the Authority finds that there is sufficient evidence that the new entity will operate reasonably and efficiently.

The Authority also evaluated Charter's adaptations to changes in the video and communications markets, as a practical demonstration of Charter's managerial capabilities. Charter has identified numerous changes to the broadband, wireless, and video content market since 2015 and the effect of these changes on the competitive pressures it faces. See Interrog. Resp. PURA-12, pp. 2-6. These changes have

accompanied significant subscriber loss over most of the same period. See Interrog. Resp. PURA-2. In response to these challenges, Charter reports having made significant changes to its video services to keep and retain customers. Interrog. Resp. PURA-3. For example, Charter has completed agreements with content providers to provide greater flexibility to include streaming applications in certain video package offerings. Id. These agreements enable Charter to offer lower-priced packages to customers, and to allow customers to stream services at no additional charge. Id. Charter has also adapted its service offerings to incorporate technological advances, including launching a streaming box product that provides instant access to Spectrum TV and other streaming apps; multiple tiers of its Contour video packages to meet varying customer needs; and increased product compatibility and integration with smart TVs. See Interrog. Resp. PURA-3.

Post-transaction, Charter plans to extend its content provider agreements to the Cox footprint. Interrog. Resp. PURA-1. This will benefit current Cox customers by allowing access to the content provided under these agreements without having to pay for supplemental subscriptions. Id. Existing Cox customers may choose between switching to a Charter plan or retaining their existing Cox plan. Hr'g. Tr., Nov. 19, 2025, 87:15–88:1.

The Authority reviewed Charter's leadership team, the potential benefits of the combined resources with Cox, and the Company's responsiveness to adapt to market changes and offer products and services that consumers want. The Authority determines that the proposed transaction meets the managerial suitability and responsibility requirements. However, during the proceeding Charter and Cox conveyed that it was premature to provide detailed information regarding operational integration planning and managerial and/or leadership changes post-transaction. Interrog. Resp. OCC-34 and Hr'g. Tr., Nov. 19, 2025, 98:12–25.

The Authority is concerned about post-transaction integration decisions that could adversely impact the Connecticut workforce, customer service, or positions migrating from the Stamford headquarters to Cox's headquarters in Atlanta, Georgia. In their joint brief, the OCC and AG, suggested various measures to ensure that Connecticut interests are protected, should the Authority approve the transaction. OCC/OAG Brief, Dec. 22, 2025, pp. 33–35 (OCC/OAG Brief). Under the terms of the proposed settlement agreement, the Company agreed to multiple measures and requirements negotiated with the OCC and OAG to ensure that Connecticut customers and that state's interests are protected. Notably, the Company will provide a detailed integration plan within 90 days after the transaction. Settlement Agreement, No. 23, p. 4. Based on the record in this proceeding, Charter meets the managerial capability and suitability requirements to manage the Cox Licensees.

2. Telecom Certification & Video Franchise Authority

Charter and Cox have provided services in Connecticut for decades, and both companies have sought and received regulatory approval from the Authority on several occasions. In 2004, the Authority granted Charter's subsidiary, Charter Fiberlink CT-CCO, LLC a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity (CPCN) to provide

competitive local exchange and interexchange telecommunications services. Application, p. 4. In 2007, the Authority granted Charter Communications of Western Connecticut a Certificate of Cable Franchise Authority (CCFA) to provide video services and to own, lease, maintain, operate, manage or control facilities in, under or over any public highway in the delivery of such service, subject to the laws of the state. Id., p. 5. In 2008, the Authority granted Charter Communications Entertainment I, LLC d/b/a Charter Communications of Northeastern Connecticut a CCFA to provide video services and to own, lease, maintain, operate, manage, or control facilities in, under or over any public highway in the delivery of such service, subject to the laws of the state. Id.

Similarly, Cox has obtained Authority approval for telecommunications and video services. In June 1997, the Authority granted Cox Connecticut Telecom, LLC a CPCN to operate as a reseller and facilities-based provider of intrastate telecommunications services in Connecticut, including competitive local exchange service. Application, p. 7. In November 2007, the Authority granted CoxCom Inc., CCFAs in its Enfield, Manchester and Meriden franchise areas to provide video services and to own, lease, maintain, operate, manage or control facilities in, under or over any public highway in the delivery of such service, subject to the laws of the state. Id. In 2012, the Authority authorized CoxCom to provide statewide video service outside of its franchise area. Id.

In each CPCN approval, the Authority found that the company possessed and demonstrated adequate financial resources, managerial ability and technical competency to provide the proposed service as required by General Statutes § 16-247g (b). The CCFA and CVA approvals relied on affidavits that affirmed that the application met all the requirements of Connecticut Public Act, No. 07-253, An Act Concerning Certified Competitive Video Service (the Act). These requirements include Company affirmations regarding (1) principal place of business (2) timely filings with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) in advance of offering such video service in Connecticut, (3) compliance with all applicable federal and state statutes and regulations and Authority orders, and compliance with the Act.

Based on the foregoing, the Authority finds that Charter and Cox have an established presence in Connecticut and have previously demonstrated the technical, financial and managerial suitability required for certification. Although certification requirements significantly overlap with the requirements of General Statutes § 16-47, dramatic changes in technology and the video and communications markets in the years since certification, paired with the differing scope of review between certification and change of control proceedings, mean these findings are not directly comparable. Therefore, the Authority focuses its review on Charter's response to changes in the video content market, in addition to evidence on the experience and qualification of its leadership team and its ability to deliver quality service and sufficiently build and maintain its Connecticut network.

E. PROVISION OF SAFE, ADEQUATE, AND RELIABLE SERVICE

In accordance with General Statutes § 16-47(d)(2), the Authority reviewed the ability of Charter to provide safe, adequate, and reliable service to the public. The record indicates that Charter has access to a large pool of personnel, critical equipment and

redundant networks within their service territory, which will facilitate its ability to deliver safe, adequate, and reliable service for customers of the Cox Licensees. Application, p. 28. Recently Charter was also recognized by the publication Newsweek as being one of the most trustworthy companies in America and was the only cable operator to receive this distinction. Application, p. 24. Charter also has four customer commitment pillars it will implement across its new territories (1) reliable connectivity, (2) transparency at every step, (3) exceptional services, and (4) always improving. Charter Brief, p. 20. Additionally, same-day scheduling has increased dramatically while next-day and two-day scheduling has declined precipitously, demonstrating that Charter has been responding to customers in an expeditious manner. Interrog. Resp. PURA-17.

Additionally, under General Statutes § 16-32e(b), the Authority reviews the Emergency Response Plans (ERPs) of telecommunications companies¹⁰ and submits a biennial report to the Energy and Technology Committee of the Connecticut General Assembly. Both Charter and Cox have submitted filings for this process in previous years. See, e.g., Report, Aug. 30, 2024, Docket No. 24-02-03, 2024 PURA Review of and Report on Connecticut Public Service Company Emergency Response Plans (ERP Report). In the ERP Report, the Authority stated that the submitted ERPs were compliant with the three requirements of General Statutes § 16-32e(b), which requires telecommunications companies to provide (1) key points of contact for emergencies, (2) information on participation in statewide exercises, and (3) response procedures affecting incremental percentages of customer outages. ERP Report, p. 10.

Charter claims one of the major advantages of the Proposed Transaction will be gaining access to Cox's Enterprise-grade cloud backup and disaster recovery solutions. Charter Brief, pp. 23–24. The Transaction will thus enable the combined company to offer a more comprehensive suite of disaster preparedness and business continuity solutions to Connecticut's public safety agencies, municipalities, and essential service providers. Id.

The Authority recognizes the importance of robust cybersecurity and data privacy policies to protect both Charter and its customers. ERP Report, pp. 10–12. At the evidentiary hearing, CEI reported that it had experienced a cybersecurity incident that had affected several Connecticut residents. Evidentiary Hr'g., Tr. Nov. 21, 2025, pp. 34–35. Both OCC and OAG express concern over Charter's cybersecurity and compliance with Section 42-522 of the Connecticut Data Privacy Act, and suggest that Charter and Cox file an integration plan that includes security practices and policies. OCC/OAG Brief, pp. 18–19. Historically, the Authority has allowed similar commitments as part of the settlements between telecommunications companies. See, e.g., Decision, June 11, 2025, Docket No. 24-11-06, Joint Application of Verizon Communications Inc. and Frontier Communications Parent, Inc. for Approval of a Change of Control, pp. 1–2, 14.

¹⁰ Within the ERP report, the Authority uses the term “telecommunications companies” as a collective term that refers to Incumbent Local Exchange Carriers (ILECs), companies holding a Certificate of Cable Franchise Authority (CCFA) or a Certificate of Video Franchise Authority (CVFA), and facilities-based telecommunications providers. ERP Report, p. 10.

Based on the foregoing, the Authority finds that Charter has the capability to provide safe, adequate, and reliable service to customers upon the closing of the Proposed Transaction.

F. PUBLIC INTEREST

In accordance with General Statutes §§ 16-22 and 16-247f(a), the Authority reviewed the impact of the Proposed Transaction on competition and the public interest. The record indicates that the Proposed Transaction will have minimal impact on competition and is consistent with the public interest.

1. Competitive Effects

Charter and Cox operate in largely non-overlapping service territories in Connecticut, with only 46 overlapping broadband-serviceable locations out of approximately 1.5 million. Interrog. Resp. PURA-12, p. 7. As OCC and OAG observed, this represents a 0.003% overlap rate. OAG/OCC Brief, p. 25. Consequently, the Authority finds that the Proposed Transaction has virtually no impact on direct competition.

Charter contends that the Transaction will "enhance competition" by introducing bundled products. Application, p. 15. Charter and Cox assert the Transaction will bring "numerous benefits—without any countervailing harms." Charter/Cox Reply Brief, Jan. 8, 2026, p. 1. Charter asserts that the combined company will bring "financial strength, product depth, capital resources, and unparalleled technology, tools and training" to Connecticut. Application, p. 15. However, when asked to quantify these benefits for Connecticut specifically, Charter acknowledged that synergies "have not been calculated on a state-by-state basis." Interrog. Resp. PURA-9.

The elimination of Cox as one of Charter's direct competitors is likely to reduce future competition within their respective service territories. See, e.g., Interrog. Resp. PURA-12, p. 1 (stating that "Charter and Cox are not statutory monopolies"). The record also indicates potential impact on indirect or substitute competition, with Charter acknowledging that it faces "robust competition" from various alternative service providers. Id. However, because this decision is limited to the Cox Licensees, the Authority finds the competitive impact of the Proposed Transaction does not require remedial action.

2. Workforce Impact

The Authority considers job loss or other harmful impact on the Connecticut workforce to be of substantial public interest within the meaning of General Statutes §§ 16-22 and 16-247f(a), and has reviewed the record for evidence of downsizing or workforce reduction caused by the Proposed Transaction.

On October 21, 2025, Charter laid off approximately 1,200 administrative employees, including employees in Connecticut. See Hr'g Tr., Nov. 21, 2025, 284:15–285:7. Record evidence also reflects large reductions in force from call center closures.

See Tr., 288:2–289:15. Although Charter did not provide concrete numbers for anticipated layoffs, testimony acknowledged the merger would produce “some duplication of roles” that could have “workforce implications” in Connecticut and nationally. See Hr’g Tr., Nov. 19, 2025, 103:9–10 and 19–20; 104:21–105:1. When specifically asked about redundancies at Charter’s Stamford headquarters, Charter acknowledged “there will be some duplication in functions” due to the merger. See Tr., 106:6–19.

The Authority remains concerned about the impact of the Proposed Transaction on the Connecticut workforce. Nonetheless, due to Charter’s commitment to maintaining its Stamford headquarters pursuant to the Settlement Agreement and the consumer benefits previously discussed in this decision, the Authority finds that the Proposed Transaction is consistent with the public interest.

3. Settlement Agreement

Charter, CEI, Cox, OAG, and OCC (collectively, Settling Parties) requested that the Authority approve the Settlement Agreement submitted by the Settling Parties. Motion No. 34, p. 1. According to the Settling Parties, the Settlement Agreement “resolves issues related to the Application . . . raised by OCC and the OAG and provides numerous commitments, including consumer billing and fee protections and transparency, service reliability and outage-related assurances and reporting, customer service and consumer protections, video-service related pledges, regulatory cooperation, Connecticut presence commitments, privacy and post-closing integration reporting, digital inclusion investment commitments, and other commitments.” Id., p. 1.

Specifically, the Settlement Agreement contains 38 enumerated terms. Motion No. 34, Ex. 1. Term Nos. 1 through 25 and Term No. 29 constitute various post-transaction commitments by Charter (Charter Commitments). See id., pp. 1–5. Term No. 26 contains a commitment that OCC and OAG will “not continue to litigate” their position on the pledging of assets or CEI’s post-transaction acquisition of equity in Charter. Id., p. 5. The remaining items concern the Settlement Agreement itself, including non-severability, choice of law, limitations on amendment, and terms governing execution of the Settlement Agreement. See id., pp. 5–6. No parties opposed the Settlement Agreement.

The Charter Commitments are intended to address of range of issues, including (1) affordability and billing, (2) network management and operations, (3) consumer protection and customer service, (4) video services, (5) regulatory cooperation and reporting, and (6) Connecticut presence and investment. Motion No. 34, pp. 3–5.

The Authority “may, whenever it deems appropriate and is consistent with the principles set forth in sections 16-19 and 16-19e, adopt proposed settlements produced by alternative dispute resolution mechanisms to resolve contested cases and proceedings.” General Statutes § 16-19jj(a). Here, the Authority appreciates the collective effort of the Settling Parties to address and resolve a significant number of disputed issues in this proceeding. Importantly, the Settlement Agreement and, more particularly, the Charter Commitments included therein, support and are an important factor in finding that that the Proposed Transaction is in the public interest.

Accordingly, in determining that the Proposed Transaction satisfies the public interest standard under General Statutes §§ 16-22 and 16-247f(a), the Authority adopts and incorporates the Settlement Agreement into this decision.¹¹ The Settlement Agreement is attached as **Exhibit 1**. The Authority's approval of the Proposed Transaction is, therefore, conditioned upon and subject to compliance with the enumerated orders below.

IV. CONCLUSION AND ORDERS

A. CONCLUSION

The Authority finds that Charter possesses the requisite technological, managerial, and financial suitability to operate a public service company and to provide safe, adequate, and reliable service to the public. Additionally, the Authority finds that the Proposed Transaction is in the public interest. Consequently, the Authority approves the Proposed Transaction subject to compliance with the Orders set forth in Section **Error! Reference source not found.**, **Error! Reference source not found.**, which incorporate terms of the Settlement Agreement.

B. ORDERS

For orders requiring a filing, the Company shall file an electronic version through the Authority's website at www.ct.gov/pura. Submissions filed in compliance with the Authority's orders must be identified by: Docket Number, Title, and Order Number. Compliance with orders shall commence and continue as indicated in each specific order or until the Company requests and the Authority approves that the Company's compliance is no longer required after a certain date. Unless otherwise provided or determined by the Authority, filings submitted in compliance with an order shall constitute satisfaction of the order. Filings requiring Authority approval must be filed as a motion.

- (1) Charter shall allow residential cable television customers to downgrade to any level of residential cable television service without a downgrade fee or charge, unless the customer requests a service technician visit to the home to perform the service downgrade.
- (2) Charter shall not charge fees to residential cable television service customers to swap equipment when a consumer requests an upgrade or downgrade of service or chooses to return rented equipment for such cable television service (such as, they elect to stop receiving service at an "additional outlet" – a secondary or tertiary television set in the home). Nothing herein shall preclude Charter from charging customers to return or exchange equipment by mail or other similar delivery means, or for any installation charge or service call requested by the customer for the purpose of performing such equipment exchange.

¹¹ Because the Authority adopts and incorporates the relevant terms of the Settlement Agreement into this Decision, the Authority marks Motion No. 34 as moot.

- (3) Within six months following the close of the transaction described in the Application, Charter shall maintain on its website a list of customer premise cable television service equipment that can be either purchased from Charter or made available from a third-party retailer that is compatible and may be used with Charter provided residential cable television service. The link to the location of this information on Charter's website shall be annually included on customers' bills in Connecticut following the close of the Transaction.
- (4) Charter shall file an annual rate card with the Authority for each service area and provide a copy to OCC and OAG at the time of filing, which shall include the names and prices of all residential cable television services or wireline voice services regulated by PURA ("Covered Services") and rental equipment required to receive cable service provided to Connecticut customers.
- (5) Charter shall make available to all new residential wireline voice service customers in Connecticut access to at least one battery backup option that provides twenty-four hours of standby time. Charter shall provide an annual notice to all residential wireline voice service customers in Connecticut disclosing relevant information regarding battery backup solutions.
- (6) For any residential customer of wireline voice or cable television service provided by Charter to subscribers for such service in Connecticut, Charter shall offer credits for service outages in accordance with General Statutes §§ 16-247v and 16-331w, as applicable. Should Charter continue to offer a voluntary outage credit policy to customers in excess of those specified herein, Charter shall make such voluntary policy applicable to its customers in Connecticut as well.
- (7) Following the close of the Transaction, if Charter creates and distributes its own local programming channel with news, weather, traffic and other programming, in a manner that is substantially similar to Spectrum News NY1 in New York City, but instead Connecticut-based and -focused, then Charter shall distribute such service to all customers subscribing to its limited basic level of residential cable television service (currently, referred to as "Spectrum TV Basic") in Connecticut.
- (8) Following the close of the Transaction, the Company shall provide an annual report to PURA and OCC and OAG on the progress of Charter's network evolution initiative in Connecticut, as described more fully in its Application. Such report shall be filed annually with the Authority for the three years following closing of the Transaction.
- (9) All Charter door-to-door sales employees, including contractors, shall carry identification denoting their affiliation with the combined company when approaching a consumer's residence.
- (10) Charter shall ensure that it maintains a local, toll-free, or collect call telephone number that is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, consistent with the

relevant requirement of 47 C.F.R. § 76.309(c)(1), as may be amended, and any other commercially reasonable means for residential cable television customers to contact Charter, such as a chat function or similar communication methods available on the Charter website.

- (11) Beginning 18 months after the close of the Transaction, Charter shall notify PURA and the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection (DESPP) via email as soon as possible after discovery of outage events meeting all of the following thresholds: (i) longer than 30 minutes in duration for any outage of Covered Services; (ii) involving a Charter headend in Connecticut; and (iii) affecting at least 1,000 customers. In event such notice is required, a follow up notification shall be sent as soon as possible after service is restored. Charter shall also provide OCC a courtesy notification on the same date of any such outage events.
- (12) In cases where Charter provides Authority-regulated wireline voice service to residential customers in Connecticut that have confirmed in writing to Charter that they are blind, disabled, or 70 years of age or older, and all the remaining residents of the household are blind, disabled, or 70 years of age or older, or 18 years of age or younger, Charter shall not suspend service for an additional 20 days after the date of suspension as stated on the notice of suspension, and shall make a diligent effort to contact an adult resident at the customer's premises at least eight days prior to the date on which suspension of service may occur for the purpose of devising a payment plan. Charter shall, at least annually, provide a plain-language notification to any residential customers of Authority-regulated wireline voice services of the protection available under this provision. A person shall be considered "disabled" if the person has (a) a physical, mental or medical impairment resulting from anatomical, physiological, genetic or neurological conditions that prevent the exercise of a normal bodily function or is demonstrable by medically accepted clinical or laboratory diagnostic techniques and (b) a has a documented record of such an impairment.
- (13) For residential customers with a valid "price for life" agreement for any Covered Service entered prior to the Transaction close, Charter shall honor the agreement in accordance with its terms, provided Charter is practically capable of doing so, and only for the period in which service remains generally available for sale.
- (14) For two years following the close of the Transaction, Charter shall accept payments and equipment returns at its Willimantic and Newtown, Connecticut, brick-and-mortar locations that are currently identified on Charter's website, or, in the alternative, include options for payments at third-party payment centers, and equipment exchange by mail.
- (15) The Company shall work cooperatively with OCC and OAG to provide data, upon request, that is reasonably necessary to evaluate the residential service and

pricing options available to Connecticut consumers for wireline voice and video services.

- (16) The Company shall not discriminate, in violation of Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 16-331r and 16-247r, as currently applicable and as may be amended, and shall cooperate with any Connecticut agency investigating any substantiated allegations of discrimination under this reference.
- (17) Neither Charter, nor an operating affiliate shall establish rates or charges to Connecticut consumers of Covered Services for costs specifically and directly incurred by the Joint Applicants associated with the process of obtaining approval for the Transaction.
- (18) Beginning no later than the one-year anniversary of the Transaction close, Charter shall make available the same (or substantially similar) Spectrum TV linear cable television services to new customers in the legacy-Cox area that it makes available to new Spectrum TV linear cable television service customers in the legacy-Charter service areas in Connecticut at that time, subject to local network affiliate differences and excluding any other programming that is not generally available, legally authorized or commercially practicable to provide.
- (19) With the exception of customer complaint responses and other individual customer issues handled in the ordinary course of business, the Company shall provide to OCC all copies of all docketed and undocketed materials, including reports and notices, it files with PURA, and OCC agrees to afford such information the same level of confidential treatment provided to Charter for such information at PURA. Such materials shall be submitted to OCC the same day as provided to PURA.
- (20) Charter shall provide a dedicated representative with whom OCC can work with on service-related consumer inquiries, complaints and other relevant matters in Connecticut. The representative shall meet with OCC, upon its reasonable request, semi-annually, and share updates and exchange information concerning matters associated with the services Charter provides to residential customers in the State.
- (21) The Company commits to maintaining its corporate office presence in Stamford Connecticut and makes a substantial commitment to sustaining a workforce adequate to provide responsive and reliable customer service in Connecticut for a period of no less than five (5) years following the close of the Transaction.
- (22) Ninety days after the closing of the Transaction, the Company shall provide on the docket (1) results of any impact protection assessments run pursuant to § 42-522 of the Connecticut Data Privacy Act over the past five years for Charter and Cox, and (2) updated information regarding any plans for running impact protection assessments pursuant to § 42-522 of the Connecticut Data Privacy Act for the merged entity.

- (23) Ninety days after the closing of the Transaction, the Company shall submit a detailed integration report on the operations of the merged companies in Connecticut, network integration and expansion plans, and plans for all Covered Services, and related services provided by the Company.
- (24) To maintain its commitment to public safety and improve reliability extending across all converged services delivered over the combined company's wireline network, Charter shall continue providing semi-annual quality of service reports to Cox's current service areas. Within 90 days from OCC identifying a safety or reliability concern with voice service provided in Charter's existing service area, the Company shall begin providing such reports for those areas as well.
- (25) The Company or its Foundation shall contribute \$3 million for digital access and digital literacy in any distressed municipality in the merged companies' Connecticut footprint, for programs such as those of CT Libraries & Partners Bridging the Digital Divide or other digital access or digital navigator programs. Contribution may be spread out over a 5-year period. Annual reports shall be provided to PURA, OCC and OAG with respect to these investments.
- (26) The Company will timely file all reports required by the Settlement Agreement.

DOCKET NO. 25-08-11

**APPLICATION OF CHARTER
COMMUNICATIONS, INC. FOR APPROVAL OF
A CHANGE OF CONTROL**

ATTACHMENTS: 25-08-11 Exhibit 1 Settlement Agreement

**DOCKET NO. 25-08-11 APPLICATION OF CHARTER
COMMUNICATIONS, INC. FOR
APPROVAL OF A CHANGE OF CONTROL**

This decision is adopted by the following commissioners:



David Arconti, Jr.



Janice A. Beecher



Holly H. Cheeseman



Everett Smith, III

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The foregoing is a true and correct copy of the decision issued by the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority, State of Connecticut, and was forwarded by Certified Mail to all parties of record in this proceeding on the date indicated.



Jeffrey R. Gaudiosi, Esq.
Executive Secretary
Public Utilities Regulatory Authority

March 3, 2026
Date

FOR SETTLEMENT PURPOSES ONLY

STATE OF CONNECTICUT
PUBLIC UTILITIES REGULATORY AUTHORITY

APPLICATION OF CHARTER : DOCKET NO. 25-08-11
COMMUNICATIONS, INC. FOR :
APPROVAL OF A CHANGE OF :
CONTROL :
: January 28, 2026

Proposed Settlement Agreement

This Proposed Settlement Agreement is entered into between Charter Communications, Inc., Cox Communications, Inc., and Cox Enterprises, Inc. (the “Companies”), the Office of the Attorney General (“OAG”), and the Office of Consumer Counsel (“OCC”) (collectively, the “Settling Parties”) with regard to the Joint Application for Approval of a Change of Control pending before the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority (“PURA” or the “Authority”) in the above-captioned docket.

1. Charter shall allow residential cable television customers to downgrade to any level of residential cable television service without a downgrade fee or charge, unless the customer requests a service technician visit to the home to perform the service downgrade.
2. Charter shall not charge fees to residential cable television service customers to swap equipment when a consumer requests an upgrade or downgrade of service or chooses to return rented equipment for such cable television service (such as, they elect to stop receiving service at an “additional outlet” - a secondary or tertiary television set in the home). Nothing herein shall preclude Charter from charging customers to return or exchange equipment by mail or other similar delivery means, or for any installation charge or service call requested by the customer for the purpose of performing such equipment exchange.
3. Within six months following the close of the transaction described in Joint Applicants’ petition (“Application”) in Docket No. 25-08-11 (the “Transaction”), Charter will maintain on its website a list of customer premise cable television service equipment that can be either purchased from Charter or made available from a third-party retailer that is compatible and may be used with Charter provided residential cable television service. The link to the location of this information on Charter’s website shall be annually included on customers’ bills in Connecticut following the close of the Transaction.
4. Charter shall file an annual rate card with the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority (“PURA” or the “Authority”) for each service area and provide a copy to OCC and OAG at the time of filing,

FOR SETTLEMENT PURPOSES ONLY

which shall include the names and prices of all residential cable television services or wireline voice services regulated by PURA (“Covered Services”) and rental equipment required to receive cable service provided to Connecticut customers.

5. Charter will make available to all new residential wireline voice service customers in Connecticut access to at least one battery backup option that provides twenty-four hours of standby time. Charter will provide an annual notice to all residential wireline voice service customers in Connecticut disclosing relevant information regarding battery backup solutions.
6. For any residential customer of wireline voice or cable television service provided by Charter to subscribers for such service in Connecticut, Charter shall offer credits for service outages in accordance with Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 16-247v and 16-331w, as applicable. Should Charter continue to offer a voluntary outage credit policy to customers in excess of those specified herein, Charter will make such voluntary policy applicable to its customers in Connecticut as well.
7. Following the close of the Transaction, if Charter creates and distributes its own local programming channel with news, weather, traffic and other programming, in a manner that is substantially similar to Spectrum News NY1 in New York City, but instead Connecticut-based and -focused, then Charter will distribute such service to all customers subscribing to its limited basic level of residential cable television service (currently, referred to as “Spectrum TV Basic”) in Connecticut.
8. Following the close of the Transaction, the Company will provide an annual report to PURA and OCC and OAG on the progress of Charter’s network evolution initiative in Connecticut, as described more fully in its Application. Such report will be filed annually for the three years following closing of the Transaction.
9. All Charter door-to-door sales employees, including contractors, will carry identification denoting their affiliation with the combined company when approaching a consumer’s residence.
10. Charter will ensure that it maintains a local, toll-free, or collect call telephone number that is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, consistent with the relevant requirement of 47 C.F.R. § 76.309(c)(1), as may be amended, and any other commercially reasonable means for residential cable television customers to contact Charter, such as a chat function or similar communication methods available on the Charter website.
11. Beginning 18 months after the close of the Transaction, Charter will notify PURA and the Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection (“DESPP”) via email as soon as possible after discovery of outage events meeting all of the following thresholds: (i) longer than 30 minutes in duration for any outage of Covered Services; (ii) involving a Charter headend in Connecticut; and (iii) affecting at least 1,000 customers. In event such notice is required, a follow up notification will be sent as soon as possible after service is restored. Charter will also provide OCC a courtesy notification on the same date of any such outage events.

FOR SETTLEMENT PURPOSES ONLY

12. In cases where Charter provides Authority-regulated wireline voice service to residential customers in Connecticut that have confirmed in writing to Charter that they are blind, disabled, or 70 years of age or older, and all the remaining residents of the household are blind, disabled, or 70 years of age or older, or 18 years of age or younger, Charter will not suspend service for an additional 20 days after the date of suspension as stated on the notice of suspension, and shall make a diligent effort to contact an adult resident at the customer's premises at least eight days prior to the date on which suspension of service may occur for the purpose of devising a payment plan. Charter will, at least annually, provide a plain-language notification to any residential customers of Authority-regulated wireline voice services of the protection available under this provision. A person shall be considered "disabled" if the person has (a) a physical, mental or medical impairment resulting from anatomical, physiological, genetic or neurological conditions that prevent the exercise of a normal bodily function or is demonstrable by medically accepted clinical or laboratory diagnostic techniques and (b) a has a documented record of such an impairment.
13. For residential customers with a valid "price for life" agreement for any Covered Service entered prior to the Transaction close, Charter will honor the agreement in accordance with its terms, provided Charter is practically capable of doing so, and only for the period in which service remains generally available for sale.
14. For two years following the close of the Transaction, Charter will accept payments and equipment returns at its Willimantic and Newtown, Connecticut, brick-and-mortar locations that are currently identified on Charter's website, or, in the alternative, include options for payments at third-party payment centers, and equipment exchange by mail.
15. The Company will work cooperatively with OCC and OAG to provide data, upon request, that is reasonably necessary to evaluate the residential service and pricing options available to Connecticut consumers for wireline voice and video services.
16. The Company shall not discriminate, in violation of Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 16-331r and 16-247r, as currently applicable and as may be amended, and will cooperate with any Connecticut agency investigating any substantiated allegations of discrimination under this reference.
17. Neither Charter, nor an operating affiliate will establish rates or charges to Connecticut consumers of Covered Services for costs specifically and directly incurred by the Joint Applicants associated with the process of obtaining approval for the Transaction.
18. Beginning no later than the one-year anniversary of the Transaction close, Charter will make available the same (or substantially similar) Spectrum TV linear cable television services to new customers in the legacy-Cox area that it makes available to new Spectrum TV linear cable television service customers in the legacy-Charter service areas in Connecticut at that time, subject to local network affiliate differences and excluding any other programming that is not generally available, legally authorized or commercially practicable to provide.

FOR SETTLEMENT PURPOSES ONLY

19. With the exception of customer complaint responses and other individual customer issues handled in the ordinary course of business, the Company will provide to OCC all copies of all docketed and undocketed materials, including reports and notices, it files with PURA, and OCC agrees to afford such information the same level of confidential treatment provided to Charter for such information at PURA. Such materials will be submitted to OCC the same day as provided to PURA.
20. Charter will provide a dedicated representative with whom OCC can work with on service-related consumer inquiries, complaints and other relevant matters in Connecticut. The representative shall meet with OCC, upon its reasonable request, semi-annually, and share updates and exchange information concerning matters associated with the services Charter provides to residential customers in the State.
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22. Ninety days after the closing of the Transaction, the Company shall provide on the docket (1) results of any impact protection assessments run pursuant to § 42-522 of the Connecticut Data Privacy Act over the past five years for Charter and Cox, and (2) updated information regarding any plans for running impact protection assessments pursuant to § 42-522 of the Connecticut Data Privacy Act for the merged entity.
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24. To maintain its commitment to public safety and improve reliability extending across all converged services delivered over the combined company's wireline network, Charter will continue providing semi-annual quality of service reports to Cox's current service areas. Within 90 days from OCC identifying a safety or reliability concern with voice service provided in Charter's existing service area, the Company will begin providing such reports for those areas as well.
25. The Company or its Foundation shall contribute \$3 million for digital access and digital literacy in any distressed municipality in the merged companies' Connecticut footprint, for programs such as those of *CT Libraries & Partners Bridging the Digital Divide* or other digital access or digital navigator programs. Contribution may be spread out over a 5-year period. Annual reports shall be provided to PURA, OCC and OAG with respect to its these investments.

FOR SETTLEMENT PURPOSES ONLY

26. OCC and OAG agree not to continue to litigate their position that the Joint Applicants obtain approval from PURA for (i) Cox Enterprise Inc.'s investment in Charter pursuant to the Transaction terms under Conn. Gen. Stat. § 16-47, or for (ii) the pledge of assets of Spectrum Northeast, LLC or CoxCom, LLC to secure indebtedness under Conn. Gen. Stat. § 16-43 (a) or (b), except that in the event that any such assets of Spectrum Northeast, LLC or CoxCom, LLC are proposed in the future to be transferred to a creditor or an unrelated entity, this subsection (ii) shall not preclude OCC and OAG from pursuing a request that such transfer requires PURA approval.
27. The parties to this Settlement Agreement agree that it shall be incorporated into the final decision approving the Transaction. This Settlement Agreement shall have no precedential value for any future PURA proceedings involving Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 16-43 or 16-47. OCC, OAG and the Joint Applicants each reserve the right to speak about the Settlement Agreement, and to publicly discuss its terms.
28. All commitments regarding the Settlement Agreement are voluntarily made by all parties. Nothing in the Settlement Agreement should be construed or be interpreted as a concession on statutory obligations under Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 16-43 and 16-47.
29. The Company will timely file all reports required by the Settlement Agreement and any reporting required by PURA subject to any order in this proceeding.
30. The Settling Parties will file this Settlement Agreement with the Authority as an exhibit to a Joint Motion to Approve Settlement Agreement ("Joint Motion"). The Joint Motion will request that PURA approve this Settlement as a complete statement of the conditions governing approval of the Transaction and approve the Transaction.
31. This Settlement Agreement is the product of settlement negotiations. The Settling Parties agree that the content of these negotiations (including any work papers or document produced in connection with the negotiations) are confidential; that all offers of settlement are without prejudice to the position of any party or participant presenting such offer or participating in such discussion; and, except to enforce rights related to this Settlement Agreement or defend against claims made under this Settlement Agreement, that they will not use the content of said negotiations in any manner in this or other proceedings involving one or more of the Settling Parties, or otherwise.
32. The provisions of this Settlement Agreement are not severable. If the Authority does not approve this Settlement Agreement in its entirety and adopt it as a complete statement of the conditions governing approval of this Transaction, each of the Settling Parties shall have the right to withdraw from the Settlement Agreement upon notice to the other parties and the Authority, and in that event the Settlement Agreement will be deemed to be withdrawn and will not constitute a part of the record in this or any other proceeding or used for any other purpose. Nothing herein

FOR SETTLEMENT PURPOSES ONLY

purports to impose any obligations or limitations on PURA in its consideration of the issues in this proceeding nor does it limit the Authority with respect to any reporting requirements it believes necessary to ensure compliance with the terms set forth in the Settlement Agreement.

33. The terms of this Settlement Agreement will be governed by Connecticut law and not the law of any other state. This Settlement Agreement will be effective upon mutual execution by the Settling Parties, regardless of any pending appeals or motions for reconsideration, clarification, or recalculation. The obligations imposed by this Settlement Agreement on the Company will commence on the closing of the Transaction and expire three years thereafter, unless an earlier expiration date is expressly stated.
34. This Settlement Agreement uses the terms Charter, the Company, and the combined company interchangeably, which are defined as the combined certificated cable entities operating in Connecticut post-Transaction and wireline telecommunications services, and shall be interpreted to include Cox Communications, Inc. and Charter Communications, Inc., and any successor or acquiring company of any or all of these entities.
35. The signatories listed below represent that they are authorized on behalf of their principals to enter into this Settlement Agreement.
36. The Settlement Agreement and attachments contain the entire agreement between the Settling Parties hereto with respect to resolution of the issues in the above-captioned docket, subject to the approval of the Authority.
37. No modification, amendment or waiver of any of the terms or provisions of this Agreement shall bind any of the Settling Parties unless such modification, amendment or waiver is in writing and has been executed by a duly authorized representative of the Settling Party against whom such modification, amendment or waiver is sought to be enforced and is approved by the Authority.
38. This Settlement Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which when so executed and delivered shall be an original and all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

[signature page follows]

FOR SETTLEMENT PURPOSES ONLY

Respectfully submitted,

**OFFICE OF CONSUMER COUNSEL
CLAIRE E. COLEMAN
CONSUMER COUNSEL**



Claire E. Coleman
Consumer Counsel

CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC.



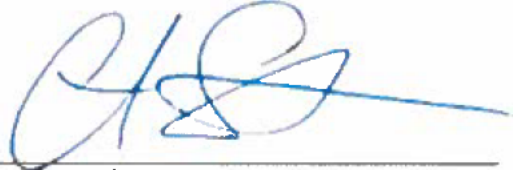
Adam Falk
Senior Vice President, State Govt. Affairs

**WILLIAM TONG, ATTORNEY GENERAL
STATE OF CONNECTICUT**



William Tong
Attorney General

COX COMMUNICATIONS, INC.



Curtis W. Stamp
Vice President, Govt. and Regulatory Affairs

COX ENTERPRISES, INC.



Curtis W. Stamp
Vice President, Govt. and Regulatory Affairs

FOR SETTLEMENT PURPOSES ONLY

CERTIFICATION

This is to certify that on January 28, 2026, the foregoing document was filed with the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority, and copies of the foregoing document were served upon each person designated on the Authority's official service list in this proceeding in accordance with R.C.S.A. § 16-1-15.

/s/ David W. Bogan
David W. Bogan

ATTACHMENT C

Before the
Federal Communications Commission
Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of
Cox Enterprises, Inc. and Charter Communications, Inc., Applications for Consent to Transfer Control
WC Docket No. 25-233

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

Adopted: February 27, 2026

Released: February 27, 2026

By the Chief, Wireline Competition Bureau; Chief, Office of International Affairs; Chief, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau:

I. INTRODUCTION

1. In this Memorandum Opinion and Order, we approve the applications (Applications) filed by Cox Enterprises, Inc (CEI) and Charter Communications, Inc (Charter) (Charter, together with CEI, Applicants), pursuant to sections 214(a) and 310(d) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (Act), and sections 1.948, 63.04, 63.18, and 63.24 of the Federal Communications Commission's (Commission or FCC) rules, to transfer control of domestic and international section 214 authorizations and wireless licenses held by Cox Communications, Inc. (Cox) and its subsidiaries (Licensees) to Charter.

2. After carefully and thoroughly reviewing the record and evaluating the anticipated public interest effects of the proposed transfers of control, we do not find a significant likelihood of any material transaction-related public interest harms. We further find that certain public interest benefits are likely to be realized, including promoting competition and consumer benefits for broadband and other services the combined company will provide. Accordingly, we conclude that granting the Applications serves the

1 47 U.S.C. §§ 214(a), 310(d).

2 47 CFR §§ 1.948, 63.04, 63.18, 63.24.

3 Joint Application to Transfer Control of Domestic and International Section 214 Authorizations of Cox Enterprises, Inc. to Charter Communications, Inc., WC Docket No. 25-233 (filed July 15, 2025) (Lead Application); ICFS File Nos. ITC-T/C-20250701-00030, ITC-T/C-20250706-00033, ITC-T/C-20250707-00035, ITC-T/C-20250707-00036 and ITC-T/C-20250707-00037. The domestic and international section 214 authorizations and the FCC wireless licenses held by the Licensees are identified in Attachment A (Applications), together with corresponding FCC file numbers. On August 29, 2025 and January 28, 2026, Applicants filed supplements to their domestic and international section 214 applications. Letter from Bryan N. Tramont, et al., Counsel to Charter Communications, Inc., and Mathew A. Brill, et al., Counsel to Cox Enterprises, Inc., to Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary, FCC, WC Docket No. 25-233, ICFS File Nos. ITC-T/C-20250701-00030, ITC-T/C-20250706-00033, ITC-T/C-20250707-00035, ITC-T/C-20250707-00036 and ITC-T/C-20250707-00037 (filed Aug. 29, 2025) (Supplement); Letter from Bryan N. Tramont, et al., Counsel to Charter Communications, Inc., and Mathew A. Brill, et al., Counsel to Cox Enterprises, Inc., to Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary, FCC, WC Docket No. 25-233, ICFS File Nos. ITC-T/C-20250701-00030, ITC-T/C-20250706-00033, ITC-T/C-20250707-00035, ITC-T/C-20250707-00036 and ITC-T/C-20250707-00037 (filed Jan. 28, 2026) (Second Supplement) (notifying the Commission that the conversion of certain Cox subsidiaries that are corporations to limited liability companies were effectuated at the end of 2025).

public interest, convenience, and necessity.⁴

II. BACKGROUND

A. Description of the Applicants

1. Cox Enterprises, Inc.

3. Cox, a Delaware corporation, together with the Licensees, provides interstate and intrastate services to residential, small/medium-sized business, and/or enterprise customers in 21 states and the District of Columbia,⁵ and operates fiber-optic or hybrid fiber/coaxial cable networks in 35 states to provide broadband, cable television, voice, and wireless services to roughly 6.3 million residential, small and mid-market business, and enterprise customers.⁶ Cox offers voice service to residential and business customers across its entire footprint.⁷ Cox and the Licensees are directly and indirectly wholly owned by CEI, a Delaware holding corporation.⁸ Cox's footprint includes approximately 7.4 million broadband serviceable locations (BSLs) nationwide.⁹

2. Charter Communications, Inc.

4. Charter, a publicly traded Delaware corporation, along with its subsidiaries,¹⁰ provides intrastate and interstate telecommunications services, including point-to-point private line telecommunications services, to customers in 48 states,¹¹ and provides broadband and cable services to

⁴ 47 U.S.C. §§ 214(a), 310(d).

⁵ Lead Application at 11. Applicants identify nine of the Licensees that have each been designated as an Eligible Telecommunications Carrier (ETC) and have been authorized by the Commission to receive Rural Digital Opportunity Fund (RDOF) support. *Id.* at 14, 16. Applicants also provide study area codes (SACs) for 14 of the Licensees and note that certain of the Licensees participate in the Lifeline program, and will continue to do so following consummation of the proposed transaction. *See id.* at 16-17.

⁶ *Id.*, Exh. 1 - Public Interest Statement at 15 (Public Interest Statement). Cox provides mass-market broadband service to residential and small- to medium-sized business customers under its Cox Internet brand, and cable television service to residential customers over its cable systems under its Contour brand across 18 states, as well as access to streaming services platforms. *Id.* Additionally, Cox Media, Cox's advertising sales division, sells advertising inventory on cable television networks and various digital media platforms. *Id.* at 16.

⁷ Public Interest Statement at 15-16. Cox and the Licensees operate Cox's residential broadband, video, mobile, and voice businesses, and certain other advertising and enterprise businesses, as well as the Segra and Unite Private Networks (UPN) commercial fiber businesses operating under the Segra brand and the RapidScale managed IT and cloud business. *Id.* at 17. Applicants provide further information on each of these entities in the Application. *See e.g.*, Lead Application at 11; Public Interest Statement at 15-16.

⁸ Lead Application at 8. CEI is held by the Cox Family Voting Trust (100% voting; 0% equity) and Trailsend Ventures, LLC (Trailsend Ventures) (0% voting; 30% equity). Supplement at 2-3. The trustees for the Cox Family Voting Trust are Sanford H. Schwartz, James C. Kennedy, and Alex C. Taylor, each a U.S. citizen. *Id.* at 2, n.4. The Clarendon Trust Company, LLC, a Tennessee limited liability company that serves as the sole manager of Trailsend Ventures, is controlled by its board of directors: Sanford H. Schwartz, Alex C. Taylor, and Barbara K. Harty, each a U.S. citizen. *Id.* at 2, n.3. Applicants provide additional pre-consummation ownership information and ownership diagrams related to Cox and the Licensees. Supplement at 2-9; *id.*, Exh. A (Pre-Consummation CEI Ownership) at 1-6. Applicants state that no other entity or individual holds a 10% or greater interest in CEI, or as applicable, the Licensees. Supplement at 2.

⁹ Staff analysis of June 2025 BDC Data.

¹⁰ Applicants provide pre- and post-consummation ownership information for Charter. *See* Lead Application at 9-11 (Pre-Consummation Ownership Information for Charter); *id.* at 11-22 (Post-Consummation Ownership Information); *id.*, Exh. A (Pre-Consummation Charter Ownership) at 7.

¹¹ Lead Application at 12-13. Applicants provide information on 24 affiliates of Charter that have been awarded RDOF funding. *Id.* at 14-15. Applicants also provide SACs for 26 affiliates of Charter. *Id.* at 17.

31.4 million business and residential customers across 41 states through its Spectrum brand.¹² Charter's footprint includes approximately 36.7 million BSLs passed nationwide.¹³ Various affiliates of Charter also provide domestic telecommunications services.¹⁴

B. Description of the Transaction

5. On May 16, 2025, CEI, Charter, and Charter Holdings, entered into an agreement under which Charter will acquire Cox and the Licensees from CEI, for a combination of cash and Charter Holdings' common and convertible preferred units (the Transaction).¹⁵ Following the consummation of the proposed Transaction, Cox¹⁶ and the Licensees would be indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of Charter Communications Holdings, LLC (Charter Holdings), a Delaware limited liability and holding company.¹⁷ Applicants state that following consummation of the Transaction, CEI will own an approximate 23.4% equity interest and 24% voting interest in Charter,¹⁸ on an as-converted, as-exchanged

¹² Public Interest Statement at 11. Charter offers mobile wireless service, including 5G access, data, voice, and text service, through its Spectrum Mobile brand. *Id.* at 13. Charter offers cable video, streaming, and hybrid cable-streaming video services through its Spectrum TV brand. *Id.* Charter also provides connectivity services to small, mid-market, and large businesses, communications service providers, and government entities through its Spectrum Business brand. *Id.* at 14.

¹³ Staff analysis of June 2025 BDC Data.

¹⁴ Supplement at 22-25; *id.*, Exh. B (Charter DTS Affiliates) at 1-6. Applicants categorize the affiliates of Charter into three main groups: (1) competitive local exchange carriers (LECs) affiliated with Charter Fiberlink, Bresnan Broadband, and Bright House entities; (2) competitive LECs affiliated with Time Warner Cable; and (3) Spectrum Mobile, which offers commercial mobile radio service (CMRS) on a resale basis throughout the geographic areas where Charter's competitive LEC entities operate. *Id.* at 23-25; *see also id.* at nn.26-29 (listing the entities included in each of these groups of affiliates of Charter). Applicants anticipate that the entities currently affiliated with Charter, directly or indirectly owned by John Malone or Liberty Broadband, will no longer be affiliated with Charter following the consummation of the Transaction. *See infra* note 15. Applicants state that, other than what has been disclosed, neither Charter, nor entities and individuals that hold a 10% or greater interest in Charter or Charter Holdings, also hold interests in any other provider of domestic telecommunications services. Supplement at 23.

¹⁵ Public Interest Statement at 16-17. Applicants state that the post-consummation combined company also will assume Cox's outstanding net debt and finance leases. *Id.* at 17.

¹⁶ Applicants state that, as part of the *pro forma* restructuring of Cox that will occur immediately prior to the consummation of the Transaction, Cox Communications, Inc. will be converted to a limited liability company. Lead Application at 7, n.1; Second Supplement at 1-2.

¹⁷ *Id.* at 5, Public Interest Statement at 17-18. Post-consummation, the following U.S. entities will hold a 10% or greater interest in Charter Holdings: (1) CCH II, LLC (CCH II) (62.3% equity and 61.6% voting), a Delaware limited liability company and wholly owned subsidiary of Charter; (2) Cox NewCo (23.4% equity and 24.0% voting), a Delaware entity newly formed for the purposes of the Transaction; and (3) Advance Newhouse Partnership (A/N Partnership) (8.4% equity and 8.6% voting), a New York Partnership. *Id.* at 5, 7, and 9. Cox NewCo will be wholly owned by CEI. *Id.* at 8. Applicants note that A/N Partnership's direct post-consummation interest in Cox will be 8.4% equity and 8.6% voting but will rise to 9.9% equity and 10.2% voting due to various different types of shares that A/N Partnership holds in Charter Holdings and the dilution of outstanding stock as of March 31, 2025. *Id.* at 9, n.8. A/NPC Holdings LLC, a New York limited liability company, holds 99% equity and voting of A/N Partnership. Supplement at 10; *id.*, Exh. A at 7.

¹⁸ Public Interest Statement at 17-18. Applicants note that these percentages assume Charter's recent acquisition of Liberty Broadband Corporation (Liberty Broadband/Charter Transaction), a transaction that Applicants assert will not require regulatory approval, closes concurrently with the Transaction. *Id.* at 17, n.60. As a result, Liberty Broadband will cease to be a direct shareholder in Charter, and the three Liberty Broadband nominees currently sitting on the Charter Board will resign. *Id.*; *see also* Supplement, 9-10, n.6. Applicants state that although John Malone, a U.S. citizen, currently holds an approximately 14% voting interest in Charter, through his approximately 49% voting interest in Liberty Broadband, following the consummation of the Liberty Broadband/Charter

(continued...)

basis,¹⁹ through CEI's indirect ownership of common units and convertible preferred units in Charter Holdings.²⁰ Following consummation of the Transaction, Charter will indirectly control Cox's residential broadband, video, mobile, and voice businesses; its advertising and enterprise businesses; and its Segra, UPN, and RapidScale businesses.²¹

C. Transaction Review Process

6. On September 5, 2025, the Wireline Competition Bureau (WCB), the Office of International Affairs (OIA), and the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau (WTB, collectively with WCB and OIA, the Bureaus) released a Public Notice accepting the Applications for filing and establishing a pleading cycle for public comments.²² The record contains 41 comments in support of the Transaction,²³ one comment in opposition,²⁴ and a Petition to Deny (Petition) filed by Public Knowledge,

Transaction, Mr. Malone will no longer hold a 10% or greater direct or indirect voting or equity interest in Charter, nor will Mr. Malone be a disclosable interest holder in, or affiliate of, Charter. Supplement at 9, n.5; *id.*, Exh. A (Pre-Consummation Charter Ownership) at 7, n.1; *id.* at 23, n.24 (stating that, post-consummation, neither John Malone nor Liberty Broadband will be considered an affiliate of Charter); *see also supra* note 14.

¹⁹ Public Interest Statement at 17-18. Applicants state that, at closing, it is likely that CEI's actual interest in Charter Holdings will be higher than 23.4% equity and 24.0% voting but note that CEI is prohibited from acquiring directly or indirectly, a voting or equity interest, greater than 30% in Charter. *Id.* at 18, n.61; Supplement at 13, n.13.

²⁰ Public Interest Statement at 18.

²¹ *Id.* at 18-19. Applicants provide further details of the structure of the proposed Transaction, including post-consummation board members, different types of stocks that Charter will issue to CEI, and certain *pro forma* restructuring that will occur within Cox immediately prior to consummation of the proposed Transaction. *Id.* at 18-21.

²² *Applications Filed for the Transfer of Control of Cox Communications, Inc. to Charter Communications Inc.*, WC Docket No. 25-233, Public Notice, DA 25-810 (WCB, OIA, WTB Sept. 5, 2025) (Public Notice); *see also Revisions to Deadlines Following Resumption of Normal Operations*, Public Notice, DA 25-943 (CGB, EB, MB, PSHSB, SB, WTB, and WCB Nov. 17, 2025) (extending the reply comment period for this proceeding to December 3, 2025).

²³ Advanced Communications Law & Policy Institute at New York Law School Comments; American Consumer Institute Comments; Americans for Limited Government Comments; Associated Industries of Massachusetts Comments; Bluegrass Institute for Public Policy Solutions Comments; Business Council of Alabama Comments; Center for American Rights Comments; Center for Individual Freedom, et al Comments; Digital Liberty Comments; Freedom Foundation of Minnesota Comments; Ginn Economic Consulting Comments; Helping Veterans and Families of Indiana, Inc. Comments; Indiana Chamber of Commerce Comments; Information Technology and Innovation Foundation Comments; International Center for Law & Economics Comments; Jobs Ohio Comments; John Locke Foundation Comments; Kansas Chamber of Commerce Comments; Kramden Institute Comments; Lincoln Independent Business Association Comments; Mackinac Center for Public Policy Comments; Michigan Chamber of Commerce Comments; North Carolina Free Enterprise Foundation Comments; Northern Virginia Chamber of Commerce Comments; Ohio Business Roundtable Comments; Pelican Institute for Public Policy Comments; San Diego Regional Chamber of Commerce Comments; South Carolina Chamber of Commerce Comments; Taxpayers Protection Alliance Comments; Tech Nebraska Comments; Tennessee Chamber of Commerce & Industry Comments; The American Action Forum Comments; The Bull Moose Project Comments; The Free State Foundation Comments; The James Madison Institute Comments; United States Hispanic Chamber of Commerce, et al. Comments; Vegas Chamber Comments; Virginia Chamber of Commerce Comments; Frontiers of Freedom Institute Letter Comments; Multicultural Media, Telecom, and Internet Council, National Association of Black Owned Broadcasters, OCA Asian Pacific American Advocates Comments; National Black Farmers Association, National Women's Agricultural Association, Association of American Indian Farmers Comments. We note that two commenters did not support or oppose the Transaction but rather recommended factors the Commission should consider in evaluating the Transaction. *See* Kansas Economic Development Alliance Comments and Wisconsin Manufacturers & Commerce Comments.

²⁴ Zply Fiber Comments.

Communications Workers of America, Benton Institute for Broadband & Society, and Center for Accessible Technology (collectively, Petitioners).²⁵

III. STANDARD OF REVIEW AND PUBLIC INTEREST FRAMEWORK

7. Pursuant to sections 214(a) and 310(d) of the Act,²⁶ we must determine whether the proposed transfer of control to Charter of licenses and authorizations held and controlled by Cox will serve the public interest, convenience, and necessity. In making this determination, we first assess whether the proposed transaction complies with the applicable provisions of the Act, other relevant statutes, and the Commission's rules.²⁷

8. If the proposed transaction does not violate a statute or rule, we then consider whether the transaction could result in public interest harms by substantially frustrating or impairing the objectives or implementation of the Act or related statutes.²⁸ Our competitive analysis, which forms an important part of the public interest evaluation, is informed by, but not limited to, traditional antitrust principles.²⁹ The United States Department of Justice has independent authority to examine the competitive impacts of proposed mergers and transactions (including those involving transfers of Commission licenses), but the Commission's competitive analysis under the public interest standard is somewhat broader, and often takes a more extensive view of potential and future competition and its impact on the relevant markets.³⁰

²⁵ Petition to Deny of Public Knowledge, Communications Workers of America, Benton Institute for Broadband & Society, and Center for Accessible Technology, WC Docket No. 25-233 (Nov. 18, 2025) (Petition). In response, Applicants filed Reply Comments and Joint Opposition to Petition to Deny, WC Docket No. 25-233 (Dec. 3, 2025) (Applicants' Reply). Petitioners filed a response to Applicants' Reply. Reply to Opposition of Public Knowledge, Communications Workers of America, Benton Institute for Broadband & Society, and Center for Accessible Technology, WC Docket No. 25-233 (Dec. 15, 2025) (Petitioners' Reply).

²⁶ 47 U.S.C. §§ 214(a), 310(d). Section 310(d) of the Act requires that we consider applications for transfer of Title III licenses under the same standard as if the proposed transferee were applying for licenses directly under section 308 of the Act, 47 U.S.C. § 308. See, e.g., *Frontier Communications Parent, Inc. and Verizon Communications, Inc. Application for Consent to Transfer Control*, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 40 FCC Rcd 3156, 3160, para. 9 (WCB, OIA, WTB) (2025) (*Verizon-Frontier Order*); *Applications of Level 3 Communications, Inc. and CenturyLink, Inc. for Consent to Transfer Control of Licenses and Authorizations*, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 32 FCC Rcd 9581, 9585, para. 8 (2017) (*CenturyLink-Level 3 Order*); *Applications of GCI Communication Corp., ACS Wireless License Sub, Inc., ACS of Anchorage License Sub, Inc., and Unicom, Inc. for Consent to Assign Licenses to the Alaska Wireless Network, LLC*, Memorandum Opinion and Order and Declaratory Ruling, 28 FCC Rcd 10433, 10442, para. 23 & n.71 (2013) (*Alaska Wireless-GCI Order*).

²⁷ 47 U.S.C. § 310(d); *Verizon-Frontier Order*, 40 FCC Rcd at 3160, para. 9; *CenturyLink-Level 3 Order*, 32 FCC Rcd at 9585, para. 8; *Alaska Wireless-GCI Order*, 28 FCC Rcd at 10442, para. 23. We note that in all transactions like this, the FCC's approval is without prejudice to any enforcement or related actions.

²⁸ See, e.g., *Verizon-Frontier Order*, 40 FCC Rcd at 3160, para. 10; *CenturyLink-Level 3 Order*, 32 FCC Rcd at 9585, para. 9; *Alaska Wireless-GCI Order*, 28 FCC Rcd at 10442, para. 23.

²⁹ See, e.g., *Verizon-Frontier Order*, 40 FCC Rcd at 3160, para. 10; *CenturyLink-Level 3 Order*, 32 FCC Rcd at 9585, para. 9; *Alaska Wireless-GCI Order*, 28 FCC Rcd at 10443, para. 25; see also *Northeast Utils. Serv. Co. v. FERC*, 993 F.2d 937, 947 (1st Cir. 1993) (public interest standard does not require agencies "to analyze proposed mergers under the same standards that the Department of Justice . . . must apply").

³⁰ See, e.g., *Verizon-Frontier Order*, 40 FCC Rcd at 3160, para. 10; *Applications for Consent to the Transfer of Control of Licenses, XM Satellite Radio Holdings Inc., Transferor to Sirius Satellite Radio Inc.*, Transferee, MB Docket No. 07-57, Memorandum Opinion and Order and Report and Order, 23 FCC Rcd 12348, 12365-66, para. 32 (2008); *AT&T Inc. and BellSouth Corporation Application for Transfer of Control*, WC Docket No. 06-74, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 22 FCC Rcd 5662, 5674, para. 21 (2007) (*AT&T-BellSouth Order*); *Applications of Nextel Communications, Inc. and Sprint Corporation for Consent to Transfer Control of Licenses and Authorizations*, File Nos. 0002031766, et al., WT Docket No. 05-63, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 20 FCC Rcd 13967, 13978, para. 22 (2005); *Applications of AT&T Wireless Services, Inc. and Cingular Wireless Corporation for*

(continued...)

Notably, the Commission has determined it may impose and enforce transaction-related conditions to ensure that the public interest is served by the transaction.³¹

9. If we determine that a transaction raises no public interest harms or that any such harms have been ameliorated by the Commission-imposed conditions or voluntary commitments, we next consider a transaction's public interest benefits. Applicants bear the burden of proving those benefits by a preponderance of the evidence.³² As part of our public interest authority, we may impose conditions to ensure for the public the transaction-related benefits claimed by the Applicants.³³

10. Finally, if we are able to find that transaction-related conditions are able to ameliorate any public interest harms and the transaction is in the public interest, we may approve the transaction as so conditioned or agreed.³⁴ In contrast, if we are unable to find that a proposed transaction even with such conditions serves the public interest or if the record presents a substantial and material question of fact, then we must designate the application for hearing.³⁵

IV. QUALIFICATIONS OF APPLICANTS AND COMPLIANCE WITH THE

Consent to Transfer Control of Licenses and Authorizations, File Nos. 0001656065, et al.; *Applications of Subsidiaries of T-Mobile USA, Inc. and Subsidiaries of Cingular Wireless Corporation for Consent to Assignment and Long-Term De Facto Lease of Licenses*, File Nos. 0001771442, 0001757186, and 0001757204; *Applications of Triton PCS License Company, LLC, AT&T Wireless PCS, LLC, and Lafayette Communications Company, LLC for Consent to Assignment of Licenses*, File Nos. 0001808915, 0001810164, 0001810683, and 50013CWAA04, WT Docket Nos. 04-70, 04-254, and 04-323, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 19 FCC Rcd 21522, 21545, para. 42 (2004).

³¹ See, e.g., *Verizon-Frontier Order*, 40 FCC Rcd at 3160, para. 10; *Applications of AT&T Inc. and DIRECTV for Consent to Assign or Transfer Control of Licenses and Authorizations*, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 30 FCC Rcd 9131, 9141, para. 22 (2015) (*AT&T-DIRECTV Order*); *Applications of Comcast Corp., General Electric Co. and NBC Universal, Inc. for Consent to Assign Licenses and Transfer Control of Licenses*, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 26 FCC Rcd 4238, 4249, para. 25 (2011) (*Comcast-NBC Universal Order*); *Application of EchoStar Communications Corp., (A Nevada Corp.), General Motors Corp., and Hughes Electronics Corp (Delaware Corps.) (Transferees) and EchoStar Communications Corp. (A Delaware Corp.) (Transferee)*, Hearing Designation Order, 17 FCC Rcd 20559, 20575, para. 27 (2002) (*EchoStar-DIRECTV HDO*); see also *Application of WorldCom, Inc. and MCI Comm'ns Corp. for Transfer of Control of MCI Communications Corporation to WorldCom, Inc.*, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 13 FCC Rcd 18025, 18032, para. 10 (1998) (*WorldCom-MCI Order*) (stating that the Commission may attach conditions to the transfers); *Applications of T-Mobile US, Inc., and Sprint Corp., for Consent to Transfer Control of Licenses and Authorizations, Applications of American H Block Wireless L.L.C., DBSD Corp., Gamma Acquisition L.L.C., and Manifest Wireless L.L.C. for Extension of Time*, Memorandum Opinion and Order, Declaratory Ruling, and Order of Proposed Modification, 34 FCC Rcd 10578, 10596, para. 42 (2019) (*T-Mobile-Sprint Order*).

³² 47 U.S.C. § 309(e); *Verizon-Frontier Order*, 40 FCC Rcd at 3161, para. 11; *CenturyLink-Level 3 Order*, 32 FCC Rcd at 9586, para. 10; *Alaska Wireless-GCI Order*, 28 FCC Rcd at 10442, para. 23.

³³ See, e.g., *Verizon-Frontier Order*, 40 FCC Rcd at 3161, para. 11; *Alaska Wireless-GCI Order*, 28 FCC Rcd at 10443, para. 26; *Applications of AT&T Inc. and Centennial Communications Corp. for Consent to Transfer Control of Licenses, Authorizations, and Spectrum Leasing Arrangements*, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 24 FCC Rcd 13915, 13929, para. 30 (2009).

³⁴ See, e.g., *Verizon-Frontier Order*, 40 FCC Rcd at 3161, para. 12; *CenturyLink-Level 3 Order*, 32 FCC Rcd at 9586, para. 11.

³⁵ 47 U.S.C. § 309(e); *Verizon-Frontier Order*, 40 FCC Rcd at 3161, para. 12; *CenturyLink-Level 3 Order*, 32 FCC Rcd at 9586-87, para. 11; *Alaska Wireless-GCI Order*, 28 FCC Rcd at 10444, para. 27. Section 309(e)'s requirement applies only to those applications to which Title III of the Act applies. *ITT World Communications, Inc. v. FCC*, 595 F.2d 897, 901 (2d Cir. 1979); *CenturyLink-Level 3 Order*, 32 FCC Rcd at 9586-87, para. 11 & n.37.

COMMUNICATIONS ACT AND FCC RULES AND POLICIES

11. Pursuant to Section 310(d) of the Act, the Commission is required to make a determination as to whether the Applicants have the requisite qualifications to hold Commission licenses.³⁶ Among the factors the Commission considers in its public interest review is whether the applicant for a license has the requisite “citizenship, character, financial, technical, and other qualifications.”³⁷ Therefore, as a threshold matter, the Commission must determine whether the applicants to a proposed transaction meet the requisite qualification requirements to hold and transfer licenses under section 310(d) of the Act and the Commission’s rules.³⁸

12. No party has raised an issue with respect to the basic qualifications of the Applicants. Accordingly, pursuant to Commission precedent,³⁹ we find that there is no reason to reevaluate the requisite citizenship, character, financial, technical, or other basic qualifications of Cox or Charter under the Act or our rules, regulations, and policies.⁴⁰ We also find that the Transaction will not violate any statutory provision or Commission rule.

V. POTENTIAL PUBLIC INTEREST HARMS AND BENEFITS

13. In this section, we consider the potential harms and benefits arising from the Transaction. As discussed below, we find that this Transaction is unlikely to cause any potential transaction-related public interest harms. We further find that it is likely to result in some tangible public interest benefits, such as providing new services for Cox’s current customers and enabling the combined company (New Charter) to improve competitive choices for consumers throughout its footprint. The Transaction will also promote career opportunities for American workers.

A. Potential Public Interest Harms

14. *Interconnection Concerns.* In their Petition to Deny, Petitioners raise a number of concerns. They first argue that the Transaction will lead Charter to having “gatekeeper power” over the Internet. While they acknowledge that the Transaction would not reduce broadband choice in local markets due to the Applicants’ non-overlapping service areas,⁴¹ they argue that the merged entity would have a “termination monopoly” on its roughly 37 million last-mile subscribers.⁴² According to Petitioners, New Charter’s larger size post-merger, coupled with its termination monopoly, would increase its incentive and ability to “manipulate its interconnection practices to extract fees from internet

³⁶ 47 U.S.C. § 310(d).

³⁷ 47 U.S.C. §§ 308, 310(d); *see also T-Mobile-Sprint Order*, 34 FCC Rcd at 10596, para. 43; *AT&T-DIRECTV Order*, 30 FCC Rcd at 9142, para. 24; *Applications Filed by Qwest Communications International, Inc. and CenturyTel, Inc. d/b/a CenturyLink for Consent to Transfer Control*, WC Docket No. 10-110, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 26 FCC Rcd 4194, 4201, para. 11 (2011) (*CenturyLink-Qwest Order*); *AT&T-BellSouth Order*, 22 FCC Rcd at 5756, paras. 190-91.

³⁸ *See T-Mobile-Sprint Order*, 34 FCC Rcd at 10596, para. 43; *AT&T-DIRECTV Order*, 30 FCC Rcd at 9142, para. 24; *CenturyLink-Qwest Order*, 26 FCC Rcd at 4201, para. 11; *AT&T-BellSouth Order*, 22 FCC Rcd at 5756, para. 191.

³⁹ The Commission generally does not reevaluate the qualifications of transferors unless issues related to basic qualifications have been sufficiently raised in petitions to warrant designation for hearing. *See T-Mobile-Sprint Order*, 34 FCC Rcd at 10597, para. 45; *AT&T-DIRECTV Order*, 30 FCC Rcd at 9142, para. 25.

⁴⁰ *See T-Mobile-Sprint Order*, 34 FCC Rcd at 10597, para. 44; *AT&T-DIRECTV Order*, 30 FCC Rcd at 9142, para. 25.

⁴¹ Petition at n.9.

⁴² Petition at 4-5; *see also* Petitioners’ Reply at 5.

content providers . . . or degrade unaffiliated services.”⁴³ Petitioners claim that this could lead to increased congestion and degraded user experience, as well as reduced innovation and consumer choice.⁴⁴ The Applicants respond that they have no history of significant interconnection disputes, have never relied on paid interconnection arrangements, and have no plans to do so in the future, and they maintain that most of the traffic on their networks travels via settlement-free or public peering.⁴⁵ In a reply, Petitioners argue that only interconnection conditions would ensure continued settlement-free peering because voluntary practices can change over time if incentives change.⁴⁶

15. We find Petitioners’ allegations to be unpersuasive for a number of reasons. First, they provide no evidence that either Charter or Cox has attempted to charge to terminate traffic on their networks, nor have they rebutted the Applicants’ claim that they have never relied on paid interconnection arrangements. In addition, while the Commission has recognized that vertically integrated firms may have the incentive and ability to block or degrade competitors’ service,⁴⁷ Petitioners have pointed to no content or applications owned or controlled by the Applicants (except of a single regional sports network)⁴⁸ that would give New Charter a significant incentive to discriminate against or degrade unaffiliated content.

16. Finally, while Petitioners acknowledge that terminating market power can be “constrained” by competition on the consumer side if “users can credibly threaten to switch providers if their ISP degrades particular content,”⁴⁹ they fail to acknowledge the increasing competition among broadband ISPs. In this regard, we disagree with Petitioners’ reliance on the Commission’s 2016 *Charter-Time Warner Cable Order* to claim that the Transaction would result in unacceptable market concentration.⁵⁰ In particular, we find that, due to two significant changes in market and technological conditions, the concerns identified by the Commission in that order are no longer as significant as they were in 2016. First, while the Commission in 2016 found that there was limited competition for cable broadband service, primarily in the form of fiber,⁵¹ there have since been significant improvements in fixed wireless broadband and satellite broadband services in the last 10 years, such that cable companies must now be concerned that any intentional degradation in the quality of their service (such as by degrading the quality of online video distributor (OVD) service or imposing restrictive data caps) would

⁴³ Petition at 4-6.

⁴⁴ *Id.* at 5, 8.

⁴⁵ Public Interest Statement at 71-72; Public Interest Statement, Exh. C (Decl. of Jessica Fischer, Chief Financial Officer of Charter Communications, Inc.) (Fischer Decl.) at 11-12; Public Interest Statement, Exh. D (Decl. of Perley McBride, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Cox Communication, Inc.) (McBride Decl.) at 3; Applicants’ Reply at 22.

⁴⁶ Petitioners’ Reply at 5.

⁴⁷ See, e.g., *Applications of Comcast Corporation, General Electric Company and NBC Universal, Inc. for Consent to Assign Licenses and Transfer Control of Licensees*, MB Docket No. 10-56, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 26 FCC Rcd 4238, 4250-51, 4282, paras. 29 & 110 (2011) (*Comcast-NBCU Order*).

⁴⁸ Public Interest Statement, Exh. E (Decl. of Bryan Keating and Jonathan Orszag, Econic Partners, LLC) (Keating/Orszag Decl.) at 6-8, 58.

⁴⁹ Petition at 5.

⁵⁰ Petition at 2-3, 6-9 (citing *Applications of Charter Communications, Inc., Time Warner Cable Inc., and Advance/NewHouse Partnership for Consent to Assign or Transfer Control of Licenses and Authorizations*, MB Docket No. 15-149, Memorandum and Order, 31 FCC Rcd 6327 (2016) (*Charter-Time Warner Cable Order*)).

⁵¹ See, e.g., *Charter-Time Warner Cable Order*, 31 FCC Rcd at 6348, para. 50 (“We find that, as a general matter, consumers do not view wireless, satellite, or legacy DSL [broadband] as close substitutes for cable or fiber [broadband] offerings. We further find that in any given location, customers have few [broadband] choices and that high entry barriers make it unlikely that new substitutes will emerge in the near future.”).

hinder their ability to compete for customers purchasing broadband Internet access service.⁵² We find unpersuasive Petitioners' argument that fiber providers are the only meaningful competitors to cable providers and that satellite and fixed wireless broadband services do not compete.⁵³ In recent years, technological advances have improved the speeds and reduced the latency in fixed wireless and satellite broadband services.⁵⁴ Additionally, recent subscriber growth for satellite and fixed wireless technologies indicates that many consumers view satellite and fixed wireless services as competitive offerings in the fixed broadband services marketplace, even in areas where cable and fiber providers are present. For example, the number of satellite and fixed wireless connections have grown substantially nationwide, from approximately 5.7 million in June 2022 to over 12.5 million in December 2024, an increase of almost 120%.⁵⁵

17. Second, while OVDs were relatively recent entrants in 2016, they have since substantially grown in importance. The *2024 Communications Marketplace Report* finds, for example, that in 2023, there were more than 300 million subscriptions to OVDs while there were only 35.3 million cable video subscribers.⁵⁶ Cable companies now appear to recognize that OVD services are either important complements to their video service or the main way in which their broadband subscribers consume video content. As cable companies compete against other broadband providers, it is crucial to their success that OVD services function well on their broadband networks.⁵⁷

18. As a result, we do not find it likely that the Applicants will attempt to discriminate against OVD service providers. Similarly, given the dearth of complaints about interconnection arrangements over the last ten years,⁵⁸ we find it unlikely that this Transaction will change the Applicants'

⁵² For example, Charter does not currently impose data caps. Charter, *Spectrum Internet*, <https://www.spectrum.com/internet> (last visited Jan. 22, 2026) (navigate to "What is Spectrum Internet" subheading); see also *2024 Communications Marketplace Report*, 39 FCC Rcd at 14144-45, para. 35, Fig. II.A.22 (indicating that Charter is not among the large broadband providers with data caps). In addition, the number of cable providers that report using data caps decreased by 53% over the last four years. Staff analysis of 2022-2026 BroadbandNow data. See also *2024 Communications Marketplace Report*, 39 FCC Rcd at 14146-47, para. 37, Fig. II.A.24; BroadbandNow, *Internet Providers with Data Caps*, <https://broadbandnow.com/internet-providers-with-data-caps> (last visited Jan. 16, 2026).

⁵³ Petition at 15-18; see also Petitioners' Reply at 1-3.

⁵⁴ See, e.g., Robert Wyrzykowski, Opensignal, *5G Fixed Wireless Access (FWA) Success in the US: A Roadmap for Broadband Success Elsewhere?* (June 6, 2024), <https://insights.opensignal.com/2024/06/06/5g-fixed-wireless-access-fwa-success-in-the-us-a-roadmap-for-broadband-success-elsewhere>; Sue Marek, Ookla, *Starlink's U.S. Performance is On the Rise, Making It a Viable Broadband Option in Some States* (June 10, 2025), <https://www.ookla.com/articles/starlink-us-performance-2025>.

⁵⁵ See FCC, Office of Economics and Analytics, *Internet Access Services: Status as of December 31, 2024* at 23, Fig. 16 (Feb. 2026), <https://docs.fcc.gov/public/attachments/DOC-418459A1.pdf>. In fact, an internal analysis showed that the percentage increase was even greater in those Census tracts where at least 95% of the units have cable and/or fiber service. Examples of a unit can include a single-family home, a townhouse, or an individual apartment within a larger apartment building. See, e.g., FCC, *About the Fabric: What a Broadband Serviceable Location (BSL) Is and Is Not* (July 31, 2025), <https://help.bdc.fcc.gov/hc/en-us/articles/16842264428059-About-the-Fabric-What-a-Broadband-Serviceable-Location-BSL-Is-and-Is-Not>.

⁵⁶ *Communications Marketplace Report*, GN Docket No. 24-119, *2024 Communications Marketplace Report*, 39 FCC Rcd 14116, 14256, para. 204, Fig. II.E.1 (2024) (*2024 Communications Marketplace Report*); *Id.* at 14288-89, para. 272, Fig. II.E.18.

⁵⁷ See, e.g., Public Interest Statement at 11, 75; Fischer Decl. at paras. 11-12; Keating/Orszag Decl. at 6-8, 37-39.

⁵⁸ The Applicants claim that neither has "any history of significant interconnection disputes." Public Interest Statement at 71. Neither Charter nor Cox has been the subject of a formal interconnection complaint before the FCC in the last ten years.

incentives, such that the merged entity will change its policies with respect to Internet interconnection.

19. *Horizontal Competitive Effects.* Petitioners argue that post-transaction there will be a loss of competition in the market for gigabit service in California.⁵⁹ Specifically, they cite to a claim made by the Public Advocates Office of the California Public Utilities Commission that Charter and Cox are currently the only two providers offering gigabit service in 65% of their overlapping locations in California, implying that customers in these areas will have access to only one such provider post-transaction.⁶⁰ The Applicants respond that competition in the market for broadband service is highly competitive and that they do not compete head-to-head since overlap between the two companies is minimal.⁶¹

20. We disagree with the Petitioners' claim that the Transaction would harm competition among broadband service providers.⁶² Based on data from the Broadband Data Collection (BDC), the combined footprints of Charter and Cox would contain approximately 44.1 million BSLs, but Charter and Cox only overlap service in 37,498 of these locations or less than 0.09% of the total.⁶³ Further, 100% of these overlap locations have at least one additional provider offering service of at least 100/20 Mbps,⁶⁴ and while Petitioners focus only on gigabit services, as discussed above, they fail to acknowledge that competitive options for these services are increasing.⁶⁵ We therefore find no significant likelihood that the Transaction would lead to a competitive harm in this regard. Moreover, with regard to the Applicants' Universal Service Fund support, Charter states that as part of its commitment to good stewardship of Rural Digital Opportunity Fund (RDOF) program funds, it commits, on a pro rata basis, to return previously paid RDOF funding and to relinquish any additional RDOF funding payments for any Broadband Serviceable Location Fabric locations where one party to the Transaction receives RDOF support and the other party to the Transaction already makes fixed broadband service available at 100/20

⁵⁹ Petition at 13-14; Petitioners' Reply at 3-4. Petitioners state that Charter and Cox have 25,503 overlapping locations in California and are the only two providers of gigabit service in 16,485 of those locations. *Id.*

⁶⁰ Petition at 13-14 & n.20; Petitioners' Reply at 3-4.

⁶¹ Public Interest Statement at 69-71 and Keating/Orszag Decl. at 31-33; Applicants' Reply at 7-14. Numerous commenters also echo the Applicants' claim that the market for broadband services is competitive. *See, e.g.*, ACI Comments at 3; ACLP Comments at 2-3; CFIF Comments at 1; Digital Liberty Comments at 2; FSF Comments at 3-5; ICLE Comments at 4-5, 16-17; ITIF Comments at 2; James Madison Comments at 2-3; Westling Comments at 5; JobsOhio Comments at 2; Mackinac Comments at 1; NCFEE Comments at 1; Pelican Institute Comments at 1; TPA Comments at 1; ACLP Reply at 2; CEI Reply at 2; FSF Reply at 5-8.

⁶² Petition at 1-9; 12-17.

⁶³ Staff analysis of June 2025 BDC data.

⁶⁴ Staff analysis of June 2025 BDC data. If fixed wireless and satellite providers are omitted, 52% of overlap locations have at least one other wireline (e.g., copper, cable, or fiber) provider offering service of at least 100/20 Mbps. *Id.*

⁶⁵ Petition at 6, 13. *See* Applicants' Reply at 8 (stating that "today, gigabit service is available from a competitor at more than half of all mass-market locations serviceable by Charter and Cox, and Charter lost approximately 780,000 residential broadband subscribers between the fourth quarter of 2023 and the third quarter of 2025). ICLE Comments at 20-21 (the Transaction will lead to important technology benefits, including by "expanding gigabit and multi-gigabit capabilities, and accelerating deployment of the DOCSIS 4.0 internet-communications standard," as well as through "product-offering innovations" like converged mobile and broadband bundles."); *see also* Public Interest Statement at 27-36. In addition, increased competitive pressure from fixed wireless and satellite providers, as evidenced by the growth in the number of fixed wireless and satellite connections in areas where cable and fiber providers are present, indicate that consumers have additional options for high-speed service in many locations. *See supra* para. 16.

Mbps or greater.⁶⁶ We accept this commitment as firm and definite, and expect that it will help ensure that the post-transaction company will continue to deliver high quality broadband service to rural Americans while avoiding potentially inefficient use of universal service support.

21. *Benchmarking.* Petitioners argue that the Transaction would reduce the number of cable operators, making it easier for competitors, such as Comcast, to “benchmark” their pricing, promotions, bundling, and rate schedules to New Charter.⁶⁷ Specifically, they argue that “[r]educing the number of major cable operators makes it easier for each to benchmark pricing decisions against others, reducing competitive pressure across the industry.”⁶⁸ Citing the literature on multimarket contact, they further argue that “the merger could transform the competitive landscape such that New Charter becomes the benchmark for Comcast, . . . thereby enabling parallel behavior.”⁶⁹ We find this argument unpersuasive. First, there is very little multimarket contact in this case. Because cable companies have generally offered residential broadband service within their non-overlapping franchise territories, they compete directly against each other only at a very small number of locations.⁷⁰ The predicate for the theory on which the Petitioners rely is therefore missing.⁷¹ Second, as discussed above, Charter and other cable companies will continue to face competitive pressure from the broadband providers against whom they compete directly, such as fiber companies, fixed wireless providers, and satellite broadband providers, and we believe that competition will have a significantly greater impact on their pricing decisions than the possible increased ability to benchmark due to the loss of a single cable provider (Cox) in a different territory.

22. *Other concerns.* Petitioners argue the Transaction raises affordability and digital discrimination concerns and speculate that there will be the potential for reduced affordable service offerings and investment in low-income areas post-transaction.⁷² The Petitioners fail to provide any rationale for why the Transaction would exacerbate any affordability or digital discrimination concerns, or otherwise explain why their asserted concerns represent a transaction-specific harm, and consequently, we decline to impose any condition in this regard.⁷³ In addition, Petitioners claim that the proposed Transaction will harm workers due to reduced benefits, anti-union activity, and the potential for job cuts and violations of employment law based on past activities by the Applicants.⁷⁴ To the contrary, the record

⁶⁶ Letter from Elizabeth Andrion, Senior Vice President, Regulatory Affairs, to Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary, FCC, WC Docket No. 25-233 at 2, n.6 (filed Feb. 27, 2026) (explaining that “Charter’s Rural Construction Initiative includes its participation as a partner to the Commission in the [RDOF] program, with a buildout spanning 24 states that will connect approximately one million locations.”) (*Charter Rural Commitment Letter*).

⁶⁷ Petition at 12.

⁶⁸ Petitioners’ Reply at 4.

⁶⁹ Petition at 13; *see also* Petitioners’ Reply at 4.

⁷⁰ *See, e.g., 2024 Communications Marketplace Report*, 39 FCC Rcd at 14255, para. 203 (“Cable MVPDs generally serve non-overlapping franchise areas; consequently, most consumers have access to one cable MVPD only, and cable MVPDs do not generally compete directly with one another for the same subscribers.”).

⁷¹ By contrast, *see, e.g.,* B. Douglas Bernheim & Michael D. Whinston, *Multimarket Contact and Collusive Behavior*, 21 RAND J. Econ. 1 (1990); Federico Ciliberto & Jonathan W. Williams, *Does Multimarket Contact Facilitate Tacit Collusion? Inference on Conduct Parameters in the Airline Industry*, 45 RAND J. Econ. 764 (2014).

⁷² Petition at 19-21; *see also* Petitioners’ Reply at 9-10.

⁷³ *See CenturyLink-Level 3 Order*, 32 FCC Rcd at 9586, para. 9 (“the Commission has repeatedly held that it will impose conditions ‘only to remedy harms that arise from the transaction (i.e., transaction-specific harms)’ and ‘related to the Commission’s responsibilities under the Communications Act and related statutes,’ and it ‘will not impose conditions to remedy pre-existing harms or harms that are unrelated to the transaction.’”).

⁷⁴ Petition at 22-27; *see also* Petitioners’ Reply at 8-9.

indicates that Charter will move 100% of its sales and customer service functions to the United States post-Transaction and offer specified compensation to Cox employees.⁷⁵ Further, Petitioners fail to explain why their asserted employment concerns represent a transaction-specific harm, and we therefore decline to impose any conditions in this regard.

23. Ziplly Fiber (Ziplay) claims that Charter has refused to provide it access to dark fiber and interconnection points on routes previously funded by federal programs, such as the Rural Healthcare Pilot Program (RHCPP), and it argues that the Commission should impose conditions requiring Charter to provide “reasonable, non-discriminatory access” to such routes.⁷⁶ The Applicants respond that Ziplay’s request is not transaction-specific; that Charter does not offer dark fiber services in the open marketplace; and that the RHCPP did not establish an obligation for the contractors of program participants, such as Charter, to provide network access to third parties.⁷⁷ We agree with the Applicants that Ziplay’s request does not address a transaction-specific harm.⁷⁸ Moreover, neither the Applicants nor any other cable provider are under any obligation to provide Ziplay access to dark fiber or specific interconnection points on request.

24. Similarly, WISPA – the Association for Broadband Without Boundaries (WISPA) claims that “Charter has apparently adopted an internal policy to not renew contracts for upstream wholesale services with wireless internet service providers (‘WISPs’) and to not enter into any new contracts for those services with WISPs.”⁷⁹ WISPA does not raise a potential transaction-related harm that impacts a grant of the Transaction.

25. Cameron Banowsky claims there is a “material disparity” in the data cap policies between Charter and Cox insofar as Cox imposes data caps and usage-based pricing while Charter does not, and he requests that the company be required to extend Charter’s policy to the entire company and to not impose data caps or usage based pricing for seven years.⁸⁰ The Applicants commit to allowing former Cox customers to keep their current plans or switch to Charter’s.⁸¹ Further, we find no credible evidence in the record that the Transaction would lead Charter to change its policies in this regard. We also find that increased competitive pressure from fiber, fixed wireless, and satellite providers decreases the likelihood that Charter would broadly limit options for customers. Accordingly, we deny this request for conditions.

B. Potential Public Interest Benefits

26. The Commission finds a claimed benefit to be cognizable only if that claimed benefit is: (1) transaction-related; (2) verifiable, and (3) likely to flow through to consumers and not inure solely to

⁷⁵ Fischer Decl. at 15; Applicants’ Reply, Exh. A (Decl. of Jessica Fischer) (Fischer Reply Decl.) at 1. *See also* Letter from Elizabeth Andron, Senior Vice President, Regulatory Affairs, to Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary, FCC, WC Docket No. 25-233 at 1-4 (filed Feb. 27, 2026) (*Charter Workforce Letter*).

⁷⁶ Ziplay Comments at 1-2.

⁷⁷ Applicants’ Reply at 26-27; Fischer Reply Decl. at 1 (stating that Charter does not offer dark fiber capacity on Ziplay’s requested routes and does not have facilities in all locations Ziplay identified).

⁷⁸ *See, e.g.*, CenturyLink-Level 3 Order, 32 FCC Rcd at 9601, para. 42 (denying claims that arise from a pre-existing dispute that were not related to the transaction).

⁷⁹ Letter from Louis Peraertz, Vice President of Policy, WISPA, to Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary, FCC, WC Docket No. 25-233, at 1 (filed Jan. 22, 2026).

⁸⁰ Cameron Banowsky Comments at 1.

⁸¹ Public Interest Statement at 7, 23-24; Applicants’ Reply at 16.

the benefit of the company.⁸² The record indicates that the Transaction will result in two primary public interest benefits. First, there will be improved and additional services made available to Cox's current customers. Second, New Charter will be able to use its resources to become a stronger competitor in the broadband, mobile wireless, video, and enterprise marketplaces, providing customers with additional services and cost-savings. We also recognize the Applicants' commitment to promote investment in American workers.

27. *Improved Services Available to Cox's Customers.* The Applicants assert that the Transaction will lead to "faster broadband, lower prices, more choice and value in video, and higher-quality mobile service" to customers in Cox's current service areas.⁸³ The Applicants state that New Charter will upgrade Cox's broadband network, which will result in significantly faster broadband speeds in Cox's service territory through a faster process than would have occurred absent the Transaction.⁸⁴ We accept Charter's commitment as firm and definite, and expect that it will help ensure that the post-transaction company will strengthen services for customers in rural areas and across its expanded service footprint through private investment that results in more fiber deployment and broadband availability. The Applicants also state that Cox customers may keep their existing Cox broadband plan or switch to one of Charter's plans, which, according to the Applicants, are a variety of affordable high speed Internet packages that are not currently available to Cox's customers.⁸⁵ New Charter will also offer Charter's mobile service and video products to consumers in Cox's footprint.⁸⁶ Commenters support the notion that existing Cox customers will receive a public benefit from the Transaction.⁸⁷

28. The Commission has stated that ensuring consumers receive new or additional services is an important public interest factor,⁸⁸ and accelerating private sector deployment of advanced services is one of the aims of the Act.⁸⁹ In light of the Applicants being prepared to accelerate facilities-based

⁸² See *Frontier 2021 Order*, 36 FCC Rcd at 301, para. 25; *T-Mobile-Sprint Order*, 34 FCC Rcd at 10671, para. 214; *CenturyLink-Level 3 Order*, 32 FCC Rcd at 9604, para. 50 (citing *AT&T-BellSouth Order*, 22 FCC Rcd at 5761, para. 202); *AT&T-DIRECTV Order*, 30 FCC Rcd at 9237, paras. 273-74.

⁸³ Public Interest Statement at 1.

⁸⁴ *Id.* at 8, 33-35. Applicants plan to upgrade Cox's broadband network with the deployment of high-speed DOCSIS 4.0 facilities, a technology currently used by Charter. *Id.* at 34-35; Fischer Decl. at 6-8; McBride Decl. at 3. See also *Charter Rural Commitment Letter* at 1-2 (stating that, post-consummation, Charter will deliver faster broadband and lower prices for customers of Charter's rural areas and that Charter "will bring these benefits to Cox customers footprint wide.").

⁸⁵ Public Interest Statement at 32. Applicants state that, depending on the plans and bundles they select, individual consumers can potentially save \$900 or more per year compared to other bundled connectivity providers. *Id.*

⁸⁶ *Id.* at 37. Applicants assert that Cox's mobile pricing is less competitive than Charter's—with "Spectrum Mobile's plans . . . almost always cheaper than Cox's (and offer[ing] better non-price terms, such as higher premium data allowances and hotspot data)." *Id.* at 41. Post-consummation, they state that customers in Cox's footprint will be able to choose from Charter's video packages with more programming at lower prices. Fischer Decl. at 10; see also Public Interest Statement at 8 ("Cox customers will also be able to choose Charter's video products, including low-cost "skinny" packages, more comprehensive packages that include access to streaming apps at no additional charge, and the highly rated Spectrum TV App.").

⁸⁷ See, e.g., Free State Foundation Comments at 7 ("On the broadband side, specific benefits identified include: offering Charter's lower-priced packages to Cox customers (while continuing to support existing options); accelerated investment in network infrastructure, enabled by greater scale/lower costs and resulting in faster speeds, including DOCSIS 4.0 upgrades in the Cox footprint; and reduced per-unit pricing for tailored consumer premise equipment.").

⁸⁸ See, e.g., *AT&T-DIRECTV Order*, 30 FCC Rcd at 9140, para. 19.

⁸⁹ See *Application of Verizon Communications Inc. and America Movil, S.A.B. DE C.V. for Consent to Transfer Control of International Section 21 Authorization*, 36 FCC Rcd 16994, 17001, para. 21 (*Verizon-TracFone Order*)

(continued...)

service offerings, along with providing Charter's broadband, mobile, and other offerings to customers in Cox's service area, we find it likely that the Transaction would result in public interest benefits to the customers in Cox's service area.

29. *New Charter Will Be a Stronger Competitor.* As a result of scale, synergies, and operating efficiencies stemming from the Transaction, Applicants assert that New Charter will become a stronger competitor in the broadband, mobile, video, and enterprise services marketplaces.⁹⁰ The Applicants state that "efficiencies will reduce the combined company's costs to provide broadband services, which will put downward pressure on prices and enable the combined company to offer higher quality services at low price points."⁹¹ New Charter will also expand the reach of Charter's Spectrum Mobile, a competitive mobile wireless product.⁹² In the video market, in former Cox areas, New Charter will be able to take advantage of Charter's existing partnerships with content providers,⁹³ and, in the commercial enterprise market, New Charter will be able to reduce the cost of providing service and better customize product offerings for enterprise customers.⁹⁴ Petitioners argue that the Applicants have not adequately demonstrated potential public interest benefits through synergies resulting from the Transaction or benefits to consumers.⁹⁵ We find that the cost savings and efficiencies are based on reasonable assumptions and estimates that are based on the internal knowledge and analyses of the

(citing 47 U.S.C. §§ 254, 332(c)(7), 1302; Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-104, Preamble, 110 Stat. 56 (1996) (one purpose of the Act is to "accelerate rapidly private sector deployment of advanced telecommunications and information technologies and services"))).

⁹⁰ Public Interest Statement at 25, 34. Applicants assert that, by combining the geographic footprints and customer bases of each company, the combined company will operate at greater scale than either stand-alone company, enabling it to take advantage of economies of scale that will allow it to operate more efficiently. Keating/Orszag Decl. at 9. Applicants project \$500 million of annualized transaction-based operating cost savings within two years of the Transaction's close. Fischer Decl. at 5.

⁹¹ Keating/Orszag Decl. at 9. Applicants note that the beneficial effects of Charter's greater scale can be seen in the fact that it charges customers lower prices for similar broadband service compared to Cox. *Id.* at 10. Applicants note that scale will allow the Combined Company to offer broadband customers "enhanced on-demand download speeds, as well as faster upload speeds and better network experiences." Public Interest Statement at 35; Keating/Orszag Decl. at 12 ("the combined subscriber base and geographic scope will enable a more efficient network, which can be expected to lead to the provision of greater quality, such as higher download and upload speeds, at lower cost").

⁹² *See generally* Public Interest Statement at 37-48 (The Transaction Will Enhance the Competitive Mobile Wireless Marketplace). Applicants note that the benefits of greater scale are reflected in a comparison of prices and other plan features in which Spectrum Mobile's plans are almost always cheaper than Cox's (and offer better non-price terms, such as higher premium data allowances and hotspot data). Keating/Orszag Decl. at 17. One commenter noted that "[b]y combining Charter's 10.4 million wireless lines with Cox's subscriber base, the merger will expand access to affordable, WiFi-supported mobile services across key markets . . . increasing consumer choice . . ." Bluegrass Institute for Public Policy Solutions Comments at 1.

⁹³ Fischer Decl. at 11. Charter has entered into a series of partnerships with content providers to include streaming services as part of customers' standard cable video subscriptions, creating significant cost savings for consumers who no longer have to pay for separate subscriptions to these services. *Id.*; *see also* Public Interest Statement at 52 ("The bundling of streaming subscriptions with traditional cable packages not only allows Charter to offer a more compelling video product at a better customer value, but also creates significant cost savings for consumers that otherwise would have to pay separate subscriptions to each of these streaming services."); *see also generally* Public Interest Statement at 48-55 (The Transaction Will Promote Video Competition and Consumer Choice).

⁹⁴ Fischer Decl. at 13; *see also generally* Public Interest Statement at 55-58 (The Transaction Will Expand Enterprise Competition).

⁹⁵ Petition 9-14.

companies,⁹⁶ and we agree with the majority of the commenters that the Transaction will yield a stronger competitor that will benefit consumers.⁹⁷

30. *Labor Market.* We recognize the Applicants' commitment to American job creation, with New Charter affirming that it will onshore "100% of its sales and customer service employee workforce."⁹⁸ Charter states that Cox currently sends customer service calls offshore.⁹⁹ To address this concern, and affirm its commitment to onshoring 100% of its sales and customer service workforce, Charter commits to the onshoring of jobs that Cox currently handles offshore within 18 months of closing.¹⁰⁰ We accept Charter's commitment as firm and definite, and expect that such a commitment and investment in American workers will strengthen New Charter, create additional domestic jobs, and increase customer satisfaction.

31. We also recognize Charter's commitment to equal opportunity employment and nondiscrimination.¹⁰¹ Charter states that it modified its practices and is committed to a work environment free from invidious discrimination, in both name and substance, including, among other things, its hiring and promoting practices, career development and training, supplier selection, and public and internal messaging.¹⁰² We accept Charter's commitment as firm and definite, and expect that these changes will prevent DEI discrimination in the post-transaction company, as consistent with the law and the public interest.

32. The Commission has acknowledged that a transaction enabling a combined company to emerge as a stronger competitor in the marketplace is a transaction-specific benefit to consumers.¹⁰³

⁹⁶ See Public Interest Statement at 23-47 and Keating/Orszag Decl. at 9-30.

⁹⁷ See e.g., Comments of ITIF at 1 ("Charter predicts the merger will cut operating costs by \$500 million within the first three years of the transaction's close. In turn, that reduced cost will then be shared across a larger, combined footprint of 36 million customers. The result is less expensive, high-quality Internet service for those millions of Americans."); Taxpayers Protection Alliance Comments at 1 (Due to the generally light touch the FCC has used to guide the telecom industry, the broadband marketplace has become more competitive than ever, with not only wireline services, but also wireless, fixed wireless, and satellite broadband options offered to consumers); *but see* Petition at 9 ("The Applicants' public interest showing consists largely of vague assertions about operational efficiencies and network improvements, but contains no concrete commitments to deliver lower retail prices or improved service quality to consumers."); *id.* at 2 ("Empirical evidence across industries demonstrates that mergers in concentrated markets typically increase prices rather than benefiting consumers."); *id.* at 12-14 (Market Concentration Would Enable Price Increases).

⁹⁸ Public Interest Statement at 64; Fischer Decl. at 15; Applicants' Reply, Exh. A (Decl. of Jessica Fischer) (Fischer Reply Decl. at 1. Applicants state that Charter will extend to Cox employees its practice of a minimum starting wage of at least \$20 per hour—which they state is above any state or federal minimum wage levels. Public Interest Statement at 64. Charter will also extend its programs that aid U.S. veterans, guardsmen, reservists, and military spouses through apprenticeship programs and partnership programs with military bases. Public Interest Statement at 65. Charter states it will also continue its employee programs, which include debt-free degree and certificate programs, healthcare, retirement planning, discounted products, and stock purchase program. *Id.* See also *Charter Workforce Letter* at 1.

⁹⁹ *Charter Workforce Letter* at 1.

¹⁰⁰ *Id.* at 2.

¹⁰¹ Letter from Jamal Haughton, Executive Vice President, General Counsel & Corporate Strategy, Charter Communications, to Brendan Carr, Chairman, FCC, WC Docket No. 25-233 (filed Feb. 27, 2026).

¹⁰² *Id.* at 1-3.

¹⁰³ See, e.g., *CenturyLink-Qwest Order*, 26 FCC Rcd at 4202, para. 15, 4212, para. 39; *Alaska Wireless/GCI Order*, 28 FCC Rcd at 10472-73, paras. 100-101; *CenturyLink-Level 3 Order*, 32 FCC Rcd at 9605, paras. 52-53; *Applications of XO Holdings and Verizon Communications Inc. For Consent to Transfer Control of Licenses and Authorizations*, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 31 FCC Rcd 12501, 12534, para. 61 (WCB, IB, WTB 2016).

Overall, based on the record before us, we find that the Transaction is likely to result in public interest benefits and therefore we find the Transaction serves the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

VI. CONCLUSION

33. For the reasons discussed above, we conclude that the Transaction will serve the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

VII. ORDERING CLAUSES

34. Accordingly, having reviewed the record in this matter, **IT IS ORDERED**, pursuant to sections 4(i) and (j), 5(c), 214(a), 214(c), 303(r), 309, and 310(d) of the Act, 47 U.S.C. §§ 154(i), 154(j), 155(c), 214(a), 214(c), 303(r), 309, 310(d), and sections 1.948, 63.04, 63.18, and 63.24 of the Commission's rules, 47 CFR §§ 1.948, 63.04, 63.18, 63.24, and pursuant to the authority delegated under sections 0.19, 0.91, 0.131, 0.291, 0.331, and 0.351 of the Commission's rules, 47 CFR §§ 0.19, 0.91, 0.131, 0.291, 0.331, 0.351, that the Applications to transfer control of the licenses and authorizations listed in Appendix A **ARE GRANTED**, in this Memorandum Opinion and Order.

35. **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that this Memorandum Opinion and Order **SHALL BE EFFECTIVE** upon release, in accordance with section 1.102 of the Commission's rules, 47 CFR § 1.102. Petitions for reconsideration under section 1.106 of the Commission's Rules, 47 CFR § 1.106, may be filed within 30 days of the release date of this Memorandum Opinion and Order.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Joseph S. Calascione
Chief, Wireline Competition Bureau

Thomas P. Sullivan
Chief, Office of International Affairs

Joel Taubenblatt
Chief, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau

APPENDIX A

SECTION 214 AUTHORIZATIONS¹**A. International**

The Office of International Affairs grants the following applications for consent to the transfer of control of certain international section 214 authorizations.

<u>File Number</u>	<u>Authorization Holder</u>	<u>Authorization Number</u>
ITC-T/C-20250701-00030	Cox Communications, Inc.	ITC-214-19970815-00496 ITC-214-19991207-00764
ITC-T/C-20250706-00033	Cox California Telcom, LLC	ITC-214-19961025-00535
ITC-T/C-20250707-00035	CoxCom, LLC	ITC-214-20020509-00245
ITC-T/C-20250707-00036	South Carolina Telecommunications Group Holdings, LLC dba Segra	ITC-214-19930512-00081
ITC-T/C-20250707-00037	Unite Private Networks, L.L.C. dba Segra	ITC-214-20180126-00021

B. Domestic

The Wireline Competition Bureau grants the application filed by Cox Enterprise, Inc., (CEI) and Charter Communications Inc. (Chater) to transfer control of domestic section 214 authority in WC Docket No. 25-233.²

CEI Entities That Provide Service Pursuant to Blanket Domestic Section 214 Authority

<u>Authorization Holder</u>	<u>Jurisdiction of Formation</u>	<u>Provider Type</u>	<u>ETC</u>
Cox Arizona Telcom, LLC	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	Yes
Cox Arkansas Telcom, LLC	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	Yes
Cox California Telcom, LLC	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	Yes
Cox Colorado Telcom, LLC	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	No
Cox Connecticut Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	No
Cox District of Columbia Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC	No
Cox Florida Telcom, L.P.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	No
Cox Georgia Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	No
Cox Idaho Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	No
Cox Iowa Telcom, LLC	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	No
Cox Kansas Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	Yes
Cox Louisiana Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	Yes
Cox Maryland Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	No
Cox Missouri Telcom, LLC	Delaware	CLEC	No
Cox Nebraska Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	Yes
Cox Nevada Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	Yes
Cox North Carolina Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC	No
Cox Ohio Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	No
Cox Oklahoma Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	Yes
Cox Rhode Island Telcom, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	No
Cox Strategic Services, LLC	Delaware	CLEC	No
Cox Virginia Telcom, L.L.C.	Virginia	CLEC, IXC	Yes
FiberNet Telecommunications of	Pennsylvania	CLEC, IXC	No

¹ We note that eight of the Cox subsidiaries listed in this Appendix are corporations that were converted to limited liability companies at the end of 2025. See Second Supplement at 1-2.

² 47 CFR § 63.04.

<u>Authorization Holder</u>	<u>Jurisdiction of Formation</u>	<u>Provider Type</u>	<u>ETC</u>
Pennsylvania, LLC			
FiberNet of Ohio, LLC	Ohio	CLEC, IXC	No
FRC, LLC	South Carolina	CLEC, IXC	No
LMK Communications LLC	North Carolina	CLEC, IXC	No
Lumos Networks of West Virginia Inc.	Virginia	CLEC, IXC	No
Lumos Networks, Inc.	Virginia	CLEC, IXC	No
Lumos Networks, LLC	West Virginia	CLEC, IXC	No
Lumos Networks Operating Company	Delaware	None	No
PalmettoNet, Inc.	South Carolina	IXC	No
South Carolina Net, Inc.	South Carolina	CLEC, IXC	No
South Carolina Telecommunications Group Holdings, LLC	South Carolina	CLEC, IXC	No
Unite Private Networks, L.L.C.	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	No
Unite Private Networks – Illinois, LLC	Delaware	CLEC, IXC	No

SECTION 310(d) APPLICATIONS³

The Wireless Telecommunications Bureau grants the following applications for consent to the assignment and transfer of control of licenses:

<u>File Number</u>	<u>Licensee</u>	<u>Lead Call Sign</u>
0011625671	Cox Communications California, LLC	KNER446
0011625288	Cox Communications Hampton Roads LLC	WQUW651
0011625767	Cox Communications Kansas, LLC	WQGZ309
0011629125	Cox Communications, Inc.	WSBC284
0011626723	CoxCom, LLC	WQQL508
0011907851 ⁴	Cox Communications Arizona, LLC	WSJV476

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³ File Number 0011626660 was withdrawn by the parties after the licenses included in that application were voluntarily cancelled.

⁴ File Number 0011907851 was filed by the parties after the issuance of the Public Notice because the included licenses were initially granted after the filing of the transaction.