

**BEFORE THE
PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION**

Yvette Thalman	:	
	:	
v.	:	C-2025-3058152
	:	
FirstEnergy Pennsylvania Electric Company	:	

INITIAL DECISION

Before
Barbara Shadie Nause
Administrative Law Judge

INTRODUCTION

This Decision dismisses the Formal Complaint, with prejudice, for the failure of Complainant to appear for the hearing and prosecute the Complaint.

HISTORY OF THE PROCEEDING

On October 27, 2025, Yvette Thalman (Complainant) filed a Formal Complaint (Complaint) against FirstEnergy Pennsylvania Electric Company (Respondent) with the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission (Commission). The Complaint alleged that Respondent was threatening to shut off or had already shut off her utility service and required Complainant to pay a security deposit in the amount of \$908.00 due to late payments received by Respondent. Complaint ¶ 4.

In her Complaint, Complainant selected the option to receive all communications from the Commission via eService through an eFiling account she registered with the Commission. Complaint ¶ 9.

On November 14, 2025, Respondent filed an Answer in which it denied the material allegations of fact and conclusions of law in the Complaint. Respondent requested that the Complaint be dismissed, with prejudice.

On November 21, 2025, an Initial Call-In Telephone Hearing Notice was served on the parties scheduling an initial telephonic hearing on January 13, 2026, at 10:00 a.m. and the case was assigned to me. The Hearing Notice provided the parties with the Toll-Free Bridge Number and the Passcode to call and participate in the telephonic hearing. The Hearing Notice further stated as follows:

FAILURE TO APPEAR: You may lose the case if you do not take part in this hearing and present evidence on the issue(s) raised. Your case may be dismissed “with prejudice” which means that you will be barred from filing another complaint raising the same claim(s) and issue(s) presented in the dismissed complaint. If you are unable to attend the hearing for any reason, you must request a continuance using the procedure described below.

CONTINUANCES. You may request a continuance of the hearing if you have a good reason. All continuances will be granted only for good cause. To request a continuance, you must submit a written request (a “motion”) at least five (5) days before the hearing. Your motion should include: 1) The case name, number, and hearing date; 2) The reason for the request; and 3) Whether the other party agrees (or if you do not know).

On November 21, 2025, a Prehearing Order was served on the parties which reminded the parties of the date and time of the hearing. The Prehearing Order also stated the potential consequences if a party failed to appear at the hearing.

Additionally, the Prehearing Order informed the parties about the applicable procedural rules and again included the procedure to follow for hearing continuances.

The Hearing Notice and Prehearing Order were eServed to Complainant in the ordinary course of the Commission's business to the email address that was registered with the Commission by Complainant. Neither the Hearing Notice nor the Prehearing Order were returned to the Commission as undeliverable.

On December 2, 2025, Margaret Morris, Esquire entered her appearance on behalf of Respondent, and on December 10, 2025, Angelina Umstead, Esquire withdrew her appearance.

On December 5, 2025, Counsel for Respondent filed an unopposed Motion for a Continuance of the January 13, 2026 scheduled hearing due to counsel's conflict with the January 13, 2026 hearing date, in a separate and unrelated matter before the Commission.

On December 15, 2025, a Cancelled/Rescheduled Initial Telephonic Hearing Notice was eServed on the parties scheduling an initial telephonic hearing on February 12, 2026, at 10:00 a.m. The Cancelled/Rescheduled Initial Telephonic Hearing Notice provided the parties with the Toll-Free Bridge Number and the Passcode to call and participate in the telephonic hearing. The Hearing Notice further stated as follows:

FAILURE TO APPEAR: You may lose the case if you do not take part in this hearing and present evidence on the issue(s) raised. Your case may be dismissed "with prejudice" which means that you will be barred from filing another complaint raising the same claim(s) and issue(s) presented in the dismissed complaint. If you are unable to attend the hearing for any reason, you must request a continuance using the procedure described below.

CONTINUANCES. You may request a continuance of the hearing if you have a good reason. All continuances will be granted only for good cause. To request a continuance, you must submit a written request (a “motion”) at least five (5) days before the hearing. Your motion should include: 1) The case name, number, and hearing date; 2) The reason for the request; and 3) Whether the other party agrees (or if you do not know).

The December 15, 2025 Cancelled/Rescheduled Initial Telephonic Hearing Notice was eServed to Complainant in the ordinary course of the Commission’s business to the email address that was registered with the Commission by Complainant, and the Hearing Notice was not returned to the Commission as undeliverable.

On February 12, 2026, the hearing convened as scheduled. Margaret Morris, Esquire, appeared on behalf of Respondent along with one witness and was ready to proceed. The court reporter was also present. Complainant was not present at the start of the hearing. After a short recess to allow time for Complainant to appear, the hearing proceeded in Complainant’s absence. No testimony was taken, and no exhibits were introduced into the record. At the hearing, Respondent moved to dismiss the Complaint, with prejudice, for Complainant’s failure to appear and prosecute her Complaint. Tr.5. I took this Motion under advisement.

Complainant has not contacted the Commission to explain why her failure to appear at the hearing was unavoidable.

The record closed on March 4, 2026 following the Commission’s receipt of the transcript. This Decision grants Respondent's Motion to Dismiss the Complaint, with prejudice.

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. Complainant is Yvette Thalman.
2. The Respondent is FirstEnergy Pennsylvania Electric Company.
3. On October 27, 2025, Complainant filed a Formal Complaint against Respondent.
4. On November 14, 2025, Respondent filed an Answer to the Complaint.
5. On October 21, 2025, a Call-In Telephone Hearing Notice was served on Complainant scheduling an initial telephonic hearing on January 13, 2026, at 10:00 a.m.
6. On October 21, 2025, a Prehearing Order for Telephone Hearing Notice was served on Complainant scheduling an initial telephonic hearing on January 13, 2026, at 10:00 a.m.
7. The October 21, 2025, Hearing Notice and the October 21, 2025, Prehearing Order were served on Complainant by eService to the email address Complainant provided to and registered with the Commission.
8. The October 21, 2025 Hearing Notice and the October 21, 2025 Prehearing Order provided Complainant with the toll-free bridge telephone number and PIN to call and participate in the hearing, and, *inter alia*, the procedure for requesting a continuance and the possible consequences of failing to appear at the hearing.

9. On December 5, 2025, Counsel for Respondent filed an unopposed Motion for a Continuance of the January 13, 2026 scheduled hearing date because counsel was attached in a separate and unrelated matter before the Commission.

10. On December 15, 2025, a Cancelled/Rescheduled Initial Telephonic Hearing Notice was eServed on the parties scheduling an initial telephonic hearing on February 12, 2026, at 10:00 a.m.

11. The December 15, 2025 Hearing Notice was served on Complainant by eService to the email address Complainant provided to, and registered with, the Commission.

12. The December 15, 2025 Hearing Notice provided Complainant with the toll-free bridge telephone number and PIN to call and participate in the hearing, and, *inter alia*, the procedure for requesting a continuance and the possible consequences of failing to appear at the hearing.

13. Neither of the Hearing Notices nor the Prehearing Order were returned to the Commission as undeliverable.

14. On February 12, 2026, the hearing convened as scheduled.

15. Complainant failed to appear and participate in the scheduled telephonic hearing on February 12, 2026.

16. The court reporter, Counsel for Respondent and one witness were present and prepared to proceed at the February 12, 2026 hearing.

17. Complainant has not contacted the Commission to explain why her failure to appear at the hearing was unavoidable.

DISCUSSION

Due Process and Notice

Administrative agencies, such as the Commission, are required to provide due process to the parties appearing before them. *Schneider v. Pa. Pub. Util. Comm'n*, 479 A.2d 10 (Pa. Cmwlth. 1984). This due process requirement is satisfied when the parties are provided notice and the opportunity to be heard. *Id.*

The record shows that Complainant was provided notice and the opportunity to be heard. First, on October 21, 2025, the Commission served Complainant a Hearing Notice which advised the parties of the date and time of the hearing, and how to participate. Second, on October 21, 2025, the Commission served Complainant a Prehearing Order which reminded the parties of the date and time of the hearing, and how to participate. Further, both documents advised the parties, *inter alia*, how to request a continuance prior to the hearing if needed. Finally, both documents advised Complainant that failure to appear may result in the dismissal of the Complaint with prejudice, which means that Complainant would be barred from filing another complaint raising the same claim(s) and issues(s) presented in the dismissed complaint.

Additionally, an unopposed continuance request was granted and on December 15, 2025, the Commission served Complainant a Hearing Notice which advised the parties of the rescheduled date and time of the hearing, and how to participate. Likewise, the Hearing Notice advised the parties, *inter alia*, how to request a continuance prior to the hearing if needed and advised Complainant that failure to appear may result in the dismissal of the Complaint with prejudice.

The October 21, 2025 Hearing Notice, the October 21, 2025 Prehearing Order and the December 15, 2025 Hearing Notice were eServed to Complainant at the email address she registered with the Commission. None of the documents were returned to the Commission as undeliverable. Notice eServed to a party's registered email address with no notification that service failed is presumed to have been received. *Hu v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2019-3012075 (Order entered Dec. 19, 2019); *Zirkel v. Phila. Gas Works*, Docket No. C-2016-2561176 (Final Order entered Apr. 7, 2017); *Morella v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2016-2553416 (Final Order entered Jan. 31, 2017).

Complainant had notice of the hearing and an opportunity to be heard in this proceeding. Therefore, Complainant's due process rights have been fully protected. *Sentner v. Bell Tel. Co. of Pa.*, Docket No. F-00161106 (Opinion and Order entered Oct. 25, 1993).

Failure to Appear, Waiver and the "Unavoidable" Standard

Once a hearing is scheduled and the parties are duly notified by the Commission, it is the responsibility of the parties to appear and participate in the hearing. *Mumma v. PPL Elec. Utils. Corp.*, Docket No. C-00014869 (Opinion and Order entered Jan. 28, 2002). Both the Public Utility Code and the Commission's regulations provide that, after being notified, a party who fails to appear at a scheduled hearing shall be deemed to have waived the opportunity to participate in the hearing and shall not be permitted to later reopen the matter or be permitted to recall excused witnesses. 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(f); 52 Pa. Code § 5.245(a). However, these provisions in the Code and in the Commission's regulations do not apply if the presiding officer determines that the party's failure to appear at the hearing was unavoidable and that the interests of the other parties and of the public would not be prejudiced by permitting the reopening or further examination. 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(f); 52 Pa. Code § 5.245(b).

The party who failed to appear at the hearing has the burden of explaining why their failure to appear was unavoidable. 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(a); *Herr v. W. Penn Power Co.*, Docket No. C-2021-3028202 (Opinion and Order entered Sept. 15, 2022).

When there are no facts in the record that the party's failure to appear was unavoidable, the complaint should be dismissed. *Brown v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2019-3009486 (Opinion and Order entered Apr. 22, 2022); *Little v. Pittsburgh Water & Sewer Auth.*, Docket No. F-2021-3027107 (Opinion and Order entered Feb. 7, 2022); *Williams v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2018-3000734 (Opinion and Order entered Mar. 14, 2019); *Jefferson v. UGI Utils., Inc.*, Docket No. Z-00269892 (Opinion and Order entered Dec. 26, 1995); 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(f); 52 Pa. Code § 5.245(a).

Complainant failed to appear for the hearing despite receiving notice and despite the undersigned allowing additional time for Complainant to appear. To date, there has been no communication to the Office of Administrative Law Judge or me by, or on behalf of, Complainant explaining why Complainant's failure to appear at the hearing was unavoidable.

Consequently, I find that Complainant waived the opportunity to participate in a hearing on the matters raised in the Complaint, Complainant's absence was not unavoidable, and the Complaint should be dismissed with prejudice.

Burden of Proof and Dismissal of Complaint

Section 332(a) of the Public Utility Code provides that the party seeking relief from the Commission has the burden of proof. 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(a). To establish a sufficient case and satisfy the burden of proof, a complainant must show that the respondent public utility is responsible or accountable for the problem described in the complaint. *Patterson v. Bell Tel. Co. of Pa.*, 72 Pa.P.U.C. 196 (1990); *Feinstein v. Phila. Suburban Water Co.*, 50 Pa.P.U.C. 300 (1976). Such a showing must be by a

preponderance of the evidence. *Samuel J. Lansberry, Inc. v. Pa. Pub. Util. Comm'n*, 578 A.2d 600 (Pa. Cmwlth. 1990). A preponderance of the evidence is established by presenting evidence more convincing, by even the smallest amount, than that presented by the other party. *Se-Ling Hosiery v. Margulies*, 70 A.2d 854 (Pa. 1950).

As the proponent of any request for relief, Complainant bears the burden of proof. By failing to participate and proffer any evidence to support the complaint, Complainant has failed to meet this burden. Thus, it is appropriate to dismiss the complaint, with prejudice. *Brown v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2019-3009486 (Opinion and Order entered Apr. 22, 2022); *Williams v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2018- 300734 (Opinion and Order entered Mar. 14, 2019) (citing *Jefferson v. UGI Utils., Inc.*, Docket No. Z-00269892 (Opinion and Order entered Dec. 26, 1995)). Accordingly, the merits of the complaint will not be addressed.

Respondent's Motion to Dismiss the Complaint with prejudice will be granted.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. The Commission has jurisdiction over the subject matter of and the parties to this proceeding. 66 Pa.C.S. § 701.

2. The Commission is required to provide due process to the parties appearing before them; this due process requirement is satisfied when the parties are provided notice and the opportunity to be heard. *Schneider v. Pa. Pub. Util. Comm'n*, 479 A.2d 10 (Pa. Cmwlth. 1984).

3. Notice eServed to a party's registered email address with no notification that service failed to be delivered to that email address is presumed to have

been received. *Hu v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2019-3012075 (Order entered Dec. 19, 2019); *Zirkel v. Phila. Gas Works*, Docket No. C-2016-2561176 (Final Order entered Apr. 7, 2017); *Morella v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2016-2553416 (Final Order entered Jan. 31, 2017).

4. After being notified, a party who fails to appear at a scheduled hearing shall be deemed to have waived the opportunity to participate in the hearing and shall not be permitted to later reopen the matter or be permitted to recall excused witnesses. 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(f); 52 Pa. Code § 5.245(a).

5. If there are no facts in the record that a party's failure to appear at a hearing was unavoidable, the complaint should be dismissed. *Brown v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2019-3009486 (Opinion and Order entered Apr. 22, 2022); *Little v. Pittsburgh Water & Sewer Auth.*, Docket No. F-2021-3027107 (Opinion and Order entered Feb. 7, 2022); *Williams v. PECO Energy Co.*, Docket No. C-2018-3000734 (Opinion and Order entered Mar. 14, 2019); *Jefferson v. UGI Utils., Inc.*, Docket No. Z-00269892 (Opinion and Order entered Dec. 26, 1995).

6. Complainant's due process rights have been fully protected and Complainant's failure to appear was not unavoidable. *Schneider v. Pa. Pub. Util. Comm'n*, 479 A.2d 10 (Pa. Cmwlth. 1984); 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(f); 52 Pa. Code § 5.245(a).

7. As the party seeking relief, Complainant bears the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence. 66 Pa.C.S. § 332(a); *Se-Ling Hosiery v. Margulies*, 70 A.2d 854 (Pa. 1950).

